

The Plattsmouth Weekly Herald.

KNOTT'S BROS., Publishers & Proprietors.

THE PLATTSMOUTH HERALD is published every Thursday morning. Office, corner of Vine and Fifth streets.

WEEKLY, by mail, One copy one year (in advance) \$2.00 One copy one year (in advance) 1.50 One copy six months .75 Registered at the Post Office, Plattsmouth, as second class matter.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

- For Treasurer D. A. CAMPBELL For Clerk BERT CRITCHFIELD For Recorder WM. H. POOL For Superintendent of Public Instruction MAYNARD SPINK For Sheriff J. C. EIKENBARY For Judge CALVIN RUSSELL For Clerk of District Court H. J. STREIGHT For County Commissioner GEORGE YOUNG For Surveyor A. MADOLE For Coroner HENRY BECK.

NEXT month Oregon will vote on prohibition.

COMMISSIONER Foltz must run this time on his merits. The county seat racket can't be worked this time Mr. Foltz!

WHEN Higgins and Co. (i. e. Sherman) get to be county treasurer of Cass county, we are going to have --- free lumber!

MR. SHOWALTER for clerk of district court and Dr. Siggins for coroner are the only nominees from the east end of the county and Dr. Siggins is so recent he can't count.

It is said that Field Marshal Sherman is very proud of his county treasurer. If there is any one thing our neighbor does on, it is finances. How would Bro. Sherman do for deputy treasurer, any way?

WIGGINS for weather, and Higgins for treasurer! It seems to us, speaking in a Pickwickian sense, that about all there is left of the democratic party in Cass county is Higgins and Wiggins.

THE judicial convention meets in Lincoln Oct. 5th at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Judge Chapman has no opponent for a re-nomination, and A. W. Field who is a candidate for Judge Rounds' place on the bench, will doubtless be nominated without much opposition.

SHALL we have free whisky or free lumber? is the question. The republicans want the former, democrats the latter.—Journal.

The head of the man who penned the foregoing piece of idiocy is hereby tended of the democracy of Cass county, free from any duty, except that it be used to found the prohibition skueky.

FROM the reports of the new high license law in Minnesota, it is working admirably. There has been a falling off of at least one-third in the number of saloons, and the revenue from the liquor traffic is larger than it was under the old system, and the business of the police is less, and public sentiment is strongly in favor of the strict enforcement of the law.

OUTING leads off this month with a thoroughly technical and authoritative paper on FENCING. In A BOUT WITH FOILS, Mr. Eugene Van Schaick, President of the Knickerbocker Fencing Club, and one of the most expert amateur swordsmen in this country, presents the exercise in clear and scientifically explanatory language, useful alike to the tyro and the proficient. The text is further assisted by illustrations taken from instantaneous photographs of matres d'armes and every position, lunge or parry may be relied on as absolutely correct.

JEFF DAVIS has written a letter in which he criticised Senator Reagan for having introduced a Georgia negro "to the ladies and gentlemen of Texas," and Mr. Reagan replies by admitting that the charge is true, and excusing himself on the ground that the negro in question "delivered an address which for learning, eloquence and patriotism would have done credit to any white people." The Texas Senator would be much more fortunate than he is if he could always justify his actions in this easy and conclusive manner.—Globe Democrat.

THE republican state convention will meet in Lincoln on the evening of Oct. 5th to nominate a candidate for judge of the supreme court and also to nominate two regents of the university. It is generally conceded that Judge Maxwell will be his own successor, though ex-att. general Dilworth is making a fight for the nomination. There are several candidates in the field for regent, the most prominent of which is W. A. McAllister, of Columbus, a graduate of the university, and a man that has at heart the best interests of the institution.

It is understood that the comptroller of currency will in his next report to congress suggest an important amendment to the national bank act with a view of preventing, under severe penalties, the compromising by any bank of any case of misappropriation, embezzlement, misapplication of funds or any other offense which renders officers or employees of national banks liable to criminal prosecution under the act now in force. Such an amendment would be an entirely proper one. It would only be in the direction of a further recognition of the public nature of such offenses against the community. Crimes of this nature are public wrongs which affect the whole community, and it ought not to be in the power of offenders guilty of them to secure immunity from public prosecution, whether by the favor of bank officials or otherwise. Bankers are particularly interested in the maintenance of a high standard of commercial morality, which acts such as those against which legislation is sought cannot but affect unfavorably, and they will doubtless be glad to see the suggestion of the comptroller embodied in legislation.—Bradstreet.

COMPARATIVE statistics of the pig iron production show the United States to occupy second place, with all the conditions favorable to attaining the lead in a very short time. In 1873 the pig iron production of Great Britain was nearly three times that of this country, while last year the difference in favor of the former was only a few thousand tons, and during the first quarter of the present year until the output was checked by the coke strike, the production of the United States was about that of Great Britain. Fourteen years ago the latter country produced 86 per cent. as much pig iron as all other countries, while the United States produced 23 per cent. In 1886 the ratio respectively was 53 and 43 per cent., a material relative decline on the part of Great Britain and a notable increase on that of the United States. In no other respect has this country made a more marked progress, as compared with other nations, and with the increase in productive capacity now under way, which is far in excess of the efforts being made in the same line in any other part of the world, it is a question of only a little time when this country will be first in the production of pig iron.—Ex.

Royalty En Route. Had General Grant, Rutherford Hays or Chester A. Arthur in the palmy days of republican rule, planned and executed the magnificent state journey which Grover Cleveland and party are now enjoying throughout the country, what an infernal yell of rage and fear would have gone up from the combined democratic throat of the entire country—royalty, depots, aristocracy, waste of the people's money, neglect of state business, "Ball pups," downright blackguardism, would have been hurled at the royal procession from every cross road in the country; yet Grover Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland and their Kitchen Cabinet can charter one of the finest palace car trains ever run on this continent and with the switches thrown open and the right of way guaranteed on all our railroads, sweep across the continent heralded and preceded by a painted programme calling the public together at stated places in a manner excellent that of William of Germany, and the republican press treat it as an innocent, that electioneering scheme under the guidance of the national democratic committee and greet his excellency with the respect and courtesy due the great office he represents. This is the difference between the political organizations who represent the sentiment of the American people of this day. Mr. Cleveland will doubtless be surprised at the extent of the territory lying west of Albany and the number of people "out west" and verify for himself that there really are such places as Chicago, Omaha and St. Louis; and for this, all good people in the great Northwest will be thankful.

HENRY WATSON, writing to the Louisville, Ky., Courier-Journal, from New York, where he has spent a week studying the political situation, talks with characteristic plainness. The following is an extract from his letter:

If the leaders of the democratic party had possessed the wisdom and the courage honestly to meet the issues which have given vitality to this labor movement we should not now be menaced by it, but should have it for an ally. It should never have ceased to be an associate. The timidity and selfishness which have characterized democratic leadership in the east are responsible for its disaffections, and, at the same time, for a delay of ten years in popular education. There is now, however, no help for it. The democratic party must fight its battle next year with the labor vote cast in the scale against it. To do that with any show of success it must put itself right in the coming session of congress with the true interests of labor, whether the laborer sees it or not. It must boldly proclaim the truth. It must boldly stigmatize and expose falsehood and fraud. It must yield nothing and fear nothing. The issue is low taxes against high taxes; cheap living against free whiskey; manhood against monopoly. Nor can we begin too soon,

having delayed already too long. We must show by our acts as well as our words—that is the truth—that we are the workingman's only hope, his only friend, his shield and buckler, with brains to know his wants and sympathy to be impressed by them, and no foolish terror at being called hard names for his and for our own sakes. Unless the democratic party be a party of the people, bound and sworn to save the people's country from the money devil, it is a mere bundle of factions, good only for an occasional bonfire.

The Convention and The Ticket.

The republican convention which closed its labors in our city Saturday evening was an intelligent, representative body of men. Among the delegates were many old settlers; men, who came to Cass county in territorial days and braved the hardships and perils of frontier life, to better their condition; men who have by their energy, industry and honesty, built up for themselves prosperous homes and business and for the state of Nebraska one of the wealthiest and most intelligent counties in this young commonwealth. Such men were strongly represented in Saturday's convention, and, as was their duty, came together to place a ticket in the field which the republican party of Cass county can afford to support without apology.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, Mr. D. A. Campbell of Plattsmouth city, was re-nominated by acclamation. This to Mr. Campbell, is a deserved compliment to one of the best and most competent officials Cass county has ever had in charge of her finances. And, as we are informed, according to an established, and unbroken, precedent, since the days of Shepherd Duke, Mr. Campbell will be given his second term by the people of Cass county.

FOR RECORDER OF DEEDS, Mr. William H. Pool, of Elmwood precinct, was named without opposition. Two years ago Mr. Pool was defeated for this office, not by the voters of Cass county, but by a blunder of the legislature in the passage of an act creating the office of "register of deeds," on account of which, the supreme court of the state declared the act unconstitutional; and, although Mr. Pool was chosen by the electors of Cass county by a very large vote, he was thus denied the office. Now, there being no question as to the office itself, the people of Cass county will without doubt re-affirm their work of two years ago.

Mr. Pool is a young man of family, about 33 years of age, who has resided in Cass county for the past fifteen years, is well educated and qualified for any business position within the gift of the people of Cass county—is a farmer by choice and a successful one, although we are informed, he has during the past four and a half years had charge of the lumber interests of Messrs. Beardsley & Clark at Wabash, in this county.

FOR COUNTY CLERK, Mr. Bird Critchfield, of Mt. Pleasant precinct, was chosen without opposition. Mr. Critchfield, is also a farmer, a bright intelligent young man of good habits, and in every way qualified to succeed Mr. J. M. Robinson, the present clerk. If, what the HERALD hears of Mr. Critchfield, is half true, our friend Robinson will find all the employment he can master to hold the democratic vote of Cass county without borrowing republican votes as he did two years ago. The HERALD predicts Mr. Critchfield's election by a handsome majority.

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Maynard Spink was re-nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Spink was comparatively an unknown man two years ago, when the republican party of Cass county nominated him for this office. To-day he is known in every home in the county as a faithful competent superintendent, and a splendid educator, who has the welfare of our educational interests at heart. Maynard Spink is a good worthy citizen in every sense of the word—and will be re-elected by a handsome majority.

FOR SHERIFF.

Mr. J. C. Eikenbary received the high compliment of a nomination for a third term after a short and close contest with his old deputy, Mr. B. C. Yeomans of Weeping Water. Nothing, save Mr. Eikenbary's high qualifications for this office could have overcome the prejudice against a third term and the deserved popularity of Mr. Yeomans, who is well qualified to fill the office of sheriff and who received the unanimous support of that portion of the county where he resides; and although there was some feeling over his defeat in the convention, the HERALD believes, the calmer moments of those gentlemen will convince them that Mr. Eikenbary's nomination came directly from the people and that in all fairness, the nomination being perfectly fair, Mr. Eikenbary should receive their cordial hearty support. The HERALD does not believe our friends the common enemy—have any timber in their party that can compete with J. C. Eikenbary before the people of Cass county for this office which he has so ably administered for four years.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE. Calvin Russell, our bluff, hearty, honest county judge, was re-nominated over the aggressive young attorney, Mr. Woosley, of Salt Creek precinct. The fact is, the people of this county understand the fidelity with which Mr. Russell has discharged the duties of county judge; that his office is in excellent condition; that estates of decedents are speedily, honestly and correctly administered upon and closed up; that civil business is transacted on that principal; that he is always to be found at his office; and last but not least, that when the young men of Cass county seek to wed, they always find the county judge at his post appreciative of the gravity and solemnity of the occasion. That Calvin Russell will head the list on majorities is our prediction.

FOR CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT. Henry J. Streight, one of Cass county's oldest settlers, although but a comparatively young man, was chosen after a short contest with Wm. Hayes and Geo. K. Staats. Mr. Streight is a first class business man of much more than average accomplishments, has a large acquaintance throughout Cass county, and is a very popular man whose friends will rally to his support and that of the ticket. On every hand we hear words of commendation in regard to Mr. Streight's nomination.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF THE SECOND DISTRICT.

Mr. George Young of Mt. Pleasant precinct was chosen over Geo. Switzer of Avoca and Walter J. Cutforth of Louisville. Mr. Young is a prosperous, wide awake farmer, an old citizen of Cass county, a good thorough going business man well acquainted with county affairs and will make a careful, competent, commissioner.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR. A. Madole of Stove Creek precinct was chosen without opposition. Mr. Madole is a good civil engineer and has performed the duties of this office acceptably for the past two years as he doubts will do the coming two years.

Mr. Henry Beck, present coroner, was re-nominated. Mr. Beck is one of Cass county's oldest and best known citizens and may expect re-election with the rest of the ticket.

Judge Chapman was complimented by being asked to select the delegates to the district convention of this judicial district and also by a unanimous resolution of confidence and endorsement. The convention also by unanimous vote instructed the delegates to the state convention to support Hon. Samuel Maxwell the present chief justice of our supreme court. Judge Maxwell's long and distinguished services to the state has made his name a household word with the people of Nebraska and his sterling integrity and great worth entitles him to the respect and confidence of all classes. To displace Judge Maxwell for an untried man at this time would, in the opinion of the HERALD, be a great blunder on the part of the republican party of this state; and, unless scheming politicians and corporation influences secretly conspire to unseat the honest old judge while the public unsuspectingly fancy his position secure. We have no doubt as to his re-nomination.

One word now as to the duty of republicans; a good representative ticket has been placed in the field; the private character, the qualifications and the republicanism of the several gentlemen named are unexceptionable, not a word, we believe, can be said against any man on the ticket. It is well distributed throughout the county. Every man ought to be elected and no good reason can be given for not supporting the ticket as a whole. Our democratic friends cannot place better men in nomination; then, we say, there can be no sensible pretext for republicans going off after the common enemy and voting against their principals and ticket. Local prejudice should have no weight, to gratify a personal feeling never warrants a man in voting against his principals. Our democratic friends don't vote that way, and they only hope for success through republican dissatisfaction with their own ticket on local grounds and prejudices. Our democratic neighbors will ask republicans in the east end of the county to vote the democratic ticket; on precisely the same grounds they will ask the west side republicans to also vote the democratic ticket while they themselves exert their own rank and file to vote from principle for a democrat first, last and all the time.

We have not been very long in charge of the HERALD, but we are told the foregoing is the fact and we want to assure our republican friends that unless the HERALD has a better reason than "county seat" prejudice or local prejudice it will be found supporting the regular ticket when good men are honestly placed thereon. So, we say, to republicans bury all disappointment, all local differences and support the ticket straight and square and once more place your party in full position of county affairs which, by the right of majority belongs to us.

Warrick asks you to compare his prices and stock of school books with others. Second hand school books at very low prices. dtwt.

It is amusing to see how the western country editors kick and abuse the present tariff made by the republican party when just such a tariff was needed, but which every body agrees ought before this to have been remodelled and changed to suit the changed condition of the country. They seem to think when they splutter around and say hard things about this tariff that they are fighting the republican party. They forget that all their leaders in the last congress knew that the people both expected and wanted them to change it, and though they had a large majority in the house of representatives and a democratic president to back them they failed to change or modify it in the least. They talked a great deal about it and discussed some plans of changing or remodeling it but finally let it be as it was, not being able to make a better one. They thus adopted it as their child and as the best thing in the way of a tariff that they could give to the country. So that when the democratic editors and politicians hereabouts with frantic zeal abuse this tariff they abuse the adopted child of their party and are actually fighting their own party, foolishly thinking they are fighting the republicans but while they themselves may be deceived they cannot deceive the people. A much greater than any of these was sacrificed for his honest zeal in trying to reform this tariff. There was, perhaps, among all the democratic members of the late congress none more honest than Mr. Morrison and he honestly tried to induce his party to give the country a new tariff but they refused all his propositions and efforts to change the present one and his constituents punished him for his efforts by failing to re-elect him. Had the last congress have been republican the tariff would have been changed to suit the present condition of things. There would have been a check to the increasing millions going into the treasury. Such industries as needed the fostering care of the government would have been protected and such luxuries as only the rich use would have been taxed for the necessary revenue to carry on the government. Money would now have been comparatively plentiful, labor better paid and living cheaper than it is. Even these western democrats admit that under this tariff which is the best they have yet been able to give the country, it costs the poor twenty-five per cent more to live than it would have done if they had discharged their duty and remodeled it. Who wants to keep such a party in power? Surely not the tolling millions of the west.

THE Republican Party as a Free Whiskey Party. By a very far stretch of the imagination certain parties in this and other states are trying to make it appear to the careless and unthinking, that, because the great majority of republicans are in favor of prohibition, that therefore they are in favor of free whiskey. And some honest but thoughtless people, even here in Plattsmouth, have taken up that cry, and there are those who have gone so far as to suggest that the democratic party shall be "down with the republican party because they are for high taxes and free whiskey." Such nonsense would not be worth noticing were it not that some good people sometimes hear such things so often that they conclude it may be so.

Now the history of the republican party is written. Their record is clear. They fought slavery till they destroyed it. They are the only strong party that ever declared squarely against whiskey and in favor of prohibition, which they have done in several states, and it is admitted by the best informed and bitterest enemies here in Plattsmouth that "there can be no doubt, but if the republicans had elected a solid state legislature last year, Nebraska would to-day have a prohibitory statute."

Now, if prohibition or no whiskey at all, and free whiskey are one and the same thing, then the republican party is a free whiskey party. But if prohibition or no whiskey at all, is not free whiskey, then the republican party is what it professes to be,—an enemy to free whiskey, drunkenness, vice and crime, and is the friend of the home, and is squarely against the saloon.

It is gratifying to know that the enemies of the party have to resort to such far-fetched, illogical and untrue charges and arguments. For if they had any grounds for fighting the party for what it is, they would certainly do it with a vim and an energy much greater than they are able to do in their unfair way of trying to make the party appear to be what they, and all well posted people know, it is not.

Who wants to keep in power a party that resorts to such unworthy modes of fighting their opponents? certainly not the temperance and christian masses of the county of Cass and of the great state of Nebraska.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes, by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Warranted by, F. G. Fricke & Co., druggists, Plattsmouth, Nebraska. 34-1yr

Atch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes, by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Warranted by, F. G. Fricke & Co., druggists, Plattsmouth, Nebraska. 34-1yr

For Sale. A farm containing 640 acres of land, well improved, timber and water. Best stack farm in Cass county. For terms apply to 1414 BIRSON & SULLIVAN.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight adulterated powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 109 Wall St., New York. 2045

FOR MAN AND BEAST! Mexican Mustang Liniment

- Scalds, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Swellings, Corns, Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Sore, Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Flesk.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine. The Lumberman needs it in case of accident. The Housewife needs it for general family use. The Canner needs it for his toms and his meat. The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench. The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard. The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply aboard and ashore. The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance. The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it and will need it as long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers. The Black woodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer. The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once. Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages. Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

R. B. WINDHAM, Plaintiff, vs. L. O. MILLER, Defendant.

To the non-resident defendant: You will take notice that on the 12th day of September 1887, R. B. Windham, his plaintiff herein filed his petition in the County Court of Cass Co., Neb., against you, the object and prayer of which are to recover the sum of seven and 70/100 dollars, (\$7.70) money advanced for the policy of insurance written by Plaintiff at defendant's request, May 4th, 1886, and interest thereon from said date. You are further notified that Plaintiff has filed an attachment and in aid of which has had published, process issued. There is now due the sum of \$7.70 and interest. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 13th day of October, 1887.

R. B. WINDHAM, AND JOHN A. DAVIS, Att'ys for Plff.

ARBUCKLES' name on a package of COFFEE is a guarantee of excellence.

ARIOSA COFFEE is kept in all first-class stores from the Atlantic to the Pacific. COFFEE is never good when exposed to the air. Always buy this brand in hermetically sealed ONE POUND PACKAGES.

FIRST PRIZE HEREFORD HEAD At the great St. Louis Fair, 1884, headed by FORTUNE 223, by Sir Richard 2nd, 5111 EVELYN 23, by Lord Wilton. GROWN ON THE GROVE END, DEWBERRY and 1207, by Dotley, half brother to Archibald. Head numbers 23 head. Send for price and catalogue. J. S. HAWES, Colony, Anderson Co., Kansas.