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Having just opened a new industry in connection with THE COURIER Office, we are now prepared and can furnish on short notice the finest work of all kinds of

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and all honorable competition met. Our facilities are equal to the best, and our Artists have no superior anywhere.

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FRANK E. LAHR, 936 P Street, GOLD COIN STOYES eign commerce of the empire comes within the jurisdiction of the imperial maritime cus-And Ranges.



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OMAHA. - NEB THE LARGEST

SUIT and FUR HOUSE.

IN THE WEST We are now introducing many new-novel-



spectfully invite our Lincoln friends to call and see the new line just opened.

## ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS

And as such can offer later styles at lower prices than any house west of Chicago-a fact we'll take pleasure in proving to Lincolnites.

## CALL AND SEE US WHEN IN OMAHA.

We can how you a fine line of Cloaks. Dresses and Furs that lurpass anything you have ever seen in the entire west. It will pay you to take a trip to Omaha to see us, if yo want anything nice in our line.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

THE MARCH OF THE MONGOL.

China, the Great Oriental Giant, Rousing Itself to Real Activity.

The vast progress of China in recent years is set in a striking light in an article which, under the title of "The March of the Mongol," has been contributed by Mr. W. B. Dunlop to The Asiatic Quarterly Review, and reprinted in pamphlet form. Mr. Dunlop dates the new movement from the period soon after the suppression of the Taiping rebellion, when the Chinese government first established the imperial maritime customs, which, under the wise and energetic control of Sir Robert Hart, the inspector general of customs at Peking, has attained so remarkable a development. It is significant of the shrewdness of the Chaese that they perceived the ad-vantage to be derived from dismissing the native collectors and appointing trustworthy foreigners in their room. The experiment was justified by a large and immediate rise in the amount of the revenue from customs duties which has ever since been steadily increasing-a considerable part of the surplus having been employed in erecting lighthouses along the immense seaboard of China, which has now one of the best lighted coasts in the

It is a sign of the new spirit that guides the counsels of the government that there have been erected during the last year or two many thousands of miles of telegraph wires radiating through the empire. It is now pos-sible to telegraph from London to Peking or Chung King, the principal town of the rich and fertile province of Szechueh, a city nearly 1,500 miles in the interior of the country. Meanwhile the extension of the Chinese telegraph system is, we are told, proceeding at a rate which may shortly astonish even American telegraphista. Railway extension is more difficult and necessarily slower; but against this has to be set the splendid system of inter-national water communication.

The total coast trade in foreign built ves-

sels, outward and inward, amounted in 1886 to the enormous sum of 17,000,000 tons. Here again the Chinese are well aware of the advantages to be derived from employing fortoms; but this portion reached in 1886 the hitherto unprecedented amount of 41,000,000 sterling—still a trifling amount when we con-sider that China proper is estimated by the imperial statisticians, with the assistance of the best native authorities, to have a population of 389,000,000 souls.

The only practical obstacle to a trade of startling dimensions between China and the outside world seems to be the old "Likin" system of internal transit dues, some notion of which may be derived from the fact that on the great west river trade route between Canton and Pese, a distance of 900 miles, merchandise is said to have to run the gauntlet of nearly 100 customs barriers. The government, however, has shown significant signs of being alive to this evil, which it has already mitigated to some extent, in the teeth of vested interests, by allowing the Likin charges in certain cases to be commuted by a fixed payment for a "transit

The improvement in the system of national defense is still more striking. Huge arsenals under foreign direction are springing up in various directions, and the vast army of China is being gradually supplied with weapons of the latest pattern, while great battalions are being incessantly drilled and disciplined by European officers. The Chinese navy already consists of twenty-six foreign built men-of-war, some of them large and powerful iron clads, and about one hundred gunboats, built in the arsenals of the empire. Referring to the notorious industry and enterprise of the Chinese abroad, Mr. Dunlop prophesies that when the subjects of the ceestial empire enjoy under the new and more enlightened policy the same privileges and opportunities at home as are afforded to them abroad, there will be no room for doubt as to what is to be the dominating power of the

future in the far east of Asia. The writer of the article on "The March of the Mongol" is very far from being the only authority on Asiatic affairs who thinks that the solution of the eastern question, as far as Russian aggression in Asia is concerned, will one day be found in an Anglo-Chinese alliance.-London News.

Calmly to face sudden and unexpected death requires a brave, resolute character. The following pathetic incident is related by one of the surgeons of the civil war. Dr. West-moreland was one day dressing the wound of a soldier who had been shot in the neck near the carotid artery. It had not been regarded as a particularly dangerous case. Suppura-tion had set in, however, and while the surgeon was cleansing the wound the blood ves-

Died Like a Hero.

as quickly put his finger into the aperture and stopped the flow. The soldier glanced questioningly into the surgeon's face. "Doctor," he asked, "what

does that mean?"

sel suddenly gave way. Dr. Westmoreland

"It means death, my poor fellow," answered Dr. Westmoreland, a strong sympathy in his

A moment the soldier lay with closed eyes, as if stunned by the fatal words, then he looked up and calmly asked, "How long can

"Until I remove my finger," answered the

"Will-you wait a little," the poor man asked, "till I can-write a few words to my wifer The doctor bowed his head affirmatively.

The soldier wrote his brief letter and then, with the pathos of resignation, said, "I am ready, doctor." 'I removed my finger," said the surgeon,

"and in a little while the brave fellow was dead. I'd have given a good deal to save that man's life. But he died like a hero."— —Youth's Companion.

Disease Spread by Flies.

In hot countries flies are most active agents in the propagation of yellow fever, and M. Spillmann and M. Hanstoutter attribute the same role to those insects in spreading pulmonary consumption. When a fly has lingered on the tuberculous sputa, it is said, its intestine and excreta contain the bacillus of tuberculosis, which it may deposit on various articles in an apartment. Flies are credited also with being the chief instrument in the dissemination of Egyptian ophthalmia, and Koch is cited as of the opinion that they may play the same part in spreading cholera.— Herald of Health.

Statistics of the manufacture of cotton in the entire world have recently been compiled and afford an interesting subject for study. The number of spindles in England is 42,740. 000; in the rest of Europe, 23,180,000; in America, 13,500,000; in India, 2,420,000; total, 81,840,000. The quantity of cottou consumed is: In Eugland, 1,514,521,000 pounds weight; in the rest of Europe, 1,459,119,000 pounds; in America, 844,758,000 pounds; in India, 300,000,000 pounds.—San Francisco Chronicle.

The stamp collection of M. Ferrari, son of the late Duchess of Galliera, contains about 2,000,000 specimens, and has a market value of \$125,000.

Articles of Incorporation Made and adopted this 15th, day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty, eight, by and between Isaac M. Raymond, Lewis Gregory, Andrew S, Rawyer, Silas H. Burnham and M. L. Easterday, incorporators, as follows, to with

to wit:
Article I. The name of this corporation shall be the American Exchange Bank
Article 2. The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county, Nebraska.

Article 2. The principal piece of transacting the business of this corporation shall be in the city of Lincoin, Lancaster county, Nebraska.

Article 3. The general nature of the business to be transacted by this corporation shall be the loaning upon approved securities of the money, either belonging to the said corporation or entrusted to it for such purposes as agents or brokers, the receiving of monics on deposit, the buying and selling of exchange, coin, bullion and negotionable paper of all kinds, the making of collections, the buying, selling and holding of real estate, and generally such other business as is usually done by like associations.

Article 4. The amount of capital stock shall be one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars, which shall be paid in at the time and upon the conditions following, to wit: Fifty (59) per cent of said capital stock, amounting to Fifty Thousand (\$00,000,00) Dollars, shall be paid in at the commencement of business; and certificates of stock issued for same, and the balance of fifty per cent of said capital stock shall be paid when at such times as shall be ordered by the directors of said corporation. Anyone failing to pay his assessment within thirty (30) days after written notice, shall forfeit all future right to do so. Said stock shall be issued in sheres of one hundred (100,00) dollars each, transferrable only on the books of the corporation and holders are entitled to one vote for each share held at all meetings of said corporation, or stockholders, which may be cast either in erson or by written proxy.

Article 5. The time of commencement of this corporation shall be December 1st, A. D. 1913.

Article 6. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation

Article 6. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time subject itself shall be not more than two-thirds of its capital stock ex-

more than two-thirds of its capital stock except for deposits.

Article 7. At any regularly called meeting of the stockholders, the capital stock of the association may be increased to two hundred thousand (200,000,00) sollars.

Article 8. Whenever an increase of stock shall be determined upon, in accordance with article 7, it shall be the duty of the directors to cause all stockholders to be notified thereof in writing. Each stockholders shall be entitled to shares of the new stock in proportion to the number of shares he alreedy owns, but if any stockholder falls to subscribe and pay for said stock for the space of thirty (30) days, his right to the new stock shall be waived, and the board of directors shall determine what disposition shall be made of the same.

termine what disposition shall be made of the same.

Article 9. The officers by whom the affairs of this corporation are to be conducted shall be a president, a vice-president, a cashler, an assistant cashier, and five or more directors.

Article 10. The president shall hold his office for the year for which the directors of which he shall be a member are elected, and until his successor is elected. The officers hall be elected and perform such duties as may be prescribed in the by-laws adopted by said corporation.

Article 11. These incorporators shall be the directors till the first annual meeting of the stockholders. These articles may be amended at any meeting of the stockholders by a two-thirds vote.

In witness whereof, the said Isaac M. Ray-

at any meeting of the stockholders by a twothirds vote.

In witness whereof, the said Isaac M. Raymond, Lewis Gregory, Andrew J. Sawyer, Sias H. Burnkam, and M. L. Eastesrday have
hereunto subscribed their name as incorporators, this 15th day of November, A. D. 188.

In presence of J. M. Betts.

ISAAC M. RAYMOND
SILAS H. BURNHAM,
[SIGNED] LEWIS GREGORY,
A. J. SAWYER,
M. LEWIS GREGORY,
A. J. SAWYER,
STATE OF NEBRASKA 18S.
Outhis 15th day of November, A. D. 1888,
before me, the undersigned, a notary public,
duly commissioned and qualified for, and residing in the said county, personally came
Isaac M. Rgymond, Lewis Gregory, Andrew
J. Sawyer, Silas H. Burnham and M. L.
Easterday, to me known to be the identical
persons whose names are subscribed to the
foregoing instrument as incordorators, and
they severally acknowledge the execution of
said instrument to be their voluntary act and
deed.
In witness whereof, I. have hereunto set

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year last above written.

[SEAL] J. M. BETTS, Notary Public.

Notice.

To Caroline E. Sinnickson. non-resident defendent.
You will take notice that on the 5th day of January. 1880, Charles P. Larson, plaintiff, filed his petition in the district court of Lancaster county. Nebraska, against you, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose a mechanic's lein, filed by the plaintiff upon lot eighteen (18) in block fifty-nine (59) in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster county. Nebraska, and the carriage factory building, erected and situated thereon, and to have the pretended mortgage lien of Caroline E. Sinnickson declared to be junior and inferior to the lien of said plaintiff, that said premises may be sold and the proceeds thereof be applied to the payment of plaintiff's lien.
You are required to answer said petition on or before the list day of April, 1889.
Lincoln, Nebraska, Feb. 19, 1889.
CHARLES P. LARSEN.
By Pound & Burr, his attorneys. 2-23-4t To Caroline E. Sinnickson. non-resident de-

Sheriff Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution issued by the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster County, in an action wherein Hass and Zeh are plaintiffs, and James Mathews defendant, I will, A-20 clock p. m., on the 20th day of March, at D. 1889, at the front entrance to the District Court rooms in the city of Lincoln, Lancaster County. Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate to Wit: Sheriff Sale.

Wit:
Lot ten in Block two hundred and thirtytwo, in the city of Lincoln, original plat.
Given under my hand this 14th day of February, A. D. 1889.
S. M. MELICK,
Sheriff.

Notice of Incorporation. Name of Corporation: Lincoln Savings Bank, and Safe Deposit

Company. Place of Business:

Place of Business:
Lincoln, Nebraska.
Nature of Business to be transacted:
Receiving money on deposit and paying interest on the same; renting boxes in vaults of the bank, and a general Savings Bank and Safe Deposit business.
Amount of Capital Stock authorized and time and conditions on which it is to be paid in:
Capital Stock \$250,000 in shares of \$100 each.
To be paid in, ten per cent at date of subscription and the remainder when called for by the Board of Directors.
Time of Commencement and Termination of Corporation.

Corporation. Commenced, November 10th, 1888, and ex-

pires November 10th, 1888, and expires November 10th, 1888, indebtednes:—Highest Amount of Indebtedness or Liability to which the Corperation is at any Time to Subject Itself:

Not to exceed \$25,000 at any time, except indebtedness to its depositors and for money borrowed to pay its depositors in case of an emergency.

By What Officers the Affairs of the Corpora-tion are to be Conducted:
By a Board of Directors con isting of nine
(9) stock holders. The officers to comprise a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Sheriff Sale.

Sheriff Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued by the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Nebraska, within and for Lancaster County, in an action wherein O. E. Rector is Plaintiff, and John Kucera is Defendant, I will at 2 o'clock P. M., on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1889, at the front entrance to the District Court rooms in the City of Lincoln, Lancaster County Nebraska, offer for sale at public auction the following described real estate, to-wit:

wit:
Lot No. seventeen (i7), Block No. four, (4),
in Irvines Second addition to Lincoln, Lancaster County, Nebraska.
Given under my hand this 25th day of January, 1889.
1.26-5t
S. M. MELICK, Sheriff.

Steamship Agency. If you contemplate a trip to any European point or intend bringing friends from any such point to America apply for rates and information to Geo. A. Foresman, Ag't., 115

Hrown's cafe is now open day and night, so that lunches can be had at this popular resort at any time.

\$1.00 Corsets for 50 cents, Ashby & Mills-



# A New Piece of Music

— APPEARS ON THIS PAGE —

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-OFFICE WITH-

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Examine samples of our work before rdering elsewhere.

\$3 per dozen

NEW SATEENS, NEW CHALLIS, NEW WHITE GOODS. NEW EMBROIDERIES. NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS. Just Received,

Ashby & Millspaugh.

Lincoln Savings Bank and Safe Deposit Co.

CAPITAL, \$250,000. LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS, \$500,000.

Interest paid on deposits at any rate of 5 per cent per annum for all full calandar months Safes to rent in burgiar proof and fire proof vaults, at annual rental of \$5 and upwards, Money to loan on real estate and collateral. YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT SOLICITED. Cabinet Photographs reducedfrom \$4 to HENRY E. LEWIS, A. P. S. STUART, JNO. H. McCLAY, Vice President.