

SECOND DAY'S SESSION.

Report of the Doings of the Teachers at Weeping Water.

Superintendent Shoemaker gives an interesting talk on "Thinking"—Dr. King favors the teachers with an hour's discourse on the Classification of Words.

WEeping WATER, March 29.—The second day of the institute opened bright and clear with all teachers in their places. The first half hour was given to opening service. This was followed by a talk on "Thinking" by Superintendent Shoemaker. The doctor urged the necessity of objective teaching for beginners in some branches, but cautioned against carrying this kind of instruction too far. A time comes in the life of each pupil when he must think abstractly—not by the aid of objects. He also showed that much of our thinking is necessarily expressed by symbolic language, but that back of the language was the real thing—the actual object or subject.

At this point the audience was given a short recess which was occupied in physical exercise. Having rested, Dr. King took up his work on "Languages." The hour was given to classifying words. It was shown that the verb is the import word of a sentence, and that we could get along with but four parts of speech—the noun, the adjective, the verb and the adverb. The other parts of speech are introduced largely for convenience.

Superintendent Shoemaker here took up his work in "Geography." He tried to impress upon the teachers the necessity of children getting the proper idea, or conception, of geographic terms. He showed that the shape of the earth is not like that of a ball, or orange, or lemon, but like the geoid.

The forenoon session was closed by King in reciting, or interpreting, poems. He urged teachers to give poems the proper atmosphere, or setting.

The afternoon was given to a lecture by each of the instructors. Superintendent Shoemaker gave a general talk along the line of educational problems. He claimed that the schools should never, in any wise, teach hatred, but rather its opposite, love—love for home, love for country and love for the whole world. The greatest problem of this day is to educate the people to estimate properly the privilege of paying taxes to support the public schools. The supreme test of patriotism is to be found in the willingness with which people pay their taxes. This is not a tax-ridden country, as compared with many of the countries of Europe. We frequently put too much money in fine buildings and not enough on fine teachers. The thing that makes men is mind upon mind, heart upon heart and will upon will.

He then compared the school systems of different states, and of course Nebraska came out well to the front. Dr. King then gave a talk on "Environment." It was his aim to create sympathy for those who are not so favorably situated as we, for no one can tell what a change of environment might make of us.

The evening was given to a reception and general good time. The citizens of Weeping Water furnished refreshments for which the teachers were very thankful.

District Court Notes
From Thursday's Daily.

C. L. Graves and a large number of other Union citizens are in the city today as witnesses in the Smith-Wallice case.

In the case of the Albion Milling company vs. the First National Bank of Weeping Water the jury returned a verdict for the defendants.

In the case of August Levi & Co. vs. W. D. Wheeler the jury this afternoon brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$390, the full amount sued for, as a cost of trial.

A new trial has been granted in the case of W. K. Fox vs. The Missouri Pacific railroad and the case set for April 10. This will necessitate the selection of an entirely new jury.

The jury returned a verdict in the case of Emer Smith vs. W. D. Wheeler about 1:30 this afternoon after being out two hours. It was a replevin suit and the jury returned a verdict in the sum of \$40 for the plaintiff.

THE NEWS made an error in its mention of the Smith-Wallice case yesterday. It is not the criminal case which is on trial, but a damage suit for \$5,000, the outgrowth of the stabling affair mentioned. A jury was empaneled just before noon and the case went on trial at 1:30.

Judge Ramsey has granted a decree of divorce to Elizabeth Eibenmann from Christian Eibenmann on the grounds of non-support and desertion. They were married in New Jersey in 1884, and lived together until 1888, during which time she was a chaste and obedient wife, so the petition states. She is now a resident of South Bend.

Sale of Thoroughbred Hogs.
R. A. Young's sale of thoroughbred Poland China hogs, which was postponed last week, will come off without fail Friday, March 31, 1899. Remember the day and place—four miles west of Murray and five miles north and one mile west of Nehawka. This will be a grand opportunity for farmers to infuse blood into their herds that will surely bring them money.

R. A. YOUNG, Owner.
Col. Z. S. Branson, Auctioneer, O. C. West, Clerk.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Clark is ill with measles.

RAILROAD NOTES AND PERSONALS

The net earnings of the Burlington system for February were \$240,775, a decrease of \$185,272 from the net earnings of the same month of last year. The net earnings of the system for the eight months ending February 28 were \$4,285,861, an increase of \$87,711 over the net earnings of the same period of the preceding fiscal year.

The new Missouri Pacific time card which has been talked of for some time is out and will go into effect next Sunday. No. 1, north, which passes here at 4:50 will go through at 4:15. This is the only change on the old trains, but the new train will be put on Sunday. It will arrive here at 9:20 a. m. going south had returning will arrive about 6 p. m.

SOLDIERS TAKE MUCH NEEDED REST

MacArthur's Army Resting After Three Days' Hard Fighting

The men are very tired, but they are in excellent spirits—engineers keep bridges in repair while the railroads are hurrying supplies to the front.

NEW YORK, March 29.—A dispatch to the Journal, dated Manila, Wednesday, says:

Bocave has been taken by our troops. The railroad bridge is uninjured. General MacArthur is now within eight miles of Malolos.

NEW YORK, March 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says the insurgent capital has been moved from Malolos to San Fernando.

The insurgents burned Balacan Tuesday afternoon.

The monitor Monadnock shelled Las Pinas south of Manila Tuesday noon.

MANILA, March 28.—9 p. m.—General MacArthur and his army are resting on the plain beyond Marilao, after three days' scrambling in the brush, fording rivers and charging trenches in the blazing sun. The men are tired, but are in splendid spirits.

The engineers are repairing bridges, the rebels have failed to destroy the ironwork, and the railroad is kept busy hurrying supplies to the front. The country to Malolos is level, with occasional streams and patches of wood, but there are no more jungles.

The American troops will advance at daylight, taking four days' rations with them and having 200 rounds of ammunition in their belts. They expect to take Bocave on the railroad to the east of Balacan tomorrow. It is a difficult position, protected by streams. The American line is about 1,200 yards from that of the rebels. Desultory shots were exchanged today.

Dakota Regiment Suffers.
The American reports show that twenty men were killed and sixty-one wounded on our side yesterday. The Dakota regiment lost ten men killed and had thirty-seven wounded.

According to prisoners in the hands of the Americans Aguinaldo's generals—Garcia, Toloro and Pacheco—were with the Filipino army yesterday and drove their followers into the first aggressive demonstration. The rebels attempted to charge across the plain east of the railroad, but the Americans charged to meet them and the Filipinos bolted, after a few shots, leaving several men killed on the field.

The Filipino prisoners further declare that the rebels have lost all taste for fighting and that their officers have to keep them in line by beating them with swords.

One of the most brilliant and costly achievements of the campaign was the charge of Major Howard's battalion across the river. Advancing at the double quick they found the river beneath them and splashed across with a yell, swimming and wading with bullets spattering in the water and rushed on the rebel trenches.

Ten men were killed and eleven wounded in the charge.

Bravery of Our Men.
At the capture of Marilao there were several incidents showing the bravery of our troops. Some Filipinos were entrenched on an island in a bend of the river.

The Americans approached in a triangular formation with the Third artillery in the apex and the Kansas and Pennsylvania regiments forming the sides. Colonel Funston called for volunteers to swim the river. Two men crossed under fire and secured materials with which a crossing was eventually effected.

Major Bell of General MacArthur's staff with Company I of the Pennsylvania regiment and Lieutenant Abernathy and ten men engaged in similar exploits.

After the Filipinos had raised the white flag many of them attempted to run and several were shot for doing.

In the churchyard of Marilao the Americans found thirty newly-made graves of Filipinos and a dozen bodies were seen drifting down the river with gruesome wounds. The prisoners are digging their former comrade's graves.

Many huts are smoking ruins, having been burned by their inhabitants. The Americans are not burning any buildings.

Our troops captured four Spaniards who were fighting with the insurgents.

General MacArthur was under a heavy fire yesterday.

The prisoners say Aguinaldo has declared that if the Americans can take the Filipino capital he will surrender.

"The modern pill" is rightly applied to Dr. Sawyer's Little Wide Awake Pills, because they perfectly and completely cure biliousness, inactive liver and constipation. A. W. Atwood.

MORE INTEREST SHOWN

Progress of the Institute Marked by Larger Attendance.

Feature of the Meetings Thus Far Was the Lecture Last Evening by Prof. Shoemaker On the Subject, "Does Education Pay?—Some Benefits Derived by Education."

WEeping WATER, March 30.—(Special to THE NEWS.)—The third day of the institute finds the enrollment larger than during previous years. The total number now registered is 162.

The forenoon was given to the regular work. Superintendent Shoemaker continued his work in geography. He showed that geographical work is of a four fold nature, or is done upon four stages. The first stage is the perceptive, the stage of sense perception. The second is the stage of concept. In this stage ideas are built up from the products of the first. Our notion of a sea is made up from our perceptions of smaller bodies of water. The third step is that of representation, found in the use of maps. The fourth and final step is that which we employ in reflection. The motions of the earth, the directions of these motions, their time, etc., are known by reflection or reasoning.

Dr. King took up his work in reading and language. He recommended the study of words as words, the analysis and construction of sentences, the writing of compositions and the committing to memory of selections.

The first thing on the program for the afternoon session was a lecture by Superintendent Shoemaker on the subject "School Discipline." The lecturer claimed that a school was well disciplined when all pupils were in subjection to the will of the teacher. The first thing to be considered in discipline is the comfort of the pupils.

As to the weapons or instruments that may be used by the teacher in governing her school the doctor mentioned the eye, the voice, special tasks, the rod, liking for pupils, and the surroundings. The speaker severely criticized those authorities who condemn the use of the rod as an instrument of discipline.

Dr. King's talk was an effort to interest teachers in the things about them. He appealed to the sense of the beautiful in the sky, upon the earth and under the earth.

But the best thing of the institute so far was the lecture by Dr. Schoemaker last evening. The subject was "Does Education Pay?" The doctor showed that those nations who spend most for education excel in war, in commerce, in manufacturing and in the amount, per capita, of the money earned by its citizens. He also compared different states, showing that the state that has been most active in the education of its citizens is leading others in material things. But above all, the speaker claimed that education pays in thought, in culture, in greatness of faith, firmness of hopes and sincerity of love.

Institute Notes.
Ex-Superintendent G. W. Noble came in last evening and will be with the institute today.

M. W. Clary, representing Rand McNally & Co., is here with a set of maps to exhibit to teachers.

Dr. Schoemaker will lecture Friday night on the subject "Education Among the Greeks and Romans."

The ladies of the congregational church served supper last evening. These annual suppers are very much appreciated by the teachers.

SALE OF THE METHODIST CHURCH

W. W. Coates Purchases the Property For a Consideration of \$1,500.

The trustees of the Methodist church had a meeting last evening and it was decided to sell the property on Sixth street and the deal was immediately consummated through R. B. Windham, W. W. Coates purchasing it for \$1,500. The church retains possession of the property until December 1.

This is good news as it incurs a new church edifice. Architect Henninger will make plans and specifications which will be submitted to the trustees and work will be started early this spring. The site at the southeast corner of Main and Seventh streets will be a beautiful place for a church and it is certain that a building which will be an ornament to that portion of the city will be erected.

In conversation with Mr. Coates he informed THE NEWS man that he had not fully decided what disposition he would make of the property. It has a forty-eight foot front and would accommodate two large store rooms. He may rebuild the church into two twenty-four foot store rooms for tenants, or put a new plate glass front on the structure and use it as one large room. A number of people have suggested utilizing it for an opera house—another proposition which he will consider.

Mr. Coates has abundant faith in the future of Plattsmouth. He recently returned from a trip over the state, during which time he visited a number of towns, and he says for a business center Plattsmouth is far ahead of any he visited. This is the second property he has purchased within the last two weeks, the other being at the corner of Fifth and Main.

Crystal Buttons.
Crystal buttons are all the rage, and the glassmakers at Venice expect to accumulate large fortunes in supplying the demand.

Recommended for La Grippe.
N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: My daughter had a severe attack of La Grippe seven years ago and since then whenever she takes cold she has a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since. 25c. F. G. Fricke & Co.

WANTED—To exchange good work team, sound and true, weight 2500 lbs., 9 years old, for driving team of about 2000 or 2250 lbs. L. A. Baxter, one and one-half miles east of Murray.

Pneumonia Follows La Grippe.
but pneumonia cannot follow the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. Pneumonia is striking down hundreds of those who thought they were cured of La Grippe. Foley's Honey and Tar, taken during or after La Grippe, is guaranteed to prevent pneumonia. F. G. Fricke & Co.

CITY AND COUNTY.

WEDNESDAY.

H. G. Strong of Nehawka was in the city today.

L. G. Todd was up from his Union farm today.

Miss Mabel Johnson has gone to Weeping Water to attend the institute.

T. M. Patterson returned this morning from a week's hunt at Clark's. He reports ducks and geese as being quite plentiful.

W. B. Reed returned to Council Bluffs last evening. He will return in a few days and complete the work of making a division of a portion of the Black estate.

Will Myers passed through the city on the early train this morning en route to Kansas City, where he is now located, having been attending to some business in Omaha.

Rev. F. A. Campbell returned last evening from Superior where he has been conducting a series of revival meetings. The meetings were quite successful. Rev. Campbell succeeded in raising enough money to clear the church debt while there.

J. F. Polk returned this morning from an extended visit at Neweastle and other points in Indiana, and after visiting his son, C. S., a couple of days will go to his home at Greenwood. He says that the weather has been bad in Indiana, there being a big snow storm yesterday between Richmond and Chicago.

F. A. Henninger, the Omaha architect, was in the city today in consultation with the committee of the Methodist church. He will make plans and specifications for a new church, which will be used as an incentive to raise the necessary amount of money for the erection of an edifice on the site recently purchased.

The funeral of John Philip Young was held yesterday afternoon from the residence at 1635 Sycamore street. Rev. John Doane conducted the services. The pall bearers were Judge Strode, Richard O'Neil, Simon Mayer, D. A. Campbell, Dr. Chapman and Professor Chatham. The funeral was largely attended by friends of the deceased.—Lincoln Journal.

THURSDAY.

Contractor Sam Sawtelle was down from Omaha looking after his grading work today.

L. E. Karnes departed this afternoon for Broken Bow, where he will institute an encampment of the I. O. O. F.

Conrad Schlatter returned this morning from a business and pleasure trip to Lincoln, Haverock and points in the county.

Tomorrow is good Friday and if you haven't secured your seed potatoes to be planted on that day you are not much of a gardener.

Joe Leuchtwies arrived in the city this morning for a visit with his children. He is now living at Elayria, O., and has been away from here about eleven years.

Postmaster Smith has received from Congressman Strode a supply of garden seed with instructions to turn it over to the quartermaster of the Grand Army for distribution and in accordance with instructions has given it to H. J. Streight.

While sawing wood with a circle saw a few days ago Robert Probst attempted to shift the belt with a hand spike. The spike caught in the fly wheel and sent him spinning around like a top with the result that he now wears a discolored optic and a very badly bruised face.

A sneak thief—thieves entered the smoke house of Robert Probst Sunday night and carried away a whole barrel of meat. Mr. Probst says that if the thief will come back he can have the bine and barrel and that he will not send the sheriff after him, either.

Mrs. Tate of Skelton, Okla., arrived in the city this morning. She is the mother of William Tate, who was injured by jumping from a Burlington train in the Plattsmouth yards ten days ago, and who has not yet regained consciousness. She will remain at his bedside at the Perkins house until there is a change in his condition. J. M. McVicker of Lincoln, a brother of Mrs. Tate, accompanied her.

It pays to buy of merchants who make a specialty of running one line of business, and who understand it thoroughly. John T. Coleman, the jeweler, will make it pay you to trade with him when buying anything in the jewelry line.

The Best Salve in the World
Is Banner Salve. It is made from a prescription by a world wide known skin specialist and is positively the most healing salve for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Running Sores and all skin diseases. F. G. Fricke & Co.

In Berlin.
First Citizen—"If I should say the Kaiser is a fool—?" Second Citizen—"He might prove it by sending you to jail."—Puck.

Crystal Buttons.
Crystal buttons are all the rage, and the glassmakers at Venice expect to accumulate large fortunes in supplying the demand.

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Notice to Creditors.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss. In County Court, County of Cass.
In the matter of the estate of George F. Terry, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the creditors of said deceased will meet the executor of said estate, before me, county judge of Cass county, Nebraska, at the county court room in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 9 o'clock a. m., each day for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for the creditors of said deceased to present their claims from the 16th day of April, 1899.
Witness my hand and the seal of said county at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, this 14th day of March, 1899.
GEORGE M. SHELLOCK, County Judge.

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GEORGE M. SHELLOCK, County Judge.

One Death Reported.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—(Special to THE NEWS.)—The following additional casualties reported from Manila in the First Nebraska:

Killed: James J. Boyle, Company D.

Wounded: First Sergeant Charles B. Robbins, Company B, scalp, moderate. Emery Grassman, Company H, arm, moderate.

Charles H. Youngs, Company H, thigh, severe. James A. Carroll, Company I, thigh, severe.

Joseph A. White, Company I, leg, moderate. Corporal Monroe Spence, Company M, foot, slight. Bruce Macey, Company C, shoulder, severe.

Charles Knapp, Company D, thigh, severe. Gustave Myer, Company E, knee, severe. Lewis Reed, Company G, chest, severe.

GEORGE D. MEKLEDOHN, Acting Secretary of War.

Drink Grain-O.
after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine but doctors order it, because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee and costs about 4 a meal. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

John T. Coleman, the jeweler, handles all makes of watches and sells at the right price.

Much pain and uneasiness is caused by piles, sparing neither age nor sex. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment cures the most obstinate cases. Price 25c. In bottle, tubes 75c. E. G. Fricke & Co.

Have you seen the new spring styles in wall paper? A. W. Atwood, the druggist, has an elegant stock.

FOR SALE—A five-room cottage at less than fair half-original value. R. B. Windham.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice of Election.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an ordinance passed by the city council of the city of Plattsmouth, Mo., on March 2, A. D. 1898, there will be a special election held in said city of Plattsmouth, County of Cass, and State of Nebraska, on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1899, at the following voting places in the several wards of said city, to-wit:

First ward—Perkins house, on Main street, between Second and Third streets.
Second ward—Turners' hall, corner Washington and Oak streets.
Third ward—Jones' livery barn on Main street, between Sixth and Seventh streets.
Fourth ward—McKenney's store room, Main street between Third and Fourth streets.

Fifth ward—Back's store, on Lincoln avenue. The polls will be kept open from 7 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m. of said day.

Said election shall be held for voting upon the following proposition, to-wit:

Shall the city of Plattsmouth, in the county of Cass and state of Nebraska, authorize and empower its mayor and council to pledge the property and credit of the city by its negotiable bonds in the sum of one hundred and three thousand dollars (\$100,000 and \$3,000) to be issued and payable semi-annually, to be known and designated as "Refunding Bonds," which bonds shall be in the denomination of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each, and numbered from 1 to 103, inclusive, and have attached thereto coupon for the amount for each semi-annual payment of interest to become due thereon according to the terms of the said bonds. And to levy a tax annually upon all the taxable property of said city to pay the principal and interest thereof, when due, according to the terms and provisions of said bonds, and the ordinance under which they are issued, in addition to all other taxes levied by said city, both principal and interest, to be payable at the Fiscal Agency of the state of Nebraska, in the city of New York and state of New York, and the said bonds to be redeemable according to their provisions and the ordinance under which the same may be issued, and to be sold for not less than par, and the proceeds used in the payment of the following bonded indebtedness of said city, or exchanged thereon, to-wit:

Bonds in the sum of fifty-three thousand dollars (\$53,000) issued August 1st, 1893, due in twenty years, bearing interest at six and one-half per cent per annum from date, known as "High School Refunding Bonds."

Bonds in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) issued October 1st, A. D. 1887, due in twenty years, bearing interest at six per cent per annum from date, known as "Intercession Parsonage Bonds."

Bonds in the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) issued May 1st, A. D. 1888, due in twenty years, with interest at six per cent per annum, from date, used for the construction of storm water sewers, and known as "Storm Water Sewer Bonds."

The question and proposition shall be taken and voted upon in the following form: Each ballot cast or voted at said election on this question and proposition shall have thereon, in one line, the words "Refunding Bonds and Tax"—"Yes," and also in another line the words "Refunding Bonds and Tax"—"No," and each voter voting upon said question and proposition and in favor thereof shall place at the right and opposite to the words "Refunding Bonds and Tax—Yes," a cross so as to make the sum appear upon said ballot as follows: "Refunding Bonds and Tax—Yes—X" and each voter voting against the adoption of the same and in the negative shall at the right of and opposite to the words "Refunding Bonds and Tax—No," place a cross so as to make the sum appear as follows: "Refunding Bonds and Tax—No—X" and should two-thirds of all the ballots cast and voted at said election, on this question and proposition, have thereon indicated in the manner aforesaid the following: "Refunding Bonds and Tax—Yes—X" then the said question and proposition shall be deemed carried and adopted and the mayor and council shall have the power and authority to issue and sell said bonds and to levy said tax as hereinbefore specified, and pay and redeem the bonds; but should two-thirds of said ballots not have thereon the words and indication in manner aforesaid as follows: "Refunding Bonds and Tax—Yes—X" then said question and proposition shall be deemed lost and the mayor and council shall not have the power to issue said bonds.

Dated this 31 day of March, A. D. 1899.
F. M. KERRY, Mayor of the City of Plattsmouth. Attest: B. C. Kerr, Clerk of the City of Plattsmouth.

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In the matter of the estate of Albina Phillips, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the creditors of said deceased will meet the administrator of said estate, before me, county judge of Cass county, Nebraska, at the county court room in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 9 o'clock a. m., each day for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for the creditors of said deceased to present their claims from the 16th day of April, 1899.
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GEORGE M. SHELLOCK, County Judge.

A SMALL SPOT MAY BE CANCER.

MOST VIOLENT CASES HAVE APPEARED AT FIRST AS MERE PIMPLES.

The greatest care should be given to any little sore, pimple or scratch which shows no disposition to heal under ordinary treatment. No one can tell how soon these will develop into Cancer of the worst type. So many people die from Cancer simply because they do not know just what the disease is; they naturally turn themselves over to the doctors, and are forced to submit to a cruel and dangerous operation—the only treatment which the doctors know for Cancer. The disease promptly returns, however, and is even more violent and destructive than before. Cancer is a deadly poison in the blood, and no external treatment can have an effect whatever upon it. The cure must come from within—the last vestige of poison must be eradicated.



Mr. Wm. Wainpole, of Walslowtown, S. D., says: "A little blotch about the size of a pea came under my left eye gradually growing larger, from which shooting pains at intervals ran in all directions. I became greatly alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it Cancer, and advised that it be cut out, but this I could not consent to. I read in my local paper of a cure effected by S. S. S., and decided to try it. It acted like a charm, the Cancer becoming at first irritated, and then discharging very freely. This gradually grew less and then discontinued altogether, leaving a small scar which soon dropped off, and now only a healthy little scar remains where what threatened to destroy my life once held full sway. Positively the only cure for Cancer is Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—because it is the only remedy which can go deep enough to reach the root of the disease and force it out of the system permanently. A surgical operation does not reach the blood—the real seat of the disease—because the blood can not be cut easily. Inasmuch as S. S. S. is a purifier and takes the place of S. S. S. cures all any case of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Ulcers, Sores, or any other form of blood disease. Valuable books on Cancer and Blood Diseases will be mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.