HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The question this week is, "How many sets have you made out?"

Nearly all the teachers have their examination questions "made out" and handed to the superintendent for approval.

Misses Bassett and Wright of the Nebraska City schools visited Plattsmouth schools Monday. It seems to me a good idea to allow teachers to visit neighboring schools occasionly.

Our trees on the school ground have begun to leave out nicely. I think nearly all that were planted will grow. However, the cows seem to take delight in pasturing there, and have already broken several of the trees.

President Perry of Doane College, Crete, Neb., gave us a short visit yesterday morning. He talked a few minutes to the graduating class of the benefits to be derived from continuing their studies after graduation. He stated that Doan college would receive graduates of this school without further examination.

Many pupils make the mistake of thinking that because they possess a diploma from some high school, their education is finished. It is to be deeply regretted that so few of the alumni of our school ever go to college after graduating. A college course will pay. It is impossible to get at the exact percentage of the successful men of this country who have had a college course, but is stated that more than seventy-five per cent of the members of both houses of congress have been college men.

CLARA WILSON.

List of Letters.

Remaining unclaimed, in the Postoffice at Plattsmouth, Nebraska, May 2, 1888, for the week ending April 21, 1888:

Bates, Israel F (2)	Boughner, Frank
Baxter, Mrs Virginia	Lynch, Mrs Ella
Carter, Luther E	Conner, George
Cunningham, Walter	Cummings, Miss Mallie
Dukes or Delacy, Mrs Lucy	Denney, W C
	Dreese, S. W
Fox, Leonard	Fitzgerald W H
Green, Mrs S	Gilmore, Miss Nell
Heatland, John	[illegible] Ella
[illegible]	[illegible] E
[illegible]	[illegible] Mrs Cora
Kalish, [illegible]	Lee, [illegible]
Long, [illegible]	[illegible]
Mowrey, [illegible]	A Quigg, J C
Reed, J G	Shew, Chas C
Rhoden, Mrs A	Robins, H
Rhoades, Robert G	Russell, Shanny
Shannon, Mrs N J	Samson, Louis
Smith, Mrs Gizzie	Stuart, W H
Stowe, C J	Simmons, Lewis
Twitt, Charles (2)	Smith, R T
Taylor, D C	Turner, Hallie Mrs
Taylor, John M	Wilson, Wess
Wood, Mrs Lurena	West, D C

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."

J. N. WISE, P. M.

From Friday's Daily

—A large tea party was given last evening by Mrs. J. R. Cox, of this city. Had the evening been more favorable and all the invited guests been present, it would no doubt, have added much to the merriment of those present, but as it was, a large number or nearly all the ladies invited put in an appearance, and a very enjoyable evening was spent as the result. A few were invited from abroad, but owing to the inclement state of the weather, they could not come. Tea was served at 7 o'clock and the company did not disperse until ten. Appended we give a list of the invited guests: Mrs. H. B. Burgess, Mrs. R. R. Livingston, Mrs. H. E. Palmer, Mrs. C. Parmele, Miss Sarah Baker, Mrs. Fred Lathan, Mrs. C. M. Wead, Mrs. F. S. White, Mrs. Walter White, Mrs. F. E. White, Mrs. A. F. White, Mrs. V. V. Leonard, Mrs. W. W. Drummond, Mrs. John Simpson, Mrs. M. A. Hartigan, Mrs. S. M. Chapman, Mrs. M. B. Murphy, Mrs. Byron Clark, Mrs. S. H. Atwood, Mrs. Will Agnew, Mrs. Geo. Dovey, Mrs. F. Herrmann, Mrs. S. Mayer, Mrs. P. E. Ruffner, Mrs. Wes. Baker, Mrs. D. H. Wheeler, of Omaha; Mrs. A. W. McLaughlin, of Omaha; Miss Hattie Fulmer, Miss Anna Livingston, Miss Anna Murphy.

—As is usual for *The Journal*, it misrepresented another case a few days ago, by saying that one of the Pinkerton men was driven from the Cottage House in rather a rough manner simply because he was a Pinkerton man. Such was not the case, we have been told by a reliable party, but because he entered the house and acted so ungentlemanly before the proprietor and his wife that he was obliged to show him the door. Any other man would have been and should have been used in the same way if he had conducted himself in a similiar manner. We do not like to see a man misrepresented in such a way in order that another man might misrepresent himself to other people and lead those people to believe he is a friend to them when he has not the slightest intention of acting as a true friend and simply backbiting a company of men in order that he may improve his business, but "time makes all things even."

—Capt. H. E. Palmer, of Plattsmouth, one of the old timers of this state, is an aspirant for the position of delegate at large from Nebraska, to the Chicago Republican convention in June. We have known Capt. Palmer for several years and we feel assured that he will fill the bill, and do the state credit. *The Chief* will be pleased to hear of his selection.—Red Cloud Daily Chief.

—THE HERALD has materially assisted in the Shattuck fund matter, as is evidenced by a receipt for $203.05, now in the hands of Mr. C. W. Sherman. We are able to state this as a fact, having seen the receipt from Mr. Rosewater.

—Any one sending us thirty subscribers to the WEEKLY HERALD, we will give them an Elgin silver watch.

A HORRIBLE HOLACAUST.

Seven Human Lives Lost by the Burning of a Farm Barn.

FREMONT, Neb., May 4.—News has just reached here of a horrible holacaust, which occurred at Arlington, eight miles from this city, this morning. About 6 o'clock the people of Arlington saw a large fire at Mrs. Freeze's farm, one mile from the village. A party immediately went out, and scattered around among the smoking ruins of the barn, among about fifteen head of cattle and horses, the charred remains of seven human beings were found. How they came to be in the barn is a mystery, and the theory of foul play, or the foolhardy attempt to save the stock in the burning building are the only reasons that can be assigned. The seven bodies have been identified by size, shape and other ways as follows:

Fred Goteluschen, Mrs. Fred Goteluschen, their three children and Fred's brother Louis, all small, and Mrs. Freeze, mother of Mrs. Goteluschen.

There is a report that the hired man has not been found.

Democratic Convention Surprised.

SAN ANTONIA, Tex., May 4.—It has come to light that at the convention held by the democrats in Pearsoll, the county seat of Frio county, on Monday last, there was a high old time. The object of the meeting was to elect delegates to the Fort Worth and Dallas conventions, which respectively nominate delegates to the St. Louis convention and candidates for state offices. This part of the work was smoothly performed. Then some earnest democrat arose and offered a set of resolutions which set forth tha the administration of President Cleveland had been eminently wise, conservative and beneficial to the country; that his late message was a patriotic and statesmanlike document; that it was the duty of all good democrats to support and adopt the suggestions of said message, and that the executive had so earned the gratitude of the country that it could do nothing else than to retain him in his present position.

The resolutions were put to a vote, without a debate, and to the surprise of their framer and his friends, were overwhelmingly defeated. A suggested indorsement of the Mills bill was also laid out. The free trade leaders present then called a mass meeting for later in the day in order to see, as one of them expressed it, "whether they were democrats." At this meeting, which was supposed to be largely composed of Millsites, pretty much the same resolutions were adopted by a small margin. The matter has created somewhat of a sensation, as Frio has been in the past one of the most intensely democratic counties in the state and evidences as strongly as anything possibly could the great change which is taking place in the tariff sentiment of middle and western Texas. The movement is regarded as particularly inauspicious to Joseph Sayers, who represents this district in Congress. There are a half-dozen intendant candidates in the field, who will wrestle with him in the nominating convention. The objection to him arises solely from his support of the Mills proposition to place wool on the free list.

More About Blaine.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The sensational stories which several papers in this city publish concerning Blaine's alleged intention of being on the Atlantic at the time of the holding of the national convention, so he might not decline if nominated, turns out to be like many of their other exclusive stories, without any foundation in fact. Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, who, with her husband, takes an annual outing on Fells of Scotland, sent some weeks ago from her home in this city an invitation to Mrs. Blaine, asking that she and Mr. Blaine join the party in England, and proceed thence to the Highlands. The trip is to be made entirely by coaching. To this invitation Mrs. Carnegie received today from Mrs. Blaine a kind note of thanks and acceptance. She and Mr. Blaine will join Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie, probably in London, and then they will travel by coach along and over the border and through the Scottish highlands. Mr. and Mrs. Carnegi will sail from England June 6. Mr. Blaine may not be home until into summer, or probably not before early fall. "This statement," said a close friend of Mr. Blaine last evening, "should put a quietus on those haphazard guesses that some democratic papers are making concerning Mr. Blaine's movements and intentions."

Good Ground for a Strike.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 5.—The freight department of the Southern Pacific road is tied up today, owing to a strike of switchmen. The night switchmen ask more pay or shorter hours of labor, and the day switchmen have joined with them. The night men now work fourteen hours and get the same pay as the men working ten hours. The officials of the road say the men were unreasonably hasty, and their places will be filled with new men unless the strikers return to work at once. No settlement has been reached yet.

The differences between the striking switchmen and Southern Pacific was amicably adjusted this afternoon.

GERMAN COURTSHIP.

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FRAULEIN'S ENGAGEMENT.

How the Question Is Popped—Performing the Marriage Ceremony—Greeting the Bride and Groom—Strange Sights for American Eyes—Contentment.

At the end of the second week the lover came in one morning, and presented himself before the young lady, who was in my room, and asked for a few moments' private conversation. I stepped out to give him the floor, and this is what, she afterward related, transpired: The young man advanced toward his beloved and handed her a note, in which were written a few lines from her mother, saying that the bearer was about to propose in good form, and for her to accept him. As she finished reading an agitated voice from the vicinity of the door was heard, for the young man was exceedingly nervous on this occasion: "Most gracious and respected frauleln, I have the honor to offer you my heart (and he clapped his hand over that organ) and hand in holy marriage." Here emotion checked him, but not the young lady, who was 29 years old. "Most esteemed Herr Von H——," she said, "I thank you for a proposal, which I do myself the honor to accept." Herr Von H—— bowed, kissed the young lady's hand and retired, and the latter came out and threw herself on my neck, exclaiming, "I am engaged!" in a voice which plainly implied, "At last, at last!"

Well, they were married, but first mamma gave several parties in their honor, and there we saw them sitting side by side on the sofa, getting acquainted. Some said they were discussing whether to have dinner at noon or night, after they were one, but I doubted that report, as Herr Von H—— had suddenly developed an unmistakable air of appropriation of his beloved and a "Maria-black-my-boots" tone when he spoke to her. I think there is little question in the minds of those present but that "nubby" would have dinner before breakfast if he should so choose as soon as they were married.

The marriage ceremony in itself was an education. Being an officer, the event took place in the military church in Berlin. The place was filled with spectators and friends. The front pews were occupied by gorgeous brother officers, sparkling and glittering with brass buttons and gold braid, and near them sat the "specially invited" guests. Just before 12 o'clock, for the ceremony was in the morning, the minister entered and took his place. Immediately all was hushed, but for the low voice of the old organ. Eight bridemaids then came in from the front and advanced to meet the bride, who had just appeared on the horizon in the rear, leaning on the arm of some relative unknown. She passed between the rows of white robed maidens and led the way to the altar, followed by the groom and his train. Here she stopped, and they all took chairs, making themselves quite comfortable, while the minister read a yard and a half marriage ceremony before he could bring himself to the point. At last the "I will" portion approached, the young couple rose, swore and were blessed.

The crowd dispersed, and the married pair drove away to a large hall, engaged for the occasion, where the wedding breakfast was laid. Here they wandered about, and got better and better acquainted every time the servants turned away their heads, and waited for their guests to appear. As these entered, all parties bowed, and the women and old men advanced to kiss the bride on both cheeks; the younger men were restricted to her hand. The groom kissed all the matrons and several comrades, and pressed the fingers of all the pretty girls to his lips. Then each officer, unmarried, offered his arm to some lovely maid selected by his good friend, the bridegroom, and led her to the table. Eating and drinking continued till 3:30, then came the toasts, and as each health was drunk, it was etiquette to fill your glass, rise and pass round the board, clinking your goblet with your neighbor's across the table.

When this was over, then came the strangest of the customs for the American eyes. The doors were opened and the servants of all the guests came trooping in, bringing mysterious packages and bundles. We all received innumerable presents from personal friends, though the latter were unacquainted with the bride. That is the custom. When one hears that a friend is about to attend a wedding, it is the correct thing to send him a present during the breakfast. Of course the bride is left out, as she has received her share at her own house, so while her guests are making merry over their gifts and counting how many "friends" they have, the young married couple take their departure; that is the last one sees of them. Our host and hostess left then, according to custom, about 4 o'clock, leaving us to hold high carnival. We danced till 12, with several interruptions for refreshments, for the German digestion is inexhaustible, and sang and danced again till the cocks began to crow. I doubt if the neighbors in the surrounding houses enjoyed it as they should have done.

So it goes with the upper classes, and about the same style of carousal is observed among the lower grades, though Hans and Gretchen do it in a simpler way. Their wooing is short and ardent. They make love incessantly, and it is quite the same to them whether they are observed or otherwise. It is quite the common thing to see these lovers walking hand in hand up the street, stopping at every corner for a kiss, while Hans' brother walks along with them, and is in no way embarassed. Contentment reigns.—Boston Transcript.

The So Called Grape Cure.

Among the most ancient of the methods of treating disease by special modes of diet is the so called grape cure, which may be traced in history since the days of Moses. In the time of Nero the curative virtues of grapes were highly lauded by one of the best medical writers whose works have come down to us. But grapes were not the only fruits given with a view to their medicinal effects. In the Middle Ages we find mention of maniacs cured by a diet of cherries, while strawberries are credited with having effected many wonderful cures. Later, in the course of our own civil war, a diet of ripe peaches has often succeeded, after all medication had failed to cure the obstinate bowel troubles so common among the volunteer soldiers.—Globe-Democrat.

Good in Either Case.

House Hunter—It isn't a bad looking house for the rent you ask.

Real Estate Man—It is given to you, you may say. The rent is ridiculously low, but the owner cares more for having a good tenant than for getting rich out of it.

H. H.—What kind of a neighborhood is it?

R. E. M.—Unequaled. Is your wife a borrower or a lender?

H. H.—What do you mean?

R. E. M.—If she's in the habit of lending groceries and domestic utensils to her neighbors, she can have a rest, for there are no borrowers. On the other hand, if she is in the habit of borrowing she will have a monopoly of the entire neighborhood. So you see it is a desirable locality any way you take it.—Boston Courier.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

What the Newspapers Say About Famous Ones of the Fair Sex.

Lady Colin Campbell was offered $5,000 for two lectures in America, which, on the advice of Matthew Arnold, she declined.

The most fearless rider in the capital is Miss French, the daughter of Representative French, of Connecticut, who rides a very spirited horse and sits her saddle with grace and composure.

Mme. Janauschek's name is pronounced in three or four different ways, but her own way is as though the name were spelled "Yan-ow-shek," with each syllable plainly sounded, and the accent upon the first.

Mrs. Annie Besant, the well known English radical thinker and lecturer, is described by a correspondent who recently saw her as a well proportioned lady of medium height and upright bearing, with a face of somewhat masculine cut, every line in it indicating determination and resolute purpose. Her voice, however, is pleasant and well modulated, and her manner is gentle.

Mrs. George W. Childs is a frequent and cordially welcome guest at Atlantic City. A correspondent at that resort says that Mrs. Childs possesses one of the finest collections of jewels to be seen, though as a matter of fact she wears, as a rule, very few and simple jewels. She possesses, among other things, a rare East Indian gem that seldom gets beyond the borders of that land, and of which there are very few specimens in America.

A great portion of the latter part of Miss Alcott's life was spent with her sister and nephews and nieces at Nouquitt, a town on the west shore of Buzzard's bay. It was here that the sculptor, Walter Ricketson, an intimate friend of the family, made the medallion of Miss Alcott not long before she died. A photograph of this medallion is one of the best pictures to be had of her. When her sister saw the bas relief for the first time the tears came to her eyes and she said, "That is my Loy."

The present German empress is the fifth English princess who has held that rank. The others were: Edgyth, daughter of Edward the Elder, wife of Otto I; Gunhild, daughter of Knut, wife of Henry III, of Germany; Matilda, the link between the Norman and Plantagenet dynasties, wife of Henry V, of Germany, and Isabella, daughter of King John, wife of Frederick II, the wonder of the world. The last named princess was a direct ancestor of the late prince consort of England, and, therefore, of the present German empress.

Florence Kelley-Wischnewtsy, the daughter of Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, who married a Russian student abroad, is one of the closest observers of the condition of the working women of New York, and one of the best informed as regards their condition and prospects. She does a good deal of newspaper and other literary work in that city, is a clear thinker and has a better faculty of putting things on paper than her father. She is a fine looking, vigorous young woman, with an unusually attractive face.

Harriet Beecher Stowe is failing. Her memory grows daily more treacherous. She is much of the time her old self, conversing on all the topics in which she is interested with great intelligence and fluency. But there are intervals, not infrequent, during which she forgets the names of friends, loses track of her own business concerns and cannot speak accurately of the events of the past. In some of these forgetful intervals she has denied all acquaintance with people whom she is known to delight to honor and occasioned no little temporary embarrassment thereby.

A fragile looking woman, tall, slight, with a graceful, yielding, willowy figure, shadows under her eyes and ghosts looking out of them, attracted some little attention standing in front of a glowing mass of dark pansies in a florist's window a day or two since. None of the passers had ever seen quite such an embodiment of the pallid, the wistful, the spirituelle. Everybody turned to look a second time at the large eyes, the sad curves of the face, the melancholy mouth that looked as if, should it smile, it would light up the whole countenance gloriously. By and by it did smile, and cordially, at a little child who ran up to look at the pansies too. The woman was beautiful. Nobody recognized the quiet figure, but it was that of a writer whose name is signed to some of the strongest verse of the day—Edith Thomas, who has recently made New York her permanent home.

A Rat Plague in China.

Almost every newspaper from Australia has something to say about the rabbit plague in that country. And now comes a similar wail from China, stating a danger which threatens that empire. A recent number of The Pekin Gazette contains a memorial to the emperor from the governor of Chihsianfu stating that, owing to the appearance of swarms of rats, it has been found necessary to alter the routes of the government courier service in three of the postal stations in the Khalkha region in Outer Mongolia. For two years past the pasturage of the districts in question has suffered severely from the ravages of these vermin, and last year nearly every blade of grass was eaten up. The whole country has been honeycombed with their burrows, the horses and camels are in a famishing state, and there is no means of keeping them alive. The burrows are a source of great danger to the mounted couriers, and the want of forage renders it impossible to maintain a supply of animals for the service.—Scientific American.

The Pope's Triple Crown.

The popes did not always wear the three crown tiara. At first they wore an ordinary miter with one crown around it, then a second was added to it, and then a third, when it took the name of triregno (three kingdoms). This explains why sometimes the simple miter is used and sometimes called the triregno.—Catholic News.

Russia's Convict Houses.

Siberia, as a place of exile, is shortly destined to become a thing of the past. The Russian government, acting upon the advice of the governors of Irkutsk and Amor, has decided to keep its prisoners in large convict houses, instead of sending them to Siberia.—Frank Leslie's.

Cales and High Water Around the Lake Region.

MILWAUKEE, May 5.—A special to the *Evening Wisconsin* from Cheboygan, Mich., as a heavy easterly gale yesterday and last night opened the straits and a big fleet that was caught by the storm was driven west by the moving ice. An immense grain fleet is going down this morning, but no sail vessels have gone through. Last night's storm was terrific. A tug arrived this morning and says no ice can be seen from St. Helena.

A special from Winona, Minn., says the flood at that place still continues serious. A washout occurred in the vicinity of Kings colliery on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad last night, stopping all trains. One-third of the city is covered with water from six inches to four feet deep. The Burlington company is disabled here. Reports from Chippewa say the Chippewa and Eau Claire rivers are rising rapidly. Hundreds of families here are moving their effects in boats to dry places.

Found After Five Years' Search.

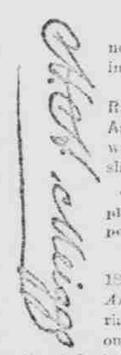
RALEIGH, N. C., May 4.—Five years ago a lad named Charles Randolph, then living in Philadelphia, disappeared. His parents were wealthy, and there was no [illegible] few months later a sister died and left the boy $40,000 as a legacy, and made special provision for a search for him. Ever since that time the search has progressed. John Krider, a Philadelphian, had literally ransacked the United States for the youth, who is now only 17 years of age. Krider had, a year or more ago, passed through Asheville, this state. Yesterday he stopped at the Grand Central hotel. There he found the youth for whom he had for years sought so faithfully. Randolph had for some time been employed at the hotel. He consented to return with Krider when he was informed of the legacy, and said that his only purpose in leaving home was to make his own living and be independent.

For Dorsey.

COLUMBUS, Neb., May 4.—The republican primaries of Platte county were had today. Columbus' twenty-three delegates to the county convention are friendly to Dorsey for congress. Considering this the stronghold of oppposition, the congressman's friends are jubilant.

S. JACOBS OIL

TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS.



Perhaps no man ever witnessed more physical suffering than

H. H. MEIGGS, the Great Railroad Contractor of S. America,

whose autograph is here shown and who writes:

"St. Jacobs Oil has accomplished wonders. It has my positive indorsement."

As an example—During 1870 and 1871 *two thousand Americans* died from malaria and rheumatic fevers out of *four thousand* in Peru, attracted thither by large wages paid by Meiggs, who had contracts amounting to $136,000,000. In this field thereafter St. Jacobs Oil did its good work.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.

BALTIMORE, MD.

ROBERT DONNELLY'S

WAGON AND BLACKSMITH SHOP.

Wagon, Buggy, Machine and Plow repairing, and general jobbing

are now prepared to do all kinds of repairing of farm and other machinery, as there is a good lathe in my shop.

PETER RAUEN,

The old Reliable Wagon Maker

has taken charge of the wagon shop. He is well known as a

NO. 1 WORKMAN.

New Wagons and Buggies made to order. GUARANTEED.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President. F. WATCH, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF PLATTSMOUTH, NEBRASKA.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate

BANKING BUSINESS.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Government and Local Securities Bought and Sold. Deposits received and interest allowed on time certificates. Drafts drawn, available in any part of the United States and all the principal towns of Europe.

Collections made & promptly remitted

Highest market prices paid for County Warrants, State and County Bonds.

DIRECTORS:

John Fitzgerald, John R. Clark, S. Watch, D. Rakeswith, F. E. White.

A Frightful Skin Disease.

Sufferings Intense. Head Nearly Raw. Body Covered with Sores. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

MESSRS. STEVENS & REUNER, Monroe, N. C.

DEAR SIRS:—About two months ago, on your recommendation, I bought a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, one box Cuticura Salve, and one cake of Cuticura Soap, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighbors.

WM. S. STEPHENSON.

Winchester P. O., Union Co., N. C.

MONROE, N. C., Oct. 29, 1887.

THE POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.:

GENTLEMEN:—Mr. Wm. S. Stephenson, of this county, brought his son to town today to let us see him, and to show us what Cuticura Remedies had done for him. This is the case referred to in our letter to you some time ago. To look at the boy now one would suppose that there had never been anything the matter with him—seems to be in perfect health. We have written and herewith enclose what his father has to say about the matter,—wrote it just as he dictated.

We are selling quite a quantity of Cuticura Remedies and hear nothing but praise for them. We regard the Cuticura Remedies the best in the market, and shall do all we can to promote their sale. Yours truly,

S. STEVENS & REUNER,

Druggists and Pharmacists.

CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood diseases from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

Sneezing Catarrh.

The distressing sneeze, sneeze, sneeze, the acrid, watery discharges from the eyes and nose the painful inflammation extending to the throat, the swelling of the mucous lining, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head and splitting headaches,—how familiar these symptoms are to thousands who suffer periodically from head colds or influenza, and who live in ignorance of the fact that a single application of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH will afford instantaneous relief.

But this treatment in cases of simple catarrh gives but a faint idea of what this remedy will do in the chronic forms, where the breathing is obstructed by thick, yellow, putrid mucous accumulations, the hearing affected, smell and taste gone, throat ulcerated and hacking cough gradually fastening itself upon the debilitated system. Then it is th t the marvelous curative powers of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE manifests itself in instantaneous and grateful relief. Cure begins from the first application. It is rapid, radical, permanent, economical, safe.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box CATARRHAL SOLVENT and one IMPROVED INHALER; price, $1. POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

PAINS and WEAKNESSES OF FEMALES

Instantly relieved by the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster**, a new, most delicate, elegant and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve Female Pains and Weaknesses. Warranted vastly superior to all other plasters and the most perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness yet compounded. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

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THE CITIZENS BANK!

PLATTSMOUTH, - NEBRASKA.

CAPITAL STOCK PAID IN, - $50,000

Authorized Capital, $100,000.

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FRANK CARRUTH, President. JOS. A. CONNOR, Vice-President. W. H. CUSHING, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

Frank Carruth, J. A. Connor, F. R. Guilmant, J. W. Johnson, Henry Rock, John O'Keefe, W. D. Merriam, Wm. Weitencamp, W. H. Cushing.

Transacts a General Banking Business. All who have any Banking business to transact are invited to call. No matter how large or small the transaction, it will receive our careful attention, and we promise always courteous treatment.

Issues Certificates of Deposit bearing interest. Buys and sells Foreign Exchange, County and City securities.

Bank Cass County

Corner Main and Sixth Streets.

PLATTSMOUTH, NEB.

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HIGHEST CASH PRICE

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The 5th St. Merchant Tailor

Keeps a Full Line of

Foreign & Domestic Goods.

Consult Your Interest by Giving Him a Call

SHERWOOD BLOCK

Plattsmouth, - Neb.