CROSSED THE ATLANTIC.

Asia's Dread Scourge is Waiting at Our Gates.

THE CAPTAIN TO BLAME.

It Carries Consternation in New York—The Infected Vessel Anchors Amid a Fleet of Ships.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Asiatic cholera reached the port of New York on board the steamship Moravia today. Twenty-two deaths occurred during the ten days she was on the ocean. Two patients, both adults, are recovering from the disease on board ship.

Although she arrived last night, the Moravia was not sent from the upper to the lower quarantine with the yellow flag flying until almost noon today. She is now there with her passengers and will not be released from the eyes of the health authorities until every known means is employed in stamping out the dreaded plague.

Dr. Jenkins is hopeful that he will be able to keep the cholera away from the city of New York. Tonight he is a very much worried man. He has ordered the transfer of the Moravia's passengers to Hoffman island and will not only make a personal examination of the disease that is aboard the ship, but he will also confer with the health authorities of this city and consider ways and means to keep it from entering the city.

More vessels will arrive from Hamburg this week. It is probable that further deaths will be reported, and cases in their worst form, it is now conceded, may arrive withih the next few days.

The situation is serious Unless all immigration from infected ports is stopped, it is not believed that this country is safe, and it is believed now that this step will be taken.

The German ship Moravia, which arrived at 10 o'clock last night from Hamburg, had 22 deaths on board during the passage. The ship's surgeon called the disease cholerine, but that is only another name for the dreaded Asiatic cholera. Dr. Jenkins said the results were serious, and he was fearful that more deaths will follow.

On August 18, the Moravia sailed. On the following day the cholera broke out and the first death took place within twenty four hours. The disease spread rapidly among the ship's 286 steerage passengers. There were no cabin passengers. The children suffered most and by August 28, the number of deaths had reached the total of 22. Of these, two were adults and twenty children. They suffered much pain and their deaths were those which are peculiar to cholera. The death list was made up of thirteen natives of Poland, three natives of Hesse, one native of Austria and five of Prussia. They were all buried at sea.

The Moravia arrived last night at 10 o'clock, and, strange to say, notwithstanding her terrible record of deaths on the voyage, her captain passed through Sandy Hook, up the lower bay and through the fleet of steamships which were anchored off the boarding station. She did not anchor there, but moved up several hundred feet north of the fleet, within eight miles of the battery, and there dropped her anchor.

No word was sent ashore all night, nor did any of the quarantine officers board her. It was early this morning, when they started on their usual round to board vessels anchored in the stream and the Moravia was the last one which Physician Talmage and Sanborn drew up alongside. It was then after 10 o'clock and it was know that the Moravia was from an infected port.

Shortly after 10 o'clock the little tug boat which does service for Dr. Jenkins' staff left the Moravia's side and steamed for the big Teutonic.

In the meantime, a boat rowed by two men left the Moravia's side and pulled for the beach. When she reached the little wharf fronting the department station. William Seugine, an attache, hurriedly left her and delivered a sealed envelope to Dr. Jenkins, who opened it and betrayed no indications that there was anything wrong. Then the tug with Dr. Talmage aboard came nshore and there was a conference with the health officers. At that time, after leaving Dr. Jenkins, Dr. Talmage, who looked very much perturbed, asserted that there was nothing wrong with the Morava, and that every one on board was enjoying good health.

He left the quarantine wharf, and the tug headed for the plague-stricken craft. Apparently acting upon orders from Dr. Talmage, which had been given on the first trip, there were signs of activity abroad and the immigrants, as if expecting to be landed, could be seen hurrying up and down the deck looking in the direction of the Staten Island shore, occasionly waving hats and handkerchiefs.

Within five minutes after the Moravia was boarded for the second time she had hoisted her anchor, got up steam and turned her bow in the direction of the ocean. She made a long detour around the fleet, hugging the Long Island shore and passing out of the Narrows for the lower bay shortly before noon.

A phase of the case of the Moravia which deserves investigation and which should be looked into with thoroughness is the action of the captain of the Moravia in continuing the voyage to this country under the conditions which prevailed on his ship. If the disease broke out on the day following his departure from Hamburg, why did he not, those connected with the quarantine department ask, turn back home, instead of bringing the disease to a new country.

SIXTEEN IMMIGRANS QUARANTINED.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Sept. 2—Sixteen immigrants on the Canadian Pacific were stopped yesterday by the United States health officers and sent into quarantine. One was from Hamburg, several from Russia and the rest from Scandinavian countries, but none needed inspection.

QUARANTINE, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The situation remains unchanged. The steamer Iceland of the Thingvalla line was passed by the doctors and was allowed to go up this morning. Her 557 immigrants are all Scandinavians and very clean. The steamer City of Berlin arrived this morning with 335 cabin and 658 steerage passengers. All were well and had not heard of the cholera in England. The cabin passengers will be landed this afternoon.

PEST HOUSES IN POOR CONDITION.

HALIFAX, N. S. Sept. 2.—The quarantine buildings at this port are falling to pieces from decay and are surrounded with stagnant pools, rendering them totally unfit to place human beings in. The board of health had passed a resolution calling upon the Ottawa authorities to place the quarantine station and its equipments in a thoroughly effective state and promising hearty co-operation.

CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—The Standard's Hamburg correspondent says that although the cholera is reported to be abating, the number of victims is again very heavy The disease rages with the most virulence in the suburbs of Horn and Hammerbrook, where hundreds were attacked and many died within two hours. The interments since last night number 313. It is reported that the people of Hamburg have carried the infection to twenty-three towns in Germany.

The Standard's Berlin telegram has the following: The imperial health office reports that the first case of cholera appeared in Hamburg on August 26. The epidemic probably originated with Russian imigrants. All the water that they used, their excreta, etc, were poured into an arm of the river Elbe near their barracks without any disinfection whatever.

PYTHIAN SUPREME LODGE.

The supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias, at its session last evening, reached a decision in the famous case of Aldine lodge No 129 of Chicago and by an overwhelming vote sustained the decision of Grand Chancellor Shaw, restoring the charter of the lodge. This has been a case celebrated in Pythian tribunals and the final decision of the supreme lodge has been looked forward to with great interest. The supreme lodge at its afternoon session struck from its constitution the "80" provision and made the minimum lodge fees unalterable. The proposition to establish a home for aged members of the order and orphans of members has been laid aside until the next biennial session of the lodge.

NOT ONE WORD.

Hon. M. Gering, of Plattsmouth, democratic candidate for attorney-general, promises the Tribune that he will come to South Omaha during the campaign and make a speech. Mr. Gering is an eloquent speaker, and having the right side to defend, can tear the robber tariff into shreds.—South Omaha Tribune. The Journal reprinted the above last night, but it has not since the convention quoted one word from Mr. Gering's speech, regarding Mr. Bryan or free silver.

RIGHT YOU ARE.

Wesping Water Republican.

John A. Davies, one of our next representatives, dropped in on us Saturday for just a moment, but he found us so busy counting cash and writing receipts for subscription that he was gone before we knew it.

CAUSES GREAT FEAR.

No New Cases Were Reported Yesterday.

ALL NEW YORK SCARED.

President Harrison Consults With His Cabinet on th Situation—A Twenty Days' Quarantine Announced.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—There is but one absorbing topic in this city today—cholera. It is injected into the home circle and into the business life of every man, woman and child capable of reasoning in the metropolis. From the savant to the gamin the probabilities and the possibilities of its gaining a foothold in this country have been discussed. All admit the danger, but some cover their fears with assumed indifferance, at the same time carefully perusing the numerous preventives published in the papers and clipping from them a copy to be taken home and placed in the keeping of the housewife with many injunctions as to their observance. This is the time when the watering places begin to return their crowds of seekers after fresh air and cool breezes to their winter homes in the city, but today it is safe to say the telegraph was freighted with anxious injunctions to absent ones to remain away. The first thought of the man whose family is in the city is where to send them away from the germs of death, now apparently threatening his loved ones. While there is confidence in the judgment and ability of the health officers, New York seems smaller than usual to many, and the interior of the country, away from the iucoming plague ships, has attractions for even the most reckless.

President Wilson and Dr. Edson, the sanitary superintendent, have been very busy making preparations for the reception and treatment of cholera patients. Arrangements have been almost perfected for the establishment of a hospital. The site has been chosen and there remain only some trivial matters of detail to be arranged. Until they have been settled the location of the hospital will not be made public.

Dr. Edson says he has no doubt that the deaths on the steamship Moravia were caused by cholera but Dr. Jenkins and Prof. Biggs were making a bacteriological examination and the result would be made public as soon as concluded. He says positively that there is not a case of cholera in this city. There had been a number of suspicious cases reported during the past week. These had all been investigated with great care and were found to be no worse than aggravated summer complaint.

The disinfecting corps of the health department has been put on an emergency footing and plans perfected by which a thorough disinfection of the cellars, sinks and tenement house yards and the street gutters will be accomplished whenever it is deemed necessary.

The following orders in regard to cholera were read at the police roll-call: "Patrolmen are to report every violation of the sanitary laws on their posts promptly. They are to report at once any dead animals or anything else in the streets detrimental to the public health, also all cases of sickness, contagious or otherwise, that may come under their notice; also tenement houses, stables, manufactories or cellars in a filthy condition. They must arrest all peddlers vending unripe or rotten fruit, or decaying fish, etc., and report unclean streets, ashes and garbage not removed, or anything else that they may observe on their posts which in their judgment threatens the public health.

"Sergeants on desk duty must at once transmit to the central office all reports made by patrolmen and other officers on sanitary matters."

All such reports, as soon as they reach police headquarters, will be forwarded to the sanitary bureau for investigation, and the prompt abatement of the nuisance complained of will follow.

A TWENTY DAYS' QUARANTINE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1—President Harrison reached Washington this morning at 11 o'clock. The president met Secretary of the Treasury Foster and Attorney General Miller, the only members of the cabinet in the city, to consult with reference to the cholera situation. Assistant Secretary Spaulding of the treasury department and Dr. Wyman, surgeon general of the marine hospital service, were also present.

After an hour's deliberation it was decided not to make a proclamation now, but to issue a circular. The circular will be issued by the treasury department. It will amount practically to a twenty days' quarantine of vessels, or longer if necessary. It will be coupled with the provision that it will be enforced where not in controvention to state laws. The issuance may be delayed somewhat owing to the desire of the department to publish at the same time the opinion of the attorney general on the question of certain rights of the government in the matter which it is thought should accompany the circular.

The treasury department will have the National quarantine at the Delaware Breakwater and Cape Charles, Va., furnished with revenue cutters to assist in preventing the introduction of cholera by those routes. The condemned steamer Crawford at Cape Charles has been fitted up as a hospital to be used in case of need.

The twenty days' quarantine to be declared in the proposed circular will apply to vessels from all ports, but the sanitary officers will be allowed to exercise discretion in the cases of those coming from noninfected ports with clear bills of health. The effect of the circular will be to discourage immigration, as the steamship companies will not be willing to lose money by bringing over immigrants and supporting them so long in port. It will also be a notice to foreign governments that immigration for the present is undesirable.

The governor of Michigan has telegraphed to the secretary of the treasury asking that an additional force of medical inspectors be detailed along the state border to assist the immigrant inspectors already on duty.

NO CHOLERA IN THIS COUNTRY.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Cholera has not yet succeeded in passing the gates of quarantine. It has not even sought for admission since the plague-infested steamship Moravia arrived to report the twenty-two deaths which had occurred aboard her since she sailed from Hamburg and the two convalescents among her 250 surviving passengers. The last reports received from the Moravia, anchored off Hoffman Island, state that no new cases had developed among the passengers and that the convalescents were doing well. This would seem to be good news enough for the people of this city for one day, but they may further comfort themselves with the assurance that the quarantine authorities, the local and state authorities, and even the National government, have all taken a hand in the life and death game of keeping cholera out. With regulations which are ironbound, and precautions which seem to cover every avenue of danger, backed up by an official circular from the treasury department against further emigration from infected ports, there seems to be no warrant for a "cholera scare."

"Of course, there is danger to our people," said Health Officer Jenkins, "but that is no reason why people should get unecessarily alarmed. An epidemic of cholera mania is the next worst thing to an epidemic of the the disease itself. The people, as represented by the authorities, are being protected by everything that medical science and common sense can suggest. What more can be done? Let them, then, simply go along with their regular daily lives, observing, of course, the precautionary advice that has been so widely disseminated by the board of health, and they can then rest assured that they have reduced the danger of an epidemic in the city to an absolute minimum."

This practical view of the situation was supported by the developments. At Hoffman Island everything is going on as smoothly as if the search for cholera germs was the regular business of the place. The process of cleansing and disinfecting on the Island is complete. The baggage is run down a chute into a disinfecting room, where it remains for an hour and a half under 220 degrees of steam heat The doctors say there is no question that this will kill any germ that may be lurking in clothing or elsewhere.

The passengers all have to go into the bath compartments and use soap and water without stint. The attendants stand by to see that they do this. As a rule they are a dirty lot, looking as if they had not had a bath for months, if ever. In the main they take good naturedly to the scrubbing. The change made in their appearance by a liberal use of soap and water is said to be so great that those who have been washed can hardly be recognized as part and parcel of those who have not.

There is no mixing up of the immigrants' baggage. Each lot is put into a big sack before it goes into the fumigation room. When it is taken out it is restored to its original receptacle. The immigrants themselves assist largely in this work.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY,

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.
DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. ATLANTA, GA.

The method of taking care of the immigrants' valuables was one that bothered Superintendent Owens for a time. One man wanted him to take care of $300 while he was going through the cleansing mill. Mr. Owens did not want to accept the responsibility. The difficulty was overcome by the steamship companies. They send a man down to Hoffman Island to take care of the valuables, and he gives the owners checks for them. There valuables, money, jewelry, etc., are fumigated in the same manner as the baggage.

Miss Alberta Hyers was driving down Seventh street Saturday and when near the foot of the hill her horse became frightened and started to run. At the corner of Seventh and Pearl streets, directly in front of Richey's lumber office, the buggy upset, throwing Miss Hyers out. The horse and buggy went about twenty feet further, when the buggy struck a telephone pole, somewhat difiguring the vehicle. Miss Hyers escaped unhurt, but was badly frightened. The horse was caught on Main street.

SURPRISED AT FIFTY.

Elmwood Echo.

Last Friday marked the fiftieth anniversary of the mortal existence of Mr. John Irons, and a large number of neighbors and friends gently surprised the gentleman by calling en masse at his farm residence. They carried sufficient edibles and equipment for making ice cream. A large number of useful and costly presents were presented. A high time was had until the barnyard cock crew three or four times, announcing the approaching morn.

SENATOR J. L. LINN.

Hon. J. L. Linn died at his home in Humboldt, Neb., yesterday morning. Mr. Linn has long been an honored citizen of this state, having served several terms in the state senate and house. He was a man of wealth and sterling personal qualities and identified with many important enterprises of public interest. The funeral will take place from the family residence at 11 a. m. tomorrow. The remains will be taken to Table Rock and buried with Masonic honors.

The prospects for the county fair are very bright. Secretary Miller informed THE HERALD that he had secured some good horses for the speed program and that there was going to be a large variety of fruit on exhibition, and also that space in the halls was going rapidly. The fair management have had workmen working at the grounds all week repairing and fixing things up in general. The fair begins the 13th and continues until the 16th.

The chief of police is making a tour of the town and will report all places that need cleaning up. THE HERALD will inform its readers that the officials mean business and if your premises need cleaning they had better be cleaned up before you are made to do it.

INDIANS DANCING AGAIN.

A number of deputy United States marshals are in Guthrie, Oklahoma, and report that the Indians in all parts of the territory are now dancing the sun and messiah dances. One deputy states that the Apache Indians have joined the Cheyennes, Comanches, Kiowas and Arapahoe tribes and that the five tribes are now traveling from one reservation to another, dancing at each. While he was at Anardarks, the deputy says, there were several hundred Indians of these tribes joined together in the dance, which was kept up from early in the evening until daylight. During this time many old scalps were resurrected and the performance looked much like a war dance.

S.S.S. CURES MALARIAL POISON

Nature should be assisted to throw off impurities of the blood. Nothing does it so well, so safely or so promptly as Swift's Specific.

LIFE HAD NO CHARMS.

For three years I was troubled with malarial poison, which caused my appetite to fail, and I was greatly reduced in flesh, and life lost all its charms. I tried mercurial and potash remedies, but to no effect. I could get nowhere. I then tried S.S.S. A few bottles of this wonderful medicine made a complete and permanent cure, and I now enjoy better health than ever. J. A. RICE, Ottawa, Kan.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

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30 DAYS 30 DAYS

In order to introduce our CRAYON PORTRAITS and please our customers, we have decided to make the Special Offer: Send us a Cabinet Picture (Photograph, Tintype, Ambrotype or Daguerreotype) of any member of your family, (it can be returned), and we will make you a Crayon Portrait Free of Charge, provided you exhibit it to your friends as a sample of our work, and secure us their orders for future orders. Please name this paper and send back of picture and it will be returned in perfect order. We make any change in picture you wish, not interfering with likeness. References any Bank in Chicago. Address mail to ECLIPSE PORTRAIT CO., 19 East Randolph St., CHICAGO, Ill.

P. S.—We will forfeit $100 to any one sending us photo and not receiving crayon picture. N. B. 52 [illegible] this offer. THIS OFFER IS STRICTLY BONA FIDE.

MARVELOUS RESULTS!

LOSS IN SHRINKAGE OF MEATS.

Very few people know that the shrinkage of meats roasted in a close oven is from 35 to 40 per cent. All meat contains 75 per cent. of water and only 25 per cent. of solid matter, and the loss that is made in the roasting is made in the evaporation of the juice which is the VITAL PART OF MEAT.

Effect of the SOLID OVEN Door.

A TEN pound sirloin, medium or well done, will be reduced to six pounds and four ounces of roasted meat, showing a loss of three pounds and twelve ounces of juice. While the loss is 37½ per cent. of the total weight, it shows the enormous loss of FIFTY PER CENT. OF THE JUICE.

Effect of the WIRE GAUZE OVEN Door.

A TEN pound sirloin, medium or well done, will be reduced to NINE pounds and eight ounces of roasted meat, showing a loss of eight ounces of juice. While this loss is ½ per cent. of the total weight, it shows the very small loss of but SEVEN PER CENT. OF JUICE.

Rather Be Without Bread. XI

BISHOP'S RESIDENCE, Marquette, Mich., Nov. 7, 1889.

The Rev. J. Kossbiel, of above place, writes: I have suffered a great deal, and whenever I now feel a nervous attack coming I take a dose of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic and feel relieved. I think a great deal of it, and would rather be without bread than without the Tonic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 19, '90.

From this far-off land I write to say that I have been suffering for 25 years (from the time my first child was born) with spinal and brain trouble, and as I grew older the pain seemed to grow worse; I heard some time ago of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic. Am on the second bottle now and feel the pain in my back *very*, very much relieved, indeed.

MRS. L. M. JOHNSON.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists [illegible] per Bottle. 6 for $5

Cream PURE RYE.

has become a household word because of its absolute purity, nutritive value, smooth taste and delicious bouquet. It is good for weak lungs and a stimulant for impaired constitutions. Unlike inferior whiskies it does not rasp or scald the throat and stomach, nor cause nausea, dizziness and headache. You may know it by the above qualities and the proprietary bottles in which it is served. Call for "*Cream Pure Rye*" and take no other. For sale at all first-class drinking places and drug stores

13 DALLEMAND & CO., Chicago

For sale by Joe McVey.

CANCER

Sufferers need fear no longer from this fiend of death. [illegible] a most wonderful discovery. It [illegible] cancer on any part of the body can be permanently cured without the use of the knife.

MRS. H. B. COBBY, 2307 Indiana Ave., Chicago, says: "Words cannot express my gratitude to B. & S. [illegible] by my successful treatment." Send for testimonials. Dr. H. G. Dain, [illegible] Chicago.

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How Lost! How Regained!

KNOW THYSELF.

Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt, 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, duties sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

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The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equal.—*Herald.*

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