

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

KNOTTS BROS., Publishers & Proprietors.

THE PLATTSMOUTH HERALD is published every evening except Sunday and Weekly every Thursday morning.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING: One copy one year in advance, by mail, \$6.00.

TERMS FOR WEEKLY: One copy one year, in advance, \$1.50.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, LEVI P. MORTON, of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, JOHN M. THAYER.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, GEORGE D. MEIKLEJOHN.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, GILBERT L. LAWS.

FOR TREASURER, J. E. HILL.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, THOMAS H. BENTON.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, WILLIAM LEISE.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS, JOHN STEEN.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, GEORGE B. LANE.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS, (First Congressional District) W. J. CONNELL.

OUR TICKET.

The republican convention, which nominated the winning ticket in Cass county at Louisville on Saturday last, was a harmonious and enthusiastic gathering of the representative republicans of Cass county; and, although the contest for senatorial and legislative honors was close and exciting the best feeling prevailed and the nominations were unanimously and enthusiastically ratified.

Hon. N. Satchel and Edwin Jeary were re-nominated for the house, one a resident of Weeping Water and the other of Salt Creek Precinct. The people of Cass county were well acquainted with both of these gentlemen and the fidelity with which they served their constituents during the last session of the legislature; they are straightforward, honest, able men and bring with them the much needed legislative experience.

Mr. A. B. Todd was unanimously re-nominated for county commissioner. There was no one wanting Mr. Todd's place, because he is the right man in the right place. East and west, north and south, Mr. Todd was the choice of the republicans of Cass county; and, we believe of the democrats also. He has served the people faithfully and ably as county commissioner for four years and possesses an intimate knowledge of county affairs (which a new man could not have without long and diligent service) which peculiarly fit him for the position he will be called upon to fill for another term.

serves. He will have very little, if any, opposition for the place he now fills. Mr. Beeson is a strong, able, lawyer, an honest man and a pains-taking public servant and tells a story or tries a lawsuit as well as any man in this judicial district.

With such a ticket who will say the republicans of Cass county have not acted wisely and well? It will be elected and these lucky gentlemen will be congratulated over their election, with Harrison and Morton, the morning of the 7th of November next.

Mr. KAUFFMAN, of Avoca; Mr. Finley, of Greenwood, (Salt creek), Mr. Young, of South Bend, and Rozzell Morrow, of Rock Bluffs, all first-class representative men, received strong, earnest support in the convention Saturday; anyone of these gentlemen would have been a credit to Cass county had they received the nomination for representative. But unfortunately the late lamented apportionment cut Cass county out of two representatives, so that but two of the gentlemen competing could be nominated, and Messrs. Satchel and Jeary held the lucky tickets in the uncertain lottery.

JUDGE NEWELL may well feel proud of the ovation tendered him by the county convention upon the occasion of his defeat for the nomination of state senator, such a reception is as great an honor as a nomination could have been; and Mr. Newell's manly, hearty acceptance of the situation was exactly what was to be expected of that gentleman, who has always been the staunchest of the staunch and one of the ablest republicans of Cass county. His candidature was marked by a manly, straightforward course, and he has lost nothing by permitting his name to go before the convention.

Mr. H. W. BUSHNELL, of the Lincoln Call, made a neat and eloquent speech to the delegates assembled, in due form, at Louisville on Saturday last. Mr. Bushnell talked good, strong, wholesome doctrine in a clear, plain, and forcible manner, and the representative republicans of Cass county in their delegate and individual capacity, ratified his sentiments with an enthusiasm born of conviction. Mr. John A. Davies also made a good speech and stirred up the republicanism of the convention.

THE TICKET is nominated and it is a winning ticket. Now let every republican in Cass county do his duty, and let the magwump pencil stay at home. No scratching this year boys!

HURRAH for Harrison, Morton, Poik, Satchel, Jeary, Todd and Beeson!

Don't let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself. The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it and know how it is, themselves. Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

The daily consumption of needles in this country is said to be 4,200,000, most of which come from Redditch, England.

Endurance of the Model. A great difficulty in a model's life is the fatigue when being drawn or painted. It depends solely upon herself, or her strength, how long a time she is capable of remaining stationary in the desired posture. Some are unable to pose longer than two or three minutes at a time, when they must rest, while others can remain much longer quiet. I am fortunate in this respect, and can pose for an hour with the greatest ease, and this enables the artist to complete his picture in a much shorter time than with broken sittings.—Artists' Model in Glads Democrat

\$500 Reward. We will pay the above reward for any case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, indigestion, constipation or costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Large boxes containing 30 sugar coated pills, 25c. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by John O. W. & Co., 862 W. Madison St. Chicago, and Sold by W. J. Warrick.

—THE DAILY HERALD delivered for 15cts. per week.

Neat Laundry Work. All parties desirous of having the neatest and cheapest laundry work done, should leave it at this office Tuesday night and it can be secured again Friday evening. The Council Bluffs steam laundry, where the work is done, has put in all the latest improved machinery, and their work cannot be surpassed. The best position W. A. DeWitt, Ag't.

OUR TRICKS OF TRADE.

THE CHEMIST THE MAGICIAN OF THE PRESENT DAY.

Competition the Life of Trade, but Not Always Beneficial to the Public—The Business of Adulteration Systematically Carried On—The Results.

In this era of universal enlightenment the training of the successful tradesman is much broader than that of his predecessor of fifty years ago. The latter considered himself fully educated when he was able to distinguish the quality of the different grades of the various articles in which he dealt, and as very few methods of sophistication and adulteration were known, his task was a comparatively easy one. With the merchant of the present day, however, everything is different. He can depend on his own judgment only in very few instances. He must know not only how to manipulate his wares so as to undersell his competitors, but he must be continually on his guard to make sure that the articles which he himself buys shall be just as represented. He may be a dealer in woollens and buy his stock from the dealer who passes the plate in church, yet he never neglects to have his samples examined by an expert, and analyzed if necessary. In the strangest phase of the whole matter is that, so universal has the custom become, he does not consider it any reflection on his neighbor to take this course, and if he finds that the goods are not as represented, he thinks none the worse of him, after he has claimed and secured his rebate. No branch of trade is free from this sophistication, and as long as the resulting article is not injurious to the health of the people, we have come to accept it without a murmur, as an inevitable result of competition. With such a state of affairs, it will readily be seen that the merchant of "ye olden time" would now stand a slim chance of success unless he called in outside aid.

A NEW ADULTERATION. The chemist is really the magician, who today is sought by one party to develop a new adulteration, and to-morrow is called upon to analyze the article which he has just succeeded in adulterating. His laboratory becomes the confessional for merchants of all degrees, and he must be as silent and secret as the clergyman. But his power is greater than the ecclesiastic, who cannot read our thoughts, and who may know only that we came to tell him. But to the chemist all facts within his province are accessible. If we are frank with him, we can render easier the work which we have for him to do. If, however, he has a suspicion that anything has been withheld, he has but to make an analysis and the whole secret is open to him. In his realm he is king. He says to the merchant, "Do this," and the business man, realizing that his only way to success is by following such injunctions, does so, and is relieved for a time. Soon, however, he learns that he is being undersold, and once more has recourse to the magician, who finds that some brother genius has stolen his charm, and it becomes necessary for him to conjure up a more powerful one, only to have it, in time, again stolen.

The following incident, related by a distinguished chemist, may be interesting, as showing how systematically this business of adulteration is carried on. The gentleman mentioned was recently consulted by a firm of oil dealers, who were naturally anxious to learn how it was that their competitor was always able to undersell them, in face of the fact that the chemist of their factory could not discover any adulteration in their rival's product. On analysis, no foreign substance appeared, and the consulting chemist was forced to confess himself nonplused. In the course of conversation he happened to mention, quite incidentally, that the only impurity he had been able to find was a trace of petroleum oil, which he had considered accidental. The oil dealer inquired the amount of this oil present, and on finding that it was about 2 1/2 per cent., immediately said that the problem was solved. "Two and a half per cent.," he explained, made in a barrel of forty gallons a difference of one gallon, and by extracting this quantity of an oil worth fifty cents, and substituting a gallon of an inferior kind worth, say, ten cents, his rival had been enabled to draw away almost all his trade.

POISONOUS DYES. People have become so accustomed to finding the discussion of the subject of adulteration connected with articles of food and drink that they are apt to consider that this is the only part of it of any importance. Physicians, however, are frequently consulted for disorders which can be directly traced to cheaply dyed articles of dress, and many of the most obstinate cases of skin disease are due to poisonous coloring matters. Before the art of dyeing had progressed much most of the dyeing colors in use were prepared from simple vegetable extracts. Soon, however, the demand was greater than the supply, and the chemist was called upon for substitutes. Step by step he followed nature back to her laboratory, and finally was able to announce that he could produce at will in unlimited quantities a dye stuff which could not be distinguished by any test, either chemical or physical, from the natural product. The substance which he had made was alizarine, the coloring matter of madder, and the article from which he made it was common coal tar. This discovery worked a revolution in the industrial world. The dye, once it had been pointed out, was easy to follow, and in quick succession came the announcements of new colors made from this same waste product—coal tar—until at the present day any color or tint can be supplied from it. But here, too, the practice of sophistication soon became a prominent factor, until the question was, not how well can dyes be made, but how cheaply. The process of manufacture is a long one, and great care is required at every step to thoroughly remove the powerful chemical agents by which the necessary changes are brought about. Here was the opportunity for cheapening the final product. An incomplete removal of these chemicals means less labor and less expense; hence the indifferently finished product can be sold cheaper. Unfortunately, however, these impurities thus left in the dye are in most instances highly irritating to the skin, and when an article dyed with such substances is worn it is very liable to cause trouble, especially if the skin is chafed or scratched.—Boston Herald.

The Soft Shell and the Hard Shell.

It is a popular fallacy that soft shell crabs are a different species from hard shell crabs. Practical fishermen and scientific books both disprove it. The soft shell crab is the hard shell crab soon after it has moulted. Four times a year to the young crab and once or twice a year to the grown crab comes a season of peril and fear. He crawls into a dark cranny or nook in the rocks, swells out until he cracks open his shell, and then creeps out. This operation is sometimes extremely painful, for his claws are much larger than the joints through which they must be pulled, and they are often lacerated in the process. If his flesh did not become soft and watery before shedding he could not get out at all. When the crab has moulted, the once mailed warrior, who feared no foe except a more powerful antagonist of his own kind, is at the mercy of any enemy who can get into his retreat. When the female crab moults her male consort chivalrously guards the entrance to her hiding place until her skin is covered with a fresh deposit of lime. The experienced eye can tell when the change is approaching. Last year a number of "shedders" established themselves on the Thames, a few miles south of Norwich, near Fort Point. They caught hard shell crabs, imprisoned them in a crate beneath the water, and when the shells had been shed, the "soft shell crabs" were shipped to New York and other points.—Cor. New York Tribune.

Monuments of an Unknown Race.

Unheaven stone monuments are among the most interesting relics of prehistoric man found in France and other portions of Europe, the ancient province of Brittany being especially rich in them. The builders, Mr. Thomas Wilson states, are supposed to have come from a more or less remote coast during the polished stone age, being a knowledge of agriculture, some ideas of government, and a religion, with less of art than the inhabitants of the country before them possessed. They buried their dead, and left the magnificent monuments over them which, to the number of more than 4,300 in France and more than 1,000 in Brittany, are now being carefully restored and preserved by the French government. Some of these monuments are made up of many immense stones, while others are really collections of monuments in great numbers. The works are known by various names. A menhir is a large stone standing on end; a dolmen, a table like tomb; a cromlech, a circle of stones; an alignment, lines of menhirs; and a tumulus, a mound of earth or stones usually covering a dolmen. Many of the monuments must have disappeared, but all these remain, dotting the country in every direction, enormous, rough, rude, unheaven granite stones—belonging to another civilization, mighty in its time, but now dead and buried in the ages of the past, with no inscriptions and no history.—Arkansas Traveler.

Manual Training in Schools.

The extent to which manual exercises may be introduced into public schools will no doubt be governed by certain peculiar limitations. To begin with, it is not expected that boys generally will be able to handle heavy tools until about 13 years old. Give them, therefore, exercises in which the lightest means may be employed, such as glue, the jackknife, etc. Again, we are limited by the absolute impossibility of generally connecting with common schools work shops and special instructors. Furthermore, courses of study already overcrowded, and the lack of specially prepared teachers, are obstacles which the average country school, at least, cannot overcome. Industrial drawing is largely taught throughout the country. We would urge that exercises connected with it be arranged for an outgrowth of constructed objects. This is not only practicable, but applicable to all common schools. Depend upon willing parents, brothers and sisters for whatever home instruction is necessary in the manual execution of the thought, and we shall at least have wisely directed the natural tendency of children to make things, and have aroused an interest which will assist materially in the establishment of special manual training schools whenever they become practicable.—Charles M. Carter in The Century.

Back Rooms Are Preferred. "How much of your income do you have to pay for office rent?" was asked of a well-to-do lawyer the other day. His rooms are on the first floor back of a Diamond street law building. "Well," said he, "my partner and I have three rooms, way back, as you would call it, and have to pay for their use the modest sum of \$600 per year. I feel sometimes that I'd rather be the owner of a large law building than be an attorney practicing." "You say your offices are in the rear; what do the men in the front of the building pay?" "Not nearly so much. You're surprised? Well, no doubt; but what I say is right, and I'll tell you why. Persons occupying rooms in the rear of a building are willing to pay a little more than for front rooms. This is because they are not annoyed by habitual office loafers, of whom there are many; then the man who runs in 'just to write a note,' as he says, or 'wants to use your desk a minute,' is unknown. Fakirs don't find you in the recesses of your rooms, and the noise and rumble of wagons and street life do not annoy you. These are a few reasons why back offices are preferable and command a higher rate of rent."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The Italian's Ugly Weapon. A knife, commonly carried and frequently used by criminal Italians, is what Professor Scannapieco, the Neapolitan fencing master, calls the "molletta." The molletta bears some resemblance to a razor, though considerably longer. There is only one edge, and the blade opens like a penknife. It swings loose, however, and when drawn is opened by catching hold of the handle with the fingers and throwing the blade outward. This requires practice and dexterity. A small spring catches the knife and holds it open. It is closed by pressure upon a tiny "button" on the handle. Though not as effective a weapon as the stiletto, it makes an ugly wound when used by an expert, and can be opened almost as quickly as a stiletto can be drawn from its sheath. The ease with which it can be concealed adds to the frequency of its use. The handle is hard wood or bone.—New York Graphic.

Belgian Wash Dogs. Among the exhibits in a Belgian dog show is a breed of dogs, the Schipperke, found only in Belgium. They are made

RELIEF FOR ALL EYES

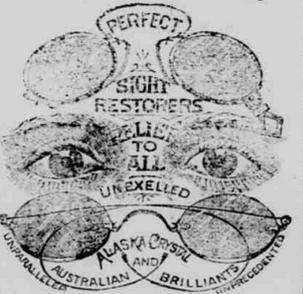
Plattsmouth! Prof. Strassman, RIDDLE HOUSE

OFFICE AT RIDDLE HOUSE



Prof. Strassman, THE WORLD FAMOUS OPTICIAN

FROM Berlin, Germany.



You can consult him about Your Eyes,

and how to take care of them. More light for the unfortunate spectacle wearers, and the doom of blindness prevented by the use of his Alaska Brilliants and Australian Crystals. A new chemical combination of SPECTACLES

And patent self-adjusting Spring Eyeglasses

The first time introduced into this country; manufactured to order after careful examination by modern instruments.

PROF. STRASSMAN has arrived in Plattsmouth, and has an office at the Riddle House. He is doing an immense business throughout the United States, giving the best of satisfaction and delight to hundreds with defective sight. His knowledge of the human eye and his skill in adjusting the glasses is marvelous beyond imagination. Endorsed by all the great men of this country and Europe.

In an instant, as if by magic he is enabled to tell you any ailment of your failing vision, point out the cause and danger, and adapt brilliant glasses, peculiarly ground to suit every defect of the eye, which will aid in strengthening the eyesight of the old and young. Scientists invited to examine the new system for the preservation of the human eye.

Teachers should watch the early manifestations of their scholars' eyesight and report in time to their respective parents to have their eyesight examined by Prof. Strassman, the expert optician of national fame.

Artificial Eyes Replaced. Persons deprived of an eye can have this deformity removed by the insertion of an artificial one, which moves and looks like a natural organ.

OFFICE HOURS. 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p., and 7 to 8 in the evening.

- REFERENCES: NEBRASKA CITY. George Burgett, Rev. A. Clark, Mr. Duff, Mrs. Dr. Lavish, D. P. Rolfe, Mrs. Streeter, Dr. Brinker, R. M. Rolfe, Rodenbrock, C. Anderson, J. W. Waldsmith, W. A. Cotton, S. H. Calhoun, Judge Maps, David Brown, Dr. Hershey, Wm. Hyer, T. S. Jones, E. M. Taggart, E. Reiber, W. H. Murphy, Frank McCartney, James Fitchie, Rev. Emanuel Hartig, Mrs. A. E. Rudd, W. D. Merriam, Miss VanMeter, Dr. S. L. Sant, A. Home, Paul Schminke, Nat Adams, Geo. A. Wilcox, Mr. Sheldon, Mr. Gussell, Rev. R. Pearson, Shomernus, L. Levey, S. M. Kirkpatrick, Dryscoll, Donald McCusig, William Wilhelm, Rev. Rivers, Logan Enyart, N. Redfield, J. F. Welch, Rev. J. B. Green, John Goodlett, C. B. Bickel, Dan Gregg, C. W. Scherfy, E. S. Hawley, A. R. Newcomb, Wm. Nelson, Mrs. N. Davis, Wm. Fulton, A. Cam Klooa, Mrs. Ed. Platter, M. T. Johnson, Mrs. Carnuel, Mrs. Sterling, Mrs. ...

Prof. Strassman, Never before has an Optician received such testimonials from the people.

Office of Iowa Soldier's Home, Marshalltown, Ia., Feb. 17, '88.

Prof. Strassman, Dear Sir:—The glasses you furnished myself and wife when in Clinton, have proven in every way satisfactory, and we take pleasure in recommending your work and glasses to all who may be in need of safety and comfort for your eyesight. Very Respectfully, Col. MILO SMITH, Commandant.

Mayor's Office, Marshalltown, Iowa, November 3rd, 1887.

Prof. Strassman has been in our city some six weeks or more, and as an optician has given the best of satisfaction both as to price and quality of work, having treated some of the most difficult cases of the eyes with success and an satisfied you will find him a skillful optician and a gentleman.

Very Respectfully, NELSON AMES, Mayor. Prof. Strassman, a distinguished optician, now stopping in our city, comes before us with the highest testimonials of skill and experience in his art, and I take pleasure in recommending him to my friends and the public who may be in need of his services, as one entitled to his confidence. J. WILLIAMSON, M. D., Ottumwa, Iowa.

New Eyes

The long felt want in this community for sight-restoring glasses is now supplied by the successful optician, Prof. A. Strassman, from Berlin, Germany, for a short time longer at the Riddle house.

The waste of valuable eyesight can be prevented, if not too late, by his correct mode of equalizing all inequalities of the injured eyes. In his specialty, it is conceded that he is the head of the profession, and many of our best citizens, and physicians have been successful in obtaining relief by the use of his glasses:

- Allen Beeson, Dr. Schilkekecht, Byron Drew, S. P. Vanatta, J. Vallery, jr., W. H. Newell, H. Boeck, Mrs. P. Kessler, Mrs. F. Johnson, Mrs. P. Kennedy, Mrs. N. E. Sage, C. W. Sherman, Mr. C. Nichols, Eli Sampson, Mr. Hodgett, Mrs. Rankin, Mrs. Levings, Miss Young, Mr. Hayes, W. Mankor, Mr. Nieman, Prof. J. B. Witcomb, Geo. Buckle, Judge A. N. Sullivan, Mr. Leonard, Judge Chapman, John Robbins, Mrs. Bonfer, Mr. Holschuch, G. W. Covell, Miss Laura Baker, Mr. Elson, Mrs. A. Swift, Mr. Geo. Natterson, Mrs. W. D. Jones, Mrs. D. M. Jones.

REFERENCES.

RED OAK.

Dr. E. B. Young, C. F. Clark, G. K. Powers, D. B. Miller, J. B. Reeves, Mrs. J. Seunk, Mrs. T. H. Dearborn, G. W. Holt, A. C. Blose, W. A. Closs, Mrs. Applebe, C. Stokslager, J. S. Wroth, Rev. McClure, Mrs. Hessler, Mrs. Farrier, Mankor, Rev. McCullery, Mrs. Stanley, R. Wadsworth, Mr. Marcholtz, Mr. Jeffries, Rev. Jagg, C. W. Stafford, C. W. Schneider, Harvey Spry, C. E. Richards, David Harris, Mr. Isold, C. H. Lane, C. M. Mills, T. H. Lee, Wm. Kochler, C. J. Lillijebek, T. M. Lee, Geo. L. Platt, Mrs. L. Holsyer, Wm. Dudley, O. Runnels, Mrs. B. S. Porter, I. H. Hazareus, Mr. Broadby, F. A. Carter, Mrs. Fisher, Mr. Stoddard, E. O. Shepherd, Mrs. McConell, E. A. Brown, Mr. Gibson, Mr. Fikes, Rev. J. W. Hannilton, S. P. Miller, Mrs. F. C. Clark, B. E. A. Simons, J. W. Sautbia, Mr. Van Alstine, L. F. Ross, Mrs. Deemer, Mrs. Junkin, Thos. Griffith, I. Sanborn, Geo. Binus, Mr. Meyers, P. P. Johnson, and many others from the surrounding country.

CLARINDA.

Col. W. P. Hepburn, ex-congressman; Hon. T. E. Clark, senator; Rev. Snook, Dr. Cokenower, Dr. Lewellen, F. W. Harish, J. S. McIntyre, A. S. Baily, J. D. Jones, B. W. Foster, H. C. Beckwith, John Glasby, O. A. Kumball, Mrs. Morsman, V. Graft, Rev. Seay, Dr. Van Sant, J. D. Hawley, T. M. Monzingo, Dr. Miller, H. Bedwell, Capt. Stone, J. H. Stet, Hon. Wm. Butler, O. N. Hurdle, A. T. Clement, J. M. Crabbill, Mr. Newton, Mrs. Shaul, Hon. T. E. Clark, Mrs. Loranz, Dr. Power, Rev. Eddy, Raymond Loranz, A. P. Skeed, J. P. Burrows, Dr. Barrett, Mrs. Ellis.

CRESTON.

President of First National Bank and President of Creston National Bank; J. H. Patt, Mr. Donlin, Mrs. Teed, Ed. Derr, Rev. Van Wagner, Geo. Weidster, Miss C. Webster, Mrs. Mary Eckert, Thos. McGrath, Ed. Lewis, Dr. N. Turley, Prof. Larrabee, Col. Swail, Mrs. W. D. Moore, W. V. McQuaid, J. H. Lichty, Mr. Spurr, Dr. Groves, Mr. H. Newman, Dr. Dunlap, W. F. Patt, Rev. F. W. Eason, Mrs. M. Sullivan, Mrs. Laramore, Mr. Zslars, Mrs. K. Duane, Miss C. Eoyer, R. E. Ewing, W. M. Lparz, Dr. Reynolds, Mrs. H. P. Sawyer, Miss Mattie Muntz, C. Hurley, D. G. Miller, N. H. Blanchard, Dr. Schifferle, Mr. B. Hurley, Mr. Hamman, Mrs. A. M. Gow, Prof. Meyer, Dr. Reynolds.

IOWA CITY.

Senator Bloom, Dr. I. F. Hannit, Dr. Copperthwaite, Mrs. Dr. Lee, Messrs. Parvin, Kost, Mosier, F. H. Bradley, H. H. Jones, D. Shirliff, p. v. Parley, Geo. Ross, Warren, Mrs. F. J. Cox, Hon. E. J. Day, Rev.