

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

KNOTS' BROS., Publishers & Proprietors.

THE PLATTSMOUTH HERALD is published every evening except Sunday and Weekly every Thursday morning. Registered at the postoffice, Plattsmouth, Neb., as second-class matter. Office corner of Vine and Fifth streets. Telephone No. 25.

TERMS FOR DAILY: One copy one year in advance, by mail... \$6 00 One copy per month, by carrier... 50 One copy per week, by carrier... 15

TERMS FOR WEEKLY: One copy one year in advance... \$1 50 One copy six months, in advance... 75

The Electoral College of the States will meet on January 14. This will be under the new law which changes the date from December 6.

The democratic conspiracy to steal the house of congress has been abandoned. The governor of Maryland issued certificates to two republicans last Wednesday.

HARRISON is the most popular name in this country. Since the election of Harrison, one mountain, two large gas mills and forty-four babies have been christened Harrison. The Grover babies are having bad luck.

MRS. GEN. SHERMAN died last Wednesday. The aged general will probably not long survive the loss of the one whose companionship has been to him a help and cheer during all the years of his struggles from obscurity to fame.

DURING the last fiscal year the tobacco tax yielded over \$30,000,000 of revenue. As this tax is a direct burden upon the producer, why not begin the work of reducing the revenue by making tobacco-growing and manufacturing free, like the growing and manufacturing of wheat, for instance?

CERTIFICATES have been given to Stockbridge, in Maryland, and Coleman, in Louisiana, who were republican candidates for congress in their respective districts. There was no reasonable doubt of their election, but the democratic managers demanded that certificates be withheld from them. A part of the Bourbon conspiracy to steal the House from the republicans has thus been defeated.

DIFFERING from every other state in the union, Nevada is falling off in her population. Admitted to the union in 1864, four years before Nebraska was admitted, she has now less than one-twentieth part of the present population of this state. With the failure of its mines there is nothing in that mountainous country to support a population. At the present rate of decrease it will soon be unable to sustain a state government, and the proposition is made to unite it with Utah.—Kearney Hub.

IOWA'S prohibitory liquor law went into effect in July 1884. In that year her total vote was 375,877, a gain of 53,801 votes over the total poll of 1880. This year her total vote was 401,944; showing a gain since 1884 of 25,757 voters. Prohibition may perhaps have tended to decrease Iowa's growth in population, but it certainly has not brought about the disastrous results predicted by its opponents. A gain of 150,000 people in four years in a state of less than 2,000,000 is doing well.—Pawnee Republican.

THE Philadelphia Record says "it would be a good rule to admit no Territory into the Union as a State without sufficient population to entitle it to two members of the House of Representatives." But how about the number of votes which a Territory casts? This ought to count for something in determining its right to admission. Dakota casts far more votes for its Delegate to the House of Representatives than Georgia does for its entire delegation in that body. Georgia sends ten members to the House. If Dakota be not entitled to admission as two states, then political fairness and decency demands that some legal means be adopted whereby such States as Georgia can be placed for awhile in the Territorial stage.

THE ELECTORS AND THE LAW. There is some confusion in the public mind and perhaps among the Presidential electors, as to the date on which they are required to meet and cast their votes for President and Vice-Presidents, and as to the date of the delivery of lists and certificates to the President of the Senate. The United States law of February 3, 1887, provided that the electors of each State should meet and cast their votes on the second Monday in January, but this provision made it impossible for them to comply either with the law of New York (and presumably of other States) or with the Revised Statute, which had previously been in harmony, and which provided that the certificates and lists of votes for President and Vice-President should be delivered to the President of the Senate before the first Wednesday in January. To remedy this defect a law was passed and approved on October 19, 1893, which

is probably known to very few persons, and which certainly has not been widely disseminated. It is important that it should be generally understood as soon as possible, and we print it in full; (PUBLIC-NO. 333.)

An act supplementary to the act approved February third, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled: "An act to fix the day for the meeting of the electors of President and Vice-President, and to provide for and regulate the counting of the votes for President and Vice-President, and the decision of questions arising thereon."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the certificates and lists of votes for President and Vice-President of the United States, mentioned in Chapter 1 of Title 3 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and in the act to which this is a supplement, shall be forwarded, in the manner therein provided, to the President of the Senate forthwith after the second Monday in January, on which the electors shall give their votes.

Section 2.—That Section 141 of the Revised Statutes of the United States is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

"Section 141.—Whenever a certificate of votes from any State has not been received at the seat of Government on the fourth Monday of the month of January in which their meeting shall have been held, the Secretary of State shall send a special messenger to the district judge in whose custody one certificate of the votes from that State has been lodged, and such judge shall forthwith transmit that list to the seat of Government."

Approved, October 19, 1888. The electors in all the States now have, therefore, for their instruction and authority a precise and consistent statute of the United States, superseding all State laws, directing that they shall meet and cast their votes on the second Monday in January, and transmit the certificates and lists forthwith thereafter to the President of the Senate.—N. Y. Tribune.

\$500 REWARD. We will pay the above reward for any case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, indigestion, constipation or costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Large boxes containing 30 sugar coated pills, 25c. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by John O. We & Co., 862 W. Madison St. Chicago, and Sold by W. J. Warrick.

—Men are but the whiskers on the chestnut known as life.—Lincoln Journal.

Don't let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself. The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it and know how it is, themselves. Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

—A newly established paper in New Jersey is called the Tongue. It is probably edited by a woman.—Lincoln Journal.

COUGH! and COUGH! and COUGH! What in the world is the reason you will cough and keep coughing and still keep trying inferior medicines when BEGG'S CHERRY COUGH SYRUP will positively relieve your cough at once? This is no advertising scheme, but an actual fact, and we guarantee it. Sold by G. P. Smith & Co., druggists.

Everything necessary for furnishing a house can be purchased at H. Boeck's.

Plenty of feed, flour, graham and meal at Heisel's mill. If

H. Boeck's furniture stock is acknowledged to be the finest and most complete in the city.

The Great Dismal Swamp, of Virginia, is one enormous quagmire of decayed vegetation, a region of gloom and isolation; but not more so than the human system when blocked up by decayed animal matter, which poisons the blood and brings gloom to an otherwise happy household. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets remove all waste matter, and give Nature a chance to build up.

FOR RENT—Residence of C. P. Smith, one block west of Mr. Showalter's. If S. F. THOMAS, Agt.

FOR RENT—A pleasant front room neatly furnished, only one block from Main street. Inquire of J. I. Unruh. If

The finest bedroom sets can be found at H. Boeck's.

Don't go to Mike's blacksmith shop for articles when you can get them for 85c at Sherwood's.

Wool boots with rubbers reduced to \$2.00 at Sherwood's mens arctics only 85c at Sherwood's sold elsewhere for \$1.25.

Why go to grocery and dry goods stores for articles when you can get them for 85c at Sherwood's?

Wool boots with rubbers reduced to \$2.00 at Sherwood's mens arctics only 85c at Sherwood's, sold elsewhere for \$1.25.

A nice line of silk and linen handkerchiefs and mufflers just received at J. H. Duncanny's.

THE USE OF TOBACCO.

THE QUESTION BRIEFLY DISCUSSED BY A MEDICAL MAN.

A Matter of Importance to Smokers. Habits to be Avoided—The Cigarette Smoker—Properties of Nicotine—Experimental Observation—The Maoris.

Tobacco contains an acrid, dark brown oil, an alkaloid, nicotine, and another substance called nicotineine, in which exist its odorous and volatile principles. This description of the active principles of tobacco is of importance to smokers; for, when tobacco is burned, a new set of substances is produced, some of which are less harmful than the nicotine, and are more agreeable in effect, and much of the acrid oil—a substance quite as irritating and poisonous as nicotine—is carried off. These fire produced substances are called, from their origin, the "pyridine series." By great heat the more aromatic and agreeable members of the series are produced, but the more poisonous compounds are generated by the slow combustion of damp tobacco. This oil, which is liberated by combustion, is bad both in flavor and in effect, and it is better, even for the immoderate smoker, that it should be excluded altogether from his mouth and air passages.

Smoking in a stub of a pipe is particularly injurious, for the reason that in it the oil is stored in a condensed form, and the smoke is therefore highly charged with the oil. Sucking or chewing the stub of a cigar and smoking it is a serious mistake because the nicotine in the unburned tobacco dissolves freely in the saliva, and is absorbed. "Cheewing" is on this account the most injurious form of the tobacco habit, and the use of a cigar holder is an improvement on the custom of holding the cigar between the teeth.

MISCHIEF OF CIGARETTES. Cigarettes are responsible for a great amount of mischief, not because the smoke from the paper has any particularly evil effect, but because smokers—and they are often boys and young men—are apt to use them continually or at frequent intervals, believing that their power for evil is insignificant. Thus the nerves are under the constant influence of the drug, and much injury to the system results. Moreover, the cigarette smoker uses a very considerable amount of tobacco during the course of a day. "Dipping" and "snuffing" are semi-barbaric habits which need not be discussed. Not much effect is obtained from the use of the drug in these varieties of the habit.

Nicotine is one of the most powerful of the "nerve poisons" known. Its virulence is compared to that of prussic acid. If birds be made to inhale its vapor in amounts too small to be measured, they are almost instantly killed. It seems to destroy life, not by attacking a few, but all of the functions essential to it, beginning at the center of the brain. A striking indication of this is that there is no substance known which can counteract its effects: the system either succumbs or survives. Its depressing action on the heart is by far the most noticeable and noteworthy symptom of nicotine poisoning. The present existence of what is known as "smoker's heart" in men whose health is in no other respect disturbed is due to this fact.

AN EXPERIMENTAL OBSERVATION. In an experimental observation of thirty-eight boys of all classes of society and of average health, who had been using tobacco for periods ranging from two months to two years, twenty-seven showed severe injury to the constitution and insufficient growth; thirty-two showed the existence of irregularity of the heart's action, disordered stomach, and a craving for alcohol. Thirteen had intermittent fever, and one had consumption. After the had abandoned the use of tobacco, within six months' time one-half were free from their former symptoms, and the remainder had recovered by the end of the year. A great majority of them go far beyond what may be called the moderate use of tobacco, and evidences of injury are easily found. It is only necessary to have some record of what the general health was previous to the taking up of the habit, and to have observation cover a long enough time. The history of tobacco in the island of New Zealand furnishes a quite suggestive illustration for our purpose, and one on a large scale. When Europeans first visited New Zealand they found in the native Maoris the most finely developed and powerful men of any of the tribes inhabiting the islands of the Pacific. Since the introduction of tobacco, for which the Maoris developed a passionate liking, they have from this cause alone, it is said, become decimated in numbers, and at the same time reduced in stature and in physical well being so as to be an altogether inferior type of men.—C. W. Lyman in New York Medical Journal.

Movement of Shot When Fired.

If a man could only stand thirty or forty yards away from the muzzle of the gun and watch the charges of shot fly past him, he would be astonished at what he saw. The shot not only spreads out into a widening target as they fly, but they string out one behind the other to a much greater distance than they spread. Thus, with a cylinder gun, when the first shot of a charge reach a target that is forty yards away the last shot are lagging along ten yards behind. Even with a choke bored gun the shot lag behind eight yards in forty. This accounts for the long swath that is mowed in a flock of ducks on whom the charge of shot fall just right. About 5 per cent. only of the charge of shot arrive simultaneously at the target, but the balance of the first half of the charge is so close behind that a bird's muscles are not quick enough to get it out of the way, although those who have watched sitting birds when shot at have often seen them start as if to fly when the leading shot whistled by them, only to drop dead as they were overtaken by the leaden hail that followed.—New York Sun.

A Funeral in Turkey. Preparations for the funeral are begun as soon as life is extinct, as the Turks believe in leaving the dead as quickly as possible. The eyelids are closed and the lower jaw bandaged; the arms are stretched down the side and the feet tied together. The priest and his assistants are now summoned to wash the corpse.

As with us, no matter how a person may have been kicked and buffeted through life, he is handled very tenderly after all sensibility has departed. The Turks are even more careful of this, because any lack of tenderness in handling a corpse would bring upon them the curse of the dead man's soul.—Cor. Globe-Democrat.

WHAT ON EARTH

Is the reason people will not, can not, or do not see any difference in cheap nostrums put up by Cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at equal price? No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BEGG'S BLOOD PURIFIER & BLOOD MAKER, and ever bottle that does not do its work will cost you nothing. For sale by O. P. Smith & Co., druggists.

Sherwin & Williams' mixed paints, the best in the market, at Fricke & Co's. drug store.

—Don't go to Omaha when you want to get your beautiful parlor and bed room sets but go to Henry Boeck's furniture emporium where you can get every thing in the furniture line that will go to make your home beautiful and comfortable; and above all you can get it cheap. Remember that he who sells most can sell cheapest.

The standard remedy for liver complaint is West's Liver Pills; they never disappoint you. 30 pills 25c. At Warrick's drug store.

HOW CAN PARENTS allow their children to cough and strain and cough and strain? "Oh! it is only a little cold," and keep giving them cheap and dangerous medicines, until they are down with lung fever or consumption, when they can be so easily cured by BEGG'S CHERRY COUGH SYRUP? It has no superior, and few equals. For sale by O. P. Smith & Co., druggists.

A MAN FROZE TO DEATH! Why?

Because he had no GARLAND STOVE. Buy one of JOHNSON BROS. sept 22-d1m. Two or three fresh milk cows for sale at Holme's barn.

The Palace Car Co.

The population of Pullman, Ills., the great palace car city, as shown by the census of July 1, 1898, was 10,560 persons, against 10,631 the previous year. On Sept. 15 twenty-six additional families had been added, increasing it to 10,740. The community continues to be distinguished for its intelligence and orderly character. It is self reliant, and self sustaining in every way. There are no idlers. Visitors readily notice the absence of people from the streets during working hours. The Pullman bank statement shows savings deposits at the end of the fiscal year of \$232,157, an increase of \$38,355 from the same date of previous year. The number of depositors has increased during the year from 970 to 1,150.—New York Evening Sun.

Original Use of Canes.

Somebody has been looking up the history of canes in this country, and finds that they were originally a part of the property of the leaders of the church being the principal badge of the deacon. The cane was about five feet long, and one end was embellished with a knob, the other with feathers. When the small boy rebelled he got a rap on the head with the uncharitable head of the cane. If the head of the family go to dreaming of the happy days in the old English home, the turkey's plumage on the deacon's cane feathered him into life again.—Boston True Flag.

A New Aluminum Process.

A new process for producing aluminum has been invented in London. Ordinary rich clay is mixed with a reducing agent or "flux" into a paste with water. This paste is put into a small cupola lined with broken pig iron and coke. About twenty-five minutes the pig iron melted and the product is "aluminum steel" containing about 1.75 per cent. of aluminum, very superior, free from impurities and blow holes.—New York Telegram.



French Health Seamless

FOOT WARMERS! Sherwood's

—AT— Nebraska's Leading Newspaper,

THE OMAHA REPUBLICAN

DAILY EDITION. 5c Per Month. \$10.00 Per Year. WEEKLY EDITION. To January 1st, 1899, \$1.00.

This reliable and fearless journal has challenged the admiration of the country in the campaign just closed. It was the representative Republican daily of Nebraska, and is one of the leading newspapers of the country. In the future as in the past the REPUBLICAN will continue to excel in everything. It prints ALL the news. It is bright, clean, energetic and newsy. THE REPUBLICAN appeals to its friends in every voting precinct to give their personal assistance in extending its circulation. Send for sample copies. Mail List of names, raise clubs.

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The WEEKLY REPUBLICAN—materially improved for 1899—published every Thursday, contains all the news of the week in a condensed form. It is the best and cheapest weekly newspaper published anywhere.

All remittances should be addressed to THE OMAHA REPUBLICAN CO., Omaha, Nebraska.



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Celebrated French Slippers R. SHERWOOD'S.

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DON'T you know it? Of course you do and you will want warm Underwear, Blankets, etc.

OUR Line is Unsurpassed by any other line in the city. A handsome

VARIETY of Seasonable Dress Goods, Broadcloths, Henrietta Cloths, Trecoats, etc.

EVERYTHING in Blankets, Flannels, Bed Comforts, Hosiery, Battings, that you will want.

YOU will not regret looking our different Departments over before purchasing. It will pay you.

SMYRNA RUGS and a Handsome Line of Carpets, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, and Linoleum at Low Prices.

E. C. DOVEY & SON.

Weckbach's Daylight Store.

Special Sale commencing November 12th, continuing one week,

Cloaks and Ladies' Wraps

Plush Cloaks and Children's Wear, Price 20 per cent less the price offered anywhere in the city. Examination will prove statement.

PLUSH WRAPS

We have an immense line and will discount same 25 per cent, as they must be sold before the end of the season. Our PLUSH SEAT WRAPS are elegant fitting garments. We sell them at \$14.50, worth all of \$20.00.



PLUSH WRAPS

\$20 Plush Cloaks we sell for \$27. \$25 Plush Cloaks we sell for \$35. \$40 Plush Cloaks we sell for \$50. \$45 Plush Cloaks we sell for \$60.

A Full Line of Walking Jackets sold at the lowest prices.

Comfortables and Blankets A Fine Selected Line of from \$1.00 up to \$9.00 a pair. We have the finest 15 cent Batting in the city.

UNDERWEAR

In Natural Wool, White Colars, Scarlet Stripe, Prices lower than any house in the city, as we are over-stocked with these goods.

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELVES.

Yours Respectfully,

J. V. Weckbach.