

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

VOL. 2.

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 11, 1884.

NO. 112.

JOSEPH V. WECKBACH.
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
Choice Family Groceries, Carpets, Rugs, Etc
AT
THE "DAYLIGHT" STORE,
CENTRAL MAIN STREET, PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

LUMBER. LUMBER
RICHEY BROS,
CORNER OF PEARL AND SEVENTH
—DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF—

Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
MIXED PAINTS, LIME,
Cement, Plaster, Hair,
BUILDING PAPER
Lowest Rates. Terms Cash

We are still on Deck,
AND EXPECT TO STAY.

We have got the largest and best selected stock of

Choice Family Groceries

in town, and we will sell them just as cheap as we possibly can and not "bust." Our Stock of

Queensware and Glassware,
is not large, but the goods are First-class, and we will give you some low prices. We pride ourselves on our

Teas and Spices,

Which we take great pains in selecting and can guarantee to be of the very best quality.

All you folks who have been going away from home to buy your groceries, come and give us a chance to give you figures.

We Will Duplicate Omaha Prices.

For same quality of goods and on the same terms. Come and see us.

BENNETT & LEWIS

HENRY BECK
DEALER IN
FURNITURE
SANDS, CHAIRS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Of All Descriptions.

METALLIC BURIAL CASES
WOODEN COFFINS
of all sizes, ready made and sold cheap for cash.

A FINE HEARSE

IS NOW READY FOR SERVICE.
With many thanks for past patronage. I invite all to call and examine my
LARGE STOCK OF
ST. FURNITURE AND OFFICES

KINKEAD BROS.,
PAINTERS & DECORATORS,
KALSOMINING, PAPER HANGING,
AND

FINE GRAINING,
Leave your orders with them for
First-Class Work.
PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA

NEW Furniture Store
J. I. UNRUH,
—DEALER IN—
FURNITURE & COFFINS
and all kinds of goods usually kept in a

FURNITURE & COFFINS
and all kinds of goods usually kept in a


FIRST CLASS FURNITURE STORE
Also, a very complete stock of Funeral Goods

Metallic & Wooden Coffins Caskets Robes
EMBLEMS, &c.
Our New and elegant hearse is always in readiness.
Remember the place, in UNION
BLOCK, on Sixth Street, TWO
Doors south of Cass County
Bank.
Where we may be found night or day.

J. I. UNRUH,
PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

PLATTSMOUTH MILLS
TREMOUTH, NEB.
BEISEL, Proprietor
Flour, Corn Meal, & Feed

PLATTSMOUTH HERALD.
PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

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National Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE,
of Maine.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN,
of Illinois.

Republican Central Committee Meeting.

The Republican Central Committee is hereby called to meet at Weeping Water, Saturday, July 12th, at 1 o'clock p. m. All members of said committee are especially requested to be present.
M. M. BUTLER, Ch'n.

Call for Republican Judicial Convention.

The republican electors of the second Judicial District of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from the several counties to meet in convention at Plattsmouth, Tuesday, August 13, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for District Attorney, selecting a central committee and such other business as may properly come before the convention. The several counties are entitled to representation as follows, being based upon the vote cast for J. M. Hlatt, Regent of the University, giving one delegate at large, and one for every one hundred and fifty votes and major fraction thereof:
Cass county 13
Lancaster county 11
Otoe county 11
Total 35
It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention unless held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.
Plattsmouth, Neb., July 1, 1884.
J. B. STRODE, Chairman,
D. H. WHEELER, Secretary.

Republican District Convention.

The Republican Electors of the First Congressional District of Nebraska are invited to send delegates from the several counties therein, to meet in convention at Beatrice on Wednesday, August 20, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention. The several counties are entitled to representation as follows, being based upon the vote cast for J. M. Hlatt, Regent of the University, giving one delegate at large, and one for every one hundred and fifty votes and the major fraction thereof:
Counties Del. Counties Del.
Douglas 10 Lawrence 13
Gage 10 Richardson 13
Johnson 5 Sarpy 5
Lancaster 11 Saunders 12
Nemaha 11
Otoe 11 Total 139
Cass 11
It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention, except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.
C. A. HOLMES, Chairman.
JOHN STREFF, Secretary.
Lincoln, June 26, 1884.

They have fed Ben. Butler a stone at Chicago, and filled John Kelly with vinegar and gall. This is hardly the kind of meat to feed Cæsars upon expecting them to do good fighting in the campaign to come.

There are no Thurston's in the democratic delegation at Chicago. Not one of them have been fit to be heard yet, except Morton, and whatever he said in behalf of Mr. Bayard was not thought worthy of reference to by the Chicago press.

Mr. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS should undoubtedly have a seat in the present National Democratic Convention. We would place it as reformer among the Kelly forces and have the great party, from which he expects reform and civil service regeneration, apply the unit gear to his aristocratic lips. We would have Bragg, of Wisconsin, shake his democratic fist under Mr. Curtis' red and sensitive nose every time Mr. Curtis protested. In fine, we would subject that feminine reformer to all the chastening rigor there is in and about the discipline of a great democratic national convention; we would do this in order that Mr. Curtis might see and understand just where the reform was to come in. In order that Mr. Curtis should have it impressed upon his sensitive nature just how much respect the democratic party has, and will have, for the individual independence of the modern kicker. To sum it all up, in order that Mr. Curtis might have a full and fair appreciation of Mr. Flanagan's interrogatory when that statesman exclaimed: "What in — are we here for?" and forever understood that he (Curtis) "should not monkey with the buzz saw," — we would have him a participant in the great

democratic convention, there to have and receive his full share of the glory and assume his just proportion of the risks.

MR. BLAINE'S FOREIGN POLICY.

Mr. James Morris Morgan, who was an officer in the Confederate navy and was subsequently connected with the Egyptian army, has issued in pamphlet form a defense of Mr. Blaine's foreign policy, entitled "America's Egypt." It is a strongly written document and derives its chief interest from the skillful manner in which he contrasts the people of Mexico and of Egypt and the pernicious results which must follow from an application of the methods England has pursued towards Egypt, growing out of its ownership in the Suez canal, and those of a similar nature which would be applied should England obtain an interest in the proposed Panama canal.

The parallel which Mr. Morgan draws between Mexico and Egypt is astonishingly close. In the similarity of appearance and customs, in agricultural methods, in the habits of the people and the fellah, in all their social and political conditions, in their form of government, in their treatment of foreigners, the two people are much alike, and "the tourist falling asleep at Alexandria and waking up at Vera Cruz, would scarcely know that he was in a new land." He goes on further, and with numerous illustrations shows that Americans have not been treated with justice in the Mexican and Central American republics, and that these republics have not been held accountable for infringing upon their rights. When Mr. Blaine entered President Garfield's cabinet he conceived that there was but one way in which these outrages could be stopped, and that was to hold those who perpetrated them responsible, and that there was but one way to prevent the establishment of a European protectorate in Mexico and the Central American states, and that was by the interposition of the Monroe doctrine. As Mr. Morgan says:

The control of the Panama Canal, he said in substance, must not pass out of the hands of the United States government. We are the masters on this continent. We do not intend to see Great Britain acquire a predominant influence in these parts and lord it over America as she does over Asia and Africa. I can easily understand why Great Britain would not like to see Mr. Blaine in the Presidential chair. For, "wherever Mr. Blaine can oust the British from the position they hold on the American continent," said the Pall Mall Gazette of London, after the nomination, "he will endeavor to replace English influence and trade by American. England will watch with extreme solicitude the progress of the Electoral campaign." We Americans understand such language as that perfectly, and will act as the interests and honor of our country dictate. We do not want France or Great Britain to build a Suez canal in America, as they did in Egypt, and then establish menacing naval armaments to protect that canal. We do not want to be stopped, as we travel from New York to San Francisco by a French official or a British official. We are, and we want to remain masters of our destinies.

Add to these steps—namely: his intention to maintain the Monroe doctrine and the maintenance of our rights in Mexico, Central America, and South America—the proposed issue of his invitation to all the independent governments of North and South America to meet in a Peace Congress at Washington, and we have the whole of Mr. Blaine's terrible war policy.

All the laboring men of the country need to understand of the great democratic party, is to read today's proceedings of its national convention in regard to the adoption of a platform.

Old Ben Butler, of Massachusetts, on behalf of the laboring classes he represents, took the platform and openly protested against the meaningless and dishonest platform reported by the majority in regard to the tariff, and asked the convention who could understand it. In its place he offered the following substitute in substance which declares, "Duties must be carefully adjusted so as to promote American enterprise and foster industries and American labor. Also favoring labor tribunal to settle controversies between capital and labor."

The old war horse turned the convention that Hancock met his defeat upon an equivocal and dishonest platform, like the present one just reported to the convention, yet the old man's warning was not heeded.

Mr. JOHN KELLY made a good point which was not sufficiently noticed, in his argument against the unit rule Tuesday. He said that while the protestants against the operations of the unit rule were in a minority of the New York delegation they probably represented a majority of the voters in the State, or at least they came from the counties which cast the heaviest democratic majority. There are, in fact, less than a dozen democratic counties in New York. The democratic vote is massed in such counties as New York and Kings. If Mr. Kelly and his associates were expelled from the democratic party, as some of the hot-headed bulldozers in the South desire that they should be, and their followers should go with them, as we have no question a majority of them would do, the democratic party would not carry the Empire State (New York) once in a hundred years. It is well enough for the bosses from Mississippi and Texas to talk about putting the knife to the throat of John Kelly, but the moment they fulfill their promises they may bid good-bye to the prospect of seeing the democratic party in power as long as they shall live.

CARTER HARRISON made the same old speech to the Chicago convention, in which he reiterated over and over again that the democratic party was the poor man's party, gotten up expressly for the poor man, and adapted to all his wants; especially the Irishmen and German, and that Cleveland was the especial champion of these classes. It was a good speech of the kind only it was made in an unhealthy locality for such speeches. John Kelly, Grady, and such champions of the foreign races had made a great mistake if Mr. Cleveland was their best friend, and had come up from New York expressly to fight the man Carter thought was their best friend. To read the Chicago mayor's speech one would think Cleveland was running for mayor of Chicago.

The Cleveland supporters must be verdaunt in politics to attempt to catch old birds with chaff.

The offer of the Treasury Portfolio to old Ben. Butler for his support in the nominating convention was indignantly refused by that gentleman with the remark that when he took a cabinet position in an administration it must be under somebody who has had some experience and knowledge of American politics.

Benjamin did not bite!

Vital Questions ! ! !

Ask the most eminent physician
Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves, and curing all forms of nerves, complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?
"And they will tell you unhesitatingly
"Some form of Hops! ! !"
CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:
"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention, or inability to retain urine, and the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women?"
"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu! ! !"
Ask the same physicians:
"What is the most reliable and surest cure for liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria fever, ague, &c., and they will tell you:
"Mauvake! or Dandelion! ! !"
Hence when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable, and compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power and yet it is harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients
"Almost dead or nearly dying"
For years, and gave up my physicians, of Bright's and other kidney diseases liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.
"Womans gone nearly crazy! ! !"
From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness, and various diseases peculiar to woman.
People draw out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic or suffering from scrofula.
Erysipelas!
"Sithreum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia indigestion" and, in fact, almost all diseases frail"
Nature is heir to
Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.
"None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label.
Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.
June 25 1884 dwim.

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DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
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Highest market prices paid for County War- State and County Bonds.

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Drawn available in any part of the United States and all the principal cities of Europe.

Agents for the celebrated
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Corner Main and Sixth Streets,
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Transacts a General Banking Business.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE
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CATARH CURE,
COUGH CURE,
BLOOD CURE.
FOR SALE BY
WILLIAMS' PEARL