The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

KNOTTS BROS.,
Publishers & Proprietors.

THE PLATTSMOUTH HERALD

Is published every evening except Sunday and Weekly every Thursday morning. Registered at the postoffice, Plattsmouth, Nebr., as second-class matter. Office corner of Vine and Fifth streets.

TERMS FOR DAILY.

One copy one year in advance, by mail	$6 00
One copy per month, by carrier	50
One copy per week, by carrier	15

TERMS FOR WEEKLY.

One copy one year, in advance	$1 50
One copy six months, in advance	75

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN M. THAYER.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
GEORGE D. MEIKLEJOHN.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
GILBERT L. LAWS.

FOR TREASURER,
J. E. HILL.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS,
THOMAS H. BENTON.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
WILLIAM LEESE.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS AND BUILDINGS,
JOHN STEEN.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
GEORGE B. LANE.

GENTLEMEN, red is a bad color to flaunt in the face of Harrison. One Harrison downed the red coats in 1776, another downed the red skins at Tippecanoe, and a third will down the red bandana in 1888.—Observer.

THE amount of money deposited in savings institutions, per capita, is $146 in Massachusetts and $12 in the United Kingdom. And yet Mr. Thurman, Frank Wilkenson and other free trade economists keep telling the country that wages are higher in Great Britain than in the United States.

PERHAPS the 2,000,000 democratic soldiers in the army had something to do with freeing the negroes.—[Allen G. Thurman.

Reduced to the three years standard, the number of soldiers in the army was 2,320,272. As more than half of the soldiers were republicans, Mr. Thurman must be as picturesquely and capaciously erratic on the soldier question as on the tariff. But perhaps Mr. Thurman meant the confederate army.—Globe Democrat.

THAT SURPLUS?.

The most remarkable case of *Damphool* statesmanship on record, is evidenced and illustrated, by the surplus humbug the country has been quarrelling over for the past nine months. The country was alarmed; business almost paralyzed, in many cases important interests destroyed; when Grover Cleveland abandoning every other public question and demand fired his special, single barrelled, message at the country, December last. "We are confronted by a condition not a theory," said he, look! There will be more than $100,000,000 piled up in the treasury. "Taxes," "robber taxes!" Wrung from the dear people.

In consequence of this frightful condition of affairs Mr. Cleveland proceeded, in effect, to inform the country that, all preceeding statsmen Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson, Adams, Madson, Monroe, Jackson, Fillmore Clay, Webster and hundreds of others names appear upon the long roll of our country's most illustrious statesmen, were fools and pigmies in statesmanship as compared with himself and that the industrial system under which this country has grown to be one of the first nations of the earth was a fraud, a deception and a snare. Now congress, a democratic congress, having practically closed the fiftieth session and being almost ready to go home attempt to strike a ballance and report to the country the condition of its exchequer and what do we find! $12,294,263 of a surplus; says the New York *Tribune's* special from Washington:

"On both sides of the capital the denouncement is regarded with much amusement; friends and foes, alike, are sniggering over it. The facts as stated in the *Tribune's* dispatches are corroberated today, by official figures, given out on the joint authority of the committees appropriation of both *house* and *senate*."

With the Mills bill enacted a deficit of near $100,000,000 would be the result if the revenues should be reduced as Messrs. Mills and Carlisle claim they would be under that measure. Where is Grover Cleveland and his "condition?" These gentlemen have been legislating to meet a condition and lo it fails to materialize by about $80,000,000. Now then a fair question to our democratic friends is, what should be done with chief executive who would go off half cocked in the manner Mr. Cleveland did and *ignorantly* alarm the country by a special message based on groundless conjecture. The country accepted his figures as absolutely correct. It had a right to suppose the chiefs in this administration knew that figures given out were correct and that estimates made, were some where within the boundaries of fact. The chestnut bell has been along time silent but its melodious tones can now be heard on every cross road. Let Mr. Mills withdraw his bill and Grover Cleveland pack his grief "the condition" must be faced. The country calls for a man level headed enough to at least know what he is about.

MORE OR LESS FAMOUS.

Press Paragraphs Concerning the Daughters of Eve—Bits of Gossip.

Modjeska, the actress, is a society favorite in California.

Nelly Grant's husband has become rich through the death of his brother.

The leading fortune teller of Paris, Mme. Moreau, left a fortune of 600,000 francs.

The empress of Brazil made a pilgrimage to Lourdes because of the emperor's recovery.

Miss Annie Lippincott, the daughter of Grace Greenwood, has gone on the stage.

Harriet Beecher Stowe continues to receive $1,500 a year from royalties on "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Princess Waldemar, of Denmark, is under the instruction of the Danish painter, Franz Henningsen.

A club of society women in London is going to start a large poultry farm near London. Bee culture is also included in the scheme.

Mme. Boulanger is said to be very pious and melancholy, and does not enjoy her husband's popularity or the female admiration which he commands.

There is a prospect that Mrs. Kate Chase may enjoy great prosperity again, as her property in Washington is rapidly rising in value owing to local improvements.

The queen of Portugal has been having a great time in Paris. She has done an immense amount of "shopping," and her royal spouse will have a lively time in settling the bills.

Mrs. Cain, of Tyler, Tex., seeing a burglar break into the cabin occupied by her absent cook, telephoned her hnsband to come home, and when he got there it was to find the robber helpless and cowering at the muzzle of a pistol in the hands of his intrepid wife.

Typhena, thirty-fourth queen of the Zut family of gypsies, is encamped at Saybrook Point, Conn. She will go to Bristol, England, in November to attend a world gypsy encampment to be held there.

The mother of the present German empress is confined in a mad house. She wanted to become the wife of Louis Napoleon, when he was president, and would have done so but for the opposition of Queen Victoria.

Anna Dickinson is authority for the assertion that Fred Douglass has that rare beauty, an absolutely perfect hand. It is small and exquisitely shaped. The tinge of yellow natural to the skin gives it the appearance of a finely sculptured bit of ivory tinted by time, but preserved with infinite care.

Miss Mary Anderson is much annoyed by "the pestilential nuisances who write for autographs," but has now hit upon an effective plan for dealing with them. She has had a specimen of her writing lithographed, and her manager sends each applicant a copy thereof, with a printed card saying: "Miss Anderson desires me to inclose you her autograph as you request, with her compliments, and to say how sorry she is that the matter has not had her attention ere this."

Oliver Thorne Miller is now 50 years of age, gray haired, stout and jolly. She first began writing for the amusement of her children, then for their instruction in natural history. Five years she has devoted exclusively to the study of birds, of which she keeps a room full, her writing desk standing in the middle. It is with a bobolink on her shoulder, a bluebird taking his bath in her tea cup, and an oriole cribbing from her back hair for its nest, that Mrs. Miller pens the studies from bird life introduced to us in "Bird Ways" and in her new work, "In Nesting Time."

A Mrs. Pratt, in Louisville, the widow of a well known Presbyterian divine, is making quite a little fortune out of beaten biscuit, such a she used to regale her guests on in happier and more prosperous days. They are "home made" under her personal supervision, white as snow as to crumb and golden brown as to crust, just such as you may have eaten in many a Tennessee and Kentucky house where the divine art of making them is still possessed by the negro cooks. Mrs. Pratt sells her biscuit at fifteen cents a dozen, and the demand for them for luncheons, parties, picnics, etc., has grown so that she employs several people besides the original "aunty" who helped her make the first batch she sent on trial to the Woman's Exchange.

Vernon Lee is the young English woman upon whom the mantle of George Eliot is supposed to have descended. If her future fulfils the promise of her present she will leave George Eliot behind in the race. Probably no literary woman of any time has or has had an early record to compare with that of Vernon Lee. She is only 25, and she has written several large volumes on mediæval literature, involving years of research; she has contributed for at least eight years to the leading English reviews; she has published three or four volumes of essays, several short stories, and a remarkable novel called "Miss Brown," which was the literary sensation of the day. Vernon Lee—her real name is Violet Paget—lives in Florence with a lame and musical brother. She is very plain, decidedly masculine in appearance, and is fond of sitting with her legs crossed and of smoking cigarettes. The reading world has been waiting patiently for new work from her pen.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their deligates in national convention, pause on the threshold of their proceedings to honor the memory of their first great leader and immortal champion of liberty and the rights of the people, Abraham Lincoln, and to cover also with wreaths of imperishable remembrance and gratitude the heroic names of our later leaders who have been more recently called away from our councils, Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan and Conkling. May their memories be faithfully cherished. We also recall with our greetings and prayer for his recovery the name of one of our living heroes whose memory will be treasured in the history both of republicans and of the republic. The name is that of the noble soldier and favorite child of victory, Philip H. Sheridan.

In the spirit of those great leaders and of our devotion to human liberty, and with that hostility to all forms of despotism and oppression which is the fundamental idea of the republican party, we send fraternal congratulations to our fellow Americans of Brazil upon their great act of emancipation which completed the abolition of slavery throughout the two American continents. We earnestly hope we may soon congratulate our fellow citizens of Irish birth upon the peaceful recovery of home rule for Ireland.

WE AFFIRM OUR UNSWERVING DEVOTION to the national constitution and to the indissoluble union of states to the autoonmy reserved to the states under the constitution, to the personal rights and liberties of citizens in all states and territories in the union and especially to the supreme and sovereign right of every citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, to cast one free ballot in the public elections and to have that ballot duly counted. We hold a free and honest popular ballot and just and equal representation of all people to be the foundation of our republican government and demand effective legislation to secure the integrity and purity of elections which are the fountains of all public authority. We charge that the present administration and the democratic majority in congress owe their existence to the suppression of the ballot by the criminal nullification of the constitution and laws of the United States.

We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection. We protest against the destruction proposed by the president and his party. They serve the interests of Europe

WE WILL SUPPORT INTERESTS OF AMERICA. We accept the issue, and confidently appeal to the people for their judgment. The protective system must be maintained. Its abandonment has always been followed by general disaster to all interests except those of the unsurer and sheriff.

We denounce the Mills' bill as destructive to general business, labor, and the farming interests of the country, and we heartily endorse the consistent and patriotic action of the republican representatives in congress in opposing its passage. We condemn the proposition of the democratic party to place wool on the free list and insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue by repealing the taxes on tobacco, which are an arrogance and burden to agriculture, and the tax upon spirts used in the arts and for mechanical purposes, and by such revision of the tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and release from import duties these articles of foreign production, except luxuries, the like of which cannot be produced at home, there shall still remain a larger revenue than is requisite for the wants of government, of internal taxes rather than surrender any part of our protective system at the joint behest of the whisky ring and agents of foreign manufacturers.

AGAINST PAUPER AND LABOR TRUSTS.

We declare hostility to the introduction into this country of foreign contract labor and of Chinese labor alien to our civilization and our constitution, and we demand the rigid enforcement of existing laws against it and favor such immediate legislation as will exclude such labor from our shores.

We declare our opposition to all combinations of capital organized in trusts or otherwise to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens and we recommend to congress and the state legislatures in their respective jurisdictions such legislation as will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies or by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market.

We approve legislation by congress to prevent alike unjust burdens and unfair discrimination between states.

PUBLIC LAND LEGISLATION.

We reaffirm the policy of appropriating the public lands of the United States to be homesteads for American citizens and settlers not aliens, which the republican party established in 1862 against the persistent opposition of the democrats in congress, which has brought our great western domain into magnificent developement. The restoration of unearned land grants to the public domain for the use of actual settlers, which was begun under the administration of President Arthur should be continued. We deny that the democratic party has ever restored one acre to the people, but declare that by the joint action of republicans and democrats about fifty million acres of unearned lands, originally granted for the construction of railroads, have been restored to the public domain in pursuance of conditions inserted by the republican party in the original grants. We charge the democratic administration with failure to execute laws securing to settlers title to their homesteads and with using appropriations made for that purpose to harrass innocent settlers with spies and prosecutions under the false pretense of exposing frauds and vindicating the law.

ADMISSION OF TERRITORIES.

The government by congress of the territories is based upon necessity only to the end that they may become states in the union: therefore, whenever the conditions of population, material resources, public intelligence and morality are such as to insure stable local government therein the people of such territories should be permitted, a right inherent in them, to form for themselves constitutions and state governments and be admitted into the union. Pending preparation for statehood all officers thereof should be selected from bona fide residents and citizens of the territory wherein they are to serve. South Dakota should of right be immediately admitted as a state in the union under the constitution framed and adopted by her people, and we heartily endorse the action of the republican senate in twice passing bills for her admission. The refusal of the democratic house of representatives, for partisan purposes, to favorably consider these bills is a willful violation of the sacred American principle of local self-government, and merits the condemnation of all just men. The pending bills in the senate for acts to enable the people of Wishington, North Dakota and Montanma territories to form constitutions and establish state governments should be passed without unnecessary delay. The republican party pledges inself to do all in its power to facilitate the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Wyoming, Idaho and Arizona to the enjoyment of self-government as states. Such of them as are now qualified as soon as possible, and others as soon as they may become so.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

The political power of the Mormon church in the territories as exercised in the past is a menance to free institutions too dangerous to be long suffered. Therefore we pledge the republican party to appropriate legislation, asserting the sovereignty of the nation in all the territories where the same is questioned, and in furtherance of that end to place upon the statute book legislation stringent enough to divorce political from ecclesiastical power, and thus stamp out the attendant wickedness of polygamy.

The republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and condemns the policy of the democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

We demand the reduction of letter postage to 1 cent per ounce.

In a republic like ours, where the citizens is the sovereign and the official the servant, where no power is exercised except by the will of the people, it is important that the sovereign people should possess intelligence. The free school is the promoter of that intelligence which is to preserve us a free nation. Therefore, the state or nation, or both combined, should support free institutions of learning sufficient to afford to every child growing up in the land the opportunity of a good common-school education.

OUR MERCHANT MARINE,

We earnestly recommend that prompt action be taken in congress in the enactment of such legislation as will best secure the rehabilitation of our American merchant marine, and we protest against the passage by congress of a free ship bill as calculated to work injustice to labor by lessening the wages of those engaged in preparing materials as well as those directly employed in our shipyards. We demand appropriations for the early rebuilding of our navy, for the construction of coast fortifications and modern ordinance and other approved modern means of defense for the protection of our defenseless harbors and cities, for the payment of just pensions to our soldiers, for necessary works of national importance in the improvement of the harbors and channels of internal, coastwiser and foreign commerce, for the encouragement of the shipping interests of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific states as well as for the payment of the maturing public debt. This policy will give employment to our labor, security to our various industries, increased security to our country, promote trade, open new and direct markets for our products and cheapen the cost of transportation. We affirm this to be far better for our country than the democratic policy of loaning the government's money without interest to "pet banks."

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The conduct of foreign affairs by the present administration has been distinguished by inefficiency and cowardice. Having withdrawn from the senate all pending treaties effected by republican administrations for the removal of foreign burdens and restrictions upon our commerce and for its extension into a better market, it has neither affected nor proposed any others in their stead. Professing adherence to the Monroe doctrine, it has seen with idle complacency the extension of foreign influence in Central America and of foreign trade everywhere among our neighbors. It has refused to charter, sanction or encourage any American organization for constructing the Nicaragua canal, a work of vital importance to the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and of our national influence in Central and South America, and necessary for the development of trade with our Pacific territory, with South America, and with the further coasts of the Pacific Ocean.

FISHERIES QUESTION.

We arraign the present democratic administration for its weak and unpatriotic treatment of the fisheries question, and its pusillanimous surrender of all privileges to which our fishery vessels are entitled in Canadian ports under the treaty of 1818, the reciprocate maritime legislation of 1830 and comity of nations, and which Canadian fishing vessels receive in the ports of the United States. We condemn the policy of the present administration and the democratic majority in congress towards our fisheries as unfriendly and conspicuously unpatriotic and as tending to destroy a valuable national industry and an indispensible resource of defense against foreign enemy.

The name of American applies alike to all citizens of the republic, and imposes upon men alike the same obligation of obedience to the laws. At the same time citizenship is and must be the panoply and safeguard of him who wears it, should shield and protect him whether high or low, rich or poor, in all his civil rights. It should and must afford him protection at home and follow and protect him abroad in whatever land he may be on a lawful errand.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The men who abandoned the republican party in 1884 and continue to adhere to the democratic party have deserted not only the cause of honest government, but of sound finance, of freedom and purity of the ballot, but especially have deserted the cause of reform in the civil service. We will not fail to keep our pledges because they have broken theirs, or because their candidate has broken his. We therefore repeat our declaration of 1884, towit: The reform of civil service auspiciously begun under republican administration should be completed by a further extension of the reform system already established by law to all grades of the service to which it is applied. The spirit and purpose of reform should be observed in all executive appointments, and all laws at varience with the object of existing reform legislation should be repealed, and that the dangers to free institutions which lurk in the power of official patronage may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the union cannot be assured except by laws. The legislation of congress should conform to the pledges made by a loyal people, and be so enlarged and extended as to provide against the possibility that any man who honorably wore the federal uniform shall become an inmate of an almshouse or dependent on private charity. In the presence of an overflowing treasury it would be a public scandal to do less for those whose valorous service preserved the government. We denounce the hostile spirit shown by President Cleveland in his numerous vetoes of measures for pension relief, and the action of the democratic house of representatives in refusing even consideration of general pension legislation.

In support of the principles herewith enunciated, we invite the co-operation of patriotic men of all parties, especially of all working men whose prosperity is seriously threatened by the free trade policy of the present administration.

An Explanation.

What is this "nervous trouble" with which so many seem now to be afflicted? If you will remember a few years ago the word Malaria was comparatively unknown,—today it is as common as any word in the English language, yet this word covers only the meaning of another word used by our forefathers in times past. So it is used with nervous diseases, as they and Malaria are intended to cover what our grandfathers called Biliousness, and all are caused by troubles that arise from a diseased condition of the Liver which in performing its functions finding it cannot dispose of the bile through the ordinary channel is compelled to pass it off through the system causing nervous troubles, Malaria, Bilious Fever, etc. You who are suffering can well appreciate a cure. We recommend Green's August Flower. Its cures are marvelous.

The Czar's Simple Life.

At Fredericksborg the czar leads a simple life, and all the time not occupied with his correspondence is given to excursions, hunting and fishing. He is one of the first up in the morning, and when breakfast is served at 9 o'clock he has already taken a long walk in the forest. In the afternoon when he does not go to the capital he usually passes the time with the ladies and the children. While the emperor is at dinner with his family an orchestra of sixty pieces plays continually. Alexander is fond of dance music rather than classical pieces, and in his spare moments at Gatchina gives musical lessons to his little daughter Xenia. The empress of Russia has not the striking beauty of her sister, the Princess of Wales, but she is full of grace and affability. She never seeks to exercise any political influence over her husband and confines her role to being his faithful companion. She rises early, walks a good deal, reads enormously and takes great interest in charitable affairs. —George Haendel in The Epoch.

Mr. Lossing's Historical Relics.

Benson J. Lossing, the historian, has been for years a collector of autographs, letters and documents, books and weapons bearing on the war of the rebellion and the history of the country in general. Mr. Lossing was with the Federal army when Richmond was taken, and, as the spoils of war, the originals of many valuable and unique papers came into his possession. It is said that one of the most highly prized of Mr. Lossing's historical treasures is the original of Grant's famous "unconditional surrender" letter.—New York World.

Thief at a Society Wedding.

In Liverpool a short time ago a well mannered and exquisitely dressed female moved about in the church among the lady guests at a society wedding, telling each confidentially that she was the representative of a society journal, when all the time she was intent on thieving. Every facility was given her, and she examined as many dresses as she cared to. She promised a proof of her article to each one, but the only "proofs" her dupes got were those that she had stolen their purses.—Chicago Herald.

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