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BECKER MAY GO FREE

Family Indictment in the Case of the Accused Sausage Maker.

COMPULSED TO NOLLE THE CASE

Error Was in the Name of the Party Alleged to Have Been Murdered—Accused Re-arrested and Held for Trial—Defense Claims Commission of a Second Error.

CHICAGO, June 30.—The trial of August Becker, the South Side butcher, charged with having murdered and then dismembered and boiled the remains of his wife, in order to leave him free to marry Ida Satterlin, a 17-year-old girl with whom he had become infatuated, came to a sudden end today, when it was found that the indictment named Mrs. Becker as Elizabeth, when it should have been Theresa. The court at once nolle prossed the indictment. The jury had been sworn in and the defense asked for a discharge of the prisoner on the ground that Becker had been placed in jeopardy and therefore could not be tried again. The court denied the request, however, and a bench warrant was issued and Becker re-arrested. A new indictment will be drawn up. The discovery that the indictment was faulty created somewhat of a sensation in the court room.

The result may be, however, that Becker will escape punishment, as the case is now in such shape that the prisoner's counsel are confident of a reversal by the supreme court of a verdict of guilty if returned. The jury had been sworn in and part of the evidence of the first witness heard when the attorneys for the defense moved that the defendant be discharged and the jury instructed to return a verdict of not guilty, as the evidence produced related to the killing of one Theresa Becker, while the indictment alleged that the defendant had murdered Elizabeth Becker.

After a moment's excited conference between the prosecuting attorneys the state moved that a nolle prosequi be entered and the defendant be held on a bench warrant. The defense made the point that if the state entered a nolle prosequi the court must enter a verdict of not guilty. The state maintained that Becker had not been in jeopardy for the murder of Theresa Becker. Judge Stein then entered a nolle prosequi and a bench warrant was issued for Becker. Judge Stein sitting as a committing magistrate and hearing evidence relating to the case. In this proceeding the defense claims another error was committed. The witnesses were sworn by the clerk of the criminal court. It was held by the defense that Judge Stein, sitting as a magistrate, should have sworn the witnesses himself.

ACCUSE POLICE OF ROBBERY.

Captured Bandit Implicates Chief of Rural Guards.

HAVANA, June 30.—Advices received here from Guanajuato today say Major Jose Acosta of the Cuban army, accused of complicity in the recent safe robbery at first succeeded in escaping the rural police, but was pursued to a small country house, which he reached after dark. On the approach of the guards Acosta, who was at a well, thinking, attempted to reach his horse, but the guards fired and Acosta dropped on his knees and begged them to spare his life. He was taken to Guanajuato jail and was afraid the guards would kill him if he went there. On the promise of his life being spared, he said his party numbered twenty-nine, among whom, he claimed, was Colonel Carillo Dolz, who was appointed chief of the rural police of the Guanajuato rural police. Acosta received \$300 as his share of the Mariel robbery.

Major Butnes and the head man of the San Francisco plantation attack have both disappeared and there are rumors that they have organized a party near Cavallabos.

At Puerto Padre four boats returning from fishing were halted by armed negroes in five boats one mile from the shore and were compelled to surrender their fish and everything of value on board.

The Tenth Regiment and a detachment of American cavalry are scouring the hills in search of forty outlaws who have been raiding that district recently. The band is well mounted and has successfully evaded its pursuers so far.

At Cienfuegos fifty-nine Cuban soldiers have been paid.

Young Filipinos Warlike.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 30.—Advices from Hakodate state that Captain Sakiechi of the steamer Hokoku Maru, just returned from the Philippines, reports that in the northern islands the young Filipinos are constructing fortifications against emergencies. Every port is garrisoned by 1,000 or so volunteers, whose weapons, however, are very crude, only about 20 per cent being armed with rifles. They are, however, full of patriotism and state they will not yield to the Americans though the whole of the islands are destroyed.

The Hokoku Maru was warmly welcomed by the Filipinos, who consider the Japanese to be a kindred race and hoped for assistance from them.

The Filipinos were prepared to pay for arms and ammunition and said the Japanese vessels visiting the islands could take return cargoes of hemp. Captain Sakiechi said he only sold the insurgents two revolvers and the cook's knives.

Battle With Highbinders.

SAN JOSE, Cal., June 23.—In a battle with highbinders in Chinatown at midnight Deputy Sheriff V. L. Beche was shot in the side and badly wounded. A bullet entered his right side and passed out at the back but did not penetrate the abdominal cavity. Sheriff Langford received word that six highbinders were coming from San Francisco to kill Lee On Poon, president of the Hip Sing Tong, and with several deputies was on the watch. When a gang of the Chinese appeared and opened fire, which was returned by the officers.

Full line of Quick Meal gasoline and Blue Flame oil stoves at Ebinger Hardware Co., at reasonable prices.

COLE GIVES HIS TESTIMONY.

Young Man on Trial for His Life Tells Witness Stand.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., June 30.—W. S. Cole took the stand yesterday on his own behalf, saying that on the morning of December 2 he went to see George Gessford, who lives eight miles northeast of here, to rent a farm from him and came back about noon, passing by J. M. Barber's house, talking to Barber a few minutes. Gessford and Barber testified, corroborating Cole's testimony. Cole then said he came on to Bloomington, passing in front of Walder's livery barn and was seen by C. Carlisle. He reached Tooman's house at 3 o'clock. Carlisle corroborated this. Cole then said he chopped some wood until about 4 o'clock, when he went to a neighbor's by the name of Taylor, half a mile west, to see a man by the name of Stratton, whom wanted to get to hank his yard near the Kreichbaum place. He talked with Taylor and Stratton for a few minutes and then went back to Tooman's house. About 5 o'clock while doing his chores Elmer McNeis came by, who was on the road to Tooman's house. Tooman and he talked to McNeis a short time. McNeis then joined his wife a short distance away and they went on to church. Taylor, Stratton and Mr. and Mrs. McNeis corroborated this testimony.

During the night Tooman's baby took sick and Mrs. Tooman and daughter Grace brought it down stairs, where Cole and Tooman's son Roy Roy up and sent him for medicine. She was doctoring the baby for three hours, but Cole said he did not get up or say a word to anybody. The prosecuting attorney got him very badly tangled up on this during cross-examination. Cole said when a woman came home from Kreichbaum's Saturday morning, December 3, he told him that Kreichbaum had left and walked to Riverton, Monday, December 5, while Tooman was eating breakfast, he remarked that if he was going to make a bargain with Kreichbaum he must go and see him that day.

While Cole was giving his direct testimony he said that when J. C. Smith, sheriff of this county, came up to see what he knew about Kreichbaum being missing, he told everything he knew. When Attorney Adams commenced shooting the cross-examination at Cole, he could not say why he did not tell him what Tooman had told him about Kreichbaum going to Riverton, so they could trace him. He also said Tooman told him he had been in the city of Omaha and had had ninety, but did not think it was necessary to tell Smith this. Cole was asked if he did not think it looked strange for Tooman to buy all of this stuff while he admitted that Tooman was in debt to him and many others, but his answer was he did not know. This was the answer to many of the questions on the cross-examination.

Wyoming Crop Conditions.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 30.—The report of the Wyoming section of the climate and crop service for Wyoming for the week ending today is as follows:

The week was showery over most of the state and generally favorable for crops. The nights of the 21st and 22nd were quite cold and light to heavy frosts reported from Albany, Co., to western parts of Uinta county on the 22nd, although but little damage was done. Crops continue in excellent condition in nearly every section of the state. Grain is improving rapidly. Gardens are very backward, and many were injured by the frosts of the previous week. The harvest of alfalfa has begun in the eastern counties and will be quite general this week. The crop is somewhat backward, although but little if any later than last season. Two crops were harvested over the entire state last year, and three crops were harvested in some sections. The weather of the last few weeks has caused high water in the streams of the state, and in southern Albany and Sweetwater counties the streams are higher than for many years.

Uniforms of Naval Officers.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The new regulations prescribing the uniforms of naval officers have been issued. Few material changes are made in the existing dress, but for the first time in many years provision has had to be made for distinguishing the admiral's dress from that of the captain, and while Admiral Dewey's modesty will not be shocked by a revival of the gorgeous raiment of the officer of that grade, he will be conspicuous enough to satisfy most of his admirers.

He will not need to make any alterations in the eight costumes he must wear on various occasions, but his epaulettes, sleeve ornaments, collar devices and cocked hat will have to be especially manufactured before he passes Gibraltar, for the regulations, which were approved May 8, go into effect practically as soon as they are received by officers and the copies have been mailed.

World's Fair Fund.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—The world's fair committee of 206 held a meeting at the Mercantile Club tonight when the mayor made an address on the importance of the work. Substantial progress was reported in the raising of \$5,000,000 for the stock of the company, and the figures of William H. Thompson, chairman of the finance committee, indicated that it was within \$600,000 of the total. A subscription of at least this amount is expected from the steam railroad interests and good progress was reported in this detail.

A High Income.

The highest income received by any chorister in Europe or America is that of \$4,500 a year paid to Miss Clementina de Vere for her services as leading soprano in Dr. Paxton's church in New York.

Another Indian Congress.

Another Indian congress is to be a feature of this year's Omaha exposition. It will be more extensive than that of last year.

France Ballance made a brief trip to Omaha this afternoon.

IT GOES FAR AND NEAR

Learning Taken No Note of the Boundary Lines of Nations.

CAMBON BEFORE HARVARD ALUMN

Degree Conferred Upon Him Taken a Token of Good Will for His Country—Recalls Similar Incident Over a Century Ago—An Interesting and Entertaining Occasion.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 30.—The crowning event of Harvard's commencement was the alumni dinner, which took place in Memorial Hall after the graduation exercises yesterday. The guests included President Elliot, Ambassador Jules Cambon, Alexander Agassiz, General Leonard Wood, Governor Roger Wolcott and Admiral Sampson. President Elliot opened the proceedings by reporting gifts of \$1,250,000 to the college during the year. Governor Wolcott followed in a brief address and Ambassador Cambon was introduced.

The French ambassador, M. Cambon, spoke in French and took occasion to refer to the part he had taken in restoring peace between the United States and Spain and to thank Harvard for conferring on him the degree of LL. D. He said: "I feel unable to express to you how deeply I appreciate the honor Harvard university has done me by conferring upon me the dignity of doctor of laws. I am proud to belong here to your university, the oldest in America, and I am touched when I realize that the thought which prompted the bestowal of this honor upon me possibly had in view a higher aim than my personal to me. I cannot forget that a very long time ago one of my predecessors, the Marquis de la Luzerne who in 1781 represented in this country King Louis XVI, also made by Harvard an honorary doctor of laws. At that time the United States had hardly emerged from the heroic struggle which insured her independence. France had then lent you her assistance, and your anxiety manifested the name of her representative among those of your honored ones. That was over a century ago.

Last year Providence designated France to take the hand of your adversary of yesterday, to place it into yours and to clasp both in her own. I was the chosen instrument of the humanitarian idea which inspired this act. By these feelings alone was I guided. Allow me to thank you for the personal honor you have shown me, as you did in early days to the Marquis de la Luzerne, because you hereby testify once more to the traditional friendship of our two nations. As for myself, whose profession brings me in daily contact with the realities of public life, it is a rare good fortune to find myself in this atmosphere of learning and culture. I am a son of the University of Paris, a son of that glorious seat of learning, the Sorbonne. There it was that Dante, in the middle ages, leaving Florence, came to pursue his studies. In those days no frontiers circumscribed the domain of art and science. Any man who distinguished himself in any one of these fields was recognized as such by the world of art and letters something more than the heritage of any one country.

Admiral Sampson and General Wood, who talked on war topics informally, also spoke.

GERM DISEASE TREATMENT.

Dr. Oscar Loew Thinks He Has Discovered a New Principle.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Dr. Loew, one of the expert vegetable pathologists of the agricultural department, has developed what he believes is a point of practical use, a new treatment for germ diseases, which promises to supersede the serum treatment now in use in diphtheria, fevers and many other diseases. The treatment is similar in some respects to the serum, but depends on a different principle, the basis idea being the presence of a class of ferments known as enzymes, which are produced by the same bacteria that produce the disease.

Dr. Loew and his colleague, Dr. Emmerich, have studied and cultivated the enzymes of various diseases, and it is claimed that the introduction of certain bacteria will kill not only their parent germs, but also the germs of cholera, typhoid fever, anthrax, diphtheria, black plague, staphylococci and probably monocoloc. An enzyme that will be fatal to tuberculosis is being sought, though the bacillus of tuberculosis seems to be incapable of producing an enzyme that is fatal to itself. This is also true of the black plague.

The enzymes are very unstable products and for this reason quickly deteriorate, but Dr. Loew believes he has found a method of preserving them in shape for use.

Must Answer Many Charges.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The secretary of state has issued a warrant for the surrender to the authorities of Manitoba of Joseph A. Richardson, under arrest at St. Louis. Minister answer a charge of embezzlement, forgery and the utterance of forged paper in Manitoba.

Institution of the Zadruga.

In Servia there still survives a wonderful old institution known as the Zadruga. It is the living together of a whole tribe, numbering about 100 persons, all under the absolute authority of one chief. He keeps all the money, makes all the purchases, and decides the minutest details of family life.

First Colonial Exposition of Greater America.

Opens at Omaha Saturday, July 1, 1899. Splendid music; good speakers; grand civic and military parade; magnificent fire works in evening. Don't miss opening day.

CARPENTERS CAUSE DELAY.

Belief that Hall Will Be Ready for the Great Chorus by Evening.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—The postponement of the opening of the golden jubilee saengerbund of the North American Saengerbund from last night until tonight caused much disappointment, but it has not detracted from the interest in the great musical event. Although there are still some skeptics, yet there is no longer any reasonable doubt about the great hall being ready for tonight and for the great concert on Friday and Saturday afternoons and evenings. The moving of the programs along, each twenty-four hours later than originally announced, will cause the great Volunteer at the Zoological Gardens to be held on Sunday instead of Saturday.

The local committee did not begin to construct the big hall till all the money was secured, and afterward it today for a novel and such changes as to have it cost over \$70,000 instead of \$60,000, as estimated. There was also a strike of the carpenters. But the local committee depended on the architect and contractor keeping their promises. The supervising architect was prostrated in his efforts and the contractor had had his troubles, but the chorus of hammers will now give way to that of an orchestra of 130 voices, with a male chorus of 4,000, and the noted soloists. There were additional arrivals this morning, with usual ceremonies, the same as yesterday. The usual rehearsals continue through the remaining days so that the singers are kept quite busy from morning till night, and there is very much in the line of jubilee while the crowds are waiting on the carpenters.

While the visitors did the marching yesterday they were the spectators today. The police and fire departments assisted in the burlesque of the usual parties they take in such demonstrations. Joseph A. Miller, publisher of the Ohio Record, and chairman of the press committee, on chairmanship was grand marshal, with a large staff in caricature, representing leading citizens, including the governor, mayor, senators, presidents of railroads, banks and others. Following the burlesque parade there were various joint meetings of musical societies. Much interest centers in the election of officers tomorrow. There is a very lively contest between Buffalo, Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee and other cities for the meeting of the North American Saengerbund three years hence, with Buffalo so far as favorite.

NO CHEERS FOR DEWEY'S NAME.

Dr. Thomas Takes Decided Grounds Against Expansion.

BUFFALO, June 30.—The national social and political conference resumed its session today to discuss non-partisan efforts in political reform. The subject is divided into eight subdivisions: "Expansion and Militarism," "Permanent Internal Tribunal," "Proportional Representation," "Recall or Imperative Mandate," "Single Tax," "Non-partisan Temperance," and "Organized Labor." Each speaker was limited to ten minutes, with two minutes for discussion under the three-minute rule. Rev. H. W. Thomas of Chicago presided and discussed "Expansion and Militarism." Mr. Thomas was one of the first to espouse the cause of the Cuban. In speaking of the war in the Philippines, he declared it the saddest thing in the history of the United States. As militarism tends to despotism, he opposed it, believing that industrial democracy and the preservation of the liberties of the people. During Dr. Thomas' remarks not a syllable of applause greeted Admiral Dewey's name. William J. Glent of New York took the opposite side of the question and declared that popular sympathy was with the government.

Rain Hinders Harvest.

ABILENE, Kan., June 30.—Heavy rains have prevented harvesting this week and many fields part of the standing untouched awaiting dry weather. A soaking rain came last night and it will be several days before corn can get on the bottom lands. The growth of the weeds is causing much uneasiness. Weeds are above the wheat in many fields and are growing so fast that it is difficult for the binders to operate. The wheat is becoming very ripe and chinchbugs are doing damage that makes it advisable to get to work at once. Oats and corn are also getting weedy, but the latter is growing very fast and farmers look for a fine crop.

Back From Bluefields.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The United States cruiser Detroit, Commander Dayton, arrived during the night and anchored off Tompkinsville. The Detroit was at Bluefields taking care of the American merchants there whose lives and property were endangered by the unsettled state of Nicaragua's politics. The Detroit brought from Bluefields the body of General Daniel McAuley of Indiana, who died at Managua, Nicaragua, several years ago. Commander Dayton is to go on waiting under arrest at St. Louis. Minister J. N. Hemphill, now in command of the Buffalo. The transfer is to be made on August 1.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. When properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about one-fourth as much as coffee. 15 and 25c. at grocers.

The Ebinger Hardware company has the largest line of lawn-mowers ever brought to the city.

IT IS A VICIOUS LAW

Interior Department Takes Action Relating to the Reservoir Act.

GRABBING OF THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

Practices That Strong Effort Will Be Put Forth to Stop—New Declaratory Statements to Be Required from All Entrymen—Wholesale Appropriation of Public Domain to Be Checked.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Special to the Omaha Bee.—Commissioner Hermann, of the general land office, who has been besieged with telegrams and letters from registrars and receivers of land offices in western states where the reservoir act is effective, stated that the act was one of the most vicious ever enacted by congress. "We are powerless," said he, "to suspend the operations of the law, but have taken steps to safeguard the public domain, which I believe has been accomplished in our mandatory circular which has gone to all land offices in states where the law is applicable. The act which permits entry of public lands for reservoir purposes provides that the secretary of the interior shall make such regulations as will protect the public domain from confiscation by entrymen and these regulations have now been issued after consultation with the law officers of the interior department, approved by Secretary Hitchcock.

"It would almost be impossible to tell the extent to which land grabbing has gone under this act. I have been informed that one entryman has declared upon 240 quarter sections and from advices received from Nebraska I infer that many well-known citizens have taken advantage of the law and have filed upon public lands in all of the land office districts in that state. The regulations as now promulgated, which will be in the hands of registrars and receivers within forty-eight hours, provide for a new declaratory statement from those who filed upon lands for purposes of erecting reservoirs for watering cattle, and these new declaratory will, in many instances, stop the wholesale appropriation of the public domain for what has been construed in the act to make a semi-private use. The act was weak in not stipulating the interior department to be built on the amount of what it should contain.

"The secretary of the interior having been given authority to lay down the law for the regulation of entries under the act of 1897, many say that no reservation will be made for a reservoir containing less than 250,000 gallons. For a reservoir of less than 500,000 gallons capacity, not more than forty acres can be reserved; for reservoirs of 500,000 gallons and less than 1,000,000 gallons capacity, not more than eighty acres can be reserved; for a reservoir of 1,000,000 gallons capacity, not more than 120 acres can be reserved, and for a reservoir of more than 1,500,000 gallons capacity, 160 acres may be reserved.

"This is definite, for it means that not more than 160 acres of public domain can be reserved for the purposes of the act in any one section. But this is not all. None of the lands so reserved can be fenced, and owners of cattle who are using the public domain for grazing purposes may benefit from the reservoirs so erected, whether they have entered upon the lands or not. I have heard from many of the western states that wholesale entries are being made under the act, and I for one want to see the public domain reserved for the public and not for the use of any individual except where the law distinctly provides as to the manner by which such acquisition may be accomplished.

"The Indian office has commenced negotiations for the purchase of a private school on the Santee agency in Nebraska, which is now occupied by the government as the Indian school at an annual rental of \$200. Bishop Hare of South Dakota has authority to sell the school building and it is believed satisfactory terms can be agreed upon. There are at present sixty pupils attending school at that point.

Plans have been completed at the Indian officers for several new buildings at the Winnebago (Neb.) agency. The plans provide for a girl's dormitory, school building, laundry, warehouse and a sewer and water system. It is understood that they are to be located on the site of the buildings which were destroyed by fire some time ago. The building now standing will probably be used as a boys' dormitory. The Indian commissioner expects to have the work completed by the beginning of the next school year.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the cause of the trouble. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give you a hundred dollars for any case of deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, F. J. CHASE & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Telephone Holloway's for ice cream. Neb. reg. No. 80; Plattsmouth No. 270.

Wire Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Frank B. Callaway, who has been on trial for murder here for several weeks, was found guilty in the first degree by the jury. Callaway shot his wife on April 10 last in a large department store, where she was employed. The judge will pass sentence on him this week.

Missouri Pacific Rate.

The Missouri Pacific railroad has made a Fourth of July rate of one fare for the round trip within a distance of 200 miles and a minimum rate of 56 cents for the round trip to Omaha. Tickets on sale July 1, 2, 3 and 4, good to return on the 5th.

C. F. STOUTENBOROUGH, Agent. For relief and comfort in asthma Ballard's Horsehound Sprup has no equal. Price 25 and 50c. F. G. FRICKE & Co.

Joe and Frank, The People's Clothiers. WE DO NOT BELIEVE IN SENSATIONS—we are NOT in a sensational business. We have a complete line of Noglizzo Shirts—Shirts with Collars attached and without Collars—Shirts with two Collars and a pair of Cuffs—Shirts with two pair Cuffs and without Collars. Shirts at 50c with two Collars and Cuffs or without Collars and with Cuffs that you can't find at any other place at 75c. Shirts at 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 on which we can save you 25 per cent if you buy of us. Remember this is a Shirt Talk—we have more Shirts than all other Plattsmouth houses combined. Next week we will give you an idea of our complete stock of Underwear and Sox at prices that will open your eyes. By the way, come to us before you buy any Boys' Suits, long or knee Pants. They are worth while seeing, even if you should not need any for your boys at present. Don't forget us when you need a nice Hat—Felt Crash or Straw. Our 85 Men's Suits are worth \$7.50 of any man's money. You will say so when you see them. Our Carhartt O'alls, Jackets and Pants, UNION MADE—you know what they are—the best in the world. JOE & FRANK, Waterman Block Plattsmouth

Paint for Everybody. And for everything under the sun. Every home has need of paint. Each kind of THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS' PAINTS is specially suited to some home use—either outside or inside. It's knowing the right kind of paint, and putting it on the right place that makes painting a success. Tell us what you want to paint, and we'll tell you the right kind to use. For sale in Plattsmouth by F. G. FRICKE & CO., Druggists.

OFFICE OF PHIL THIEROLF, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Wines and Liquors. Plattsmouth, Neb., June 5, 1899. I beg to inform my friends and the public generally that I have engaged in the Wholesale Liquor Trade and am now able to supply patrons in any quantity—from one pint to twenty-five barrels. Have just imported some fine old French Cognac Brandy. Also the genuine Rhine Wine for strictly medicinal purposes. As I handle nothing but first-class goods and sell at lowest prices, it will pay you to buy your Whisky, Brandy, Wine, etc., from me. Do not forget that this is the time to order your case Beer and that this is the only place in the county where you can get the genuine ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER. Give me a call and be convinced. PHIL THIEROLF, Agent for Yellowstone (Kentucky) distillery and Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, St. Louis.

Zuckweiler & Lutz. Continue to do a leading business in Fancy and Staple Groceries. Because they carry an immense stock, buy for cash and sell at low prices. Everything good to eat of Best Quality. Call and try us. Corner of Sixth and Pearl Streets, Plattsmouth, Neb.

The News-Herald Prints More County News Than any Other Cass county Paper.