See for yourself how 5/A Blankets wear and other makes tear.

FREE—Get from your dealer free, the 5/A Book. It has handsome pictures and valuable information about horses.

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5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Manufd by Wm. Ayres & Sons, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets.

THE Elmwood Echo tamed down a little and was not quite so frisky in county seat matters. When Bert reads "Pap's" Louisville paper and takes his cue for next week you may expect to hear something drop very hard.

THE house yesterday refused to indefinitely postpone the female suffrage bill. If there is any new untried experiment which these independents have not attempted to engraft on our statute books, should like to know the name of it.

M. M. ESTEE, author of a fine work on pleadings, but more widely known as chairman of the last republican national convention; Mr. De Young, editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and ex Congressman Filton, are the prominent candidates for the senatorship from California, made vacant by the recent death of Senator Hearst.

HERMAN BESTOR has been early and late an earnest talker in favor of a wholesome school book law that would break the infamous combination of publishers and give us books at fair prices. Largely through his influence Mr. White has introduced a bill that ought to be passed, as it would cheapen school books very materially.

THE St. Louis Globe-Democrat recalls the fact that James K. Polk was the only speaker of the house who ever reached the presidency, and many of his contemporaries thought that the blindness and childishness of the whigs in refusing to join in the vote of thanks to him eventually helped him to the higher office. This is a good circumstance for the democrats to remember when they refuse to be courteous to Speaker Reed.

THE press dispatches say that Senator Manderson is being overwhelmed with congratulatory telegrams from his western constituents who seem to fully appreciate the great honor. It is claimed at Washington that Senator Manderson will refuse to recognize democratic obstructionists and that the election bill and nearly a score of important measures will be called up by the republicans and passed. It would be a pretty lay out for this democratic minority to shape legislation and defeat the passage of important laws by domineering tactics of delay. If Senator Manderson has the patriotism and nerve to relegate these southern bushwhackers to back seats, he will receive the plaudits, not only of his party, but of every patriotic citizen.

IN THE United States Senate yesterday Mr. Sherman offered a resolution electing Senator Manderson of Nebraska as president pro tempore, to hold office during the pleasure of the senate, and Mr. Gorman offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the senate to Mr. Ingalls for the "eminently courteous, dignified, able and absolutely impartial manner in which he presided over its deliberations and performed the duties of president pro tempore." Both resolutions were agreed to and the oath of office was administered to Mr. Manderson.

The postal subsidy bill, in the interest of American commerce, by helping support new lines of vessels to South American and other ports, passed the senate and now only awaits the signature of the president. The democratic minority fought the measure persistently but finally gave up and allowed its passage.

THE weather bureau reports warmer weather for today and tomorrow, but we will say nothing about it for fear we bring on another blizzard.

MR. VAN TUYL, for many years tax agent of the B. & M., has resigned his position and R. D. Pollard has been appointed to succeed him. Mr. Pollard will doubtless have much to learn before he is so conversant with the business as Mr. Van Tuyl was.

THERE is a suspicion that the Williams stock yards bill has overreached itself even unto unconstitutionality. It aims to regulate two utterly different institutions—the stick yards and the commission exchange—and it is doubtful if the practice of killing two birds with one stone is legal law making.—World-Herald.

There is also a lingering suspicion that the World Herald is paving the way for a veto message by Governor Boyd, who is a pliant tool of this South Omaha syndicate, which is the one that became so grasping and mercenary but the legislature was compelled to interfere on behalf of the people.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal comes to us lurid with adjectives and expletives on county seat affairs. To read the C. J. one would think the county was inhabited by a lot of serfs who were compelled to do penance with a ball and chain, and worked solely to support a gang of bloodthirsty aristocrats at a little town called Plattsmouth. The innocent reader would further be impressed with the idea that Louisville was in the exact center of the county, which was the reason for a great uprising that was now taking place all over the county, in the interest of that town. The reader would further think that the pious Elder Mayfield was a patriot and a statesman, and that there is "only a few of us left." On the contrary Mayfield is an auburn (red) haired preacher who edits a newspaper for amusement. Louisville is a little village on the north line of the county, and the Mayfieldian serfs are wealthy farmers who, were it not for the ill feeling engendered by spite and spleen, would prefer to see the county capitol remain just where it is. Many of them refuse to be manipulated by a gang of speculators and will vote for Plattsmouth every time.

SENATOR HEARST of California died Saturday last at Washington of a complication of Bright's Disease and heart trouble. As the California legislature is republican, Mr. Hearst's seat will be filled by a gentleman of that faith.

Senator Hearst was a very rich man, having for fifteen years been associated with the mining firm of Haggit & Tevis, San Francisco. He was a practical miner and their trusted expert; and while he knew nothing of mining theoretically or scientifically, he could take a candle and pick and go down a shaft and form almost a conclusive judgment from what he saw. He developed the Ontario mine of Utah, the Homstake and other properties in Dakota for Haggin & Tevis that paid enormously. He probably leaves an estate of from $5 000,000 to $20,000,000 in value. A large percentage of this wealth is invested in fast horses, in which he was an expert. A few years ago he purchased the San Francisco Examiner, which by a lavish outlay of money, has been made the leading democratic newspaper on the Pacific coast This property is owned and managed by his son, who is the sole heir to the immense estate.

THE Irish World, in speaking of Patrick Gilmore's tribute to the late General Sherman, says:

"During the passage of the funeral cortege appropriate selections were played by the bands of the several organizations.

But it was left to Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore to create the musical sensation of the day by his elevation of the patriotic air, which has been sung and played from end to end of the land, in celebration of the memorable march to the sea, and with which the name and fame of General Sherman are inseperably connected. Gilmore transmitted the song of all popular songs into a dirge of the most impressive description by the simple expedient of changing the *tempo*.

It was a splendid thing—sonorous, resonant, marked with the crash of drums like the detonation of great cannon.

Could it be that jolly quickstep which has helped to make Sherman famous? It was of a truth! "Marching Through Georgia," played as only Gilmore can play it, and orchestrated into a most touching dirge.

Men put hands to their eyes, weeping for the first time that afternoon, touched by the eloquent music. Gilmore's Band was the only one which played this piece. He had adapted it the day before, but remembering that General Sherman had expressed himself weary of the tune, he would not play it until the family had given its cordial permission.

IF THE latest news from the Blue Ridge of Virginia be true there is reason to believe that the clange in the new tariff law extending the preference of the market to American tinwares will find more adherents than before in that historic state. It is announced that deposits of tin ore have been found in that section, about sixty miles from Washington, which have been carefully tested, and promise to prove one of the richest tin deposits in the United States. A corporation has been organized with a million dollars capital, a large smelting plant is to be soon established, and the work of developing the mines begun as soon as possible. This will open up such a field for profitable employment for capital and labor throughout Virginia as will furnish an unanswerable object lesson illustrating the advantage of developing home industry over the policy of buying abroad.—Ex.

"Tonight the attorneys of ex-Governor Thayer and Governor Boyd will meet in the supreme court for the purpose of arguing the quo warranto case.

Notice was served on Mr. Boyd's attorneys about ten days ago to the effect that the argument would take place. Chief Justice Cobb of the supreme bench, however, is sick and has been for more than a week. It is not likely, therefore, that he will be able to attend. Neither is it likely that he will be able to be present in court for a couple of weeks He is now suffering greatly from inflammatory rheumatism, and it is said that his absence will not encourage the other two judges to undertake the case until he is able to be on hand.

The last motion filed in the case was to dismiss it on the part of the defendant. If any argument takes place it will doubtless be on this motion, the aim of Mr. Boyd's attorneys being to show that ex-Governor Thayer has nothing to do with the case."

TOBACCO GROWING UNDER THE NEW TARIFF.

American Economist.

A comparison of the imports of leaf tobacco for the first three months that the McKinley bill was in operation with the imports of the corresponding period of the year ago reveals the benefits brought to our tobacco growers by the new tariff:

IMPORTS OF LEAF TOBACCO.

	1890. Values.	1889. Values.
October	$705,989	$1 969 845
November	268 699	1,618,188
December	572,116	1,082,147
Total	$1,546,804	$4,670,180

Here are $3,123,376 turned from the pockets of foreign to American tobacco growers. Every additional acre planted to tobacco tends to relieve the pressure on the production of other farm products. Surely the McKinley bill is a farmers' measure.

THE TIN MILLS.

State Journal.

The Omaha World-Herald is unhappy again because the tin trust of Great Britain has notified American correspondents that they will continue to sell tin in the American market at the old prices notwithstanding the robber tariff of Major McKinley. The W.-H. is in despair because this will bust the tin manufacturers that were about to be started here and ruin the republican party. That is, almost in despair, though it feels a little like chuckling at the supposed discomfiture of the villians who want to start tin mills in America and dishonor the great principles of free trade and sailors' rights.

But the W.-H. may save its tears. The tin mills will go right ahead and establish themselves. It wasn't the present price of tin that prevented them from materializing before, but the fact that as soon as an American had put in a tin mill the British trust immediately cut prices below cost to make it weary and kill it by inches. Now by the time the tin trust of Great Britain has made a reduction of profits equal to the robber tariff on tin imposed by the ghoul, McKinley, they will be about at the end of their rope and the American manufacturer can go to work feeling that he is protected by a sufficient margin to do business in comparative safety.

In the mean time the democratic howl about the great rise in the price of tin which was going to ruin the canneries and impoverish the dairymen and drive them out of the business, by making them pay half a cent more for a tin pan than they had been paying, will die away in the dim distance. There is nothing so discouraging to a democratic free trader as the aborting of a good campaign howl.

THIRTY million dollars is paid out by the national treasury every three months as pensions. This gigantic sum is placed immediately into circulation and the whole country, as well as the pensioner, is benefitted thereby.

WITHIN the last three days a great many new laws have been added to the U. S. statutes. The president has signed the direct tax bill; the act to prevent bookmaking and pool selling in the District of Columbia; the act amending the act for the relief of volunteers and regular soldiers of the late war, approved March 2, 1890; the act granting a pension to the widow of General H. Hoffman; the act to establish a circuit court of appeals and to define and regulate in certain cases the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States; the act in regard to the treaty of reciprocity with the Hawaiian Islands; the act providing for the safe and humane transportation of cattle; the act for the erection of United States prisons and for the improvement of United States prisoners.

The act amending the laws in regard to the immigration of aliens; the act granting a pension to the widow of Rear Admiral Porter; the act to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce, and the act to regulate the granting of leases of lands at Hot Springs, Ark.

The president approved tonight, among other bills, that to provide for the inspection of live hogs and carcasses and products thereof, subjects of interstate commerce; also the joint resolution appropriating $1,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river and making same immediately available; also an act providing for the adjudication and payment of claims arising from Indian depredations.

THAT YANKEE TARIFF.

American Economist.

The United States Consul at Tunstall, England, reports the following conversation between two Englishmen, which he overheard in an English hotel.

"That McKinley bill did it. No, there really has not been a wheel moved in that mill since that abomination went into effect. There was, as you know, rush enough up to that time to last for six months; there was an enormous amount of goods turned out."

"You mean to say," said the other, "that the whole of that large plant is stopped?"

"Yes, as far as woolen goods are concerned; they are doing a little in the cotton factory; but, as I say, the other mill has been shut down these three months past."

"But what is he going to do about it?"

"Why, he is going to do the only thing he can do, or any one in the American trade can do; he is going to move his plant to the States. What else could he do? There is no other opening. All the other markets are oversupplied as you well know.

"Do you mean to tell me he is really thinking of going to America?"

"He is not only thinking of it, but (looking at his watch) I suppose he is gone by this time, as he sails from Liverpool today on a prospecting trip, and if he is assured that there in no probability of the McKinley tariff being removed, he will locate his mill and have his machinery shipped at once."

"Well," said the other, "I believe this is just what those Yankees had in their minds. They want to force our manufacturers and their capital to go and settle down there.

Is there any wonder that England rejoiced at the recent free trade victory, which had the effect of checking this exodus of capital from England?

THE Canadian election takes place tomorrow. Sir John McDonald will soon know whether the influence of the prosperity in the "States" is to be supreme or whether he will rule the Canadian government. The country is worse torn up than the United States at a presidential election.

The attorneys are somewhat mixed on the suspension of rule 18 in district court practice. Rule 18 reads as follows:

"An action in which the statuary time for filling a reply has expired, or will have expired one week before the first day of the next succeeding term, whether issue therein has been joined or not, may be noticed for trial at such term by either party by the filing of notice with the clerk.

The notice shall contain the title of the action and the names of the attorneys of record of the respective parties: show whether or not it is at issue, and if so, whether upon issue of fact of law or both, and whether triable by jury or by court; and state that the action will be for trial at the next term. It must be filed at least one week before the first day of the term and the clerk must forthwith minute such filing in the appearance docket.

No action not so noticed is docketed for trial or tried upon any issue of fact, except by consent of both parties, and of the court upon application and for special reasons, and either party may require that an action so noticed shall be tried in its order, unless continued for cause, or postponed for special reasons, in the direction of the court."

Judge Chapman understood that Judge Field wanted to abate the rule as far as Lancaster county was concerned and he signed without question an order of that kind. Judge Field, it seems, interpreted the order to apply to the whole district and so informed some of the attorneys, who find themselves in court without notices, while their opponents insist on the rule. The rule will doubtless be suspended, as far as this term of court is concerned.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Thompson, Postmaster of Danville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and blacksmith of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is afraid he is dying and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle at F. G. Fricke & Co's Drug Store. 2

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. G. Fricke & Co.

LADY OF THE CLICKER.

Daily Round and Hedged Up Dignity of the Woman Who Telegraphs.

It occurred to a citizen the other day on approaching the fair telegrapher in an uptown hotel that a woman in such a place must often have her temper and her fortitude taxed by thoughtless members of the opposite sex.

The young woman in question was possessed of a personal makeup that would attract attention in a crowd, yet through all the rush of business and hurry of work she never once seemed conscious of herself. Men came and went, their messages were received, the words picked off by the lead pencil measurer, the charges announced, and her seat resumed without, as Francis Wilson has it, her "moving a muscle or wincing a wince."

To the inquirer after facts she turned, and for the first time raised her eyelids, that disclosed a pair of sharp, honest, blue gray eyes, full of business, yet suggestive of a happy, laughing temperament, if you only knew her outside her "cage."

"Oh, no," she said, "we are too busy for idlers, and always of necessity too deeply interested in our work to allow us to pass the 'conversation lozenge.'

"There are those who fancy we are here only to look pretty and impress the gentleman guest with the idea that he has delayed for a whole week to send a telegram of utmost importance."

"This is not the case, however, and the man most likely to forget himself and bother us is not the fellow who spends a quarter for an unnecessary telegram as an opener to conversation. We see him, of course, occasionally, but his business generally amounts to inquiry as to the location of the perfectly visible hotel desk or of the nearest postoffice or letter box. We make short work of him, and in a discreet way can force the touch on him that sets him on his gentlemanly feet again.

"Others there are, and thank goodness they form the great majority that rules, whose business is transacted promptly, politely and with an evident sense of the fact that they are dealing with a lady. These persons it is a pleasure to serve, for there is no superfluous dialogue or attempt at jesting, or suggestion of anything but the perfect gentleman.

"A boor gets loose at us once in a while, to be sure, but we manage him on the plan of 'the quiet answer that turneth away wrath.' He's apt to be old and gouty, and to find fault with us for 'hat his 'd'arter hasn't tellygraffed' him since his arrival. On a suggestion to such a one that perhaps his worthy girl at home has not been informed of his stopping place in the metropolis, he is frequently awakened to his own sense of carelessness, and then rises the smile that shows the good heart underneath, and all is serene again.

"Yes, we work constantly, and we must work well, for oftentimes much depends on the correctness of our transmission; but we have no cranky overseer, we are well paid for young women, and our trials are fewer and not so spirit rending as those that fall to the lot of the saleswoman."—New York Herald.

The Yosemite Valley.

For every hundred persons living west of the Mississippi river who have seen St. Peter's at Rome hardly ten, I think it may be safely said, have visited the Yosemite. Two small hotels in the valley are ample for all who may at any one time seek accommodations and on an average two coaches a day during the season will carry all who seek conveyance to that place of grandeur. One thing is certain, the foreigner "doing" the United States seldom omits the Yosemite; yet many an American tourist traveling in California leaves the coast in ignorance of the wonders and beauties of the famous region. On a beautiful Sunday in May, out of sixty-one guests at the Stoneman house forty-five were foreigners, most of them on a trip around the world; and that proportion is not unusual during the season. To the foreign tourist the Yosemite ranks with Niagara, and from those who have seen the wonders of nature on every continent the verdict seems to be that the Yosemite stands preeminent—the greatest of all.—New England Magazine.

The Wandering Jew.

Calmet's "History of the Bible" has this to say of the Wandering Jew: He was the porter of Pontius Pilate, and was called Calaphilus. When the mob was dragging Jesus to the judgment hall Calaphilus struck him, saying: "Go faster, Jesus! Go faster. Why dost thou linger?" Jesus replied, "I am indeed going; but thou shalt tarry till I come." Soon this man was converted and took the name of Joseph. He is supposed to live forever, but every 100 years he falls into a trance, upon awakening from which he finds himself at the same age as when the Saviour said these words to him. The Wandering Jew is grave and stern, is never seen to smile, and perfectly remembers the death and resurrection of Christ. No place is his home for more than a few hours, and thus does he fulfill his title of "Wandering Jew."—Detroit Free Press.

Canada and Newfoundland.

When was the Dominion of Canada constituted? Is not Newfoundland in it?

The Dominion was formed in 1867, and is composed of the provinces of Quebec, Ontario, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward's Island, New Brunswick, Manitoba, British Columbia, with certain territories and arctic islands. Newfoundland was invited to come in by the act of confederation, but she holds aloof, and remains an independent crown colony.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Better Not Sigh.

A chemical analysis of the food cooked by our grandmothers, which men sigh for once in a while, would show it 35 per cent. more dangerous to the stomach than food prepared in the modern kitchen. As a matter of fact, American women know nothing of cookery up to twenty-five years ago.—Detroit Free Press.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by W. C. Showalter, clerk of the district court, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at the south door of the court house in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate, to-wit:

Lot nine (9) in block two hundred and twenty two (222) in the city of Plattsmouth Cass county, Nebraska, together with the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining; the same being levied upon and taken as the property of the unknown heirs of Joseph Throckmorton deceased, Mrs. Sarah M. McClarey, Mrs. Mary Hawes I. N. Crosswait, (first name unknown) as the heirs of law of Joseph P. Crosswait, deceased; David Samson, Theodore Eaton, Frederick Eaton, Alice M. Eaton, and Mrs. S. M. Eaton, sole heirs of and at law of Emerson H. Eaton, deceased; George S. Seybolt, the unknown heirs of Abijah Harris, deceased, Thos. B. Gordon, R. B. Townsend, doing business as Gordon & Townsend, Elijah Smith, Joseph Smith, the unknown heirs of Isham Beasley, deceased, William J. Hyatt, W. D. Merriam (first name unknown) Art E. Alexander, and the unknown heirs of Alfred H. Townsend, deceased, defendants; to satisfy a judgment of said court recovered by William H. Shafer, plaintiff, against said defendants.

Plattsmouth, Neb., February 4th, A. D. 1891.

WILLIAM TIGHE,
Sheriff Cass County, Neb.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by W. C. Showalter, clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at the south door of the court house in said county, sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, the following real estate, to-wit:

The east three fourths (¾) of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼) of section twelve (12) in township twelve, (12), range thirteen (13) east of the 6th principle meridian, in Cass county, Nebraska, together with the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Robert Cartwright, Alonzo B. Dart, Amanda M. Cartwright, William Lee and his unknown heirs, defendants; to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by William S. Wiles, plaintiff; against said defendents.

Plattsmouth, Neb., February 4th, A. D. 1891

WILLIAM TIGHE,
Sheriff of Cass Co., Neb.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by W. C. Showalter, clerk of the district court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day at the south door of the court house in said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate, to-wit:

Lot six (6) in block two hundred and twenty two (222) in the city of Plattsmouth Cass county, Nebraska, together with the privilege and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining; the same being levied upon and taken as the property of the unknown heirs of Joseph Throckmorton, deceased, Mrs. S. E. Head, Mrs. Sarah M. McClarey, Mrs. Mary Hawes I. N. Crosswait, (first name unknown as the heirs at law of Joseph P. Crosswait, deceased, David Samson, Theodore Eaton, Frederick Eaton, Alice M. Eaton, and Mrs. S. M. Eaton sole heirs of and at law of Emerson H. Eaton, deceased, George S. Seybolt, the unknown heirs of Abijah Harris, deceased, Thos. B. Gordon, R. B. Townsend, doing business as Gordon & Townsend, Elijah Smith, Joseph Smith, the unknown heirs of Isham Beasley, deceased, William J. Hyatt, W. D. Merriam (first name unknown) Art E. Alexander, and the unknown heirs of Alfred H. Townsend, deceased, defendants; to satisfy a judgment of said Court recovered by William H. Shafer, plaintiff; against said defendants.

Plattsmouth, Neb., February 4th, A. D. 1891.

WILLIAM TIGHE,
Sheriff of Cass Co., Neb.

Notice

Nell Leyton, Trustee and Farleigh, Isaac A Allen, Charles Fowler and Ellen Fowler his wife, defendants will take notice that on the 5th day of February 1891, Art Eliza Alexander plaintiff, filed her amended petition in the district court of Cass county, state of Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are for a judgment and decree of said court vesting and granting in her title to the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section five, in township ten, range fourteen, east of the sixth principal meridian, lying and being in Cass county, state of Nebraska and setting aside the conveyance by the defendants and for peaceable and quiet possession of said real estate, and in case the court should find the plaintiffs title invalid and it should fail by reason thereof for a decree of said court declaring plaintiff to have a perpetual lien on said real estate for the taxes with interest at the rate of 40 per cent per annum for two years from the several dates the same were paid on each amount paid for taxes and 12 per cent thereafter, and for an allowance of an attorney's fee of 10 per cent of the amount found due, and a decree of foreclosure of said lien in the manner of foreclosing mortgages, and for an order of sale of said property to pay said lien, attorneys fees interest and costs of the action and in case said real estate shall not sell for a sufficient sum to pay said lien for, taxes, interest, attorneys fee and costs, the plaintiff may have a personal judgment against said defendants to pay said balance.

Each of you are required to answer said petition on or before the 30th day of March 1891.

Dated Nebraska City, Neb., 8th day of February, 1891.

ART ELIZA ALEXANDER, Pl'ff.
C. W. Seymour, Atty for Pl'ff.

Notice

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF Charles M. Holmes, deceased

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Hon. Samuel M. Chapman, judge of the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, made on the 8th day of November 1890, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the front door of the old court house in Plattsmouth, Cass county, Nebraska, on the 16th day of March, 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the following described premises, to-wit: That portion of the north half of lot twenty one (21), in section nineteen (19) township twelve (12), north of range fourteen (14), east of the 6th P. M. in Cass county, Nebraska, situated on the west side of the Plattsmouth and Rock Bluffs wagon road as platted and recorded on the county records of said county, being three acres more or less. Said sale will remain open one hour.

Dated February 19th, 1891.

STEPHEN A. DAVIS,
Administrator of the estate of Charles M. Holmes, deceased.
By his Atty's Beeson & Root. 48

Notice.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF Frederick W. Baumeister, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of Hon. Allen W. Field, judge of the county court of Cass county, Nebraska, made on the 7th day of November, 1890 for sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the front door of the old court house in Plattsmouth, Nebraska, on the 17th day of March 1891 at ten o'clock a. m. at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate to wit: Lots five (5), six (6) and the north half of seven (7) and the west half of the southwest quarter of section twelve (12), in township twelve (12), range thirteen (13), Cass county, Nebraska. Said sale will remain open one hour.

Dated February 19, 1891.

MARTHA BAUMEISTER,
Administratrix of the estate of Frederick W. Baumeister, deceased.
By her Atty's Beeson & Root.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued by W. C. Showalter, clerk of the district court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1891, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the south door of the court house in the city of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction, the following real state to-wit:

Lots one hundred and seventy-two (272) in the village of Greenwood; lots thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) Jones' Second Addition to the village of Greenwood, Cass county, Nebraska, together with the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Josiah Cline, defendant; to satisfy a judgment of said court recovered by Joseph T. Lloyd, plaintiff against said defendant's.

Plattsmouth, Neb., Feb. 28th, A. D., 1891.

WILLIAM TIGHE,
W49-5t Sheriff Cass County, Neb.