

The Plattsmouth Daily Herald.

VOL. 1.

PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA. SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 13, 1883.

NO. 196

A Public Spirit for Trade

GOING ON AT THE

OPERA HOUSE

Clothing Store!

Our methods are to interest you in our good clothes. We believe the best is none too good, where it can be purchased at a moderate price.

English Corkscrew Suits and Overcoats.

Would you enjoy seeing something nice? Then call, when passing, and examine our

Children's Department.

We hardly know how to describe them, there are so many; but if you have but \$2.00 to spend for a child's suit, and \$1.75 for an overcoat, we can supply your wants.

SUCH

Undershirts and Drawers

FOR 75 Cts.

Are Seldom Seen.

Come and we will serve you so well that you will always trade at

S. & C. MAYER'S

OPERA HOUSE CLOTHING STORE



Sole Agents

FOR

Burt's Shoes.

JONATHAN HATT

J. W. MARTIN

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal



JONATHAN HATT & CO.,

Successors to A. G. HATT.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CHOICE

Sugar-Cured Hams, Bacon, Salt Meats of all kinds, Lard Bologna, and all other articles kept in a first-class meat market.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Highest Market Price Paid for Hides Wool, Pelts, Grease, Etc.

Fresh Lake Trout and White Fish Every Thursday Morning.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE!

Full Line General Merchandise.

Largest Stock and Lowest Prices.

Call and Satisfy Yourself

AT

JOSEPH V WECKBACHS.

Grace & Thierolf

Fresh Groceries

No old stock to work off. The latest patterns of

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS. THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

DREW BUILDING, PLATTSMOUTH.

PLATTSMOUTH HERALD.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

The Plattsmouth Herald Publishing Co.

TERMS:

DAILY, delivered by carrier to any part of the city

Per Week..... \$ 15

Per Month..... \$ 50

Per Year..... \$ 600

WEEKLY, by mail,

One copy six months..... \$1 00

One copy one year..... \$ 2 00

Registered at the Post Office, Plattsmouth, as second class matter.

The republican party of Cass county has placed before the people a superb ticket. There can be no excuse for republicans, this year, in deserting their ticket to vote for democrats. Messrs. Newell, Jennings, Eikenbary, Russell, Alton, Clements, Hall, Fairfield, and Gass, are good men, competent men, representative men, safe men, and last but not least, winning men. These men were nominated on account of their fitness and qualifications for the several offices to be filled by our people; each one of these gentlemen expects to be elected. Their candidature is an open, square matter; they are not put up to be traded off to help boost some man into a lucrative office. It is a republican ticket nominated to be elected, and it certainly deserves the full and cordial support of all true republicans.

The democratic party of Cass county meet in convention at Louisville today. They have a mission to perform, and that is to nominate a ticket which they can use to elect one or two of their nominees for the principal offices to be filled at this election. Said a prominent delegate upon our streets this morning: "All we want is that treasurer's office, we don't care for the balance of the ticket." This kind of politics, of course, may just as well be understood by democrats and republicans at the outset in this contest. It has succeeded in Cass county on one or two occasions, we know of scores of good democrats whose friends have been sacrificed to further the personal ends of the bosses in that party, who do not intend that such a course in politics shall be carried any further in their party in this county.

The importance of the elections which were held the other day in Ohio and Iowa have been greatly overestimated. To have been of the importance which many partisan journals have ascribed to them; these contests must necessarily have been of a national character, involving national issues and testing the strength of national parties; as it was, the two political parties entered the contest in these states with the local question of the liquor traffic directly involved; the republican party in Ohio taking grounds squarely in favor of taxing the evil, and in support of the Scott law. The course of the canvass proved this party to be correct in its position and in harmony with the best sentiment of the people; another element, however, entered the canvass, after the two parties had joined issue squarely upon this question, gaining a strong foothold before the people on account of the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the liquor traffic in that state. Not satisfied with giving this amendment only their support, the radical temperance element of the state nominated a separate and strong state ticket, entering the field as the prohibition party. In their earnest endeavors to carry the amendment, which received a cordial and enthusiastic support from the great mass of the republican party, this prohibition party polled a heavy vote for Mr. Shumaker their nominee for governor, thus ensuring the defeat of Mr. Foraker, the republican nominee for governor.

The fact that absolute prohibition has a majority, or very nearly a majority, as the case may be, upon a canvass of the votes, of the electors of Ohio and that especially when a full vote of the State is cast, as was the case in that State the other day, is a startling evidence that public opinion, in Ohio, will demand the enactment of prohibitory legislation. Should it turn out that this amendment has carried, as appears to be the case, legislation of this character can no longer be refused—in that State—on the ground that public opinion would not enforce it.

Taking into consideration the fact that this amendment received such a tremendous vote, carrying to the prohibition State ticket enough votes to defeat the republican State ticket, certainly robs that contest of the national importance which might otherwise be attached to it.

That this vote was an honest expression of the sentiments of the 300,000 and upwards of Ohio electors, the other day, must be an admitted fact. That neither of the great political parties, in that State, can afford to over-

look or underestimate, its strength or importance, is also a fact, which must convince the candid observer that no political party can hope to succeed, (in that State), in the canvass of '84, which fails to recognize this sentiment in favor of better home rule in Ohio.

The legislature of Ohio is in the hands of the democratic party and that party will most certainly be held to a strict accountability by this great mass of Ohio electors, who have said by their votes, that, over and above the conservative and restrictive policy of the republican party upon this question, they prefer and demand absolute prohibition. The intelligent observer of events can have no trouble in seeing that the victory just won by democracy in Ohio is a meaningless and momentary triumph.

CONGRESS AND MONEY MATTERS.

It is a well established principle of sound political economy that the less a government interferes in money matters, after it has seen to it that the currency is honest and safe and what it purports to be, the better. It is properly to be left to other things, and to the natural laws of supply and demand. Things would be on a more scientific basis than they are now if there were no paper money at all—other than an absolutely inviolable certificate of deposit representing coin securely locked up. If there could be such a thing, and naturally as a matter of superior convenience. But practically men will not consent to this. They insist to a certain extent in using promises to pay for money, and this being the case the best that the Government can do is to compel the issuers of those promises to pay to sustain them by as nearly an unquestionable security as can be arrived at. To keep them as nearly subject to the law of supply and demand as possible, they should have direct reference to the amount of coin into which they must be convertible on demand under such circumstances, and never be permitted to exceed that amount beyond a percent agreed upon by conservative men. By increasing or diminishing the coin reserve alone should the volume of paper be increased or diminished. When money becomes tight under such circumstances, it is not simply a matter of convenience, it is an exercise a corrective effect on discrepancies in production, over-trading, speculating and in the direction of economy. It is a sign that it becomes the people where the want is to exert itself to carry what it is instead of disconcerting the future by extravagance on credit. The temptation of men under such circumstances is to call for more paper, which acts a temporary stimulant and only intensifies the bitter results of the debauch. It is alone by fastening the paper securely to coin that the unwise inflation can be avoided.

The trouble is just now that our paper money is not amenable to the natural law of supply and demand. The only really and healthfully elastic element there is in our currency is gold. That is under the control of the Government and goes in a legitimate manner. Silver can only be coined at a certain arbitrary rate and under such a vicious principle that it is worse than nothing. Our greenbacks are fixed at a certain amount by law beyond which they can neither be increased nor decreased. Our national bank notes are unelastic, from the fact that they are based upon a disappearing security which, unless other provision is made, they must accompany gradually into oblivion. The only entirely healthy element of the currency, gold, is being steadily undermined, according to Graham's law, by depreciated silver, though the process is slow, and is but provisionally left with us, for the reason that the balance of trade, owing to good harvests and other changeable causes, has been in our favor for some years. When once the tide turns decidedly under present arrangements, the gold will flow from us like water from a bucket when the bottom has dropped out. There is a pressing invitation both on this side of the water and the other for it to go at the first opportunity, and for silver to stay. There are other unstable features in the situation, but there are enough here cited to ponder upon.

Under the circumstances the principle that a government should leave money matters to themselves can not be applied to the United States at present. Congress has set some grievous influences at work in the currency, and it is called upon to correct its mistakes and leave things where the natural laws can exert their salutary effects. It is vitiated the workings of the resumption act by providing that a redeemed note should immediately be paid out again, and it decreed that a dollar's worth of gold was worth no more for money than less than a dollar's worth of silver; also that there should be from \$2,000,000 to 4,000,000 of the silver dollars coined every month whether any body wanted them or not. It is probable that these accessions to financial ignorance or cupidity were necessary to prevent the repeal of the resumption act over the President's vote. And we may be thankful that the silver coinage was limited, and that the Government has so far pocketed the 15 percent or so profit, which under free coinage would have immediately accrued to the debtor class at the expense of the creditor. The unsetting of the values was thus staved off to give Congress a chance to grow wiser and remedy things so that the

catastrophe need not come. The national bank circulation was a necessarily a temporary expedient, save on the basis that the national debt was to be perpetual. Now these things which were started in a wrong direction or upon an unsubstantial foundation are approaching their destinations. The effect of previous interference on the part of the Government must be set right before it can adopt the laissez faire principle. When the Government has wound up some infernal machines and placed them in finances, it had better take them out before the explosions take place. This is precisely the situation now.

Election Proclamation.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the sixth day of November next in the precinct in Cass county, Nebraska, there will be an election held for the purpose of electing the following officers to-wit:

- One Judge of the supreme court.
- One Judge of the district court for the 2nd judicial district.
- Two regents of the university of Nebraska, for full term.
- One regent of the university of Nebraska, to fill unexpired term of Isaac Powers, resigned.
- One regent of the university of Nebraska, to fill unexpired term of L. B. Ufford, resigned.
- One County Clerk.
- One County Treasurer.
- One County Judge.
- One Sheriff.
- One Coroner.
- One Clerk of District Court.
- One Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- One County Surveyor.
- One County Commissioner for Third District.
- One Assessor, (in each precinct).
- Two Justices of the Peace in each precinct.
- Two Constables in each precinct.
- Three Judges of Election in each precinct.
- Two Clerks of Election in each precinct.
- One Overseer of Public Highways in each Road district.

Which election shall be opened at eight o'clock in the morning, and will continue open until six o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Dated this 10th day of October, A. D. 1883.
J. W. JENKINS,
County Clerk,
Cass County, Nebraska.

The Favorite Line

TH K C St. J., and C. B
Safest, Best and Most Reliable
LINE IN THE WEST.

Magnificent Dining Cars,
Elegant Day Coaches
2 St. Louis Trains Daily,
2 Omaha Trains Daily,
2 Kansas City Trains Daily,
2 Atc ison Trains Daily,
Two Trains for
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Sioux City,
1878-1884, W. K. I.
Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Between Kansas City and St. Paul
WITHOUT CHANGE

All trains run on time, connecting for all points,
East West, North & South
Tickets for sale at all regular ticket offices,
information regarding rates, time, &c. cheerfully given by addressing
J. F. BARNARD,
Gen'l Supt.
A. C. DAVEN,
Gen'l Pass. Agent.

WESCOTT'S BOSS CLOTHING HOUSE

Is the Place for YOU to Trade.

Our system of doing business will please you. Every article is marked in plain figures and sold on its own merits. No monkey biz, no jehing, no humbug, no auction goods, no shoddy goods; you get your money's worth every time. The latest styles and best goods obtainable with money are in stock, and we will never be undersold by any house, either large or small, and you will always find us anxious to serve your interests in a manner to gain your solid custom. Come and see us.

C. E. WESCOTT,
THE BOSS CLOTHIER,
Rockwood Block.

HENRY BOECK
DEALER IN
FURNITURE
SAFES, CHAIRS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Of All Descriptions.

METALLIC BURIAL CASES
WOODEN COFFINS
of all sizes, ready made and sold cheap for cash.

MY FINE HEARSE



IS NOW READY FOR SERVICE.

With many thanks for past patronage, I invite all to call and examine my
LARGE STOCK OF
SHEETS, PILLOW CASES AND COFFINS
SEEDS
For Large Garden Quilt
See Price List, 10 Cents
In Advance, Free to All, W.
See the Latest Varieties in
SEED POTATOES, Corn, Oats
and Wheat, and the Best
Power, Grass and Tree SEEDS.
See Price List, 10 Cents
W. F. SUSTIS, General Ticket Agent, Omaha, Neb.

Solemn Truths

COMICAL CLOTHES.

The Newest, The Best, The Most Complete and
BY FAR THE CHEAPEST.

Our Big New Stock

Came for Bargain Hunters in Every Department.

Prices that Others Will Not,
DARE NOT, Meet.

Critical and economical buyers this is a Green Opportunity and the Glorious Result will more than Pleasantly Remember every purchase you make of us this season shall be

A ROYAL BARGAIN!

Our Bargain is immense, and it is
A Hard Crowd We Cannot Please.

A BAD ONE

for our competitors, but a great opportunity for you. We have by far the Largest, Newest and BEST stock of Mens' Youths' Boys and children's

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

ever shown in Plattsmouth. Visitors Welcome. No trouble to show goods.

ELSON,

THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER

Blake's New Building, Opposite City Hotel.



JUST RECEIVED!

A FINE LOT OF
MACKEREL, LABRADOR HERRING, TROUT, WILD WAVE
COD FISH, Also a choice lot of

LEMONS AND ORANGES.

We have a fine stock of

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Fancy brands of

MINNESOTA, KANSAS AND MISSOURI FLOUR.

I have in stock a fine line of

Queensware, Glassware, Lamps,

&c. All our goods are new and fresh.

Will Exchange for Country Produce. Lined Oil Meal Always on Hand

Next door to Court House, Plattsmouth, Neb.

114&52w3m M. B. MURPHY & CO.

BURLINGTON ROUTE



Daily Express Trains for Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, and all points East. Through Cars via Peoria to Indianapolis. Elegant Pullman Palace Cars and day coaches on all through trains, and Dining cars east of Missouri river.

Through Tickets at the Lowest Rates are on sale at all the important stations, and baggage will be checked to destination. Any information as to rates, routes or time tables will be cheerfully furnished upon application to any agent or to
P. S. SUSTIS, General Ticket Agent, Omaha, Neb.