

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

FIRST YEAR

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.

NUMBER 127.

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor, J. D. SIMPSON
Clerk, W. H. SMITH
Treasurer, J. H. WALKER
Attorney, B. B. CLARK
Recorder, A. MADOLE
Police Judge, J. S. MADOLE
Marshal, W. H. MADOLE
Councilmen, 1st ward, J. V. WALKER
2d " J. D. SIMPSON
3d " J. H. WALKER
4th " J. S. MADOLE
5th " J. S. MADOLE
Board Pub. Works, J. W. JOHNSON, Chairman
ED. H. HANSEN, Secretary

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Treasurer, D. A. CAMPBELL
County Clerk, THOS. POLLOCK
Deputy Clerk, E. A. GRIFFIN
Recorder of Deeds, E. A. GRIFFIN
Deputy Recorder, JOHN M. LEVDA
Clerk of District Court, W. C. SPOWART
Sheriff, J. C. KIRKMAN
Surveyor, A. MADOLE
Attorney, ALLEN BERSON
Supt. of Pub. Schools, MAX S. SPENGLER
County Judge, C. RESSMILL
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
A. B. TODD, Plattsmouth
LOUIS F. LEZ, Chairman, Weeping Water
A. B. DE KORN, Edmwood

CIVIC SOCIETIES.

CLASS LODGE No. 418, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend.

TRIO LODGE No. 81, A. O. U. W.—Meets every alternate Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend. F. E. White, Master Workman; H. A. Tate, Foreman; C. F. Morgan, Overseer; J. E. Morris, Recorder.

CLASS CAMP No. 322, MODERN WOODMEN of America—Meets every alternate Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend with us. L. A. Newbauer, Venerable Consul; C. E. Niles, Worthy Advisor; D. B. Smith, Ex. Banker; W. C. Whitely, Clerk.

PLATTSMOUTH LODGE No. 8, A. O. U. W.—Meets every alternate Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Transient brothers are respectfully invited to attend. J. A. G. Galt, Master; M. W. S. G. Galt, Foreman; S. C. White, Recorder; L. A. Newbauer, Overseer.

McCONIHIE POST 45 C. A. R.

J. W. JEFFERSON, Commander
C. S. TRISS, Senior Vice
E. A. RAFFERTY, Junior Vice
GEO. NILES, Secretary
ALBERT TAYLOR, Treasurer
MAGNUS DEAN, Chaplain
CHARLES FORD, Sergeant
H. H. HEMMEL, Quartermaster
JACOB LOBE, Librarian
ALPHA WILBERT, Post Chaplain
Meeting, Saturday evening

WM. L. BROWNE, LAW OFFICE.

Personal attention to all business entrusted to my care.

NOTARY IN OFFICE.

Titles Examined, Abstracts Compiled, Insurance Written, Real Estate Sold.

Better Facilities for making Farm Loans than

Any Other Agency.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska.

H. E. PALMER & SON

GENERAL

INSURANCE AGENTS

Represent the following time-

tried and fire-tested companies:

American Central-S. Louis, Assets	\$1,258,100
Commercial Union-England,	2,590,314
Fire Association-Philadelphia,	5,415,576
Franklin-Philadelphia,	5,117,166
Home-New York,	7,855,519
Ins. Co. of North America-Phil.,	8,471,392
Liverpool & London & Globe-Eng.	6,639,781
North British & Mercantile-Eng.	3,378,754
Norwich Union-England,	1,915,466
Springfield F. & M.-Springfield,	3,644,975
Total Assets,	\$42,115,774

Losses Ad. Just and Paid at this Agency

WE WILL HAVE A

Fine Line

OF

HOLIDAY GOODS,

ALSO

Library Lamps

OF

Unique Designs and Patterns

AT THE USUAL

Cheap Prices

AT

SMITH & BLACK'S.

Latest by Telegraph.

BORROWED AND STOLEN.

Weather Indications.

For Nebraska: Light snow, light to fresh northerly winds, shifting to easterly, stationary, followed by rising temperature.

Reached the X-Roads.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 8.—It is reported that D. R. Lock (Petroleum V. Nasby) will not live more than twenty-four hours. His disease is consumption.

To Advertise Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., Feb. 8.—At a meeting of the board of trade tonight the following committee was appointed to take charge of advertising the city in the east: S. C. Smith, E. O. Kerthinger, A. L. Green, H. L. Ewing, and S. Grable. These men are all prominent citizens and represent large interests. Nearly ten thousand dollars has been subscribed to the advertising fund and the work will be pushed at once.

Miss Royce's Feet Amputated.

PLAINVIEW, Neb., Feb. 9.—The operation on Miss Lou M. Royce was successfully performed yesterday by Dr. Bear, of Norfolk, assisted by a number of other physicians. It was found necessary on consultation among the physicians after making an examination, to amputate both feet above the ankle. The left arm and hand, though badly crippled, will probably be saved. The patient is resting easy and the doctors think she will recover rapidly.

A New Iowa Registration Law.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 9.—The registration bill, which was amended passed the senate yesterday, and has now passed both houses, applies to every Iowa city of 2500 or more population. It requires every voter to register once in four years, taking the year of a presidential election for all other elections, and permits the Registrars to make up their list from the list of those who voted the year before, registering only new voters. The law as amended, doing away with the frequency of registration, is received with much favor, and will apply to about thirty cities of the first and second class.

Louisiana State Republican Ticket

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 9.—In consequence of the withdrawal of several of the candidates from the ticket nominated by the recent republican convention in this state, the state committee of the party last evening filled the vacancies. The ticket now stands as follows: H. C. Warmoth, for governor, as originally nominated; Andrew Hero, jr., for lieutenant governor, in place of H. C. Miner, declined; B. F. Flanders, for treasurer, in place of Hero, promoted; Robert Ray, of Ouachita, for attorney general, in place of W. G. Wyley, declined; John H. Patten, colored, for secretary of state, as originally nominated; Jos. A. Breau, the candidate for superintendent of education of the democratic ticket, was endorsed and accepted as the republican nominee for the same office in place of Flanders, declined. The ticket is by no means as strong as first created, several of its best men having declined.

A Rail Swooper.

WABASH, Ind., Feb. 9.—Curtis McCoy, of McCoy's Station, Ind., has invented an appliance for sweeping from the rail the sand used by locomotives in ascending a grade with trains, and is about to secure its adoption by the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan Railroad. The device is very simple, consisting of steel-wire brooms hung immediately in the rear of the back drivers and operated by a lever in a cab. It is well known to railroad men that the crushed sand on the rail after the engine has passed over it increases the friction of the train, and it is to overcome this that the rail sweep is employed. Arrangements have been made for a test of the invention on the C. W. and M. road Thursday afternoon, and invitations have been issued to a large number of railway officials throughout the state to be present and witness the same. A coach will be attached to a heavy freight train, the locomotive being attached to all the cars it can make over the hill the sweep not being used. Afterward the same train, with the addition of several cars, will be run up the grade to demonstrate the effect the sweep will have in increasing the power of the locomotive. Among those who are expected to be present is Grand Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The result of the test is awaited with much interest by railway men in this vicinity. Mr. McCoy was formerly in the service of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago road.

National Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The commissioner of agriculture has not received the resignation of Prof. Dodge, and many persons are appealing to the commissioner to retain him.

Mr. Belmont, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, said today he understood the draft of the proposed treaty had been transmitted to the Chinese minister containing such modifications of existing treaties as would bring about the complete exclusion of that class of emigrants to which the people of the western coast object. He believed that within a month the country would have a treaty which would effectually dispose of a question. Mr. Belmont added that no clause permitting the extradition of a citizen of the United States for any political offenses was included in the British extradition treaty sent to the senate.

It is reported that the senate in secret session this afternoon postponed further consideration of the British extradition treaty until next December.

The Queen's Speech

LONDON, Feb. 9.—The queen's speech was read at the ministerial banquet last evening. After congratulating the country upon its pacific foreign relations, she announces that it is the intention of the government to introduce a bill declaring squares and thoroughfares unsuitable for public gatherings; a bill of broad scope dealing with the Irish valuation and English local valuation bill. The speech expresses satisfaction at the diminution of crime and the improved social condition in Ireland. Other measures were announced.

The speech does not refer to the European crisis. The reference to foreign relations is devoted chiefly to the Afghan boundary settlement and the sugar bounties conference.

An Original Bracelet.

A beautiful bracelet which I saw the other day was a good illustration of what originality can do in the way of jewelry. The bracelet was composed of some fourteen gems, varying in size, color and luster, set in solid gold links. There were no two stones alike, and but one or two of the whole number had names which are at all familiar to jewelers' customers. All the stones came from the cabinet of the gentleman under whose direction they were cut and mounted, and a number of them were of American origin. All were singularly beautiful and gemmable, to coin a word.—George T. Kim in Harper's.

School Hours for Children.

On rainy days, instead of the usual hour's intermission at noon, considerably less than an hour is taken for recess, and with this exception the children are kept continuously at work from shortly after 9 o'clock till 2. This is known in school phraseology as "short session"; the last two hours thereof, any teacher will bear me out in saying, are worse than useless. Children and teacher alike are weary and irritable. They eat and react upon one another. It is more than doubtful whether anything is effectually taught or effectually learned. Surely when school hours are so long, education work might be completed in them. After giving four or five hours to mental work in school, children should not be required to study two or three hours longer out of school. Home work often takes up the hour of twilight which remains after school on a winter's day, and children, who need sunshine as much as do daisies, live in semi-darkness till their cheeks are blanched like ebery stalks. In half the time now spent in lessons children would acquire as much or more. Books would not be regarded with the distaste which follows weariness. The learners would come to study with minds refreshed, and hence keen and attentive.—E. M. Hardings in The Epoch.

Thrift in "Little Italy."

Perhaps the very best thing to be noted of the Italians—because, for one thing, it is susceptible of proof, and for another, it is so antagonistic to all vice—is their thrift. Of that there can be no question. There are about fifty prominent padroni in New York, none of them worth less than \$10,000, and one worth nearly \$200,000. In the nature of things the padroni is a self-made man—it is not exactly an occupation for gentlemen—and his charges, his "children" over here, certainly follow his example in money getting. Around Mulberry Bend, Baxter Bend and Five Points, names synonymous in the public mind with abject poverty and squalor, there are about sixteen Italian banking and money-making establishments, generally small places, of course, but thriving.—Viola Roseboro in The Cosmopolitan.

Tons of Spanish Gold.

Eight thousand five hundred Spanish denariens were received at the assay office to be melted into bullion. All of these coins, which are worth \$17.15 each, and valued in the aggregate at \$147,000, here dates previous to 1800 and some were marked with dates as remote as the Sixteenth century. They are supposed to be the results of treasure hunting expeditions organized to look for Spanish ships which were scuttled and sunk by Spaniards themselves during the Napoleonic wars to prevent the treasure falling into the hands of the French or of the pirates, who then infested the Caribbean sea. No information could be obtained as to the owners of the doubloons, which were received from the West Indies.—Detroit Free Press.

Lithographers will be pleased to know that lithographic stone is found in Dallas, Tex., fully equal to the stone imported from Europe.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

HOW HE LOOKS AFTER HIS VOLU-MINOUS CORRESPONDENCE.

Varied Character of the Letters He Receives—All Sorts of Requests from All Sorts of People—Invitation Letters by the Dozen.

A safe yawns in one corner of the room. From underneath the closed lid of Mr. Depew's desk peep a row of newspapers. Some one has been in his room before him, and his mail has been placed at hand for his inspection. And it is something of a mail, too. So you would think if you had to open it. The oldest thing about these letters is their varied character. Half or more refer to the business of the great corporation which Mr. Depew manages. The other half refer to his still more widely known relations to the social world.

Here is a letter that would have made the president's great professor, Commodore Vanderbilt, turn black with rage. It only provokes a smile on Mr. Depew's countenance. It is from a college boy who has been appointed by his College to be a member of a certain professional society. The question is: "Resolved, that free trade is more advantageous to the country than protection." The unhappy writer is expected to uphold the Cobden theory, and realizing the magnitude of the task and the importance of the question, he calls Mr. Depew's views briefly on the subject.

A courteous reply is immediately dictated, thanking the youth for the honor of the request, and expressing regret that business cares prevent his giving the matter that deliberation the importance of the subject demands.

ALL SORTS OF WANTS.

Another and partially similar request comes from a young man in Ohio, who is called upon to make a speech at a Sunday school convention. Would Mr. Depew please send him a few suitable suggestions for the occasion? Or, if that would be too much trouble, a copy of his own speeches would be greatly appreciated.

"The third letter of that sort within three months," comments the president as he crumples the paper in his hand and drops it into the waste basket.

"Considering how many people there are who want money. And they always want large sums, too," he remarks, as he lays down an open letter in a woman's handwriting. "I have no doubt of this woman's need and her sincerity. Read it."

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew:
I am forced to appeal to your generosity, though I should much rather not do so. Five years ago my husband died, leaving me with six children and my little home. I was obliged to mortgage the property for \$2,500. Last summer I was sick and could not pay the interest. Will you please advance me the money. The place will be foreclosed on the first of the month, and I don't know what we shall do. Please don't disregard the prayer of a widowed and despairing mother.

"You notice," observes the president, "that there is not one word in this about my loaning the money. She evidently expects it as a gift."

"Will you answer it?"

"What good would that do? She would only write again. I very seldom answer begging letters. Courtesy in such cases generally makes matters worse."

"There are other letters of a similar nature, asking for sums varying from \$500 to \$5,000. They are read and buried without ceremony in the waste basket."

LETTERS OF INVITATION.

Now we come to a different kind of letters. These ask favors, but not pecuniary ones, unless a busy man's time is regarded literally in that light. They are invitations to dinners where a speech is expected in addition to his company. There are an even half dozen of these, three of them for the same evening. They are pleasantly answered and politely declined, with regret.

Here is a letter from a committee in a thriving southern city. They are about to open with impressive ceremonies a new chamber of commerce, and want Mr. Depew to deliver the oration of the day. He is urged in fervent terms not to disregard this invitation.

"Of course, I cannot go," he observed. "It is out of the question. I accepted all the invitations I received I would have to be in half a dozen different towns on the same night frequently."

The stenographer takes down a witty reply regretting that other duties prevent his acceptance.

"Now, next week," he continues, "I shall receive half a dozen letters from gentlemen in that town whom I want to see. They will urge me to come, and will tell me that the occasion is of such importance that the ordinary reasons which prompted my refusal do not apply with the same force. This sort of a refusal has to be repeated two or three times on the average."

Letters from clergymen asking for passes, from friends asking for places, from parents begging the reinstatement of dismissed sons, from political managers making suggestions for speeches, and from captains of brigades asking for articles regarding speeches that have already been made, comprise a part only of the remaining letters.

Rather a hard task to wade through them all! It would be under any circumstances, but it is rendered doubly difficult to President Depew. There is hardly a letter in the bundle which is not read while the visitor is talking to him. His woe replies are contentedly mingled with his written ones, and the stenographer is often half in despair as to whether a sentence is intended for the correspondent in San Francisco or the railroad magnate from Chicago who is seated by the president's side.—Benjamin Northrop in New York Mail and Express.

Thick and Thin Soles.

The fact can be kept warmer in cold weather by wearing a shoe with a light sole than a thick one. With the former the foot has a chance to work, thereby keeping up a circulation. This, of course, applies only when the weather is dry; but when it is wet and rubber is necessary, it is best to wear a single solid shoe inside. In the summer the thick sole should be worn, for it keeps the heat from striking through to the foot. This is all so contrary to the preconceived opinions of the public that it is doubtful whether it will receive much credence, but it is the fact of the same.

The Daylight Store.

Just after our inventory, we reduce prices to sell the goods rather than to carry over. We are willing to sell our entire Winter Goods at cost. Staples we have a large quantity and offer them very low. Calicoes 3 to 5 cents per yard, making the best standard of them at 20 yards for \$1.00. Gingham best dress styles 10 cents per yard. Dress goods all kinds at the very lowest prices, from 5 cents per yard upward. Woolen hose we offer at cost, extra fine. Ladies cashmere hose, worth \$1.00, now 75 cents, fine heavy wool 40 cents, now 25 cents; children's fine ribbed worth 50, now 30. Under ware must go at low prices, as we will not keep them over.

Our Gents Silver Grey Marine Shirts and drawers, former prices 50 now 35.

Our Gents Silver Grey Marine Shirts and drawers, extra quality 75 now 50.

Our Scarlet all wool shirts and drawers fine quality \$1.00 now 75 cents.

Our Scarlet all wool shirts and drawers, fine quality \$1.25 now 1.00.

Our scarlet all-wool shirts and drawers, fine quality \$1.75 now 1.25.

Our scarlet all-wool shirts and drawers, fine quality \$2.00 now 1.40.

Ladies' - Underwear,

EQUALLY AS CHEAP.

Our 25 per cent. discount on cloaks, is still good. We are determined to close out our entire stock and never before has such an opportunity been offered to economical buyers to purchase the best qualities for so little money.

Joseph V. Weckbach.

FURNITURE EMPORIUM.



Parlor Sets, Bedroom Sets.

FOR ALL CLASSES OF

FINE FURNITURE

FOR

Parlors, Bedrooms, Dining-rooms.

Kitchens, Hallways, Offices,

GO TO

HENRY BOECK'S

Where a magnificent stock of Goods and Fair

Prices abound.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING A SPECIALTY

HENRY BOECK,

CORNER MAIN AND SIXTH PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

The New Photograph Gallery

Will be open January 24th, at the

OLD STAND OF K. H. CARRUTH

All work warranted first-class.

W. E. CUTLER.

ALL KINDS OF

CALIFORNIA CANNED GOODS, CHEAP.

SARATOGA CHIP POTATOES,

Pure Fruit Preserves, 15c a lb.

FRENCH, AMERICAN and MUSTARD SARDINES.

"Thompson's Relish," Something New and Nice

CRANBERRIES.

L. D. Bennett.