

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

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THE PLATTSMOUTH HERALD

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NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, LEVI P. MORTON, of New York.

The republican, "free whisky," party has won the day in New Jersey and the temperance enactment passed by a republican legislature and vetoed by a democratic governor and again passed over that veto, has been sustained and affirmed by the court of last resort in that state.

THE GERMAN CHESTNUT.

The Cobden club advocates keep continually comparing English and German wages and arguing therefrom that protection does not give better wages than free trade. These specialists do not care to state that protection in Germany gives better wages in that country than free trade did and that wages in that overpopulated country are gradually increasing simply on account of the home markets that protection, yet in its infancy in Germany, is building up; and right here, it may not be out of place to quote the great Chancellor Bismark for the benefit of casting a little light upon the question of protection in Germany; keeping in mind the fact, that when the empire was established, German statesman adopted a tariff fashioned after the English pattern.

The success of the United States in material development is the most illustrious of modern times. The American nation has not only successfully borne and suppressed the gigantic and expensive war of all history, but immediately afterward it disbanded its army, found employment for all its soldiers and marines, paid off most of its debt, gave labor and homes to all the unemployed of Europe as fast as they could arrive within its territory, and still by a system of taxation so indirect as to be perceived, much less felt. Because it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is due to its system of protective laws, I urge that Germany has now reached that point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States.

This was Mr. Bismark's deliberate judgment spoken in the interest of an empire he was almost personally responsible for. Following this, hear what Mr. James H. Smith, Mr. Bayard's consul at Mayence has to say, reluctantly yet truly Mr. Smith in his report says:

Germany is apparently profiting at present from her protective policy. The country seems to be in favor of the experiment, otherwise it would not have adhered enough in the Reichstag to carry it forward. The balance of trade was largely against Germany up to 1882, but since then it has inclined to favor the Empire. In 1872 the import of Germany amounted to \$824,432,000 and the exports to \$593,095,000 while in 1886 this relation was \$700,902,000 to \$726,225,000, inclusive of precious metals, showing a decided reversal of the balance of trade against the empire. It must also be borne in mind that prices have been declining for some years; at the old rates the figures would be greater.

And yet in the face of these facts and such testimony democratic swash-bucklers keep on comparing English and German wages as an argument for overturning an industrial system which Mr. Bismark testifies enabled this free country to perform miracles from an industrial point of view:

"By a system of taxation so indirect as 'not to be perceived, much less felt.' The facts are that since the introduction of our protective system in Germany, in 1832, that empire has made wonderful progress in its material development and that Germany, today, presents an unanswerable argument in favor of the American system of protection.

The way the republicans of Connecticut and New Jersey are "carrying the war into Egypt" is a caution. The enthusiasm for Harrison and Morton exceeds that of any presidential campaign since that of 1840.

"GROVER CLEVELAND had two brothers in the war." Oh yes, he had more than that, he made greater sacrifices than Artimus Ward in that respect, he had old George Brinskie his substitute "in the war," who died in a poor house not long ago; and it cost Grover \$400 in cold clammy cash at that. You bet Grover Cleveland had two brothers and a substitute who fit for the old flag! Yes, Grover Cleveland has a war record.

The democratic newspapers seem to have let up on the twiddle about Ben Harrison running on his grandfather's reputation and are now trying to run Grover Cleveland on the reputed fact that he had two brothers "in the war." Just how that helps out a great big able bodied, distrustful, peace at any price, against the war, democrat who hired a substitute for \$400 to do his fighting, when drafted, is a conundrum the HERALD willingly leaves to the old soldiers of the country.

Call For Republican County Convention.

The republican electors of Cass county are hereby called to meet in their respective wards and precincts on Saturday, August 18, 1888, for the purpose of electing delegates to meet in convention at Weeping Water, Neb., on August 20, 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing sixteen delegates to the republican state convention, which meets at Lincoln, August 23, 1888, and also to elect 16 delegates to the congressional convention which meets at Lincoln, Sept. 20, at 8 p. m., 1888. The wards and precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates:

- Tipton, Greenwood, 5; Salt Creek, Stove Creek, 5; Elmwood, South Bend, 6; Weeping Water, Center, 7; Louisville, Avoca, 7; Plattsmouth Prec., Liberty, 8; 1st ward, Rock Bluffs, 8; 2nd " Mt. Pleasant, 9; 3rd " 13 Eight Mile Grove, 7; 4th " 12

M. D. POLK Ch'm, R. S. WILKINSON, Sec'y.

Primaries will be held in the various wards and precincts, on Aug. 18, 1888, at the following places:

- Tipton, at Eagle, 8:00; Greenwood, at Cornish school house, 7:30; Stove Creek, at Elmwood village, 7:30; Elmwood, at Center school house, 7:30; South Bend, at South Bend, 7:30; Weeping Water, at Union Hall, 3 p. m.; Center, at Manley, 3 p. m.; Louisville, at Fitzgerald's Hall, 3 p. m.; Avoca, at Hutchins' school house, 2 p. m.; Rock Bluffs, at Berger's school house, 3 p. m.; Mt. Pleasant, at Gilmore's school house, 4 p. m.; Eight Mile Grove, at Hyat's school house, 7:30 p. m.; Liberty, at Folds's school house, 3 p. m.; Plattsmouth precinct, at Taylor's school house, 3 p. m.; Plattsmouth city, 1st ward, at county judge's office, 1 to 7 p. m.; 2nd ward, at 2nd ward school house, 1 to 7 p. m.; 3rd ward, at Sullivan's office, 1 to 7 p. m.; 4th ward, at Rockwood Hall, 1 to 7 p. m.

At the republican state convention held Oct. 5th, '87, it was directed that republican voters at the republican primaries should vote upon the question of the submission of prohibition as a constitutional amendment and the same having been directed by the republican state central committee, the said electors will also vote upon said proposition to be submitted as follows: "Shall there be a submission of the constitutional amendment in this state prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors." All those who favor this proposition will vote "yes" and all those opposed will vote "no" on their respective tickets at such primary elections and make a return thereof to said committee.

M. D. POLK, Chairman Republican Central Committee. R. S. WILKINSON, Sec'y.

Which are the two hottest letters in the alphabet? K N (Cayenne).

Emperors and Newspapers. Old Emperor William disliked to read newspapers, and had his secretaries read them for him and clip out the very important items for him. Emperor Frederick, on the other hand, read them all through himself.—New York Tribune.

London omnibuses are to be illuminated with the electric light, the storage battery to be carried under the seat of the drivers.

An Explanation. What is this "nervous trouble" with which so many seem now to be afflicted? If you will remember a few years ago the word Malaria was comparatively unknown,—today it is as common as any word in the English language, yet this word covers only the meaning of another word used by our forefathers in times past. So it is used with nervous diseases, and all are caused by troubles that arise from a diseased condition of the Liver which in performing its functions finding it cannot dispose of the bile through the ordinary channel is compelled to pass it off through the system causing nervous troubles, Malaria, Bilious Fever, etc. You who are suffering can well appreciate the importance of the treatment of the channels of internal excretion and foreign commerce, for the encouragement of

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their delegates in national convention, pass on the threshold of their proceedings to honor the memory of their first great leader and immortal champion of liberty and the rights of the people, Abraham Lincoln, and to cover also with honorable mention the remembrance and gratitude the heroic names of our later leaders who have been more recently called away from our councils, Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan and Conkling. May their memories be faithfully cherished. We also recall with our gratitude and prayer for his recovery the name of one of our living heroes whose memory will be treasured in the history both of republicans and of the republic. The name of that noble soldier and favorite child of victory, Philip H. Sheridan.

We AFFIRM OUR UNSWERVING DEVOTION to the present constitution and to the indissoluble union of states and to the autonomy reserved to the states under the constitution, to the pet and darling of the imperialists in all states and territories in the union and especially to the supreme and sovereign right of every citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign born, white or black, to cast one free ballot in the public elections and to have that ballot duly counted. We hold a regular and equal representation of all people to be the foundation of our republican government and demand effective legislation to secure the integrity and purity of elections which are the fountains of all public authority. We charge that the present administration and the democratic majority in congress owe their existence to the suppression of the ballot by the criminal and impudently against the destruction proposed by the president and his party. They serve the interests of Europe.

WE WILL SUPPORT INTERESTS OF AMERICA. We accept the issue, and confidently appeal to the people for their judgment. The republican system must be maintained. Its abandonment has always been followed by general disaster to all interests except those of the insurer and the speculator.

We denounce the Mills' bill as destructive to general business, labor, and the farming interests of the country. It is a bill to force the consistent and patriotic action of the republican representatives in congress in opposition to the policy of the present administration of the democratic party to place wool on the free list and insist that the duties thereon should be adjusted and extended to the benefit of the wool growers and the protection of that industry.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue by repealing the taxes on tobacco, which are an arrogance and burden on the people, and by such revision of the tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as spirits, iron, and other articles, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and release from import duties these articles of foreign production, except luxuries, the like of which cannot be produced at home, there shall remain a larger revenue than is requisite for the needs of the government, and we demand rather than surrender any part of our protective system at the joint behest of the whisky ring and agricultural protectionists.

WE DECLARE HOSTILITY TO THE INTRODUCTION into this country of foreign contract labor and of Chinese labor alien to our civilization and our constitution, and we demand the repeal of existing laws which favor such labor from our shores.

WE DECLARE OUR OPPOSITION TO ALL COMBINATIONS of capital organized in trusts or otherwise to control the production, distribution, or trade among our citizens and we recommend to congress and the state legislatures in their respective jurisdictions such legislation as will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies or by unjust and unfair transportation of their products to market.

WE APPROVE LEGISLATION BY CONGRESS TO PREVENT UNJUST BURDENS AND UNFAIR DISCRIMINATION between states.

PUBLIC LAND LEGISLATION.

We reaffirm the policy of appropriating the public lands of the United States to be homesteads for American citizens and settlers not aliens, which the republican party established in 1820 against the persistent opposition of the democrats in congress, which has brought our great western domain to its present development. The restoration of unearned land grants to the public domain for the use of actual settlers, which we demand, is the only administration of President Arthur should be continued. We deny that the democratic party has ever rested on its laurels. We declare that by the joint action of republicans and democrats about fifty million acres of unearned lands, originally granted to the government under the construction of railroads, have been restored to the public domain in pursuance of conditions inserted by the republican party in the original grants. We charge the democratic administration with failure to execute laws securing to settlers title to the lands under the original grants. We demand that the government should appropriate lands for that purpose to harass innocent settlers with spies and prosecutions under a false pretense of exposing frauds and vindictive laws.

ADMISSION OF TERRITORIES.

The government by congress of the territories is based upon necessity only to the end that they may become states in the union. The material resources, public intelligence and morality are such as to insure that the local government therein the people of such territories should be permitted. A right inherent in them, to form for themselves constitutions and state governments and be admitted to the union. Pending preparation for statehood all officers thereof should be selected from bona fide residents and citizens of the territory where they are to serve. South Dakota should be immediately admitted as a state in the union under the constitution, and the territory of the democratic house of representatives, for partisan purposes, to favorably consider these bills is a vital violation of the sacred American principle of local self-government, and merits the condemnation of all just citizens. The senate for the purpose of enabling the people of Washington, North Dakota and Montana territories to form constitutions and state governments, the same should be passed without unnecessary delay. The republican party pledges itself to do all in its power to facilitate the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Wyoming, Idaho and Arizona to the enjoyment of self-government as states. Such of them as are not qualified soon as possible and others as soon as they may become so.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

The political power of the Mormon church in the territories as exercised in the past is a menace to free institutions and the people to be long suffered. Therefore we pledge the republican party to appropriate legislation, asserting the sovereignty of the nation in all the territories where the same is questioned, and in furtherance of that end to place upon the statute book legislation stringent enough to divorce political from ecclesiastical power, and thus stamp out the attendant wickedness of polygamy.

The republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and condemns the policy of the democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

We demand the reduction of letter postage to a cent per ounce.

In a republic like ours, where the citizens is the sovereign and the official the servant, where no power is exercised except by the will of the people, it is important that the sovereign people should possess intelligence. The free school is the promoter of that intelligence which is to preserve us a free nation, therefore, the state or nation, or both combined, should support free institutions of learning sufficient to afford to every child growing up in the land the opportunity of a good common-school education.

OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

We earnestly recommend that prompt action be taken in congress in the enactment of such legislation as will best secure the rehabilitation of our American merchant marine, and we protest against the passage by congress of a free ship bill as calculated to work injustice to labor by lessening the wages of those engaged in preparing materials as well as those directly employed in our shipyards. We demand appropriations for the early rebuilding of our merchant marine, and for the construction of modern ordnance and other approved modern means of defense for the protection of our harbors and coast cities, for the payment of just pensions to our soldiers, for necessary works of national importance in the improvement of the harbors and channels of internal excretion and foreign commerce, for the encouragement of

The shipping interests of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific states as well as for the payment of the maturing public debt. This policy will give employment to our labor, activity to our various industries, increased security to our country, promote trade, open new and direct markets for our products and cheapen the cost of transportation. We affirm this to be far better for our country than the democratic policy of loaning the government's money without interest to "pet banks."

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The conduct of foreign affairs by the present administration has been distinguished by inefficiency and cowardice. Having withdrawn from the senate all pending treaties effected by republican administrators for the removal of foreign burdens and restrictions upon our commerce and for its extension into a better market, it has neither affected nor proposed any others in their stead. Professing adherence to the Monroe doctrine, it has seen with idle complacency the extension of foreign influence in Central America and of foreign trade everywhere among our neighbors. It has refused to shut its eyes to the fact that every American organization for constructing the Nicaragua canal, a work of vital importance to the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and of our national influence in Central and South America, and necessary for the development of trade with our Pacific territories, both North America, and with the further coasts of the Pacific Ocean.

FISHERIES QUESTION.

We reaffirm the present democratic administration for its weak and impudently surrender of all privileges to which our fishery assets are entitled in Canadian waters under the treaty of 1818, the reciprocal marine legislation of 1820 and comity of nations, and which our fishing vessels receive in the ports of the United States. We condemn the policy of the present administration and its democratic majority in congress toward our fisheries as unfriendly and consciously impatriotic and as tending to destroy a valuable national industry and an indispensable resource of defense against foreign enemy.

The name of American applies alike to all citizens of the republic, and imposes upon men alike the same obligation of obedience to the laws. At the same time citizenship is and must be the right and safeguard of all citizens, it should shield and protect him whether high or low, rich or poor, in all his civil rights. It should and must afford him protection at home and follow and protect him abroad in whatever land he may be on a lawful errand.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The men who abandoned the republican party in 1860 and continue to adhere to the democratic party have deserted not only the cause of honest government, but of sound finance, of freedom and purity of the ballot, but especially have deserted the cause of reform in the civil service. We will not fail to keep our eyes open to the extent of the mischief done because their candidate has broken his. We therefore repeat our declaration of 1881, to wit: The reform of civil service, as conspicuously begun under republican administration, should be completed by a further extension of the reform system already established by law to all grades of the service to which it is applied. It should include all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the object of existing reform legislation should be repealed, and that the dangers to free institutions which lurk in the power of official patronage may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the union and the cause of reform by law. The legislation of congress should conform to the pledges made by a loyal people, and be so framed as to extend the protection of law against the possibility that any man who honorably wore the federal uniform shall become an inmate of an almshouse dependent on private charity. In the presence of an overflowing treasury it would be a public scandal to do less for those whose valourous service preserved the government. We demand the prompt relief shown by President Cleveland in his numerous vetoes of measures for pension relief, and the action of the democratic house of representatives in refusing even consideration of general pension legislation.

Republican State Convention.

The republican electors of the state of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from their several counties to meet in convention at the city of Lincoln Thursday, August 23, 1888, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following state offices:

- Governor. Lieutenant Governor. Secretary of State. State Treasurer. Auditor of Public Accounts. Attorney General. Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.

And the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

THE APPORTIONMENT.

The several counties are entitled to representation as follows, being based upon the vote cast for Hon. Samuel Maxwell, judge, in 1887, giving one delegate at large to each county, and for each 150 votes, and major fraction thereof:

Table with columns: COUNTIES, VOTES, COUNTIES, VOTES. Lists counties and their respective votes for Samuel Maxwell in 1887.

It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.

To Chairmen County Central Committees: WHEREAS, At the republican state convention held at Lincoln October 5, 1887, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the state central committee be instructed to embrace in its call for the next state convention the submission of the prohibition question to the republican voters at the republican primaries.

Therefore, in accordance with the above resolution, the several county central committees are hereby instructed to include in their call for their next county convention the submission of the prohibition question to the REPUBLICAN voters at the republican primaries.

Geo. D. MERRILL, Chairman. WALT M. SHELLEY, Secretary.

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