

RIOT RUNS RAMPANT.

A Sheriff and Posse Attacked by a Mob.

FIFTY MEN WERE KILLED.

The Whole Country Up in Arms and Flocking to the Scene—A Big Snow Storm Puts a Stop to All Hostilities.

BAKERSVILLE, N. C., Jan. 4.—Last night a mob of 500 masked men entered the jail and took Calvin Snipes, a murderer, to the forest, a half mile away, and lynched him. Seven of the sheriff's posse were killed in an effort to defend the prisoner. About twenty-five of the mob were killed. Among the dead and wounded are some of the most prominent men in the country.

JOHNSON CITY, Tenn., Jan. 4.—The facts which led up to the terrible lynching affair in Bakersville, N. C. are as follows: Aaron Wiseman and Calvin Snipes were partners in an illicit distillery in Mitchell county, N. C., and had told William Osborne and Isaac Osborne, two brothers, where the distillery was situated. William Osborne reported the distillery to the officials at Bakersville and helped them to destroy it.

Wiseman and Snipes suspected Isaac Osborne as the informer. On the night of August 27 they went to the house of Isaac Osborne, armed with rifles, and called him up. He came to the door and the culprits opened fire, almost riddling him with bullets. Wiseman and Snipes were arrested, but sufficient evidence could not be obtained against Wiseman and he was released. Snipes was bound over to the superior court on purely circumstantial evidence. He was placed in jail, and, after being confined about two weeks confessed to the killing in the manner as above stated.

The lynching and the fatal conflict with a sheriff's posse is confirmed. The names of those of the sheriff's party killed are as follows:

- J. N. WILLIAMS.
D. F. RICHIE.
R. N. JONES.
P. B. SAMS.
R. E. JOHNSON.
WILLIAM REED.
T. N. BECKNER.
J. W. LAWS.
W. R. PANEL.
G. N. HATFIELD.
TOM HALL.

The names of those of the mob killed are:

- JOHN WORK.
WILLIAM OSBORNE.
G. T. BAILIFF.
WILL PERRY.
JOHN OSBORNE.
PHIL CREWDER.
KIM NANCE.
WILL BUTLER.
HARRY BIRD.
OWEN THOMAS.
JACK PHILLIPS.

Several others, whose names are not known at present, were also killed.

The conflict was the most sanguinary that ever occurred in North Carolina, and a messenger who has just arrived from there says that both sides are still fighting and that many more people are being killed. The whole country around is in a ferment of excitement and reinforcements are arriving hourly upon the scene of the battle from the adjoining counties on both sides.

Later advices from Bakersville indicate that the fight has assumed the proportions of a pitched battle, waging furiously. The killed were reported at 3 o'clock a. m. at numbering fifty-six.

SNOW BRINGS PEACE.

MARION, N. C., Jan. 5.—Snow has covered the battlefield at Bakersville and the mountain roads are impassable. It is impossible to obtain further details of the riot in the mountain hamlet, but the details published yesterday are substantially correct. All points are snowed in and it is impossible to obtain a word from them. It cannot be denied that the riot occurred, and that there was a heavy loss of life, but the number killed is in doubt.

All the news brought to the different telegraph offices came by the mail carriers, who traverse the mountain roads once or twice a week, and every one of them brought about the same report. The storm, which has been the heaviest in many years, has probably put an end to all hostilities, and as was indicated in yesterday's dispatch, the mountaineers are content to let the matter rest without troops, judge or jury.

Try the "Crown" cough cure. Brown & Barrett guarantee it.

For Abstracts of Title go to J. J. Leyda, Union block.

The License Refused.

Sherman W. Roush, aged 26, years of Otoe county, and Miss Esther E. Walter, of Cass county, were before Judge Eaton this morning for the purpose of securing a marriage license, but they were doomed to disappointment as the young lady had not resided on this mundane sphere the required sixteen years.

The parents of the prospective bride were on hand to give their consent but they availed naught as the young lady was too young. This afternoon the quartette left for Sidney, Iowa, where they expect to be more successful.

Miss Walter is a handsome young lady, much larger than the average girl of sixteen, and Judge Eaton is of the opinion that a mistake has been made as to her age; still, as he says, the mother ought to know.—Nebraska City News.

THE YEAR JUST PAST.

A Short Review of The Year 1891--A Successful Country.

1892.

Another year has joined the procession of the ages. It has been pre-eminently a year of peace, and in our own country a year of unprecedented material prosperity. American industry has flourished as never before in our history, labor has received a larger reward and capital has been tempted by the prospect of remunerative returns in new and profitable fields, says the New York Press. The policy of the protection of American labor against the free competition of ill paid foreign production has been abundantly vindicated by the results that are manifest throughout the land, that are not confined to the East or West, but carry comfort and independence to every corner of the Union. The result of the election of November 8 has not shaken the adherence of the republican party to the principle of American industrial independence.

The friends of protection, undismayed by the recent check, propose to begin at once a campaign of instruction and aggression which shall end in the complete triumph of republican principles and policies in 1896. Under republican rule the U. S. has proven its title, not alone as the leading republic, but as the leading nation of the world in intelligent and vigorous population, as well as in wealth and resources. The close of 1891 finds it in the van of human progress.

Weather Report.

Following is the weather report for December' Monthly mean temperature 18.4; highest temperature 35.5; The following is the low temperature set opposite each date below:

Table with columns: DATE, T. A., W., P. M., DLY. N.

Clear days 2; fair days 6; cloudy days 13. Rainfall or rather melted snow 1.7. No rain storms. Snow fall 20. The 26th the coldest day the daily mean being 9 below. The monthly mean a year ago 33.9.

It Stands the Test.

Over 100,000 free sample bottles of Kemp's Balsam we learn, were given away in this state last year. The sale on the Balsam has never been approached by any other remedy. This medicine must have great merit or the free sample would injure, rather than help the sale. If you have a cough or cold, or even consumption, we would advise a trial. The large bottles are 50c, and \$1.

THE MORMON PRAYER.

Amnesty Extended to Latter Day Saints.

WHO ABIDE BY THE LAW.

President Harrison Issues His Proclamation to The Mormons—Must Continue to do so or Suffer.

The Mormon Prayer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—President Harrison today issued the following proclamation:

WHEREAS, congress, by a statute approved March 22, 1892, and by statutes in future and amendment thereof, defined the crimes of bigamy, polygamy and unlawfully cohabitation in the territories, and in other places within the States, and prescribed a penalty for such crimes; and

WHEREAS, On or about the sixth day of October, 1892, the church of the latter day saints, commonly known as the Mormon church, through its president, issued a manifesto proclaiming the purpose of said church no longer to sanction the practice of polygamous marriages, and calling upon all members and adherents of said church to obey the laws of the United States in reference to said subject matter; and

WHEREAS, It is represented that since the date of said declaration the members and adherents of said church have generally obeyed said laws and have abstained from plural marriages and polygamous cohabitation; and

WHEREAS, By a petition dated December 19, 1892, the officials of said church, pledged the membership thereof to a faithful obedience of the laws against plural marriages and unlawful cohabitations, have applied to me to grant amnesty for past offenses against said laws, which request a very large number of influential non-Mormons residing in the territories have also strongly urged and

WHEREAS, The Utah commissioners, in its report bearing date September 15, 1892, recommends that said petition be granted and said amnesty proclaimed, under proper conditions as to the future observance of the law, with a view to the encouragement of those now disposed to become law-abiding citizens; and

WHEREAS, During the past two years such amnesty has been granted to individual applicants in a very large number of cases, conditioned upon the faithful observance of the laws of the United States against unlawful cohabitation, and there are now pending many more such applications.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States by virtue of the power in me vested do hereby declare and grant a full amnesty and pardon to all persons liable to the penalties of said acts by reason of unlawful cohabitation under the color of polygamous or plural marriages who have since November 1, 1890 obtained from such unlawful cohabitation, but upon the express condition that they shall in the future faithfully obey the laws of the United States hereinbefore named and not otherwise. Those who shall fail to avail themselves of the clemency hereby offered will be vigorously prosecuted.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the city of Washington this fourth day of January, in the year of our lord one thousand, eight hundred and ninety three, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventeenth.

By the president: BENJAMIN HARRISON. JOHN W. FOSTER, Sec'y of State.

NORFOLK ASYLUM CHANGES.

NORFOLK, Neb., Jan. 5.—Dr. H. S. Summers, superintendent of the Norfolk insane asylum, today received the commission of C. G. Miller of this place as steward of the asylum, vice T. H. Egbert, resigned. He also received the commission for vice Mrs. H. S. Summers as matron, vice Mrs. Kate Wirts, resigned. The latter appointment is merely temporary. Everything is harmonious and in good condition at the asylum. Dr. Summers has given excellent satisfaction during his term of office, and has made many warm friends in Norfolk.

Last Thursday Judge Ramsey joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Mr. Henry Falter, and Miss Maggie Shafer both of Plattsmouth precinct.

While coasting on a hill in the western part of the city last night, George Shipman, son of Dr. Shipman was thrown from his sled and his arm was broken near the wrist.

PEOPLE AND AFFAIRS.

Mr. John J. Sockie and Miss Mary J. Hanson, both of Louisville were granted a license to wed last Thursday by Judge Ramsey.

John C. Hayes assumed his duties last Thursday as county commissioner and A. C. Loder stepped down and out and is once more a full fledged Alliance man.

Fred Clinton carries his arm in a sling and is unable to put his overcoat on. He says he threw a snowball last Friday and, as it was the first one he ever threw, he succeeded in spraining the muscles of his arm so badly that a physician's skill was necessary to repair damages. The arm was very painful at first and Mr. Clinton was kept in the house for a day or more with the pain.—Weeping Water Republican.

On the night of January 4th the strong wind blew two freight cars from a side track on to the main line of the M. P. at Murray, and the consequence was a wreck caused by a freight train early the next morning, running into the run-away cars. No one was hurt. The regular passenger trains were sent around by the way of Weeping Water. The train was released by noon Thursday.

Rev. C. H. Polhums, A. M. has accepted the chair of Greek and German in Tabor college, Iowa, and will begin work at the opening of the Fall term in Sept. 1893. Mr. Polhums graduated with honor at Rutgers college in the class of '77, and from New Brunswick in 1780. And leaving the seminary he succeeded Rev. Graham Taylor, D. D. in the pastorate of the Dutch reformed church in Hopewell, N. Y. where he continued until Dec. 1891. He is at present supplying a church in Jonesboro, Tenn. During a six months stay in Europe he studied in Greece and Germany. So accomplished a linguist will add much strength to the faculty of the college.

GAS STRIKE IN KANSAS.

Citizens of Cherryvale, Kan., are greatly excited over a strike of gas there which was struck in well No. 10 and on a match being applied to it the flames reached to a height of many feet, and burned strong and steadily. Persons familiar with the gas wells of Ohio and Indiana say that the gas at Cherryvale is plentiful and just as good for all purposes.

Byron Clark was in Denver the latter part of last week on legal business.

THINGS CHANGE.

Only a few months ago Jerome Shams's brother was a real politician, he went about the county put up at the best hotels and smoked the finest cigars. Now he is holding the door to the cloak room at the state capitol and smokes a corn cob pipe and wears a red bandana about his neck and seems happy.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

Satelli Said to Have Caused Friction And Has Been Recalled.

ROME, Jan. 5.—The Corriere Del Mattin, a newspaper published at Naples, says the leading topic at Rome is the fiasco of Monsigneur Satelli's mission from the vatican to the United States. The Corriere article says Monsigneur Satelli's brusque manner has excited the discontent of the American bishops who have caused the curia to understand that they will not tolerate the arrogance of the envoy. The vatican, therefore, for fear of causing greater friction, was obliged to recall Mgr. Satelli, instead of having him in America to represent the pope at the Chicago world's fair.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The interesting fact is ascertained from an unquestionable source of information that the European mail delivered at the Catholic university today brought to Monsigneur Satelli, the papal delegate instructions broadening and widening his powers and imposing upon him new duties responsibilities, which must necessarily occupy his attention, to the exclusion of all but the most urgent business, for some time to come.

Ask Your Friends About It.

Your distressing cough can be cured. We know it because Kemp's Balsam within the past few years has cured so many coughs and colds in this community. Its remarkable sale has been won entirely by its genuine merit. Ask some friend who has used it what he thinks of Kemp's Balsam. There is no medicine so pure, none so effective. Large bottles 50c, and \$1 at all druggists.

ANCIENT MURDERS.

SCIENCE FERRETS OUT CRIMES COMMITTED CENTURIES AGO.

Caves of Southern France Yield Proofs of Scores of Murders That Took Place in Remote Antiquity—Skulls of Women Testify to Man's Brutality.

"Murder will out," so it is said. This statement is not widely true, inasmuch as slayers of men do in a large proportion of instances escape unpunished and undetected. But how strange it seems that the science of the present day, acting the detective's part, should unearth positive evidence of murders committed on individuals who died perhaps not less than 100,000 years ago.

The caves of southern France, which once were occupied as dwellings by primitive man, yield proofs of scores of murders in most remote antiquity. Those guilty of these crimes were doubtless indifferent to detection, inasmuch as in the early stages of human development there was no law save physical strength. In that epoch men gave way to their brutal passions unrestrained. Women must have suffered then more than at any subsequent period, owing to their muscular inferiority. That this is true is proved by evidence which has survived hundreds of centuries, for in the very caves referred to are discovered the remains of many murdered women, testifying to the fact.

In the famous cave of Cro-Magnon was found a woman's skull with a cut in the forehead three inches long, evidently made by a flint hatchet. The weapon penetrated the frontal bone and caused death, but the victim did not die immediately from the wound. She lingered for some weeks, at all events, as is shown by the fact that partial healing took place. In a cave at Sordes, among many human bones bearing scars, was dug up the skull of a woman with a gaping hole in it. She must have been instantly killed. A similar skull of a woman was found in a cave at Challes, in Savoy, with a fracture that was unquestionably made by a flint instrument. Of nineteen skulls obtained from a primeval sepulcher at Vaures, two show traces of wounds inflicted by human hands. One, that of a woman, has three fractures. Unquestionably they were not all inflicted at the same time, inasmuch as two of them exhibit signs of healing. The unfortunate recovered from these, only to succumb to a third blow.

Unmistakably these women were murdered. But for their sex it might be supposed that they perished in fight, as did so many of the men who lived in those times. The struggle for existence among human beings then must have been fierce and bloody. They were hardly more than wild animals provided with artificial weapons and cunning of a superior order. Doubtless their contentions were most frequently for the possession of the females of their kind, who were the prize of battle and the property of the strongest. One primeval sepulcher was found to contain the skeletons of thirty men, all of them strongly made, piled closely. Together with the bones were seventy-three flint arrowheads and spearheads, which presumably were sticking in the bodies when they were interred. These must have been warriors who perished in some battle. Another cave at Gourvan has yielded a number of crania and jaws, which were broken by blunt weapons. Hundreds of other skeletons of the cave dwellers of antiquity have been unearthed in a similar condition, the bones in many cases being transfixed by weapons of flint. In one instance a skull contained three arrowheads, a fourth arrow being lodged between the vertebrae.

In fact these caves are filled with evidence of homicidal struggles among the distant ancestors of the human beings of today. From the same sources are supplied that cannibalism prevailed in that distant epoch. Scattered about the ancient hearths where meals were cooked uncounted thousands of years ago, are ever so many bones of men, women and children, bearing not only traces of fire, but the marks of instruments employed to split them lengthwise for the purpose of getting at the marrow. Particularly in winter primeval man was obliged to rely mainly on flesh for food. Never having conceived the notion of domesticating the horse, he utilized that animal to a large extent as an article of diet. Reindeer, which were then very plentiful in southern Europe, were likewise a favorite prey. The remains of 3,000 reindeer have been discovered in a single cave. At Solz, on a hillside, the bones of not fewer than 40,000 horses form accumulations which are known to this day as the "horse walls." Many of these equine bones show traces of burning.

Even at that time man considered himself monarch of creation, not hesitating to encounter contemporary wild beasts far more formidable than any which exist now. Great cats twice the size of modern Bengal tigers and proportionately ferocious were numerous. Mammoths, rhinoceroses and hippopotami roamed abroad. More terrible perhaps than any of these was the great cave bear, double the size of the grizzly. With these bears, as well as with the mighty tigers and fierce hyenas, the people of that early period were compelled to dispute possession of the caves. That they did so successfully there is no doubt, as is proved by the thousands of gnawed bones of bears and giant cats discovered in the caves. Mingled with the same sort of kitchen refuse are numerous shells of mollusks and bones of carp, trout, chub, tench and other fishes of species which now populate the rivers and lakes of the same region. Fishhooks were made from bears' teeth, boars' tusks and flint.—Washington Star.

A Natural Icehouse.

In Washington a route is a ravine that a river has worn for itself and then abandoned for another course. The coulees of the Columbia river are immense ravines worn out of the basaltic rock, with perpendicular walls on either side from 1,000 to 1,500 feet high. Through this region the Great Northern railroad runs. Not long ago an Indian approached a gang of railroad laborers working in Salmon coulees with a great piece of ice wrapped in a blanket, which he offered for sale. The workmen instituted a search in the direction from which he had come, and soon found a cold stream trickling through the shell rock, and farther up the ice beds were found.

They were formed among the masses of shell rock by the melting of snow in winter, the water running down among the rocks and freezing there at night. Ice remains there perpetually and in large quantities. The most singular feature is that the spot is only 500 feet above the sea and the sun beats with intense heat upon the rocks above the ice, which is also exposed to warm drafts of air through the crevices, yet the ice never melts.—New Orleans Picayune

A CONFIDENT PRISONER.

He Easily Proved an Alibi, Although the Evidence Was Damaging.

It was a case of chicken stealing, and the prints of bare feet were found in the gravel around the henhouse. The lawyer for the prosecution was one who if he had been Napoleon Bonaparte never would have crossed the Alps; he would simply have pulled them up by the roots and thrown them over the fence. The prisoner was an unknown tramp, and lame at that.

"You say you don't know anything about this theft?" queried the lawyer fiercely. "That's what I swear to, sir," said the tramp meekly. "You were in the back yard of Slanting's house about supper time?" "Yes, sir." "You know the location of the henhouse?" "Yes, sir."

"You were seen in the road in front of the house some time after dark, eh?" "I was there, sir." "You were in the yard after dark?" "Yes, sir, and after supper also, sir," replied the prisoner, with a weak smile at his innocent little joke in such a place. "And you were seen by the cook sitting on the doorstep with your shoe off?" "Yes, sir. There was a pebble in it that was too big to get out of the same hole it got in at."

"Now, sir, I purpose to prove that you made those tracks with your bare feet while you were stealing the chickens of the plaintiff."

"You can't do it, sir," said the prisoner mildly, but firmly. "And why not, pray?" asked the lawyer, with fine sarcasm. "Because, sir, I've one wooden leg, sir," and he gave a kick that sent it clattering across the courtroom and almost knocked a constable senseless.—Lunton Tit-Bits.

Cupid and the Cat.

It was in the spring of the year 1889 when I met my husband. I held a position as artist for one of the large firms in New York city, and he held a position as book-keeper for the firm two floors below the one we occupied, and I became acquainted with him, and soon our acquaintance ripened into a close friendship and many were the notes he would send upstairs. At last he hit upon the novel idea of using the large office cat for a messenger boy, and the first thing in the morning I would see Tommy at the door of my room crying to be let in, as soon as the door would be opened he would walk into the room and wait patiently for me to take the note that my friend had tied to his collar from him, and after I would answer it he would stand still until I gave him a little petting, and then off he would go and deliver the note to my friend.

Strange as it may seem, that cat would not allow any one to touch him while he was carrying the note. Through these notes friendship ripened into love, and we called Tommy our messenger boy.

Just before we were married Tommy disappeared, and we could find no trace of him, but my husband declares he must be still living and carrying love messages for some other happy ones.—Cor. New York Recorder.

NOT AN UNBORNEN ERROR.

Police Commissioner—Mr. McGobb, how did it happen that you let a raving lunatic go around terrorizing people on your beat for a whole afternoon?

Officer McGobb—Sure I thought he was some felly payin a lecture bet.—Indianapolis Journal.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

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To purge the bowels does not make them regular but leaves them in worse condition than before. The liver is the seat of trouble, and

THE REMEDY

must act on it. Tutt's Liver Pills act directly on that organ, causing a free flow of bile, without which, the bowels are always constipated. Price, 25c.

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Before & After Use. Embellish, Lost Photographed from life. In a box of 10, or 25, with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. If a druggist tries to sell you some WORTHLESS Imitation in place of SANATIVO, enclose price in envelope and we will send by mail. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope free. Address, MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U.S.A., 333 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL. SANATIVO sold in PLATTSMOUTH, NEB., by O. H. Snyder, Druggist, 306 Main Street, and druggists generally.

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Thousands are suffering with Torpid Liver—the symptoms are Depression of Spirits, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a reliable remedy for Liver Disorders. It cures thousands every year; why not try Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator? Your Druggist will supply you.