

**Grippe at Louisville.**  
Reports from Louisville convey intelligence that la grippe has become epidemic in that section. It is reported that nearly every house has been converted into a hospital, yet no serious results are apprehended at once. Several cases are also known to exist in Plattsburgh.

**List of Letters**  
Remaining unclaimed in the post-office at Plattsburgh December 16, for the week ending December 9:  
Ackley, R. W.  
Benn, Ruth  
Crisman, Aron  
Clark, Aron & Marin  
Cokko, J. F.  
Dy, Miss Lida  
Dy, Miss Mary  
Elsner, J. C.  
Frohog, Karl  
G. Miss Josie  
Gogomery, V. W.  
Hulmske, John  
Jin, Mrs. Mall  
Johnson, Miss E.  
McReary, I. S.  
Swanegen, Mrs. J. M.  
Standish, Daniel  
Smith, Steve  
Tate, H. M.

Persons calling for any of the above will please ask for "advertised" letters.  
H. J. STREIGHT, P. M.

**A Row at the B. & M. Station.**  
This morning when the west-bound flyer arrived a gang of toughs from Creston, Ia., alighted, the majority of whom were gloriously drunk, and began abusing a certain member of the party. During the altercation one of the parties seized a car pin and hurled it violently at a member of the party, wounding him frightfully about the head. He was at once taken to Dr. Cook and his wounds were dressed. The injured man would make no arrest as he was not positive who his assailant was, and all that were able to travel were permitted to go on to Omaha, whither they had started.

Upon investigation we learned that the crew had been discharged from the employ of the C. B. & Q. at Creston, Ia.

**Wedding Bells.**  
At 3 p. m. to-day, at the residence of Mrs. Jas. O'Neil, grandmother of the bride, Edward Barker and Cadie O'Neil were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. Baird of the Presbyterian church officiating. The wedding was a very quiet one, there being only a few of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties present. The contracting parties have each resided in Plattsburgh for years and are held in high regard by their large circle of friends.

In a few days they will be "at home" in rooms over Elson's clothing store, and doubtless will be glad to welcome their friends.

The HERALD extends to the happy couple congratulations and expresses the wish that the journey of life, so auspiciously begun, will prove an eventful and prosperous one.

A Sioux County school "destrict" had a novel picnic recently. A large crowd of the farmer boys and girls gathered and while the girls prepared dinner the boys cut wood. A sufficient amount of wood was cut to last during the winter. Evidently the young folks will have the "picnic" later on.

The Norfolk sugar factory has just closed for the season. The output for the year was 1,500,000 pounds, 1,300,000 pounds of which has been inspected by the government officials, and a bounty of \$26,000 will be held over until next year for inspection.

**From Fridays Daily.**  
Tom Parme returned this morning from Ann Arbor to spend the holidays.  
The time has arrived that the boys should put their skates in good repair.  
I. D. Pine came in from Ashland last evening for a brief visit with relatives in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Atwood returned this morning from Chicago where they have been visiting.  
Chas. Mehring, an employee at the shops, is taking a lay off, owing to a severe attack of the la grippe.  
Sleepness night made miserable by that terrible caught Shilohs remedy is the cure for you, by F. G. Frick, and O. H. Snyder.

Tom Chapman departed this morning for Lead City where he will visit relatives during the holidays.  
Miss Hattie Chapman returned this morning from Fairfield where she has been attending Parson's college.

P. P. Lee has just finished painting work in Whiting, Iowa, and returned to Plattsburgh for the winter.  
Agent Appgar's mother departed yesterday for New Jersey, called thither by the serious illness of relatives.  
Engine No. 19, which was badly damaged in the Seward wreck a few weeks since, has undergone a complete overhauling and is now as good as new. It was sent out for service this morning.

**THE BEET SUGAR CONVENTION.**

**A Large Attendance and an Enthusiastic Meeting.**  
In response to the call for a beet sugar convention by the Lincoln board of trade, about 400 representative Nebraskans assembled in the representative hall of the state capitol yesterday. Hon. R. H. Oakley, president of the Lincoln board of trade, called the meeting to order at 2:45 p. m. Gov. Thayer was called upon and responded in one of the best speeches of his life. The governor expressed a deep interest in any move having for its object the betterment of the state and encouraged the beet sugar industry.

Pending the appointment of committees, Col. Sam Cox of Lincoln made a stirring address favoring the industry. The temporary organization was made permanent by the election of ex-Lieutenant Governor Meiklejohn as president and Messrs. Nason and Atkinson secretaries.

**COMMITTEES.**  
The following committees were appointed:  
The committee on credentials is composed of D. H. Wheeler of Douglas, R. H. Oakley of Lancaster, S. C. Smith of Gage, J. J. Lease of Chadron, S. P. Mobley of Hall, L. V. Haiskell of Polk, G. M. Lee of Furnas, Robert Furnas of Nemaha and Brad Slaughter of Nance.

**Resolutions—Ex-Governor Furnas, Thummell of Hall, Judge C. R. Scott of Douglas, J. H. McClay of Lancaster, J. S. Hoagland of Lincoln, C. H. Deitrich of Adams, C. W. Beck of Red Willow.**

**Permanent Organization—C. A. Atkinson of Lincoln, C. E. Adams of Superior, Smith of Beatrice, W. H. Tanning of Crawford, James Whitehead of Broken Bow.**

**PROGRAM.**  
The program prepared by the Lincoln board of trade, as follows, was carried out:  
Welcome—Hon. R. H. Oakley, Lincoln.  
Formal Welcome—Governor Thayer.  
Appointment of committees.  
Opening Address—S. D. Cox, Lincoln.  
Report of committees and election of officers.  
Address, "Profits in Raising Beets for Sugar."—H. G. Leavitt, Grand Island.  
General discussion of the same subject.  
Address, "How to Raise Beets and How to Utilize Them for Stock Food as well as for Sugar."—Hon. B. W. Furnas.  
General discussion.

Address, "The Advantages of County Organizations for Encouraging the Raising of Beets."—Hon. G. D. Williams, Culbertson.  
General Discussion.  
Address, "Irrigated Beets for Sugar."—W. D. Williams.  
General discussion.  
Address, "Manufacturing Sugar from Beets."  
General discussion.

The papers were well prepared, many, however, drawing out spirited discussions with a wide diversity of opinion relative to the growing of beets. The convention cannot fail to have the desired effect in stimulating investigation in this growing industry and enlightening the people regarding it.

**Returned Home.**  
C. W. Sherman, B. S. Ramsey, M. B. Murphy, S. W. Dutton, S. L. Thomas and W. K. Fox returned last evening from the Missouri river improvement convention at Kansas City. The delegates report an interesting session and express the belief that the matter will be pushed until means will be secured for the opening of a channel in the Big Muddy, thus insuring better facilities for commercial traffic. The sympathies of some of the best men our country affords have been enlisted in the work. In the event the task proposed is considered a feasible one by congress, steps for its accomplishment should be undertaken.

**Boke Jail at Weeping Water.**  
Alfred Laughland, a crook wanted at Omaha for forgery was arrested at Weeping Water Wednesday evening and locked up in jail, but after remaining there about twenty minutes he succeeded in breaking jail, by picking the lock. The fact of his escape was soon made known and officers were soon in hot pursuit. The culprit was soon overtaken and returned to jail. He will be held awaiting instructions from the Omaha police.

C. W. Sherman, informs us, that as a member of the committee on permanent organization, he was instrumental in recommending the selection of Governor Thayer for chairman. Doubtless the democrats of the state will pardon Mr. Sherman for deviating from the democratic custom of consulting their prejudice in matters of public concern regardless of duty. Mr. Sherman, says the Governor made a good presiding officer and reflected great credit upon the state.

**Auction of Hardware**  
at J. Finley Johnson's commencing Thursday, December 10 and continuing day and night, until closed out.  
F. S. WHITE,  
w3t Auctioneer.

Mrs. E. Willets arrived this morning from Northville, Mich., for a visit to her son and family, W. C. Willets.

**From Saturday's Daily**  
**Real Estate Transfer.**  
Compiled from Polk Bros. Daily Report.  
H. H. Vanarman to Henry Boeck conditional sale, \$1,400.92; 52 bed room suites, 52 women wire and 52 hair mattresses, 2 folding beds.  
Mary Latta to Margaret E. Latta; Quit Claim Deed, \$50, s4, nw1/4 24, se 1/4 ne1/4 23, pt of nw1/4 sw1/4 24-11-13.  
J. C. Stevenson to H. H. Alden; release of s4 of sw1/4 of ne1/4 31-12-9.  
Wm. Tighe, sheriff to Jacob Vallery Jr. sheriff's deed \$400 1/8, ne1/4 33-12-12.  
Jacob Vallery Jr. and wife to James H. Patterson, warranty deed \$400, 1/8 ne1/4 33-12-12.

**More Light for Elmwood.**  
Reports indicate that our neighboring town, Elmwood, will establish a \$20,000 electric light and gas mill plant in the near future. The company with which the town was negotiating proposed that the citizens subscribe for 165 lights, and, upon this being complied with, the number was raised to 200. Aside from this little misunderstanding the arrangements have all been completed and there is little doubt that the plant will be established in the spring. THE HERALD congratulates Elmwood upon the valuable acquisition.

**Will Fight the City**  
Police McGuire, acting under instructions of Chief of Police Fry, to-day filed information against Wm. Weber, charging him with violating the city ordinance which provides for the closing of saloons at 11 o'clock. Weber appeared about 2 p. m. and gave notice that he would employ counsel and fight for his right to keep open as long as he desired. Accordingly Judge Archer set the trial for Monday at 1 p. m. Byron Clark will appear for the defendant.

Police McGuire stated to a HERALD reporter to-day that he visited Weber's saloon after 11 o'clock and politely requested that it be closed, whereupon the proprietor flatly refused to obey, remarking that his business was interfering with no one.

**An Alarm of Fire.**  
An alarm of fire was given at 10:20 this morning, and in a few moments a large crowd was attracted to the scene of the supposed disturbance, which proved to be the house owned by Pete Elinson, now being occupied by Widow Newland. Smoke was seen escaping from the garret and Chief Clifford was hoisted into the garret to ascertain the true condition of affairs. The garret was completely filled with smoke and gas and he at once knocked a hole through the roof that a draft might be created this making an avenue for its escape. Further investigation proved that there had been no fire, but that the elbow which connects two joints of pipe in the garret, had become detached, rendering it impossible for the smoke to do other wise than be come diffused throughout the garret.

The fire company was on hand with unusual promptness, and in the event the fire had begun its ravages there is little doubt that the flames would soon have been subdued.

What Nebraska needs badly is home industries and manufactures, so that the products of our farmers may be still more diversified and a market created for them as near the field as possible. A few manufactures will do more toward building up the state than a thousand so-called reform political parties. Everything the farmer raises in the west is sent east to the manufactures or to market, and that which goes to the manufacturer is returned to them again with an exorbitant freight bill added to the price. Take stock as an example. Our farmers sell stock in the Plattsburgh market, but the buyer must deduct the amount of the freight bill, plus the margin he must retain. After the hog is dressed and prepared for consumption, it is again shipped to the west and consumed by the very people that first sold the hog. We have but little sympathy for the class of farmers that go around crying down manufactures and all enterprises that have a tendency to increase the consumption of farm products, yet who are loud playing the roll of the calamity shrieker. The farmers cannot expect to thrive well when the production exceeds the demand, as it oftentimes does. The thing to do is to encourage the building of industries right at your door if possible, and, instead of paying the railroads freight on commodities both ways, have them prepared for use at home and retain the freight bill for your labor.

County Superintendent Noble is in the city to-day conducting a teachers examination. The applicants for permit to teach are Miss Luella Mathew, of this city and Miss Alta Abbott of Ashland. Each of these young ladies will play the roll of school ma'ams next spring.

Mrs. C. Finney departed this morning for Alliance for a visit to friends.

**A FEMINE PHENOMENON.**

**Why Lena Shaffer is Likely to See the Columbian Exposition.**  
There is a Lincoln girl who is cherishing apparently well-grounded hopes of seeing the great Columbian exposition. Her name is Lena Shaffer and she is a daughter of D. W. Shaffer, foreman of the Sullivan dray line, who lives at the corner of First and A streets. Lena is a prodigy. Although but fourteen years on the 30th of September last, she has grown to a height of six feet clear, while two weeks since, when last weighed, she tipped the scales at 199 pounds. Her father says that she will weigh 200 pounds to-day, and is still growing. Lena's parents have had some very good offers to enter the musee circuit, but have declined, as they wish her to continue in school. Mr. Shaffer says, however, that if she keeps on growing until her size justifies it he will take her to the world's fair. As she is still several years within the ordinary girl's growth, Lena will probably do her share toward advertising Nebraska in 1893.—Lincoln Journal.

**Beet Sugar Platform.**  
The following resolutions were adopted by the beet sugar convention yesterday:  
Whereas, The state of Nebraska in the year 1889 enacted a law for the encouragement of the sugar beet industry, in consequences of which two factories were secured for Nebraska; which law was repealed in 1891, which repeal this convention regards as a mistake on the part of the people of Nebraska; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the material interests of the state demand that we, as a state, should practically restore the provisions of the law, and that the bounty should be restored in a manner just to the farmer and the manufacturer; and be it

Resolved, That this convention recommends and respectfully urges upon the next legislature the enactment of a law that will pay the growers of sugar beets in Nebraska for a period of five years a bounty of \$1 a ton for sugar beets to be manufactured into sugar, yielding at least 12 per cent of sugar, with a coefficient of purity equal to at least 80 per cent; and be it

Resolved, That there be also paid for a like period to the manufacturer of sugar in Nebraska a bounty of 1/2 cent a pound for all sugar manufactured from beets grown in Nebraska, which shall not be paid unless the price paid to the growers of beets by said manufacturers be as follows: \$4 per ton for 12 per cent beets, purity 80 per cent; \$4 per ton for 13 per cent beets, purity 80 per cent; \$4 per ton for 14 per cent beets, purity 80 per cent; \$4.50 per ton for 15 per cent beets, purity 80 per cent; and so on, increasing 50 cents per ton with each additional per cent of sugar; and be it

Resolved, That the general government should provide a competent chemist at each factory during the working season; and be it further

Resolved, That the secretaries of this convention be instructed to furnish each of our senators and representatives in congress with copies of this report urging upon them the importance of this enterprise and work.

**A Debating Society.**  
A debating society was organized Thursday eve at the home of Gerald Drew enrolling eleven charter members. The time for meeting has not yet been decided, but the society will probably meet weekly. The boys that attend meeting of this nature and improve the opportunities presented there for intellectual culture and development will fare better than he who spends his evenings upon the street or frequenting places far more questionable in character and from which even more disastrous results accrue.

The step is a commendable one and THE HERALD hopes that it will not only be maintained during the winter but that the attendance and interest will greatly increase.

**County Court.**  
In the county court John Johnson begins action against Sheriff Tighe to recover possession of property which he alleges was wrongfully taken under pretense of a chattle mortgage. Some time since Sheriff Tighe sold several horses to satisfy the conditions of a chattle mortgage held by J. M. Patterson of this city. The mortgage was supposed to be perfectly valid.

**To Build a Church.**  
The Baptist people living between Plattsburgh and Rock Bluffs contemplate beginning the erection of a church about two miles south of Plattsburgh, near the Rock Bluffs road. The contract for furnishing the building material has been let to Philip McCulley of this city. Work will begin as soon as possible and it will be rapidly pushed to completion. The church is to be designated "The Crystal Springs Baptist Meeting House."

**Permitted to Practice.**  
We notice among the list of physicians who have recently been granted permission to practice under the new law the names of M. M. Alden of Rock Bluffs and J. M. Seagraves of this city.

**They Wash Once a Year.**

The facility with which washing is done by the use of borax accounts for its popularity in the low countries and in Germany, where to many families washday comes but once a year. The notion of cleanliness which prevails among the better class of Germans forbids the storing or accumulation of soiled linen in the dwelling house, hence the necessity of the "schwartzwaschkammer," built near by, where the soiled or unwashed clothes are hung up, exposed to the air, on poles or lines. We cannot but commend them for this custom, and it would be well for those housekeepers to take a hint who store soiled garments in the closets of sleeping rooms and under the beds.

The humblest German hausfrau does not feel her poverty if she has an abundance of linen, and this she will have if possible, to the exclusion of other things which we might regard almost as needful. She is rich indeed if at the end of six months or a year she can display long lines hung with immaculate linen. We can thus understand how even at this day a chest of linen is regarded among the peasantry as a part of their dower or marriage portion of the bride.

For these washings a week is usually taken and the event is regarded as no ordinary one. It is something of a jubilee in which the entire family takes part. An American lady traveling in Germany witnessed one of these "frolics," where four or five women were washing from one capacious tub. When asked why they did not adopt the easier plan of washing weekly, one of them replied that "they feared the people might think they had but two garments apiece."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

**Original Ideas and Dressmakers.**  
In my experience I have long since come to the conclusion that if you are not a fashion plate, an actress or a society woman celebrated as a model on which dressmakers show new exhibits, you must do your own thinking when you want something a little different from one of a dozen turned out at the manufactory. But in case you find yourself under the necessity of doing your dressmaker's head work, there is no need of going to a first class man or woman who sends first class bills. You must find a woman who fits well, who is not so stubborn but that she will take and execute some one else's ideas, who will become interested in the work for the work's sake and who is intelligent enough to do some suggesting herself. But I hear my readers exclaim, "That pearl is impossible to find."

It is perhaps difficult, but not impossible. I have never found it so. When I lived in America it was almost impossible to convince my friends that I did not wear imported dresses, that I had them made right in town; and here in Paris I have been faithful to my little obscure dressmaker for the last ten years for garments—cloaks as well as dresses. Those dressmakers, like good servants, can be found. There are a few of them left, and I don't see why I should not be as clever as my neighbor, find them out and have the benefit of their services.—Paris Letter.

**Remedies of Chinese Trades Unions.**  
The trades unions of China resort to terrible remedies in order to carry out their ends. I heard of a case in Shanghai where an employer did something contrary to the rules of the guild of his workmen. His men objected, but he refused to accede to their demands, and they concluded to make an example of him. He had more than 100 men working for him. These at a concerted signal sprang upon him and commenced biting him. They had a leader, and this leader would not let one of the men go away from the place without showing his teeth, and if the teeth and gums were bloody he was allowed to go out.

The plot was gotten up on the basis that there was no capital punishment in China for biting. They bit the man to death and the matter came to the ears of the government. There was a little fuss about it, but the guild was a strong one, and only the man who took the first bite was punished. The punishment of members within the guild for acting contrary to its rules are equally terrible.—Frank G. Carpenter in National Tribune.

**Really Quite Merciful.**  
It was in the New York Central depot. A well dressed lady with her Little Lord Fauntleroy son approached the door leading to an outgoing train. Both were laden with bundles. A railroad official stood by the door.

"Open the door or I'll punch your head," exclaimed Fauntleroy in a very swagger voice, and the official, amused by the six-year-old's audacity, consented to become doorkeeper for the occasion and complied.

The mother showed that she was angry as she swept through the door, and as it closed she seized Fauntleroy by the shoulders and shook him severely.

"Aren't you ashamed of yourself?" she asked; "to be so impolite to the gentleman."

"She, mamma," replied Fauntleroy, "I was only just foolin'. I wouldn't 'a' punched him!"—Syracuse Journal.

**A Small Loophole.**  
Housekeeper—I know that milk fresh from the cow is warm, but that you left here yesterday was hot—hot and thin, too, just as if boiling water had been poured in it.

Milkman—Oh, the milk's all right, mum—no water in it; no, indeed, mum.

Housekeeper—Then how came it to be almost boiling hot?


Milkman—Why—er—you see, mum, some of the cows has typhoid fever.—Good News.

A son of Mr. M. D. Pusser, a merchant of Gibraltar, N. C., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism for a year or more, as to be unable to work or go to school. His father concluded to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm on the boy. It soon cured him and he has since walked one and a half miles to school and sack every school day. 50 cent bottle for sale by F. G. Frick & Co., Druggists.

**A Cure for Paralysis.**  
Frank Cornelius, of Purcell, Ind. Ter., says: "I induced Mr. Pinson, whose wife had paralysis in the face to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. To their great surprise before the bottle had all been used she was a great deal better. Her face had been drawn to one side; but the Pain Balm relieved all pain and soreness, and the mouth assumed its natural shape." It is also a certain cure for rheumatism lame back, sprains swellings and lameness. 50 cent bottles for sale by F. G. Frick & Co., Druggists.

As well as the handsomest and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Basam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all chronic and acute coughs, asthma bronchitis and consumption. Large bottles 50c and \$1.

Wanted—An active, reliable man—salary \$70 to \$80 monthly, with increase, to represent in his own section a responsible New York House, MANUFACTURER, LOCK BOX 1588, NEW YORK.



The strictest economy  
The surest road to wealth  
With Wire Gauze Doors economy  
Seems to be the path of health.  
For as with them the juices  
Remain within the meat,  
More food and much the better.  
Is left for us to eat.


Meats roasted in their own juices by using the  
**WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR**  
FOUNDED EXCLUSIVELY ON THE  
**CHARTER OAK**  
STOVES and RANGES.

There is not a cooking apparatus made using the Solid Oven Door but that the loss in weight of meats is from 25 to 40 per cent of the meat roasted. In other words, a rib of beef weighing ten pounds, if roasted medium to well done will lose three pounds.

The same roasted in the CHARTER OAK RANGE using the WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR, loses about one pound.

To allow meats to shrink is to lose a large portion of its juices and flavor. The fibres do not separate, and it becomes tough, tasteless and unpalatable.

**DRS. BETTS & BETTS**  
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS and SPECIALISTS,  
1409 DOUGLAS ST.,  
OMAHA, NEBRASKA.



Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.  
Specialists in Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases.

Free Consultation at office or by mail free. Medicines sent by mail or express, securely packed, free from observation. Guarantees to cure quickly, safely and permanently.

The most widely and favorably known specialists in the United States. Their long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the treatment and cure of Nervous, Chronic and Surgical Diseases, entitle these eminent physicians to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere. They guarantee:

**A CERTAIN AND POSITIVE CURE** for the awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils that follow in its train.

**PRIVATE, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES** speedily, completely and permanently cured.

**NERVOUS DEBILITY AND SEXUAL DISORDERS** yield readily to their skillful treatment.

**PILES, FISTULA AND RECTAL ULCERS** guaranteed cured without pain or detention from business.

**HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE** permanently and successfully cured in every case.

**SYPHILIS, GONORRHOEA, GLEET, Spermatocoele, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Decayed Faculties, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders** peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as all functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

**Stricture** Guaranteed permanently cured, removal complete, without cutting, caustic or dilatation. Cure effected at home by patient without a moment's pain or annoyance.

**TO YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN**  
**A Sure Cure** The awful effects of early weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreaded ills, permanently cured.

**Drs. Betts** Address those who have impure and debilitated blood, which ruins both mind and body, restoring them for business, steady or marriage.

**MARRIED MEN**, or those entering on their happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly restored.

Send 6 cents postage for colored works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. Thousands cured. Free friendly letter or call may save you future suffering and shame, and add golden years to life. Free to those unaccompanied by a receipt in stamps.

Address, or call on  
**DRS. BETTS & BETTS,**  
1409 Douglas St.,  
OMAHA, - - NEBRASKA.

**CANCER**

Subjects need fear no longer from the King of Terrors, for by a most wonderful discovery in medicine, cancer on any part of the body can be permanently cured without the use of the knife.

Wm. H. D. Coley, 207 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill. "Was cured of cancer of the breast in six weeks by your method of treatment." Send for treatise. Dr. H. C. Daley, 365 3rd St., Chicago.