The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

SECOND YEAR — PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 22, 1889. — NUMBER 135

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St. N. Y.

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CIVIC SOCIETIES.

CASS LODGE No. 146, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Tuesday evening of each week. All transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend.

PLATTSMOUTH ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every alternate Friday in each month in the Masonic Hall. Visiting Brothers are invited to attend.

TRIO LODGE NO. 84, A. O. U. W.—Meets every alternate Friday evening at K. of P. hall. Transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend. F. P. Brown, Master Workman; G. B. Kemster, Foreman; F. H. Steimker, Overseer; W. H. Miller, Financier; G. F. Houseworth, Recorder; F. J. Morgan, Receiver; Wm Crehan, Guide; Wm. Ludwig, Inside Watch; L. Olsen, Outside Watch.

CASS CAMP NO. 332, MODERN WOODMEN of America —Meets second and fourth Monday evening at K. of P. hall. All transient brothers are requested to meet with us. L. A. Newcomer, Venerable Consul; G. F. Niles, Worthy Adviser; S. C. Wilde, Banker; W. A Boeck, Clerk.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 8, A. O. U. W. Meets every alternate Friday evening at Rockwood hall at 8 o'clock. All transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend. L. S. Larson, M. W.; F. Boyd, Foreman; S. C. Wilde, Recorder; Leonard Anderson, Overseer.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 6, A. F. & A. M. Meets on the first and third Mondays of each month at their hall. All transient brothers are cordially invited to meet with us.
J. G. RICHEY, W. M.
WM. HAYS, Secretary.

NEBRASKA CHAPTER, NO. 3, R. A. M. Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Mason's hall. Transient brothers are invited to meet with us.
F. E. WHITE, H. P.
WM HAYS, Secretary.

MT. ZION COMMANDARY, NO. 5, K. T. Meets first and third Wednesday night of each month at Mason's hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to meet with us.
WM HAYS, Rec. F. E. WHITE, E. C.

CASS COUNCIL NO 1021, ROYAL ARCANUM meets the second and fourth Mondays of each month at Arcanum Hall.
R. N. GLENN, Regent.
P. C. MINOR, Secretary.

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Meeting Saturday evening

C. F. SMITH,
The Boss Tailor
Main St., Over Merges' Shoe Store.

Has the best and most complete stock of samples, both foreign and domestic woolens that ever came west of Missouri river. Note these prices: Business suits from $16 to $35, dress suits, $25 to $45, pants $4, $5, $6, $6.50 and upwards.

☞ Will guaranteed a fit.

Prices Defy Competition.

GREAT REJOICING IN DAKOTA

Because of the Passage of the Territorial Bill.

BISMARCK, Dak., February 22.—The territorial legislature now in session here is completely overcome by the news that the bill for the admission of the two Dakotas had passed both houses, and the crowd of visitors from all parts of the territory is a veritable howling mob, of cheering jollifiers. The news will have a marked effect on the laws enacted by this, the last territorial legislature. Already it is proposed to postpone many important bills now before the legislature, owing to the fact that the present body should not legislate for the future states. The jubilant solons have decided to take an excursion to Helena and join with the Montana legislature now in session there in celebrating the event. The excursion will leave tomorrow morning by special train. The distance to be travelled in going and returning is 1400 miles. The people throughout the territory are celebrating the passage of the bill, with bonfires and torchlight processions, banquets and mass meetings. No name is more frequently cheered than that of Sunset Cox, who has led the forces in Congress to a proper recognition of Dakota and it is proposed to extend to him an invitation to visit the territory either at the convening of the constitutional convention or at some time when the people can be got together in mass meeting so that he may be given an ovation.

The governor to-day vetoed the bill locating a soldiers' home in South Dakota, at the Hot Springs, on the ground that as North and South Dakota are now virtually two separate and distinct states, the members from North Dakota should not vote public buildings and additional expense on South Dakota. An effort will be made to pass the bill over his veto.

How Huron Received the News.

HURON, Dak., Feb. 22.—The citizens of Huron and vicinity join in the rejoicing so general throughout South Dakota. They had begun to fear that they were doomed to another year of waiting for the benefits they expect to derive from rights of self-government, but when the glad tidings was received from the national capitol that the report of the conference committee had been adopted by both houses, and all that was lacking that it might become a law was the signature of the president, there was universal rejoicing. While there will be some objectionable features to the present state constitution, it would be a poor one, indeed, that the people would not be willing to ratify in order to hasten the day so long sought for by Dakotans, when they might point with pride to South Dakota as one of the sisterhood of states. One cause for great rejoicing is that Springer was defeated in his one state idea, and that the nation's representatives were alive to Dakota's need. The citizens congregated at the city hall last night. Enthusiastic speeches were made commending the efforts of Representatives Cox and Baker, of New York, who championed the cause upon the floor of the house. The city was illuminated with colored lights, guns were fired, bands paraded the streets and general rejoicing is in the heart of every Dakotian, and in the midst of such enthusiasm local questions such as the location of a temporary capitol are lost sight of.

Cleveland Vetoes the Bill for the Relief of the Iowa Settlers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The president today returned to congress without his approval the house bill to determine the title of settlers on the Des Moines river lands, in Iowa. The president says: "One result of this legislation, if consummated, should be to restore to the United States, as part of the public domain, the lands which more than twenty five years ago the goverment expressly granted and surrendered, and which repeated decision of the supreme court have judged to belong to this section of the goverment. It is by no means certain that this proposed legislation relating to a subject peculiarly within the judicial function, and which attemps to disturb rights and interests thoroughly entrenched in the solemn adjudications of our courts, would be upheld. In any event, it seems to me that it is an improper exercise of legislative power, an interference with the determinations of the co-ordinate branch of the goverment, and the arbitrary annulment of a public grant made more than twenty five years ago—an attempted destruction of vested rights and threatened impairment of lawful contracts.

Try Merges for your winter's footwear

Devoured by Wolves.

WHITE EARTH, Minn., Feb. 22.—While two little girls, Millie and Winnie Peterson, were returning from school yesterday afternoon, in the northern part of Aitken county, they were attacked and completely devoured by timber wolves. A few scattered bones and shreds of clothing alone remaining as horrible testimony of the childrens' fate. It was supposed at first that there was not more than two wolves at most in the pack, but an Indian hunter shortly after the disappearance of the children, encountered a pack of ten of these brutes near the scene of the little one's death. He used his Winchester with such effect as to kill four of them outright, and getting out of cartridges, he went up a tree to escape from the fangs of the remaining six. Four of the animals ran away, but two of them squatted down at the foot of the tree. When he thought his fate was sealed he found two cartridges in the depth of his pockets. With these he killed the wolves.

[illegible] Story.

[illegible] had read to me, the [illegible] a very horrible story of [illegible] Wainewright. It was out of [illegible] written by an Australian [illegible], and, though the poisoner's name was not mentioned, there could be no doubt of his identity. When Wainewright was released from prison, it appears that for some time he acted as a kind of assistant surgeon in a hospital. To this institution a man, [illegible] by Wainewright, was brought in a dying condition. Just before he yielded up the ghost a scene took place, which, as an example of unabated revengefulness, surpasses anything I ever heard before.

Wainewright gained admission to the man's bedside, and, in a piercing whisper, loud enough to be heard by the next patient, said: "Listen! I have one word to say to you before you die." The dying patient, as if suddenly magnetized, lifted his weary eyes and stared at the person who addressed him. "In five minutes," said his malignant tormentor, "your soul will be in hell, and before your body is cold, my dissecting knife will be in your entrails." Those who were present could never forget the horrified expression of the man's face as his dying ear caught the frightful words, and his dying eye took the impression of the gleaming Mephistophelian face bending over his death bed.—London Globe.

A Man with a History.

Private W. G. Mervin, stationed at Fort Leavenworth, is a man with a history. His right name is Gerlock, and he is one of six children, heirs to to the Gerlock brewery, Milwaukee, which returns a princely income. In 1885, after recovering from a serious illness, he dropped out of sight, leaving a young wife behind him. All efforts to ascertain his whereabouts were fruitless. His mind had been impaired, and when, in San Francisco, he realized what had happened he determined to enlist in the army and work out his own salvation. A notice in a paper some time ago informed him that a Mrs. Gerlock, of Milwaukee, was dead, and thinking it was his wife he determined to know the truth and wrote a letter to that purpose. An answer came in the person of the wife herself and the reunion was a happy one.—New York World.

The Use of Cocaine.

Cocaine has been in use in the medicine of this country about five years. I was the first—or at least among the first—in this city to use it, and my first patient was a dog. The first application of cocaine was in ophthalmic surgery. I read a long article on the subject in The New York Medical Journal. Soon after that a gentleman came to see me about a very fine hunting dog, who had got a thorn in his eye. I looked at the dog, and, remembering what I had read about cocaine for eye surgery, I went to a drug store and fixed up a decoction of about 5 per cent. of hydrochlorate of cocaine. I applied some of this to the dog's eye, after a good deal of trouble. While the eye was under this influence I pulled the thorn out without any trouble, and the dog soon trotted home as well as ever.—Surgeon in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Stone Steps or Death.

"I want stone steps to this house," she said to the architect as they were discussing the plans.

"Yes'm, but stone steps are dangerous in winter."

"I don't care. Mrs. Blank has stone steps to her house, and I'll have to mine."

"Yes, but she fell on them and broke a leg the other day."

"Then I'll fall and break both legs. I'm not going to let her crow over me!"—Detroit Free Press.

The English Sparrow.

At a meeting of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' association at Wolfville, Mr. Bishop, of Kentville, one of the best provincial authorities on birds, read a paper showing the great danger and damage to Nova Scotia from the English sparrow. He advocated its immediate extermination. This view was sustained by most of the speakers, and it was voted that the government ought to take measures for ridding the country of the sparrows.—Chicago Herald.

WHAT CAUSES MIRTH?

Sydney Smith's Answer to This Query, with Some Clear Illustrations.

Sydney Smith gave the true answer when he said that the form of mental pleasure we call mirth was due to the discovery of a congruity in a seeming incongruity or the reverse. This is best illustrated by an example. Boileau had a brother who was a mauvais sujet, failed in life and came to ask for help. Boileau upbraided him with his misconduct, pointed out how they had both started in life under equally favorable conditions and with equal chances, and yet how differently they had got on. "Ah! but just think," exclaimed the brother, "what an immense advantage you had over me in brothers!"

The discovery of the point, the seeing of the joke is, says Sydney Smith, analogous to the pleasant mental feeling in discovering something quite new, or in suddenly understanding something dark to us before. This sensation is always pleasant, but in a joke the discovery, since it is carefully prepared for, is momentary, unexpected, and without toil, and therefore far more highly pleasurable than the ordinary mental discovery.

To take another example, that of the wooden pavement before St. Paul's: "If the dean and chapter would only lay their heads together the thing would be done," said Sydney Smith. Here very clearly the fun is in the pleasure occasioned by the instant mental discovery of the connection, notwithstanding the apparent complete incongruity between the heads of the dean and chapter and the wood pavement.

Now, the slower a mind works the more difficulty it has in quickly following out the congruity through the apparent incongruities, or the incongruity through the apparent congruities, and so in seeing the joke. Men with slow minds, then, prefer the plainest form of discovery, such as the mere noticing that something out of the ordinary is going on, as when a man clowns it by putting on an enormous hat, a carroty wig and a sea green coat. Thus, all stupid and dull witted people are most easily amused by caricature and horse play, and those minds which, though they are powerful, are also sluggish, find it too hard work to follow mentally the lightning flash in a finely wrought verbal epigram.

No doubt such a theory as this postulates that the man who likes Lamb and Sydney Smith, but says he sees no joke at all in buffoonery, really means that he only sees a very little joke, and that he does not care for it because he can see so much more in other things. This, however, agrees with common experience. The man fond of the highest kind of wit is never really unable to see the fun of the clown, though it may bore him by its smallness, and if he is scientifically minded he no more refuses to call it a kind of wit, humor or fun than he does to call vin ordinaire wine, though, as a matter of fact, what he really considers wine is Lafitte. All the mirth causing agents are of one kind and differ only in degree, though the degrees are often intense.—London Spectator.

American Rush.

One has only to contemplate the men and their movements about one of the larger hotels to understand just how fast the American people are really living. The commercial men, especially, are living on the lightning plan, and the rest of us are not very far behind. The man who travels extensively today rarely receives any communication except by telegraph. He figures his day's work by the minutes, and estimates just what every second is worth to him. Even the hotel registers are illustrations of the economy of time. The man from Chicago writes it "Chi.," Philadelphia is "Phil.," Cleveland "Clev.," Harrisburg "H'burg," Cincinnati "Cin.," and so on through the entire list of American cities with the exception of the man from Boston, and he invariably writes it "Boston, Mass." He can't afford to sacrifice so great a distinction.—Buffalo Courier.

A Cheerful California Jail.

When the jail was turned over to Sheriff Jennings day before yesterday there were nine persons, mostly tramps, in it. When the prisoners were fed yesterday morning there were ten. During the day there were nine and later in the afternoon there were ten. Investigation was made. The tenth man was discovered to be a tramp, who climbed into the jail at meal times and went out again after getting a full stomach. This, connected with the fact that a man incarcerated for being a common drunk broke his leg trying to get back into jail after having climbed out to get on a spree, and the fact that a man in jail for beating his wife having had a quarrel with a fellow prisoner, climbed out and went a mile to the sheriff's house at the dead of night to tell the sheriff that the other fellow had punched him in the stomach, will make our jail famous.—Santa Cruz Surf.

An absent minded doctor who had considerable investments in real estate was about leaving a patient after writing a prescription, when he was asked for directions as to how the medicine was to be taken. "Oh, yes," he said, "I forgot. One-third down and the balance in one or two years."—American Analyst.

The standing half of the mountain in Japan cleft in two by the recent earthquake, surrounded by steam, is described as being far grander than the geysers of Iceland.

JOE

THE POPULAR

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER

Has left for the East to buy the Finest, Largest and Cheapest Stock of

Spring and Summer Clothing

Ever Brought to Cass county. Remember JOE will Buy

Finer Clothing,

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Than You Ever Saw in Plattsmouth.

LOOK OUT FOR JOE'S

GRAND SPRING OPENING

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Has not got one dollar's worth of Spring Goods, or old Shelf-Worn Goods. Everything you will see in his store will be Bran New, of the

LATEST STYLES AND PATTERNS

At Such Low Prices it Will Astonish You.

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AT WECKBACH'S

A DEEP CUT IN PRICES!

After a successful persuit of over 17 years of continual mercantile trade, I find myself for the past six months unable to be at my store more than three to five hours a day. My general health failing, I am obliged to retire from active business, for a time at least, until I get well again.

This is a Genuine Sale and No Scheme

For reasons above given I will Dispose of my Stock by April 5th. The Low Prices continues as last week, and those who bought goods of us last week will bear testimony to our Immense Stock of Staple Goods and Low Prices.

WE ARE SELLING

Dress Goods, All-Wool, Book-folded, in all the latest Shades, at the popular price of 25 cents.

Checked Goods, 40 inches wide, all wool (generally sold at 35 cents per yard,) at 25 cents.

These goods are advertised in Omaha at 35 and 40 cents.

Jamestown Broodhead Goods in full Stock and sold at 21 cents per yard — great bargains — sold elsewhere at 25 cents.

Ginghams from 5 to 7 cents per yard; Dress Ginghams, choice styles at 8⅓; Indigo Blue German Calico from 7 to 11 cents per yard.

Muslins from 5 to 10½c. per yard; Hope 7½, Lawnsdale 8½; Fruits 9½; Wannesatta 10½; Half and Unbleached proportionably low.

Turkey Red Table Linens 25 cents per yard; White Table Cloth from 15 to 25 cents per yard.

Blankets, Flannels, Shoes go at prices Cash.

Jos. V. Weckbach

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.