

LAST WEEK OF OUR GREAT DISSOLUTION SALE.

Bargains In Towels

All Linen Huck, Size 14x28, Reduced to 84 cents.
 All Linen Damask, Size 19x37, Fancy Bordered, worth 20 cts, now 15.
 All Linen Damask, Size 20x42, Fancy Bordered, worth 25 cts., now 20.
 All Linen Damask, Size 20x40, Plain and Fancy Bordered, worth 35c, now 27.
 All Linen Damask, Size 18x26, Knotted Fringe Ends, worth 35 cts, now 27.
 All Linen Satin Damask, Size 20x40, Knotted Fringe Ends, worth 40c., now 30.
 All Linen Satin Damask, Size 23x46, Knotted Fringe Ends, worth 50c., now 40.
 All Linen Satin Damask, Size 24x48, Knotted Fringe Ends, worth 75c., now 62.
 Complete assortment of Bath Towels.

Bargains In Curtains.

Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, all taped, worth \$1.75, reduced to 1.35 a pair.
 Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, all taped, worth \$2.00, reduced to 1.50 a pair.
 Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, all taped, worth \$2.25, reduced to 1.75 a pair.
 Guipure Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, all taped, worth \$3.50, reduced to \$3.00 a pair.
 Guipure Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, all taped worth \$4.00, reduced to \$3.25 a pair.
 Guipure Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, all taped, worth \$5.00, reduced to \$3.75 a pair.
 Guipure Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, all taped, worth \$6.50, reduced to \$5.00 a pair.
 Guipure Lace Curtains, 4 yards, long, all taped, worth \$9.00, reduced to \$7.50 a pair.
 These are all New Goods and the Very Latest Designs.

Embroidered

Flouncings.

Our 70 cent Flouncings Reduced to 55.
 Our 85 cent " " " to 70.
 Our \$1.00 " " " to 85.
 Our 1.25 " " " to 1.00.
 Our 1.50 " " " to 1.25.
 Our 1.75 " " " to 1.40.
 Our 2.00 " " " to 1.50.
 Our 2.25 " " " to 1.75.
 These are from 36 to 45 inches wide and come in Swiss, Hamburg and India Cloths.

LAST WEEK OF OUR GREAT DISSOLUTION SALE!

Lace Flouncings

Black Silk Spanish, a Bargain at \$1.35, Reduced to \$1.10.
 Black Silk Spanish Guipure worth \$2, Reduced to \$1.75.
 Black Silk Spanish Guipure, worth \$3.50, Reduced to \$2.15.
 Black Silk Chantilly, worth \$3.50, Reduced to \$3.00.
 White Valenciennes Flouncing, worth \$1.25, now \$1.00.
 Cream Oriental Flouncing at 50c., Reduced to 42.
 Cream Oriental Flouncing at 65c., Reduced to 55.
 Cream Oriental Flouncing at 75c., Reduced to 62.
 Cream Oriental Flouncing at \$1.00, Reduced to 85c.
 Cream Oriental Flouncing at \$1.25, Reduced to \$1.00.

White Goods! White Goods!

On account of the backwardness of the season we have made a big cut in this line.
 Plain, White and Cream India Linons at 10, 12 1/2, 15, 18, 20, 27 1/2.
 Checked and Striped Indias in White and Cream from 10 cents to 27 1/2.
 Checked and Striped Nainsooks at 8 1/2, 10, 12 1/2, 15, 20, 25.
 Figured and Checked Marseilles from 20 cents to 40 cents a yard.
 Cream and White Lace Checks and Stripes at 10, 15 and 20.
 Full Stock of Victoria Lawns—India Mulls all colors—Froning Linens.
 Full Stock of Turlatanes—Swiss Plain and Dotted—Tuckings.

Black Satin Parasols, Lined, worth \$1.50, reduced to \$1.25.
 Black Satin Parasols, Lined, Lace-Trimmed, Reduced to \$1.65.
 Black Satin Parasols, Lined, Lace-Trimmed, worth \$2.50, now \$2.
 Black Satin Parasols, Lined, Lace-Trimmed, chambrade Ribbons, worth \$4.25, now \$3.50.
 Pongee Silk Coaching worth \$2.00, Reduced to 1.65.
 Pongee Silk Coaching, lace-trimmed, worth \$4.00, now \$3.25.
 Cream Oriental Lace-covered, good value at \$2.50, now \$2.00.
 Cream Spanish Guipure-covered, worth \$4.00, now \$3.25.
 Black Satin Escorial, Lace covered, worth \$3, now \$2.60.
 Black Satin Beaded Escorial, Lace covered, worth \$9.50, now \$8.
 Full Lines of Silk Sun Umbrellas, Coaching in Plain, Striped and Checked Effects.

LAST WEEK OF OUR GREAT DISSOLUTION SALE!

Table Linens.

Our 30 Cream Damask Linen now 25.
 Our 50 Cream Damask Linen now 40.
 Our 65 Cream Damask Linen now 55.
 Our 75 Cream Damask Linen now 65.
 Our 75 Bleach Satin Damask now 65.
 Our \$1.00 Bleach Satin Damask now 85.
 Our \$1.25 Bleach Satin Damask now \$1.

Bargains In Toilet Quilts.

Our Diamond Crochet Quilt good value at \$1.00, Reduced to 85 cents.
 Our Medallion Crochet Quilt good value at \$1.25, Reduced to \$1.00.
 Our Kaaters Kill Crochet Quilt good value at \$1.35, Reduced to \$1.10.
 Our No. 280 Crochet Quilt a Bargain at \$1.50, Reduced to \$1.20.
 Our No. 285 Crochet Quilt a Bargain at \$2.00, Reduced to \$1.60.
 Our No. 170 Marseilles Quilt Extra Value at \$2.00, Reduced to \$1.60.
 Our No. 333 Marseilles Quilt Extra Value at \$4.00, Reduced to \$3.00.

Table Linens.

Our 35 Turkey Red Reduced to 22.
 Our 40 Turkey Red Reduced to 33 1/2.
 Our 50 Turkey Red Reduced to 40.
 Our 65 Turkey Red Reduced to 55.
 Our 75 Turkey Red Reduced to 65.
 Our 85 Turkey Red Reduced to 75.
 Our 95 Turkey Red reduced to 85.

F. Herrmann & Co., 1 door East 1st Nat'l Bank

DON'T READ THIS!

Unless you want to know where to get the Best "Cash" Bargain in **BOOTS AND SHOES!**

We are now offering Special Prices in—

OUR ENTIRE LINE!

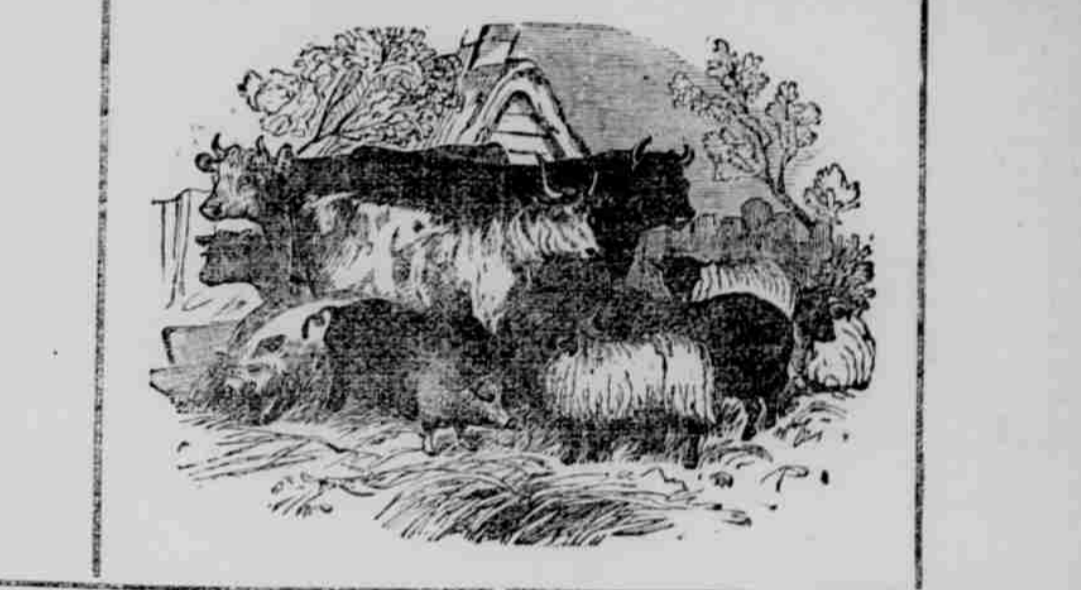
And the most we pride ourselves on is our excellent line of

Ladies' Hand-Turned Shoes

At their Present Low Prices. Ladies looking for such a Shoe should not fail to call on

W. A. BOECK & CO.

PUBLIC SALE!



As I have sold my farm and have a lot of horses, cows, pigs and farming utensils that have to be sold, I offer them at public sale on

FRIDAY, JUNE 1st, '88,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at my farm, three miles west of Plattsmouth. The following is a partial list: Six fresh milch cows, twenty cows and heifers, two Polangus heifers, one yearling Polangus bull, thirteen breeding sows, two broode mares, four work horses, two yearling colts, one single buggy, one set of single harness, spring wagon, hay racks, harrows, bob-sleds, mowing machines, seeder, stock cutters and corn shellers, a large number of chickens, and a number of articles too numerous to mention. All have got to be sold.
 TERMS—All sums under \$10, cash, all sums over that amount, time will be given at 10 per cent with good security. For cash, 5 per cent off.

WM. NEVILLE.

B. & M. Time Table.

GOING WEST.	GOING EAST.
No. 1—5:30 a. m.	No. 2—4:30 p. m.
No. 3—6:30 a. m.	No. 4—5:30 p. m.
No. 5—7:30 a. m.	No. 6—6:30 p. m.
No. 7—8:30 a. m.	No. 8—7:30 p. m.
No. 9—9:30 a. m.	No. 10—8:30 p. m.
No. 11—10:30 a. m.	No. 12—9:30 p. m.

All trips made daily by way of Omaha, except No. 1 and 2 which run to and from Schuyler daily except on Saturday.
 No. 30 is a stub to Pacific Junction at 8:30 a. m. No. 10 is a stub from Pacific Junction at 11:30 a. m.

Begg's Blood Purifier and Blood Maker.
 No remedy in the world has gained the popularity that this medicine has, as held on family medicine. No one should be without it. It has no calomel or quinine in its composition, consequently no bad effects can arise from it. We keep a full supply at all times. O. P. SMITH Co. Druggist. j25-3md&w

REMEMBER

W. J. WARRICK

HAS THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF WALL PAPER, PAINTS, ETC.

Satens in all the latest patterns, French Satens specially fine at J. V. Weckbach's.

Those who wish their stores stored during the summer can leave them at U. V. Matkawa. mo22w2

I sell shoes cheaper than anybody. Call on be convinced, no trouble to show goods. P. PETER MERGES.

J. P. Young has a fine line of flags for Decoration Day, all sizes and prices; also some G. A. R. flags. Don't fail to give him a call. You will also find a full line of Hammocks at low prices.

Try the celebrated "milk punch" and "milk shake," a strictly pure temperance drink made by J. P. Young, only 5c per glass, made from Jersey milk in any flavor desired. Nothing to equal it in the city.

Fire Insurance written in the **Etna, Phoenix and Hartford by Windham & Davies.**

Novelties in ladies ready-made muslin underwear at J. V. Weckbach's.

Phil Young sells maple, banana, birch beer, nutmeg orange, moxie, coca phosphates, lemon, strawberry, chocolate, vanilla, soda water with Jersey cream, at 5c per glass and is pronounced by all who drink it, the best in the city. 2t

Repair Stove Wood at Timothy Clark's coal yard, south 4th st., Telephone 13. m 25 1 w

H. M. Gault will move to the Sherwood room, corner of 5th and Main sts. on the first day of June, where he will have more room to show his large stock of watches and clocks, jewelry and silverware and also do repairing of same in short notice. Everything warranted as represented.

Bargains in hosiery for ladies and children at Weckbach's

If it is real estate you want, see Windham & Davies' column on second page.

Men's canvass shoes at Merges', only 50 cents, everything cheap. tf.

A large line of white goods, flouncings allovers at J. V. Weckbach's.

Begg's Cherry Cough Syrup. Is warranted for all that the label calls for, so if it does not relieve your cough you can call at our store and the money will be refunded to you. It acts simultaneously on all parts of the system, thereby leaving no bad results. O. P. SMITH Co., Druggists. j25-3md&w

Plenty of feed, flour, graham and meal at Heisel's mill. tf

Two elegant furnished rooms to rent. Enquire at this office. tf

The cheapest shoes at Merges'. tf.

A fine line of white aprons employed in the latest styles, prices very low at Weckbach's.

—Now is your chance if you wish a good watch send us thirty subscribers to the HERALD.

FOR SALE—On reasonable terms my residence on the N. W. corner of 8th and 11th Sts. Said property consists of 3 block with a good story and a half house of 6 rooms, two wardrobes and one pantry; good well and city water; twenty-seven bearing apple trees, and an abundance of small fruit of all kinds. P. D. DATES.

G. B. KEMPSTER, Practical Pi-ano and Organ Tuner AND REPAIRER.

First-class work guaranteed. Also dealer in Pianos and Organs. Office at Boeck's furniture store, Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

IMAGINARY ILLS.

WHY MANY PERSONS SHOULD LET MEDICAL BOOKS ALONE.

Not Best to Make Too Close a Study of One's Physical Attainments—The Results of Brooding Over Matters—The Faith Cure.

It is dangerous for many highly intellectual people to study or even read a medical treatise, because it will surely undermine their comfort and peace, if not their health. I have known several who were compelled to turn back from the study of medicine purely because of their having this over powerful imagination. I am myself unable to treat many contagious diseases without securing mild attacks of the same myself. I believe the most serious effects on susceptible persons is a sort of congestion of different organs, most likely of bladder, kidneys and the heart. That this is dangerous in many cases is not to be disputed.

The very best possible advice to many persons is simply to let all medical books alone, and to employ their minds that they will not think of matters of health and disease. I do not mean that on that account they must neglect all precautions against disease, and refuse to exercise common sense as to diet and physical protection. This can be done on general principles, with special attention, and so without morbid consciousness. What I do mean is that there is one hundredfold more doctored going on than is necessary; and all of this is tending to create false symptoms and an unhealthy self anatomy. It is precisely as in moral affairs. Wise teachers know that a person can form no worse religious habit than a study of his own nature. Edward Everett Hale makes the lay of right living to be "to look upward, not downward; outward, not inward; forward, not backward, and to lend a hand." I would say that a similar law should control us physically—to look away from our petty ailments, to look up, and forward, and outward.

EFFECTS OF IMAGINATION.

Chronic medicine takers will soon develop every ill that they imagine. I wish to emphasize this side of the "faith" question. It is not only true that faith cures, but that faith also diseases, and it is the diseases of faith that faith is able to remove. There are pictures in whom imagination is so dominant that they can make themselves ill or well as they decide to be. But let it be also understood that we are all liable to be more or less similarly victims of our own impressions. In cases of insomnia, the one all important point is to convince the patient that he is going to have a good night of it. He will then promptly fall asleep and rest undisturbed probably all night. But if, just before bedtime, he begins to worry and imagine that he shall be wakeful, the chances are he will be wide open eyed in spite of your drugs. It has been my custom in cases of nervous insomnia to administer sweetened water flavored with some harmless substance, and it works quite as well as a powerful soporific. What is needed is to arouse the confidence of the patient.

It is an absolute necessity that we do not brood over any matter whatever, allowing it to make too deep an impression on the brain, or as we say, on our minds. A large proportion of the women patients in insane asylums are there for no other reason, but failure to restrain and curb their emotions. Dr. Conroy says, "through their habitual indulgence of bad temper." This statement of the

AS AN ANATOMICAL CORNER.

Indeed, I am inclined to think that each and every one of us has in some corner of the mind a susceptibility that is irrational. Our one oddity or susceptibility may never be strongly called out, or if it be it may very likely be a harmless affair, causing amusement, but doing no harm. The large majority indulge such fancies mainly in connection with their religion or theology, and never grow absurd, except in affairs of what we often term the "heart." Here they sustain a realm of faith, and consider it right and rational to believe what they understand to be incredible and impossible on every ground but revelation and faith. This is not altogether harmless, however, and in periods of excitement leads to delusions and disorders of a dangerous sort.

OUR MINDS SHOULD BE TRAINED HABITUALLY TO TURN AWAY FROM WHATEVER SUBJECT PRODUCES UNHAPPINESS, OR IRRITATION, OR A MORBID FANCY.

Expectation of a consequence, or fear of it, is a potent cause to produce it. Or, to use the technical word faith, we know that faith will both induce and remove diseases. There is no question but that the application of king's hands did cure scrofula, but the cure was induced by the expectant state of the patient's mind. I have known warts removed by absolute nonsense—but this nonsense was sufficient to awaken faith in the person afflicted. The oldest use of electric belts and similar appliances was found by certain distinguished surgeons and physicians to be working remarkable cures. They substituted wooden trapezoids, made to resemble the genuine, and obtained the same results. The patient's faith did the work.—M. Maurice, M. D., in Globe-Democrat.

The Multiplication of Monads.

It is a little curious that the report of Dr. Dalling's experiments with monads, published in The Royal Microscopical Journal, has been so generally passed over in silence in the more popular records of scientific investigation. There was nothing of a controversial character in Dr. Dalling's undertaking. A learned and zealous member of the Royal Society, he merely wished to see whether the monad, the smallest and lowest embodiment of animal life visible to even the aided sight of man, could be transmuted into new and more advanced species. In this doing he carried into effect Darwin's own suggestion that by "watching the lowest and least visible organisms" we can alone "actually observe and demonstrate the manner in which living creatures adapt themselves by outward and inward modifications to changed circumstances, and so produce what are called new species."

The monads with which Dr. Dalling carried on his processes are not spontaneously generated, for there is evidence, that need not be considered here, of their regular creation. The little creatures live, on an average, about four minutes, so that during the observer's ten years of persevering labor and vigilant watching he must have witnessed the birth, maturity and death of about half a million generations.—"J. T. P." in Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

A WOMAN EXPLORER.

A BRIDE OF 19 PENETRATES THE FORESTS OF YUCATAN.

Wonderful Story of an Ancient Civilization as Related by Miss Alice Le Plongeon—"Atlantis" Not a Fable—Remarkable Discoveries.

A wonderful career has been that of Miss Alice Le Plongeon, who, as a bride of 19, went from her home in England to share the dangers of life in the forests of Central America with her husband, Dr. Augustus Le Plongeon, the savant and explorer. Full of enthusiasm, she came to New York and sailed away to the little known country of Yucatan, where her husband had been pioneer to his journey to London and his discovery of her exploring the ruins of Uxmal. She went there for a few months' stay, and remained for fourteen years. In those years, separated from home and friends and from the society of a white people, Miss Le Plongeon studied constantly, learned to speak the Spanish and the old Maya languages, and pondered the ruins of cities, temples and statues until she became a deeply learned woman. Prehistoric life was her theme, and she commenced her study with the mystic beginnings of Isis and Osiris and the kingly career of Caw, the first ruler of the Mayas, whose reign, many years ago, over Maya's ancient Yucatan is tropicized in sculpture, hieroglyphics and bas-reliefs innumerable.

"No one can imagine," said Miss Le Plongeon, speaking of her life in Yucatan, "the dangers that appalled us as we threaded our way through jungles and forests almost impenetrable, hungry and cold, and never comfortable."

Miss Le Plongeon picked up a series of photographs of bas relief, which she said were taken from a building unexcavated at Uxmal, which had 129 rooms, arranged in pairs, each pair communicating with one another by a doorway. She described the sculptures as having been erected on artificial terraces, composed of stones laid on the top of each other, one of them being similar in style to the famous "hanging gardens" of Babylon.

"I think the most interesting thing to tell you is of the proof we found that Free Masonry existed in prehistoric times," and she gathered up from a large collection of photographs a number that represented the same Masonic symbols as are now in use. They were exact counterparts of those familiar to the order today.

"Will you tell what you purpose doing with these treasures you have collected?"

"Certainly, we are back from Central America to invite Americans to their own country and to invite them to examine the proofs we bring that the oldest civilization on earth existed in that part of the continent. My husband is writing a book which, when published, will give a succinct and complete account of the result of our fourteen years' stay in Yucatan and the great value of the discoveries made by him. We have fac similes of the ancient palaces of the Mayas, as you see here, with their peculiar architecture, their bas-reliefs and curious sculpture representing the portraits of their great men, priests and warriors, their interesting mural paintings and mysterious inscriptions. The old stones, buried these many centuries in the depths of forests only five or six days' distance from New York, have a wondrous story to tell to the world. Whenever the people of the United States are ready for the information which can be

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obtained, the book will tell that covers the dawn of human civilization will be drawn into and the world will take this country for unravelling the mystery of the beginnings of the race on this planet."

Miss Le Plongeon spoke earnestly and with much feeling. Holding up a large clay id a great marble picture, she said: "Look at the carving on that temple. Is it not gorgeous? All the monuments of Yucatan," she continued, "were made by powerful races, highly civilized, since they had the use of a written language and alphabetical characters that have preceded us thousands of years. Not only is their own history in series on the faces of their public buildings, but also their cosmogonical traditions. Of course, it is with a shock that people hear us say that we bear with us proofs that America was the cradle of the human race, and that the countries forming Central America were the scene of the events described as having taken place in the Garden of Eden. Professor Agassiz, you know, founded his belief that America was the old world, and not the new, upon the geological formation of this continent."

"Then you give credence to the theory that there was such a catastrophe as the sinking of Atlantis?"

"Certainly. That continent existed between America and the western coast of Africa and Europe. In a Maya manuscript still in existence there is an account of that awful cataclysm, and these interesting monuments, with their inscriptions so full of historical revelations, with the key of their decipherment known, are able to give us the entire history of the intellectual development of the human family. What makes it more delightful, too, is that this history is free from the myths and fables, creations of unlettered and credulous imaginations or work of crafty philosophers, which we find in the sacred books of the Asiatic countries. We have inherited myths bequeathed to us as revelations from on high, and the origin of which we did not know until they stood revealed in the excavated cities of Yucatan and the crumbled walls of the temples of Maya."

"Shall you ever go back, madame, to prosecute further explorations?"

"That depends entirely upon your people. If there is an interest in the work we will gladly carry it on during our lifetime. We left hidden many a trophy, because we were unwilling to have our pains for nothing. My husband lives in the hope of being permitted to present to the scientific world a series of manuscripts written by the founders of the buried cities of Uxmal and Mayapan. The ruins of the former city are owned by a gentleman who will not allow one stone to be moved by explorers, but he is constantly destroying monuments to use the stones in the building of farmhouses. Think of that! We have in our possession now a writing done by these ancient people which we believe to be older than all the Bibles of the world, and antedates the submerging of Atlantis, which once existed between Florida and the Azores, off the coast of Spain."

Laura C. Holloway in New York Graphic.

Men's and Women's Hearts.

In The London Standard is an account of a German doctor's investigations as to the size of men's and women's hearts. The masculine heart weighs more and is larger than that possessed by the fair sex. A heart, it would appear, grows most quickly during the first and second years of life, and between the second and seventh years it doubles in size. Until after the British birth-day the heart still grows a little. In childhood the male and female heart are the same size; but after manhood the masculine heart develops much more than the female, and ends by being two square inches larger than the latter.—New York Sun.