

The Big Fair at Plattsmouth.

No other fair will be held in Cass county except our county fair on Sept. 18-19-20 and 21, which will be held on the new grounds south of the city 1 1/2 miles. The grounds have been put in excellent condition, buildings have been erected, spacious stand and stock stalls have been put up, pens for cattle and hogs are on the grounds, and the plan of locating all is admirable. The entire front of the buildings and stalls are in the shade during the greater part of the day and the entire afternoon. Excellent water is plentiful on the grounds, and above all, we have a good No. 1 HALF MILE TRACK.

Already there are many horses on the track speeding morning and evening, and all lovers of fast horses are invited to drive in the ground and use the track; the gates are open to all.

The new art hall is not yet built, but we learn from Secretary Ritchie, that the same will be commenced this week and pushed to a speedy completion; and then in our estimation the Cass County Driving Park will have grounds that will be a credit to our city and county.

The premium lists are out and in the hands of the secretary, H. C. Ritchie. Many have been distributed and if any one has been overlooked they are invited to call on him either in person or by letter and be supplied.

There are many handsome premiums in the list and all should look carefully through the book. Come to the fair and make some display of some article.

THE LADIES

are especially invited to make in their department a good display. It consists of art, jellies, home manufactured goods, fancy articles, dairy, pantry and kitchen, flowers etc. The fair ones can help in making the fair a grand success and are urged by the managers to take hold and help.

The speed programme will bring some of the best horses in the country to Plattsmouth and with a good premium list we shall have some of the fastest trotting, running and pacing ever seen in Cass county.

For the benefit of the public we publish a list of the officers and superintendents of the various departments:

- LIST OF OFFICERS, 1888. President.....Fred Gorder Vice-President.....A. B. Todd Secretary.....Harry C. Ritchie Treasurer.....R. B. Windham Gen'l Superintendent Wm Wittencamp. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. J. V. Weckbach, Chairman. W. J. Hesser, J. Becker, Levi Churchill, M. B. Murphy, J. Vallery, Jr., W. D. Jones. PRECINCT VICE-PRESIDENTS. Liberty.....J. M. Lloyd Ayoca.....John Marquardt Weeping Water.....Geo. W. Adams Stove Grove Creek.....John Clemmons Tipton.....J. M. Higgins Greenwood.....B. McNurfin Elmwood.....J. H. McKinnon Clinton.....Geo. Hansen Mount Pleasant.....James Hall Rock Bluffs.....Jacob R. Vallery Plattsmouth.....Henry Eikenbary Eight Mile Grove.....J. B. Meisinger Louisville.....John Ossenkop South Bend.....Silas Patterson Salt Creek.....John Sheffer PLATTSMOUTH CITY. First Ward.....J. M. Schnelbacher Second Ward.....Wm. Neville Third Ward.....F. M. Ritchey Fourth Ward.....F. D. Lenhoff Class 1—Horses and mules, Supt. O. M. Strength. Class 2—cattle, Supt. Thos. Wiles. Class 3—swine, Supt. Frank Young. Class 4—sheep, Supt. J. F. Douk. Class 4 1/2—grand sweepstake, Supt. J. M. Patterson. Class 5—poultry, Supt. Frank Johnson. Class 6—farm implements, Supt. E. R. Todd. Class 7—honey etc., Supt. Henry Wolfe. Class 8—mechanical arts, Supt. Walter Jenkins. Class 9—home manufacture, Supt. Mrs. Robert Troop. Lot 2—flour bread etc., Mrs. Perry Walker. Lot 3—ornamental work, Mrs. Wm. Eikenbary. Class 10, Lot 1—dairy, pantry and kitchen, Supt. Mrs. J. Vallery, Jr.; lot 2—canned goods, Mrs. Geo. Madison; lot 3—bread and pastry, Mrs. J. F. Back; lot 4—pickles preserves and jellies, Mrs. W. H. Peol. Class 11, Lot 1—music and art, Supt. Miss Lelia Thomas; lot 2—sewing machines etc., Mrs. J. D. Simpson. Class 12—fruit, Supt. G. W. Shrader. Class 13—flowers, Supt. Llewellyn Moore. Class 14—farm products, Supt. Sam'l Richardson.

DISCRETIONARY COMMITTEE.

J. B. Meisinger, H. M. Gault, John Green. Any and all articles not otherwise provided for will be entered in this class and premiums will be awarded according to merit.

All these parties above named, and all our citizens in general, are urged to take an active interest in our coming fair and make it the best ever held in Cass county.

—We were pleased to receive an invitation and pass to the Cass County Annual Fair, from the secretary, Mr. H. C. Ritchie, to be held on the new fair grounds in this city on the 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st of September.

—Send your job work to the HERALD office.

A Democratic Downfall.

Several times since the successful rallies given by the republicans recently, the crestfallen democrats have made several boasts and bluffs of some future democratic rally. The remark: "Just wait until we have a rally, we will show you fellows what kind of a procession democrats will make upon the streets." We have waited, and the hearts of the republicans were in their mouths when the sound of the mighty horns were heard in our land at the appointed hour when the "demo. process" was to march on our streets. The preparations, boasting and "great I am" speeches occasionally made in all public quarters only a few days ago, lead the republicans to believe there must be something in it, and the many who turned out to watch them exhibit themselves, swallowed their hearts again with ease.

The B. & M. band had been engaged in some way, and the mourners who stood aside and watched them as they moved down the street, apparently enjoyed the funeral marches. A more solemn sight could not be imagined. The band was left alone in its solitude as it marched down the street, while groups of two and three of the mourners walked in the direction of the depot. The special was to pull out at 6 o'clock, but when the reporter arrived at the depot, he readily learned the cause of the delay and witnessed considerable anxiety among the abitious democrats. The whole trouble seemed to arise on account of the non-appearance of the required number. One of their prominent backers, when he learned of their dissatisfaction, marched to the ticket office in his authoritative style and commanded the ticket agent, who had refused to allow the special to pull out unless one hundred tickets were sold, to send the train along and he would see that the required amount would be put up on their return. The trustworthy ticket agent could not hear to this and informed them that the railroad company did a strictly cash business. He could not let the train go until thirty more tickets could be disposed of in some way. Upon learning this, the "silver-tongued orator" of the party, after bracing himself and exhibiting a bold front, with a bill raised above his head and yet no great distance from the ground, which some supposed would not exceed \$10, and frankly offered it by saying, "Gentlemen, here's a dollar, there's no excuse for us holding the train here because thirty of our number did not show up." He was requested to keep his hoodle for fear of further demands when Mr. F. E. White came to their relief by "putting up" for thirty tickets himself. The money was handed over and the few previously discouraged democrats sent on their way rejoicing to the land of the Wahoos. The reason given by the gentleman for making so extensive a contribution was that he wished to have the town relieved of the crowd for one night. About seventy-five passengers were carried to Waho that night, where they halted upon a slim rally at that place. So much for the democrats and we would advise them to try again.

Well Answered. EDITOR HERALD:—One, S. P. Vanatta, makes a malicious, cowardly and villainous attack on me through the columns of the Journal. Two years ago this man was a candidate for the nomination of county attorney, before the republican party, and demanded that I should concede him the delegation from the 1st ward of this city, in which we both lived, and upon my declining to yield to the modest demand, he swore vengeance, and went to the Louisville convention and sought to prevent my nomination by the use of the same billingsgate that he uses in his article in the Journal. Being the only person who sought to defeat my nomination by personal abuse, failing in that, he said he would defeat my election, and for that purpose sought a nomination from the democrats, and they not being willing to take him into their fold on the terms proposed, he fell back on the prohibition party, and stumped the county during the campaign, passing as a prohibitionist; with the avowed object of defeating me and electing a democrat. In his public speeches, he abused the republican party like a pirate. He has no great affection for me, because two years ago I detected and exposed his habit of seeking the defense of indigent prisoners and taking fees from the county and in addition, taking fees from the prisoners or their friends; neither is his love for me strengthened by the fact that I exposed his methods of defense in the prosecution of a notorious house of prostitution in this city. I have this man's record, both here and at Lincoln, and if it should become necessary, will not hesitate to make it public. The good words which he says about Mr. Clark, the city attorney, which by the way, I heartily endorse, are not prompted by any good feelings he has for Mr. Clark, but are intended as taffy to induce Mr. Clark to be a candidate against me. I am a candidate for re-nomination for the office of county attorney, and as for my official conduct during the time I have held the office, I refer to the judges and officers of our courts, and I hereby brand the assertions made by this man Vanatta, as "unqualifiedly and maliciously false."

ALLEN BEESON.

UNION.

Hon. H. F. Taylor was in town today. G. A. Roose is on the sick list, but is improving. H. J. Davis was in town Saturday evening, the 26th, 1888. Miss Agatha Tucker of Plattsmouth is visiting friends in this vicinity. W. B. Davis is a democrat, but finds time to "hurrah for Harrison and Morton."

G. U. Saxon has been engaged in hauling rock for some time for a barn foundation but wound up just in time to "hurrah for Harrison."

A rumor is afloat that a prominent widower of Lewistown is sailing high near Union. Judge made ready for the time is drawing nigh. (Eddie.)

Dr. Wallace says Cleveland is flying. Yes, Doc, I am afraid he will never live. Mr. J. P. Becker and party from Plattsmouth attended church Sunday eve at Rock Creek.

Joe Cole was in town today "Hurrahing for Harrison," and when asked what's the matter with the HERALD, replied, in a harmonious voice, saying, "It's all right." That's what we say too.

Joshua Lynn is putting in a fish pond near Union, and persons seeking a salubrious climate will do well to stop over at Union, registering at the "Pacific" and pass their time fishing, driving and riding on the "street cars" (at Plattsmouth.)

When Armour, the greatest pork packer in the United States, builds a million dollar packing house here, when G. W. Elliott, the proprietor of one of the best business colleges in the United States, moves his college here, then my kind natured, good democratic friends, Cleveland will be president, but you can't have him before. O yes! We forgot to say that we want the HERALD with us too. We must have it!

Dr. R. B. Wallace is still wearing mourning. Doc, you will wear more mourning than that before Jan. 1st, 1889, won't he Tom? In counting up the votes in the city of Union, we find that about two-thirds are straight forward, energetic and prosperous republicans. "Hurrah for Harrison!" Union has organized a brass band and is composed of about 20 members, she also has a base ball club. Paul Schminke and wife were in Union Saturday evening and when asked, "What's the matter with Harrison," replied, "He's all right." That's what we say too.

Free trade we do not want today. For the laborers says it—oesn't pay. "Harrison rides a great big horse, and Cleveland rides a mule." O Harrison will be the president, and Cleveland will be the "1."

Yours Till Later, J. "SHINY."

Reunion at Norfolk.

From Tuesday's Daily. A large delegation of the G. A. R. boys and their families left this morning for the encampment at Norfolk this week. Following is the list: Wm. Morrow and wife, Henry McMacken and wife, Mrs. Harry Reese, Sam Carrigan and wife, Capt. H. E. Palmer, John, Leech, Guy McMacken, Joe Carrigan, Geo. Melvin, Chas. Melvin, Frank Pine and several others, but we failed to get their names.

An Epigrammatic Statement. Is there anything in this world so vile As the pestilent presence of potent bile? We have it, we hate it, we all revile The noxious nansau, as did Carlyle. But why bewail what soon is mended? Take P. P. P. and have it ended. All praise the power of "Pierce's Pellet," Wise people buy and druggists sell it.

Hon John Y. Stone of Council Bluffs, who favored the Young Men's Republican Club of Plattsmouth with one of the most eloquent and entertaining addresses upon the occasion of their recent annual banquet, has been nominated by the republicans of Iowa for attorney general. The HERALD extends its congratulations not only to Mr. Stone, who is recognized as one of the ablest lawyers in the western slope, but also to the republicans of progressive Iowa upon the wisdom of their selection.

Look and Live. My lady reader, don't pass me by with the unkind remark, "Only an advertisement." I may do you good. I may unfold to your view the "pearl of great price." I may be the means of restoring to you health and happiness. I surely will if you are suffering from any form of nervousness or female weakness, and will act upon my suggestion. I bring to your notice, with every confidence in its merits, a remedy especially compounded to meet just the requirements of your case—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, bidding you look and live! Ladies everywhere, who have used it, speak volumes in its praise!

The school board has decided to open the schools again sooner than was at first anticipated. The rooms will be opened on the 10th of next month if all present arrangements are carried out, when there will be a grand reunion of the school children. The ambitious scholars, who have been promoted, will return to the school with lightened hearts and start out on their new studies, while the more careless ones are less jubilant and return to tread the same road for another term.

The C. B. & Q. has issued a new time table which will come into effect on Sunday, at 4:50 a. m. The flyer (No. 2) which now passes through here at 4:30 p. m., will go east at 4:25 p. m.; No. 4, at 10:30 a. m.; No. 6, at 7:15 p. m.; No. 10, at 9:45 a. m. The western bound trains will depart as follows: The flyer will run over the main line instead of going to Omaha as it now does, and will leave here at 5:10 a. m.; No. 3, at 7 p. m.; No. 5, at 7:30 a. m.; Schuyler No. 7, at 7:45 p. m.; No. 9, at 6:17 p. m. and No. 11, at 6:27.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The republicans of the United States, assembled in their national convention, pause on the threshold of their proceedings to honor the memory of their first great leader and benefactor, Abraham Lincoln, and the rights of the people, Abraham Lincoln, and to cover also with wreaths of imperishable remembrance and gratitude the heroic names of our later leaders who have been more recently called away from our councils, Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan and Conkling. May their memories be faithfully cherished. We also recall with our greetings and prayer for their recovery from the mortal affliction which has laid them to rest, the names of those who have been so bravely and patriotically sacrificed in the history of the republic and of the world. The name of Lincoln, the nation's favorite child of victory, Philip H. Sheridan.

In the spirit of those great leaders and of our devotion to human liberty, and with that hostile and inhuman character of despotism and oppression which is the fundamental idea of the republican party, we send fraternal congratulations and our warmest sympathies to the brave and noble people of Brazil upon their great act of emancipation which completed the abolition of slavery throughout the two American continents. We earnestly hope we may soon congratulate our fellow citizens of Irish birth upon the peaceful recovery of home rule for their native land.

WE AFFIRM OUR UNSWERVING DEVOTION to the national constitution and to the individual liberties of the people, and we reserve to the states under the constitution, to the personal rights and liberties of citizens in the enjoyment of the rights of life, liberty and property, to the supreme and sovereign right of every citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign born, to vote and to be voted for, and to hold the public offices and to have that ballot counted. We hold a free and honest popular government to be the foundation of our republican government and demand effective measures to insure the integrity and purity of elections which are the foundation of all public authority. We charge that the present administration has endeavored to corruptly influence the voters of the United States, to suppress their free will, and to suppress the voice of the ballot by the criminal nullification of the constitution and the laws of the United States.

We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection. We protest against any tariff which would sacrifice the interests of our people to the interests of Europe.

WE WILL SUPPORT INTERESTS OF AMERICA, and we will support the interests of the people for their judgment. The protective system must be maintained. Its abandonment would result in the loss of our national interests except those of the moment and short.

We denounce the Mills' bill as destructive to the interests of the laboring people, and we denounce the consistent and patriotic action of the republicans in opposing its passage. We condemn the proposition of the democratic party to place wool on the tariff. We believe that the duties on wool should be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue by repealing the duties on foreign manufactures, and by reducing the duties on agricultural products and on the arts and for mechanical purposes. The reduction of the duties on wool should be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry.

AGAINST PATRIOT AND LABOR TRUSTS. We declare hostility to the introduction into the country of foreign trusts, and we demand that the government should enforce the laws which prohibit the same. We demand that the government should enforce the laws which prohibit the same.

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the shipping interests of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific states as well as for the payment of the maturing public debt. This policy will give employment to our labor, revive our various industries, increase our exports to our country, promote trade, open new and direct markets for our products and cheapen the cost of transportation. We affirm this to be far better for our country than the democratic policy of loaning the government's money without interest to "pet barons."

FOREIGN RELATIONS. The conduct of foreign affairs by the present administration has been distinguished by inefficiency and cowardice. Having withdrawn from the senate all pending treaties negotiated by republican administrations for the removal of foreign burdens and restrictions upon our commerce and for its extension into a better market, it has neither an acted nor proposed any others in their stead. Professing adherence to the Monroe doctrine, it has in fact made complacency the extension of foreign influence in Central America and of foreign trade wherever among our neighbors. It has refused to charter a sanction of embargo against American organization for constructing the Nicaragua canal, a work of vital importance to the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and of our national influence in Central and South America, and necessary for the development of trade with our Pacific territory, Mexico, America, and with the further coasts of the Pacific Ocean.

FISHERIES QUESTION. We arraign the present democratic administration for its weak and unpatriotic treatment of the fisheries of our country. It has surrendered all privileges to which our fishery vessels are entitled in Canadian ports under the treaty of 1854, and it has permitted the legislation of 1880 and 1881 to remain in force, which Canadian fishing vessels receive in the ports of our country. It has also permitted the policy of the present administration toward the democratic majority in congress towards our fisheries as manifestly and completely unpatriotic and as tending to deprive completely our national industry and an indispensable resource of defense against foreign enemies.

The name of American applies alike to all citizens of the republic, and imposes upon men alike the same obligation of obedience to the laws, at the same time that it is the duty of every citizen to support the laws of his country, and to defend them against all enemies, foreign or domestic, who should and must afford him protection at home and follow and protect him abroad in whatever land he may be on a lawful and peaceful mission.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM. The men who abandoned the republican party in 1884 and continue to adhere to the democratic party have deserted not only the cause of honest government, but of civil liberty, freedom and purity of the ballot, but especially have deserted the cause of reform in the civil service. We will not fail to keep our pledges because they have broken theirs, or because their candidate has broken his.

The reform of civil service auspiciously begun under republican administration should be completed by a further extension of the civil service already established by law to all grades of the service to which it is applied. The spirit of reform should be carried to all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the object of existing reform legislation should be repealed, and the means should be provided for the free institutions which look in the power of official patronage may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the union cannot be assured except by laws. The legislation of congress should conform to the wishes made by a loyal people, and should be enlarged and extended as to provide against the possibility that any man who honorably served the federal government before the outbreak of an insurrection or dependent on private charity, in the presence of an overflowing treasury it would be a public disgrace to deprive those whose valorous service preserved the government. We denounce the hostile spirit shown by President Cleveland and his associates in refusing to consider general pension legislation.

In support of the principles herewith enumerated, we invite the cooperation of patriotic men of all parties, especially of all working men whose prosperity is seriously threatened by the free trade policy of the present administration.

The first concern of all good government is the virtue and sobriety of the people and the purity of their homes. The republican party cordially sympathizes with all wise and well directed efforts for the promotion of temperance.

SOMEbody's COMING TODAY. Bird, sweet bird, in the apple tree spray, Heading down with its blushing snow, Lift up your sweetest songs today. For the secret that I know; A secret that's tender, a secret that's true, Do you wish, happy bird, that I tell it to you? You, sure, would not listen and then fly away. Piping: "Somebody's coming today—today—Somebody's coming today."

Fair sapphires skies that are soft smiling down, Smiling down in the golden sun, Fall fair on his head, that I tell it to you? Crown my beloved one. For I have a secret, fair sky, blue sky, And no one today is more glad than I; Flash it not, sunbeam, with waters that play; But somebody's coming today, today, Someone is coming today!

Purest of lily buds, cool on the breast Of the lake's fair sheen and shade, I wish adown deep in your chalice at rest, Were my secret, for I am afraid That the tree and the sky and the bird in his song.

Will tell all that I think and all that I say In the presence of the people of each day. Ah, yes! Some one is coming today. —Lida Lewis Watson in Home Journal.

English Expenditure for Dress. Writing on "Dress and Economy," Mr. Henry Reeve gives us some very remarkable "facts and figures and other data for the construction of a scale of expenditure and of ratio to income of the cost of clothes." The writer has evidently been at much pains to collect these "facts," etc., from various informants, and though these latter often prefer to give the house rent they pay rather than the income they possess, their information is surprising enough. One lady, who has a "small income of \$800 a year," finds \$30 enough for her dress. Another who, with her husband, enjoys an income of \$1,500 (no children) spends only \$20 a year per annum. Again, a professional man with "\$2,000 a year to spend," gives his two daughters \$40 a year for dress, and a "gentleman who shoots, plays tennis, mixes in the best society in town and country, and travels on the continent," spends only \$23 a year on his wardrobe. Finally, an inquiry among twenty-eight bachelors (including members of parliament, civil servants, barristers and county squires) shows a maximum expenditure of £24 and a minimum of £14, or an average of £23 a year, spent on dress.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Hindu Women's Advancement. Early in the present century infanticide was suppressed by the Anglo-Indian government, and sati was also abolished in 1829. Since that time any one accused of committing the one or abetting the other has been prosecuted as a murderer. Sati was more easily put down than infanticide. The interior of the zemana is so private that crimes are sometimes committed there that never come to light. Indeed, child murder is undoubtedly perpetrated often at the present day.

Two other of the bonds fastened upon Hindu women by a corrupt priesthood are loosening and will soon fall off, infant marriage and perpetual widowhood. As Hindu women advance in education and general intelligence they naturally begin to understand their own rights and privileges, and are not so easily persuaded or coerced as heretofore. This is, of course, the inevitable result of education, which brings and saves forward, and which they desire to avert by keeping them in the strictest ignorance.—Mrs. E. J. Humphrey in Democrat.

Heart Lure Found in Books. Therefore book knowledge is great knowledge. Besides, the book is a material link between two persons, a chain made of matter, I mean, by which they can bind themselves by reading aloud, and by enjoying together not only the author's mastery of the theme, but also his force of language, his eloquence, his poetry, his wit. Reading together is a great bond of union; it is also an advantage, that there is heart lure as well as mind lure in books, there being poets and story tellers as well as historians and philosophers. There is no point or height in human experience which friends and lovers may not climb together in books. They may choose from the circle of the sciences or sweep over the whole orbit of them.—J. V. B. in Globe-Democrat.

A Frightful Skin Disease

Suffering Intense. Head Nearly Raw. Body Covered With Sores. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

DEAR SIR:—About two months ago, on your recommendation, I bought a bottle of CUTICURA REMEDY, one box CUTICURA SOAP, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being raw, his face and neck covered with the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are anxious to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to read the article, or any of my neighbors.

Wm. S. STEPHENSON, A. M., S. F. WINCHESTER, P. O., Union Co., N. C.

THE POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., GREENSBORO, N. C., Oct. 29, 1887. Gentlemen:—Mr. Wm. S. Stephenson of this county brought his case to town today to let us see him, and to show us what CUTICURA Remedies had done for his case. The case referred to in our letter to you some time ago. To look at the boy now, one would suppose that there had never been anything the matter with him,—seems to be in perfect health. We have written and herewith inclose what his father has to say about the matter,—wrote it just as the enclosed.

We are selling quite a quantity of CUTICURA Remedies and hear nothing but praise for them. We regard the CUTICURA as one of the best in the market, and shall do all we can to promote their sale.

STEVENS WINNELL, Druggist and Pharmacist. CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are the best cures for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass. 248 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough chapped skin, and city skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

Sneezing Catarrh. The distressing sneeze, sneeze, sneeze, the acrid, watery discharge from the eyes and nose, the painful inflammation extending to the throat, the swelling of the mucous lining, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head and splitting headaches,—how familiar these symptoms are to thousands who suffer periodically from head colds or influenza, and who live in ignorance of the fact that a single application of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH will afford instantaneous relief.

But this treatment in cases of simple catarrh gives but a faint idea of what this remedy will do in the chronic forms, where the breathing is obstructed by choking, putrid mucus accumulations, the throat is so sore that swallowing is difficult, the throat ulcerated and hacking cough gradually fastening itself upon the debilitated system. Then it is that the marvelous curative power of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE manifests itself in instantaneous and grateful relief. Cure begins from the first application. It is rapid, radical, permanent, economical, safe.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, and one bottle of the RADICAL SOLVENT, an IMPROVED INHALER; price \$1.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

PAINS AND WEAKNESSES OF FEMALES. Instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a new, powerful, and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve Female Pains and Weaknesses. It is superior to all other plasters, and the most perfect antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weaknesses yet compounded. All druggists, or the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an execution issued by W. C. Showalter, Clerk of the District Court, within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock of said day, at the south door of the court house in the city of Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction, the following real estate, to-wit:

The east half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section eight (8), township 22 N., range 12 W., in the county of Cass county, Nebraska.

The same being levied upon and taken as the property of Thomas J. Thomas, defendant in a judgment of said Court recovered by William H. Harris, Plaintiff, against said Defendant.

Plattsmouth, Nebraska, Aug. 25th, A. D. 1888. W. C. SHOWALTER, Clerk of District Court, within and for Cass county, Neb. By DAVID MILLER, Deputy.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of three executions issued by W. C. Showalter, Clerk of the District Court within and for Cass county, Nebraska, and to me directed, I will on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1888, at 2 o'clock of said day, at the south door of the court house in Plattsmouth, in said county, sell at public auction, the following real estate, to-wit:

The west half (1/2) of the south-east quarter