but one object in
bitter, and that is,
and at the same
enterprising city gov-

ernment. If the HERALD was published with no higher ambition than to see its party to which it belongs, secure the control of this little city government, where every man who serves it is *sacrificing* just so much of his time for the public good, it would not consider its mission of sufficient importance to warrant it in holding itself out as a newspaper. Our government in this city comes home very closely to every man's property and home and the gentlemen trusted by the public with its administration must be held responsible for its management and the administration of city affairs. The measures they adopt, the manner in which they expend the city's means, the appointments they make are all arguments either for or against their rule. The people of this city are law abiding citizens; they have to settle this matter; they know whether the present government has been and they *ought to have*—all that *Plattsmouth deserves*. They know whether the police force appointed by Mayor Weckbach have been men fit for such positions or not, and whether they want a continuation of such appointments; the HERALD is willing to leave it to the people and only wants a good, square city government for our enterprising city, and it would be remiss in its duty as an enterprising journal did it not insist upon this much.

OBITUARY.

WILLARD N. BUELL, son-in-law of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Chaplain Wright, committed suicide at the residence of Mr. Wright, on last Thursday evening. A full report of the circumstances are given in detail in the report of the coroner's inquest.

Mr. Buell came to visit his wife's people here on last Saturday, leaving his family at Blue Rapids, Kansas, where he was engaged as manager of the Blue Rapids woolen mills.

Mr. Buell was born in Ogdensburg, St. Lawrence county, N. Y. and coming west to Milwaukee Wis., in the year 1863, there made the acquaintance of Chaplain Wright's second daughter, Amanda Juliet, and married her in Milwaukee during that year. About the year 1865 Mr. Buell and family came to St. Joseph, Mo., where he was for a time engaged in the dry goods trade, and about the year 1867 engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods at that place. The business prospering some two or three years, the firm of which Milton Tootle, of St. Joseph, was a large stockholder, purchased the large manufacturing interest at Blue Rapids, Kansas, where Mr. Buell has since been engaged as manager. Mr. Buell has been in failing health for some few years back, caused by too close application to his business, and but recently was compelled to stop for a rest. He came to Plattsmouth in a despondent frame of mind to consult Dr. Livingston, and his knowledge that recovery in his case was hopeless, so preyed upon his mind that in a temporary fit of insanity the dreadful deed was committed. His wife and family are at their home in Kansas. Mr. Buell has a beautiful home in Kansas, and was a man of large means and leaves his business in perfect shape. He was a man of excellent habits and fine social qualities, but too close attention to business sapped his constitution, and ere he was aware the machinery was so nearly worn out that recovery was hopeless. He leaves Mrs Buell and two sons, the seventeen and one eleven years of age to mourn his loss. Chaplain and Mrs. Wright are overwhelmed with the strange and terrible calamity which such a sad ending always brings to those who loved and cherished the unfortunate victim.

Temperance and Political Reason.

The Protestant ministers of Chicago held a meeting at Tower Farwell Hall on Monday to consider the temperance question. Dr. Little was called to the chair. Dr. Lorimer offered a series of resolutions, which set forth the condition of Chicago, and the duty of the ministers in regard thereto. The preamble of the paper was in the second to it, as follows:

Resolved, That we most respectfully but earnestly request our representatives at Springfield to give immediate attention to the measure now pending before their honorable bodies, which proposes a tax, the proceeds of which shall be $500 a year, to be [illegible] in all places where intoxicating liquors are sold, and that they take prompt action to secure its passage, and to secure that the entire commonwealth is as secure at least whatever in moral sentiment shall afford.

Another resolution expressed surprise at the legislature for disregarding the petitions, which represented the best people in all parts of the state in its favor. Dr. Lorimer said that all present were in favor of prohibition, but that in the present emergency he was for the next best thing, repression. So also said Dr. Gurney, Dr. Hatfield, Dr. Henson, Rev. Glen Wood, Rev. E. R. Davis and others. Dr. Hatfield said;

He did not want any saloons, but he did not propose to be like the sulky boy who threw away his piece of bread because it was not so large a piece as he thought he ought to have.

Dr. Kittredge said:

There was not a man here who would encourage or seem to encourage this traffic. It was nonsense to say that a man who favored high license was in favor of saloons. They simply said here was a terrible evil, and they asked for an increase of the license. They were taking step by step, as there was opportunity, for the abolition of this traffic.

Dr. Lorimer said:

A man deserved to be hanged, but because he could not be hanged some of the gentlemen had such sensitive consciences that they would not vote to shut him up in the penitentiary.

Rev. E. R. Davis said:

He was for prohibition, but the majority of Illinois was not in favor of it, and he proposed to take what he could get, what the majority would vote for. The meeting was not called to discuss prohibition. There was a legislature with a bill before it, and they were to take help them to decide.

Dr. Noyes [illegible]

It was [illegible] that

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from Pope Bob. Inger-
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d and "a plain unvar-
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preciates and dearly prizes American institutions, than the so called "middle class" to which most of us belong; and any organ or party, which espouses the *isms*, and *hobbies* of the day, at variance with the settled prosperity of American industries, need not expect to gain the confidence and support of the common people. That there is a settled and deep-seated distrust existing between the laboring and producing classes of this country, and capital, must be admitted by every observant, thoughtful student of events; a settled feeling of discontent and uneasiness, which has been slowly but surely taking possession of the masses; this feeling, or prejudice, shall we call it? naturally looks for an antagonist; it is aggressive in its very nature; it looks, and it beholds capital rapidly accumulating in the hands of the few.

This is a nation of some fifty millions of human beings, all engaged in solving the great problem of bread and butter. This new continent with its grand lakes and rivers, its fertile valleys, its mountain ranges, rich with ores and precious metals, has opened up a wonderful field for the achievement of every ambition which takes possession of the soul of the individual in the life race; the individual taking advantage of this field, finds the only limit to what he may accomplish, is that which the Creator has placed upon him in the bestowment of mental and physical powers; bending all his energies in a given direction, he is seen distripping the masses, and standing upon the dizzy heights of power, which to the plodder beneath his feet, is beyond the very clouds. Especially to those, ambitious to amass great wealth, does this country furnish boundless facilities; our mountain ranges teeming with precious metals accessible only to the capitalist; our system of American railways and telegraph lines, with their land grants, and subsidies, have been voraciously seized upon by the shrewd, unscrupulous speculator, and money king, whereby fabulous and colossal fortunes, have been in a moment, as it were, amassed, and thereby a few individuals enabled to place the hand of greed upon the very throat of American industries. The masses seeing their peril, are agitated, alarmed; the continual encroachments of capital, stealthily taking advantage of its every opportunity, is attracting the attention of the ablest writers upon questions of political economy, the "Papers" of Mr. Henry George, Prof. Sumner and others, are among the recent contributions upon this topic, that this feeling of distrust on the part of labor towards capital can ever be eradicated so long as human nature exists, no one will contend, but that this irrepressible conflict between labor and capital does exist in our social and political world, and that it is daily increasing in threatening proportions, no one can deny. The remedy is eagerly sought for; the ballot is the only means within the grasp of the individual for his protection, and that the masses are eagerly and anxiously seeking for the true means of exercising its potent power as a remedy is still unassured; how to use it, is a grave question which may well cause the stoutest hearts to quail. It is not communism, nor socialism, to call attention to, to recognize, or to acknowledge the presence of this grave peril, and to warn the country of the approaching danger to our social and commercial prosperity; unless it is arrested and averted; and the mission to day of true, patriotic statesmanship is to point out a remedy, fair and safe, both to the aggregated capital of the country and her toiling masses.

THE newspaper rumors of Mr. Gladstone's resignation are, or seem to be, unfounded. However, Mr. Gladstone is a man who has led a busy public life, and with the excitement of a resident to a political career, he is expected to long retain the leadership of the English government. The administration of affairs in the hands of powers of Europe passing into new hands entailing old emperor of Germany, chancellor are both [illegible] with the constant [illegible] fire, and both in ill health. England is an old woman, reigned much longer than a ruler, and who cannot to retain the reins of [illegible] much longer. Very soon the fire will pass into the hands of her own prince, and the government will fall to the Tories. These sovereigns [illegible] call around them new advisers, and there is no [illegible] effect this may have upon [illegible] Important changes [illegible] doubtless follow.

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A New F[illegible]

Mr. Frank E. Hartig[illegible] the law office with his [illegible] Hartigan, and the real est[illegible] lection department will be conducted by Hartigan Bros. Mr. Frank Hartigan is an industrious gentleman, who will give his personal attention to the collection and real estate, and M. A. Hartigan will, as heretofore, give his undivided attention to his law practice. The firm is one deserving success, which they will reap in due time.

Frank White and U. V. Mathews are skirmishing around the Platsmouth river for feathers. Their plan is to scare the ducks until their feathers come out, then send the dogs after the feathers.

LEGAL NOTICES

Legal Notice.

In the district court of Cass county Nebraska. In the matter of the application of Mary Sharp administratrix of the estate of Andrew Sharp, deceased, for license to sell land.

On reading the petition of Mary Sharp, administratrix of the estate of Andrew Sharp, deceased, representing among other things that the said deceased died seized of certain real estate therein described, and that it is necessary to sell the same to pay the debts of said deceased, and praying for a license to sell said real estate; and it appearing to the court that it is necessary to sell said real estate for that purpose, it is ordered that said petition be heard before Hon. N. S. Ramel, Judge of the district court, in and for the county of Cass, at the office of the clerk of the district court, in the city of Plattsmouth, in the county of Cass, and state of Nebraska, at one o'clock p. m. on the 1st day of May 1883. It is further ordered that this order be published at least four successive weeks before said day fixed for hearing said petition, in the Plattsmouth HERALD, a weekly newspaper published at Plattsmouth in said county of Cass. WILLIAM CASE, Jr.,
Sullivan & Woolvy, Judge Presiding.
Attorneys for Petitioners. 5214

Proposals for Military Supplies.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE PLATTE,
Chief Quartermaster's Office,
OMAHA, NEB., March 6th, 1883.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, April 18, 1883, of the same hour following for the shipment in bond, at the offices of the Quartermasters at the following named stations at which places and time they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for the furnishing and delivery of Military Supplies during the year commencing July 1st, 1883, and ending June 30th, 1884, as follows: Wood, Hay and Charcoal, or such of said supplies as may be required at Omaha Depot, Fort Omaha, Fort Niobrara, Fort Sidney, Cheyenne Depot, Fort Russell, Fort Steele, Fort Douglas, Fort Robinson, Fort Bridger, Fort Laramie, Fort McKinney, Fort Washakie, and Fort Thornburgh, also for the delivery at Fort Thornburgh of 300 tons of Coal of 2240 pounds to the ton.

Proposals will also be received at this office up to the day and hour above named, for the delivery on the cars at the point nearest to the mines on the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, of eight thousand tons of Coal, of 2240 pounds to the ton. Also for delivery at Omaha Depot, or at points on the main line of the Union Pacific railway east from Kearney Junction, of two million pounds Corn, and one million pounds Oats. Bids for grain should state the rate per bushels,—not per bushel.

Proposals for either class of the stores mentioned in for quantities less than the whole required will be received. Each proposal should be in triplicate, a SEPARATE FOR EACH ARTICLE AT EACH STATION, and must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars (500) executed strictly in accordance with the printed instructions, and upon the blank form furnished under this advertisement, guaranteeing that the party making the proposal shall not withdraw the same within sixty days from the date announced for opening them; and supply a bid for, awarded thereunder, he will, within ten days after being notified of the award, (provided such notification be made within the sixty days above mentioned,) accept the same and furnish good and sufficient sureties, at once, for the faithful performance of the contract. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. A preference will be given to articles of domestic production.

Blank proposals and printed circulars, stating the kind, and estimated quantities of Wood, Hay and Charcoal required at each station, giving full instructions as to the manner of bidding, conditions to be observed by bidders and terms of contract, etc., will be furnished on application to this office or to the Quartermasters at the various stations named.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked:—Proposals for —— at ——, and addressed to the undersigned or to the respective Post and Depot Quartermasters.

JOHN V. FUREY, Captain,
A. Q. M. U. S. A., in charge of C. Q. M's office, Dep't of the Platte. 5214

Notice of Application.

Notice is hereby given that William Tapp will make application before the County Commissioners of Cass county Nebraska, at their next regular meeting, at Plattsmouth, for license to sell spirituous and vinous liquors at his place of business, in Avoca, Cass county Nebraska. 2-18

LEGAL NOTICE.

Ida Anna Peach
vs
Gustavus H. Peach.

In the district court, in the second judicial district, in and for Cass county, Nebraska.

To Gustavus H. Peach, non-resident defendant: You are hereby notified that on the 14th day of March, 1883, Ida Anna Peach filed a petition against you in the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you, on the ground that you have wilfully abandoned the plaintiff without good cause for the term of two years last past, and also for the care and custody of the children.

You are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 16th day of April, 1883.

IDA ANNA PEACH.
By Sullivan & Lee, her attorneys.
4-14

Road Notice:

To whom it may concern:

The commissioners appointed to locate a road commencing at a point on the north of corner to sections 11, 10, and 2, and 3, town 12 N range 10, [illegible] to a point [illegible] corner on the south [illegible] of sec. 10, township [illegible] north, range 10 [illegible] claims; thence [illegible] south [illegible] W. [illegible] to the [illegible] W. [illegible] to the [illegible] sec. [illegible] N. of the 1/4 sec. [illegible] to the quarter sec. line; thence north so [illegible] to the south line of the 1/4 sec. corner [illegible] sec. 10, and in township 12, range 10 [illegible] and N. E. 1/4 of sec. 10, T. [illegible] in favor of the location [illegible] and all persons claiming damages [illegible] thereto or claims for [illegible] to the county clerk's [illegible] on the 18th day of [illegible] A. D., 1883, are hereby notified that said road will be located [illegible] and damages assessed thereto.

J. W. JENNINGS,
County Clerk.

Notice to Farmers.

A [illegible] of [illegible] stock and [illegible] will be at my place [illegible] and hedge plants for sale in large quantities [illegible] prices.

Plattsmouth, Neb. JOHN LEELEY.
5-14

Notice to Teachers.

I will be at my office in Plattsmouth the first Friday and Saturday, and at Elmwood the second and fourth Friday and Saturday, and at Weeping Water the third Saturday of each month to attend to any school business that may be presented. 1452 CYRUS ALLEN,
County Superintendent.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the subscriber at his place in the city of Plattsmouth on the 7th day of February 1883 one light brown horse supposed to be 12 or 14 years old, has cedar mane. The owner is hereby notified to call, prove property, pay expense and take her away.

C. E. MALLORY.
Plattsmouth, Feb. 20th 1883. 50 3t

Legal Notice.

In the district court of 2d judicial district, in and for Cass county, Neb.

David J. Porter,
vs
Mary J. Porter. } Legal Notice.

To Mary J. Porter, non-resident defendant, you are hereby notified that on the 27th day of March, 1883, David J. Porter filed a petition against you in the district court of Cass county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you on the grounds that you have wilfully abandoned the plaintiff without good cause for the term of two years last past, you are required to answer said petition on or before Monday, the 4th day of May, 1883.

DAVID J. PORTER,
By Smith & Beeson, His Attorneys. Pl'ff. 4-14-4t

Legal Notice.

In the district court of Cass county Nebraska.

Richard F. Mason
vs
Catherine Mason. } Notice to non-resident def't

Catherine Mason, non-resident defendant, is hereby notified that Richard F. Mason did on the 27th day of March 1883, file his petition in the office of the clerk of the district court of Cass county, and the state of Nebraska, charging the defendant with adultery with one ——, and asking that he may be divorced from the said defendant, which petition will stand for hearing at the next term of said court.

RICHARD F. MASON, Pl'ff.
By his Attorney, J. E. Morrison.
Dated the 27th day of March, 1883.
Plattsmouth, Nebraska, March 27

Auction Sa[illegible]

On Saturday at 2 o'clock, [illegible] tion on Main street a tent [illegible] and spring wagon.

our Turn!"

Wiggins' Storm

ONLY A ZEPHYR COMPARED WITH THE

"Tidal Wave" in Prices

That we will quote in a few days on

DRY GOODS,

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

CARPETS OIL CLOTHS and MATTINGS,

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

I. NATHAN,

Has just returned from New York where he has secured rare bargains which will be offered to our patrons. We will add that we are the only firm in Plattsmouth that buy our goods

Directly and Exclusively in New York.

Thereby saving to you the "profits of jobbers," which you are compelled to pay to other dealers who buy their goods in Omaha and Council Bluffs. We guarantee to you from

Ten to 25 per Cent. on all Purchases.

Shelf-Worn Gooods

are unknown to us, and we refuse to advertise as once having them, the contrary our shelves and counters, always, and this season more than ever,

Will Fairly Teem With Novelties

Never before shown in Plattsmouth. Delay your purchases until our goods arrive.

Car Load of Goods Expected this Week.

SOLOMON & NATHAN.

OUR BUYER

Has Just Returned From

New York City,

Having Purchased the Largest Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

EVER BROUGHT TO PLATTSMOUTH.

As We Buy in Large Quantities

In connection with our Six other branch stores, we buy considerable cheaper, and give our customers the benefit of our advantage. We are the only clothing house in the city who buy from

New York Manufacturers

only.

Call on Us and see that we are the

First in New Styles.
First in Qualities.
First in Assortment.
First in low Popular Prices

We Can and Will Save You Money.

In anything you may want in clothing for men, boys and children. Working Jeans goods and gents' furnishings.

Boots and [illegible] ses, e[illegible]

Seasonable and Elegan[illegible]

FOR

Spring Requirements.

Avail yourself of the cream of the market and inspect our unrivaled

New stock of Dry G[illegible] Notions and [illegible]

We claim this assortment to be the best and largely under the usual price. Patronize us, and your purchases shall [illegible] every time. We have got the goods; and make prices low.

Our stock of Dress Goods such as

Black, Colored and S[illegible] Silks

SILK AND WO[illegible] X-TURES, ETC.

are all in and we are now showing a larger line in these goods than ever before. A examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the

Plain, Unvarnished Truth!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

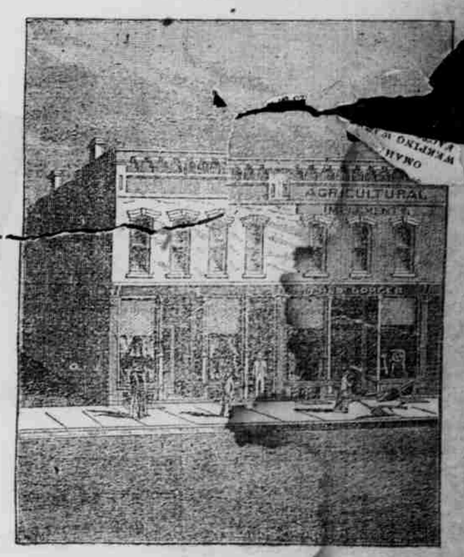
FRED. HERRMANN.

One Door East First National Bank.

FRED. GORDER,

GENERAL DEALER IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.



Glidden Barbed Wire,

Schuttler and Moline Wagons

AND

COLUMBUS BUGGIES.

I Sell the Best Stalk Cutter Ma[illegible]

[illegible] the Celebrated Oliver Chilled Plow that's been selling so [illegible] this East, for the past three years, that it has been almost impossible to get them here. I keep

THE NEW

Departure Tongueless Cultivator.

THE BARLOW AND [illegible]

ROTARY CORN [illegible]

All of [illegible]