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Clerk.					W K Fox
Treasure	r	- J.	AMES		ERSON, JR
Attorney					ON CLARK
ginger	r				A MADOLI
Police Je					CLIFFORD
Marchal	1				H MALICH
Counciln	nen, 1st v	vard.		WEC	KBACH
	2nd	**		Jos	ES IPMAN
C	3rd	**	M B	MUR	PHY
				DUT O'Co	NNOR.
	- 4th-	**	TH M	CCAL	LEN. PRES
		(J W	Jons	SON,	CHAIRMAN
Board Po	ab. Work	* (FRI	ED GOL	CDER	
		IDH	HAW	KAW	HTH

COHNEY OFFICERS.

	GOD NII OFFICINGS.
	Treasurer D. A. CAMPBELL
	Deputy Treasurer, THOS. POLLOCK
	Cierks BIRD CRITCHFIELD
1	Deputy Clerk, - EXACRITCHFIELD
	Recorder of Deeds W. B. Poor.
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×	Clerk of District Court, W. C. SHOWALTER
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	County Judge C. Russell
	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.
	A. B. Topp, Ch'm., Plattsmouth
۸	Louis Fourz Weeping Water
	A. B. Dickson Emwood

CIVIC SOCIETES.

CASS LODGE No. 148, 1 O. O. F.-Meets transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend.

PLATIMOUTH ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every alternate Friday in each month in the Masonic Hall. Visiting Brothers are invited to attend.

TRIO LODGE NO. 84, A. O. U. W.—Meets every alternat. Friday evening at K. of P. hall. Transfent brothers are respectfully invited to attend. F.J. Morgan, Master Workman; E. S. Barstow, Foreman; Frank Brown, Overseer; I. Bowen, Guide; George Housworth, Recorder; H. J. Johnson, Financier; Wash. Smith, Receiver; M. Maybright, Past M. W.; Jack Daugherty, Inside Guard.

CASS CAMP NO. 332, MODERN WOODMEN Of America — Meets second and fourth Mon-day evening at K. of P. hall. All transient brothers are requested to meet with us. L. A. Newcomer, Venerable Consul; G. F. Niles, Worthy Adviser; S. C. Wilde, Banker; W. A. Boeck, Clerk.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 8, A. O. U. W. Rockwood hall at so clock, All transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend, L. S. Larson, M. W.; F. Boyd, Foreman: S. C. Wilde, Recorder; Leonard Anderson, Overseer.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE NO. 6, A. F. & A. M. Meets on the first and third Mondays of each month at their hall. All transient brothers are cordially invited to meet with us.

J. G. RICHEY, W. M.

WM. HAYS, Secretary. NEBRASKA CHAPTER, NO. 3, R. A. M. Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Mason's Hall. Transcient brothers are invited to meet with us.

F. E. WHITE, H. P. WM. HAYS, Secretary.

wm. Havs, Rec. F. E. White F. E. WHITE, E. C.

CASS COUNCIL NO 1021, ROYAL VECANUM meets the second and fourth Mondays of cach month at Arcanum Hall, R. N. GLENN, Regent. P. C. MINOR, Secretary,

MCCONIHIE POST 45 C. A. R.

J. W. Johnson Commander,
C. S. Twiss Senior Vice
F & BATESJuntor "
Gwo Nicks
HERRY STURIGHT
MALON DIXON Officer of the Day.
CHARLES FORD " " Guard
ANDERSON FRY Sorgt Major.
JACOB GORB EMAN Quarter Master Sergt.
L. C. Culcus,
Meeting Saturday evening

Meeting Saturday	evening
PLATTSMOUT	H BOARD OF TRADE
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OVER SIX THOUSAND PERSONS FED THREE TIMES A DAY.

An Army of Servants and Officers-Executive Ability in the Management of the Enormous Household-The Purchasing Department-The Harem.

There are over 6,000 persons fed three times a day at Dolma-Bagchee palace while the sultan is there, which makes housekeeping rather a serious affair, particularly when we know that these meals are served in nearly half as many places, there being no regular dining room nor place which could render the labor a little lighter. Though there are tables in some of the departments, the majority prefer to eat from their knees, and thus their meals are handed around, which makes an enormous amount of unnecessary work. To keep all this great machinery of supply in perfect order, so that no matter how many mouths there are to fill nor what sudden caprice may seize the sultan or any of his numerous women, it may be instantly cutisfied, is a tax upon the best capacity, backed by unlimited money or credit. No matter how unreasonable or almost impossible the demand may be, there is no allowance made for delay in the service.

That there is good executive ability in the management of this enormous household is clear, for there is scarcely ever a jar or a hitch, even under the impulse of the most untimely demands. Every different department is under the control of a person who is directly responsible for that, and he has a corps of servants and slaves under his order who obey him only, and he is subject to the treasurer of the household. Women have no voice whatever in the management of anything in any department. Their sole occupation is to wait upon their respective mistresses, or to serve the sultan in some specified capacity.

THE SULTAN'S CAPRICES.

The chamberlain is mostly occupied in ministering to the wants and caprices of the sultan, and is in almost constant attendance upon him, so the treasurer of the household has the burden of the housekeeping on his burly shoulders. He has an organized force of buyers, who are each charged with the purchase of certain supplies for their individual departments, each having his helpers, servants and slaves. One man is charged with the duty of supplying all the fish, and as to furnishing fish for certainly 6,000 persons is no light undertaking in a place where there are no great markets, as there are in all other large cities. He has to have about twenty men to scour the various small markets and buy of the fishermen, and each of these men has two others to carry the fish they buy. It

requires about ten tons of fish a week. There are nearly 18,000 pounds of bread eaten daily, for the Turks are large bread M.F. ZION COMMANDARY, NO. 5, K. T. eaters, and this is all baked in the enormous ovens situated at some distance from the palace. The kitchens are detached from all eaters, and this is all baked in the enormous the palaces and kiosks. It requires a large force of bakers to make the bread and another to bring it to the palace and another force of buyers who purchase the flour and fuel. The bringing of the most of the wood fingers is very thick, so also are the deeper and charcoal is done by the unhappy camels, who carry it on their backs. There is a cook for each separate course, and he has his assistants and scullions, so that there are in all nearly 400 men working in the kitchens. In addition to the aids each chief cook has a body servant.

The lord high chamberlain chooses his corps of buyers and the chiefs of different such choice more from some occult reasoning than fitness for the position. He then trusts the departments to those persons and transmits his imperative orders through the second all the bills, looks them over and then forwards them to the sublime porte, where they are paid-in time.

THE PURCHASING DEPARTMENT. these persons, then, really falls upon the chamberlain. He appoints a chibouk-kiassi who provides all the pipes used in and about the palace, both for the men and the women, including the narghiles. Then there is a tutunkaiassi, who sees that the whole palace is liberally supplied with tobacco. The espap-kiassi furnishes the clothes for the sultan's wear—that is, he buys them. Another have the cultan's wear—that is, he buys them. buys the sultan's shoes and slippera. Those who buy the personal effects of the sultan have by no means a sinecure, as he never wears the same garment or pair of shoes

twice, nor does he ever sleep in the same sheets or bedding a second time. It is sup-posed that all clothing and bedding which have touched the sacred person of the sultan are destroyed immediately after he has discarded them. The chamberlain has a chief of the buyers for the kitchen supplies and another for each of the household departments, and these have from ten to twenty aids, and these again have underlings, who all must be fed

by the royal bounty, and they all receive their salaries, large or small. The chief of each department receives and weighs or appraises the value of all the articles of food purchased, and then, attesting to the correctness of the weight or value, hands his accounts to the treasurer of the household. In this way stealing is not so easy as foreigners imagine it.

The buyers of the furniture, of the carpets, the glassware, silver and gold plate, the jewels, the soap, perfumery and cosmetics, the candies and dried fruits, the kitchen utensils, and, in short, for every department are all subject to the same strict system. The buying for the harem is done by the same persons, with the exception of dresses and other feminine toilet articles, which the women now buy for themselves generally. They ride out and shop very much like other women, only they have no idea as to the value of money, and they order whatever strikes their fancy, no matter what it is, and the bills are sent to the chief eunuch, who hands them, after supervision, to the treas-urer of the household, who has to get the high chamberlain's counter signature. The sewing is done by women who have nothing else to do-that is, such of it as is done there. Whenever it is possible the garments are bought ready made.—New York Herald.

The architect of his own fortune often has to alter the plans and specifications. - Rochester Post-Express,

POETRY.

True poetry is but the rose That's painted by sweet Fancy's brush
As it adorns the branch of prose,
And beautifies Thought's thorny bush.
—Lee Fairchild.

NOT YET OVERCROWDED.

The Earth Should Not Be Called Over-

populated-Resources. In a recent report of the German statistical bureau, the director expresses the opinion that population has not overcrowded any part of the empire, and that its resources, properly husbanded, are adequate to the support of an enormous addition to Germany's 45,000,000 people. It is inaccurate to say that any part of Europe is overpopulated. When the most of Germany was a succession of barren plains, and a large part of Holland was under water, those countries could have supported only a small part of the people who now inhabit them. It would have been a case, however, not of excessive population, but almost wholly undeveloped resources. So long as human ingenuity can add to the productiveness of a country it should not be called overpopulated. Mr. Cadell of the Geological Survey of

Scotland has recently shown that while the British public complain of overpopulation, and look with favor upon schemes of state aided emigration, a vast deal can yet be done to enrich soils, reclaim waste lands, develop new industries and improve methods of husbandry, all of which would add greatly to the resources of their little corner of the globe and enlarge its capacity for supporting its teeming population in comfort. The Dutch are still reclaiming from the sea an average of 2,500 acres a year, and Holland's resources are more than keeping pace with its increase of population. Though there are 343 people to the square mile, the Dutch live in comfort and few emigrate.

China proper has only a little over one-third of our area, though her population is six times as great as ours; and yet, though the industrial knowledge of the Chinese is in many respects extremely primitive, China is far from being overpopulated. The Chinese treat their fields like gardens, gather fertilizers from every conceivable source, sow their grain in furrows, and hoe it as we do corn, wasting nothing in the processes of sowing and harvesting. Give the Chinese modern agricultural implements, enlarge their scientifle and technical knowledge, and with their consummate painstaking a still greater population may live within their borders.

It gives us a vivid sense of the grandeur of our own country when we reflect that we have as yet merely scratched the surface of its inexhaustible resources, and that hundreds of millions may live here in comfort. - New York Sun.

Nature and Treatment of Felons.

The so called felon is an acute inflammation of the sheaths of the tendons or of the coverings of the bone. It is accompanied with very severe throbbing pain, great tenderness, and often much constitutional disturbance, as indicated by fever and rapid tressing, but is also attended with some danger. In persons debilitated and sickly, death has been known to result from poisoncoverings, especially that which envelops the bone. When pus forms, it finds an opening upward difficult, and, therefore, burrows back toward the hand. As the inflammation extends, the danger becomes intensified. The abscess, if not checked, sometimes proceeds up the wrist, and even to the elbow. In the meantime the sufferings are terrible, the parts are enormously swollen, and the departments to suit himself, usually making skin seems bursting. If a knife is not used to make free incisions along the track of the disease, the pus will probably at last struggle to the skin and discharge itself; but before doing so the muscles will be broken down, chamberlain. After him in importance is the treasurer of the household, who receives destroyed Partial death of the effects. destroyed. Partial death of the affected bone is not uncommon.

A felon is easily recognized; none are so ignorant they cannot detect it in the early stage. While yet confined to the end of the The providing for the material wants of all finger, if it appears there, the sufferer, with-hese persons, then, really falls upon the out waiting to test the efficacy of his neighbor's whims, and the virtues of "sure cures," should at once place himself in the care of a physician. If he is competent, the fact will be readily apparent, for he will, even before there is much swelling, insist upon opening the abscess without delay. If the physician urges this treatment, and the patient through fear of the knife declines, then the latter assumes all responsibility, and for what may happen subsequently can blame no one but attendant does not insist upon making an opening to admit of a free discharge of pus which may have formed, or which there is which may have formed, or which there is many to believe will few the first the himself. If, on the other hand, the medical reason to believe will form, then he is liable for any misfortune dependent on the burrowing of the pus; for he has clearly and unmistakably failed, through ignorance or neglect, to perform his duty to his patient.-Journal of Health.

> Before a Chicago Panorama. The panorama was a revelation to Chicago. Nobody could understand it, and the explanations of the imaginary causes producing the startling effect were often extremely holi-crous. It looks like "all out doors." Said one of the first vistiors: "I can understand how you can have these soldiers painted, and the landscape, but what puzzles me is how you make the landscape fit the sky." He had noticed the shifting effects of natural sun-

light on the canvas, and had no doubt that

he was looking at the real sky.

One night at the closing hour two rough looking but well dressed men swaggered up to the box office and called for tickets. "Too late," said the manager; "come to-morrow. The lecturer has gone home." With kindly oaths and quaint persuasion they gained admission, however. The instant they reached the platform their hats came off and their voices sank to whispers. They realized, rough and drunk as they were, that they were in the presence of death. Presently, encouraged by the perfect silence, a rat appeared in the foreground. That peculiar optical illusion which increases distance and magnifies objects on the canvas made that rat appear several times his real size. "It's a cat," said one, as he grasped the other by the arm, trembling as though Satan had cluthed him. "It's only a mouse," responded the manager. "Tom, it's time for us to go!" cluthed him. "It's only a mouse," responded the manager. "Tom, it's time for us to go!" said the first speaker, pulling his stupified companion to the stairway. They spoke not another word and went out upon the street oerfectly sober.—Chicago Times

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Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Table and Pocket Cutiery, Rasors, etc. Household Sewing Machines and Jewel Gasoline stoves. Tinwork of all kinds done at reasonable prices. Main street, Rockwood Block.

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