

Rudge & Morris, LEONARD



REFRIGERATORS, QUICK MEAL GAS AND GASOLINE STOVES.



Hot Air Furnaces,
Water Coolers,
Water Filters,
Gold Bronze and
Brass Bird Cages,
Builder's Hardware.

Rudge & Morris

1122 N Street.

WE ARE JUST IN RECEIPT

OF
Spring Shapes

Christy's London Hats.

We are the only house in the City who
sell these goods. Come in and try one.

Spring Suits and Overcoats

Are being displayed by us now.
Give us a call.



If you Deposit your Savings

Lincoln Savings Bank
Safe Deposit Co.

THEY WILL EARN INTEREST FOR YOU

At the Rate of
5-Five per Ct. per Annum-5

Save \$5.00 a week and get amounts with
interest in five years to \$1,500.00.
Bank opens at 9:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m. and
Saturday evenings, 5 to 8 p. m.

Safes to Rent in Burglar and Fire
Proof Vaults.



How Confederate Money Dropped.

At first Confederate money commanded a slight premium. It then scaled down as follows: June, 1861, 90 cents; Dec. 1, 1861, 80 cents; Dec. 15, 1861, 75 cents; Feb. 1, 1862, 60 cents; Feb. 1, 1863, 20 cents; June, 1863, 8 cents; January, 1864, 2 cents; November, 1864, 4 cents; January, 1865, 2 cents; April 1, 1865, 1 cent. After that date it took from \$800 to \$1,000 to buy a one dollar greenback.

How to Prevent Stoves from Rusting.

Rub them with a rag dipped in kerosene before putting them away for the summer. Hardware and farming implements should be treated in the same way before you store them for the fall.

How to Measure Hay.

About 500 cubic feet of well settled hay, or about 700 of new mown hay, will make a ton. Ten cubic yards of hay in mow weigh a ton. When the hay is taken out of old stacks eight or nine yards will make a ton. When dry eleven or twelve cubic yards of clover make a ton.

How to Take Bruises Out of Furniture.

Wet the part with warm water. Double a piece of brown paper five or six times, soak it in warm water and lay it on the bruise. Then apply a warm flat-iron to the paper until the moisture is evaporated. If the first application does not remove the bruise, repeat the process. The dent or bruise generally comes to the surface after two or three applications.

How to Prevent Parasites in Bird Cages.

It is not generally known that many of the diseases of singing birds—in cages—are caused by the presence of parasites in the cage. Should your canary or other bird have the "pip" or look sickly, remove it at once, and make an examination of the roof of the cage. In nine cases out of every ten you will see a kind of grayish red rust clinging to the corners and roof. Look closer or with a microscope and you will observe that this rust is comprised of myriads of animalcules. They are bird parasites. Burn them out with sulphur and wash the cage with diluted salicylic acid and your bird will soon be restored to health.

How to Cure Corns.

To cure corns, soak the part in boiling or hot (as hot as you can bear) water, to which mustard has been added, before going to bed, wear a stocking on the foot to prevent catching cold and bathe the foot in cold water in the morning. Continue this three or four times, after which the corn will peel off bodily—dead.

How to Put on Violin Strings.

Put the small end of the string nearest the tail piece. Don't tie the string when adjusting it to the peg; put it through the peg, dip it once under to toward your right hand, when by turning the peg the string will become fastened without further trouble. No superfluous string should be left dangling around the head. It is a mistaken idea that such portions are useful, since that part of the strings which comes in contact with the pegs or tail pieces loses all tone from being jammed and twisted.

How to Temper Steel.

Heat to a cherry red and then plunge in cold water. Drills and graver's tools are tempered by plunging into a lump of resin or quicksilver. Different degrees of hardness are required for different purposes. For very pale straw color, 480 degs., for lancets; a shade of darker yellow, 450 degs., for razors and surgical instruments; darker straw yellow, 470 degs., for penknives; still darker yellow, 460 degs., for iron cutting chisels; brown yellow, 500 degs., for axes and plane irons; yellow, slightly tinged with purple, 520 degs., for table knives and watch springs.

How to Tell How Fast a Train Runs.

The number of miles per hour at which a train is running is the same as the number of rails passed over in twenty seconds, which can be ascertained by the "click" produced by the wheels at each joint.

How to Make Corks Good for Stoppers.

Corks steeped in vaseline are excellent substitutes for glass stoppers. They are not affected by acids, and never become fixed through disuse.

How to Disinfect a House.

Of the many ways which are in common use for disinfecting rooms and houses, none so easily recommends itself to the senses and to common sense as the coffee process. Upon a shovelful of red hot coal throw a handful of ground coffee, and walk with it through the parts of the house where the foul smells exist or which you desire to disinfect. The volatilized essential oils of the coffee will instantly correct the evils, for they have the peculiar properties of deodorizing and disinfecting at the same time.

How to Disperse Black Ants.

About the most effectual way of dispersing those pests is to scatter a few leaves of wormwood among their haunts.

How to Make Molasses Candy.

Take two coffee cups of molasses, add a teaspoonful of vinegar, half a tablespoonful of butter and half a cup of sugar. Boil until the candy hardens readily when dropped into cold water. Before removing from the fire stir in rapidly a quarter of a teaspoonful of finely crushed soda, which will lighten the color of the candy and give it a better texture. For sheet candy turn out in buttered pans; "pull" for stick candy.

Her Choice.

Amateur Artist—I should like to present the last picture I painted to some charitable institution. Now, which would you recommend?
Cruel Lady Friend—The Blind asylum.
—Life.

Commentary on Solomon.

Ward—What do you suppose Solomon meant when he said, "Give me neither poverty nor riches?"
Randall—He probably wanted to work on a salary.—New York Herald.

Musical Criticism.

Mozart was on a visit to a monastery. During mass he listened impatiently to the feeble execution of the organ player, and could hardly bear to sit out the service. After mass the prior asked Mozart to dinner, and took the opportunity to inquire how he liked the playing of the organist.
"He plays quite in Biblical fashion," said Mozart.
"How is that?" asked the prior.
"His left hand does not know what the right hand is doing," was the reply.—Dehmel Kalender.

Thoughtful Little Girl.

Little Annie had been having trouble with her lessons, and had turned for assistance to her big brother. He did the sums for her, handed her the paper, and resumed his reading. She was soon back at his side, however, and he inquired:
"What's the matter; aren't they all right?"
"Oh, yes, indeed. They are ever so nice; but won't you please put a few mistakes in so that teacher will think I did it?"—Washington Post.



Thereby Hang Several Tales.

"ALL THE SAME IN THE END."
—Life.

The Action of the Postmaster of El Paso

Times to be transmitted through the mails simply because it contained as news an Associated Press dispatch giving a synopsis of the opinion of the Supreme Court of Louisiana compelling the secretary of state to submit at the next election a constitutional amendment passed by the last general assembly extending the Charter of the Louisiana State Lottery twenty-five years, is deserving of the severest condemnation and censure, not only because of the injustice of such an arbitrary proceeding, but upon grounds of public policy. The business manager of the Times very properly had this postmaster, who bears the historic name of Smith, arrested for unlawfully detaining mail matter, and he was bound over to appear before a commissioner for trial, but the punishment whatever it will be, even if ever meted out after many months of delay, will not fit the crime. Nothing short of absolute and immediate official decapitation, with whatever other punishment the law provides, would be proper for such official intermeddling with the mails. If the United States mail is to be subjected to such scrutiny and exclusion by the postmaster at El Paso, the postmasters at the various cities, towns, villages, hamlets and crossroads in the state and throughout the United States have the same right, power and authority, and are of course at liberty to do just as the postmaster at El Paso has done. If the postmaster can stop the transmission of a newspaper because it has in it the decision of a court in regard to the Louisiana lottery, he can also stop it because it mentions the name of the lottery in it, and if he can do this he can stop the post, because it incidentally mentions the name of the Louisiana Lottery Company in criticizing his official conduct. If he can do this, however, he can override the strongest bulwark of the liberties of the people and violate one of the plainest provisions in the constitutions of the United States, thereby completely throttling the press.

Upon the grounds of public policy the United States government should not tolerate such tampering with the mail. It throws open the doors to fraud and, if permitted, will tend to make the service inefficient and unreliable. Why not detain a letter suspected of containing a lottery advertisement, and why not open it to ascertain if the detention is legal? If its contents are legal why then of course it might be permitted to continue on its journey.

The great wrong done newspaper publishers, however, is to allow a postmaster to authoritatively detain mail matter which in his opinion is illegal. He ought not be permitted to do this. If the publisher has committed any wrong he can be held responsible and be made to suffer the penalty; but a postmaster may detain an entire edition of a newspaper, entailing a heavy loss upon the publisher, and yet when the matter comes to a final trial the court may decide that the papers are mailable. The damage has then been done the publisher, and there seems to be no adequate remedy for him. Suppose the politics of a newspaper are objectionable to the postmasters generally, and throughout the state they choose to hold a paper because in their opinion it is not mailable, it would thus put it within the power of the postal department to stop the circulation of a newspaper and bankrupt it, leaving the publisher with a lot of suits against postmasters as assets. Such a state of affairs leave newspaper publishers without adequate remedy, and to allow such arbitrary conduct on the part of officious postmasters is contrary to the institutions of this government, and a violation of the legal maxim that each wrong has its adequate remedy.—Houston (Tex.) Post.

Silk granadines and drapery nets in a great variety at J. W. WENGER & CO. 1109 O street

"The Finest" ice cream parlors are now open and you are invited to call 1230 O street.

The best domestic coal in the market for \$4.40 delivered. Be sure to try Eastern Wyoming nut for sale exclusively by Geo. A. Raymer, 1134 O.

Have you seen the beautiful line of photographs of America's greatest stage celebrities at THE COURIER office? The line embraces all the leading and most prominent artists and are the work of Falk of Union Square New York, undoubtedly the finest photographer in the country. Call in and see them.

THE SWEET GIRL GRADUATE.

Oh, sweet girl graduate!
With pride clad!
All decked in filmy white,
Eradiating light,
How every heart the sight
Doth agitate!
Oh, wise girl graduate!
All men await
The utterance of your thought,
With mystic meaning fraught;
All clamor to be taught;
Proceed, orate.

Pray, sweet girl graduate,
Articulate;
Beside you Socrates,
Plato, Diogenes,
And all the rest of these
Did dilly grate.

Pray, now, sweet graduate,
Enlarge, dilate
On "Woman's Higher Sphere,"
A theme which every year
The world is hushed to hear,
With breath abate.

Alas, sweet graduate!
Oh, lost estate!
For after all is said,
Some follow that head,
Some poor plain man you'll wed,
For such is fate.
—Boston Courier.

Spell It with a Big "B."

It wasn't a hundred miles from this city that a business man in a small town entered the postoffice the other day, which has lately changed hands, and asked for his mail.
"Name, please," replied the newly appointed.
"Black, of course."
"What Black?"
"What's the matter with you?" exclaimed the other. "Haven't you known me as George Black for the last ten years?"
"Black! Black! How do you spell it? Please write it down, will you, for this office has changed hands and will be run on a system after this and no mistakes allowed. Ah! B-l-a-c-k, Black. All the mail for Mr. Black with a big B will be promptly delivered hereafter."—New York World.

Old but Good Always.

"I detest the story with a double meaning," said Marshal P. Wilder to a group of friends in London some time since, "but there are, nevertheless, some good stories without the double meaning that I cannot tell before a first rate audience. For instance: two fleas met after a long separation. 'Ah, there!' inquired one. 'Dead discouraged,' replied the other. 'How so?' inquired number one. 'Been on a tramp for six months,' was the tired reply. 'Dear me!' exclaimed the first; 'then you must be all worn out with fatigue.' 'No; the tramp died.'—Truth.

With His Thumb,

A boy is said to have saved the Netherlands from inundation. Multitudes have been saved from the invasion of disease by a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine imparts tone to the system and strengthens every organ and fibre of the body.
"I have taken a great deal of medicine, but nothing has done me so much good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I experienced its beneficial effects before I had quite finished one bottle, and I can freely testify that it is the best blood medicine I know of."—L. W. Ward, Jr., Woodland, Texas.
"Confined to an office, as I am, from one year's end to another, with little or no outdoor exercise, I find great help in Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I have used for several years, and am at present using, with excellent results. It enables me to keep always at my post, enjoying the best of health."—H. C. Barnes, Malden, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

In The District Court Lancaster County, Nebraska.

I. L. Blackman, Howard Antes and Mrs. Antes, first and second unknown defendants, will take notice that on the 19th day of March, 1891, Wallingford & Shamp, plaintiffs herein, filed their petition in the district court of Lancaster county, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage by the defendant Blackman to the plaintiffs upon lot twenty-six (26) in block two (2) in Irving Place addition to the city of Lincoln in said Lancaster county and state of Nebraska to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated Sept. 11, 1889, for the sum of \$55.00 and also one certain note dated July 25th, 1889, for the sum of \$135.00 each due and payable on or before the first day of July 1891; that the petition upon said notes and mortgage the sum of \$190.00 and interest thereon from the date of the said notes for which sum together with the interest thereon plaintiffs pray judgment and for a decree that the defendants be required to pay the same, or that the said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.
You are required to answer the said petition on or before the 18th day of July 1891.
Dated June 4th, 1891.
WALLINGFORD SHAMP
by ABBOTT, SELLECK & LASE
their Attorneys.

Lincoln Park

Now open daily to the public. The finest picnic grounds in the state, with fine boating and fishing. Dancing pavilions, illuminated with Electric lights and beautiful drives.
The Park is large and will accommodate everybody. Secluded places for private picnics can be had.

BASE BALL

Sunday, June 28th,
Lincoln vs. Sioux City

Band Concert every evening from 7 until 9:30 o'clock, commencing June 25th.
Electric cars run to the Park every 12 minutes from 6 o'clock in the morning until 11:30 at night.

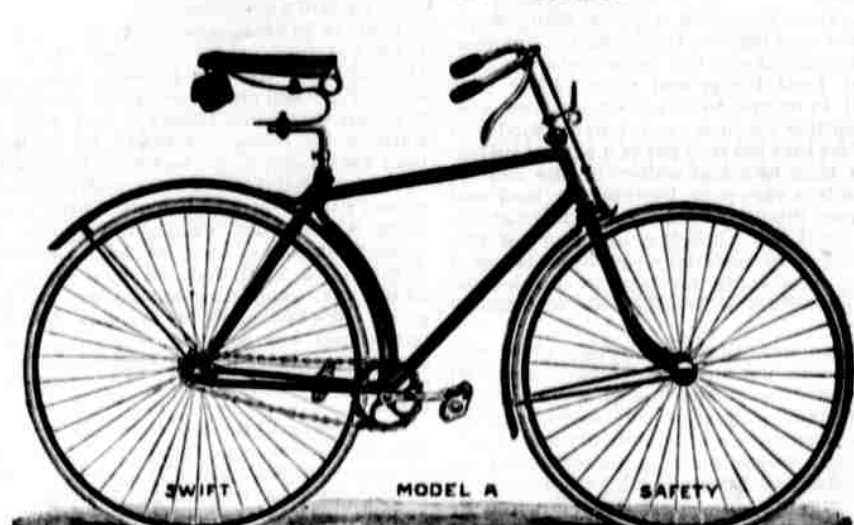
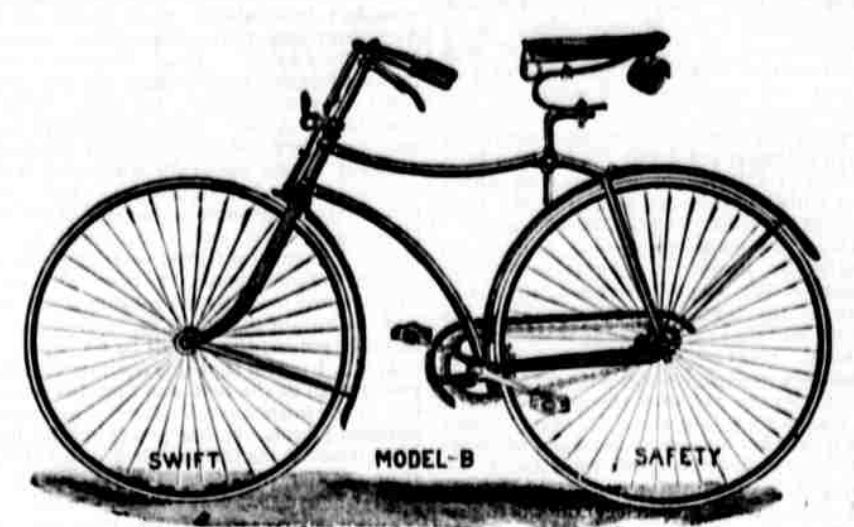
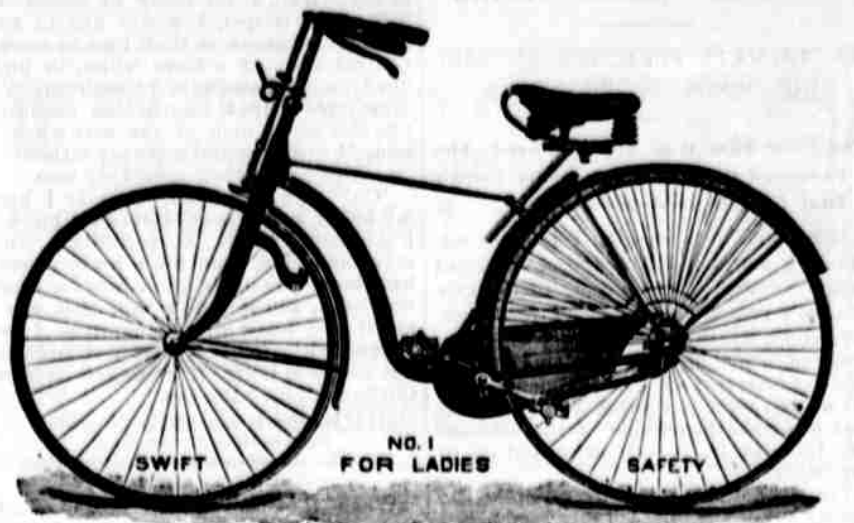
JULY 4th,

Lincoln's Grand Celebration.

Basket picnic, amusements, and rare attractions. Fine display of fireworks in the evening. Music and dancing day and night. Public speaking and a grand time for all. Wait for further announcements. Electric cars will run into the park.

An Admission will be Charged

SEASON TICKETS
On Sale at Harley's, Shilling Bros., Odell's Restaurant and Ed. Young's.
Buy Coupon Tickets and Save Money.



E. R. GUTHRIE

1540 O STREET.

The Season's Novelties!

Just Arrived

A beautiful line of

Tea Gowns

Latest cuts and designs, made of Challies, Henriettas and Combination Goods.

These goods are elegantly made up, are very stylish and will be sold at

ACTUAL COST

These goods certainly deserve your inspection. They are rich in design and the very latest fashion. A selection of fashion plates given with each dress.

Popular Prices.

We have also just received a limited quantity of Long Military Capes made of Cheviot, Camel's Hair and Broad-Cloth. If you have not already a Spring Wrap, please call and see the new and beautiful designs. The sample lines now being shown for fall trade by the manufacturers in New York show these same cuts.

BLAZERS

of White French Flannels in Blue, Red and Black Stripes at \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.00.

The Bazar.

1023 O STREET.