VOL. LIII.

O'NEILL, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1933.

No. 43



# EVERY U.S. DOLLAR IS AS GOOD AS GOLD HERE



No advance in prices as long as our present stocks last.

We Have Faith in Our President. He has spoken to the people in plain words. "Do unto your neighbor as you would have him do unto you." And This Country will again become a Prosperous Nation and pay living prices for the products of the soil. While the Flag floats this nation will advance.

We have faith in the United States; in the leadership of its President; in the soundness of its currency.

While we believe that the great business revival which seems imminent means higher prices for all raw materials, we pledge ourselves not to advance prices of clothes, hats and furnishings on merchandise we bought on the old basis.

This is our contribution to what we hope will be a general movement to restore the buying power of producers, wage earners and salaried people, and give them the first fruits of the new era of prosperity.

Charge customers are invited to use their facilities as usual.

## P. J. McMANUS

The Home of Good Merchandise

### O'NEILL BANKS ARE AGAIN DOING THEIR REGULAR BUSINESS

#### Receive License To Open Wednesday Morning: Other Banks Open.

The two National bank of this city, the O'Neill National and the First National, received telegrams about 7:45 last Wednesday morning announcing that they had been licensed by the Federal government to open for unrestricted banking business and the doors were open again for business Wednesday, after a banking holiday of ten days. Business as usual was transacted at both banks Wednesday and the bank officers and employees were apparently happy that the days of loafing were over and they could again perform their daily functions.

The National banks at Stuart and and Atkinson were also on the approved list and were transacting business as usual Wednesday. The state banks of the county were also transacting business as usual Wednesday and everyone seemed to be happy.

The two O'Neill banks received about \$2,000 in gold and gold certificates Wednesday, a great deal of it being brought into the bank by farmers of the county. There were no withdrawals from either of the banks here, on their first day of business activity since the moratorium was declared, outside of the usual business demand, the deposits exceeding the withdrawals about eight to one.

The only restriction imposed on the National banks here is that no gold or gold certificates will be paid out, and that regarding hoarding. In this connection the following regulation has been issued by the Federal Reserve Board, under date of March 13, 1933, and has been sent to all National Banks:

"No banking institution shall permit any withdrawal by any person when such institution, acting in good faith, shall deem the withdrawal is intended for hoarding. Any banking institution, before permitting the withdrawal of large or unusual amounts of currency, may require from the person requesting such withdrawal, a full statement, under oath, of the purpose for which the currency is requested."

The following, regarding the boarding of gold or gold certificates has been sent to all banks in the Tenth Federal Reserve District, of which Nebraska is a part, from the Federal Reserve Board, being transmitted to the banks of this district from the governor of the Federal Reserve Bank at Kansas City:

"It is requested that you prepare and forward to the Board as soon as possible after March 13, 1933, as complete a list as can be made from information you are able to obtain of the names and addresses of all persons who have withdrawn gold from your banks, or a member or nonmember bank in your district, since February 1, 1933, and who have not redeposited it in a bank on or before March 13, 1933.

"Please furnish to this bank as early as possible a list showing names and addresses of all individuals, firms, and corporations to whom you have made gold payments since February 1, 1933, which have not been redeposited before March 13, 1933, giving amount in each instance; also a spearate list of payments made prior to February 1, 1933, which have not been redeposited prior to March 13, 1933."

The final date for the depositing of the gold above referred to has been extended from March 13, 1933, to March 17, 1933.

#### TREPPISH APPEALS CASE

Earl Treppish, who was convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment, on December 22, 1932, for the murder of his trapping partner Clarence Coy on or about April 1, 1932, in the northwestern part of this county, has appealed to the supreme court from the conviction, listing sixty-six reasons why he should be granted a new trial.

He says that the evidence does not sustain his conviction; that there were many irregularities and misconduct on the part of both the jury and the presidutor; that the jurors were not all convinced of his guilt and that the verdict of second degree murder was a compromise. He said that the sentence for life did not carry out the intent of the jurors who supposed that as the penalty for second degree murder is ten years to life, the sentence would so read. He complains bitterly about statements of the prosecutor, Julius D. Cronin, and says that the jury was given to understand by remarks made in its hearing that he would be mobbed if he were acquitted. (Continued on page 8, column 1.)