

# When your Children Cry

There is hardly a household that hasn't heard of Castoria! At least five million homes are never without it. If there are children in your family. there's almost daily need of its comfort. And any night may find you very thankful there's a bottle in the house. Just a few drops, and that colic or constipation is relieved; or diarrhea checked. A vegetable product; a baby remedy meant for young folks. Castoria is about the only thing you have ever heard doctors advise giving to infants. Stronger medicines are dangerous to a tiny baby, however harmless they may be to grown-ups. Good old Castoria! Remember the name, and remember to buy it. It may spare you a sleepless, anxious night. It is always ready, always safe to use; in emergencies, or for everyday ailments. Any hour of the day or night that Baby becomes fretful, or restless. Castoria was never more popular with mothers than it is today. Every druggist has it.



### "Goose Hangs High"

This is the generally accepted origin of the expression, "The Goose Hangs High." The entire expression as originally used was, "Everything is lovely and the goose hangs high." It is said to have had its origin in the old South in connection with a sport which was a favorite with the men. A live goose was suspended by its feet from a tree, hanging head down, with a few feathers taken from its neck. The men, on horseback, would dash by and grab for the bird, the object being to twist its head off. The more the bird dodged and twisted, and the higher it was suspended, the better the sport, as the riders were then forced to stand up in their stirrups. Ready to start the contest, the word to begin was, "The goose hangs high," meaning all was ready.

### Knows His Mother

Visitor-If I took one of those apples and you took two, what would

Jimmy (eyeing the dish)-Three apples and a spanking.-Passing Show.

### A Ribbon and a Smile Husband-That's a pretty sash for

your new dress.

Wife-Stupid! That's the dress.

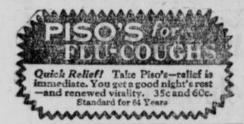


## SAME PRESCRIPTION HE WROTE IN 1892

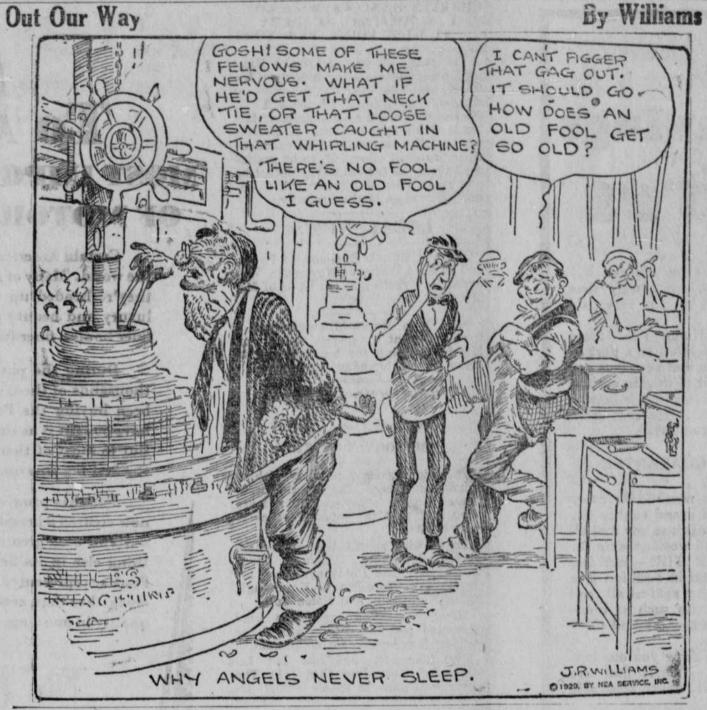
When Dr. Caldwell started to practice medicine, back in 1875, the needs for a laxative were not as great as today. People lived normal lives, ate plain, wholesome food, and got plenty of fresh air. But even that early there were drastic physics and purges for the relief of constipation which Dr. Caldwell did not believe were good for human beings.

The prescription for constipation that he used early in his practice, and which he put in drug stores in 1892 under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, is a liquid vegetable remedy, intended for women, children and elderly people, and they need just such a mild, safe bowel stimulant.

This prescription has proven its worth and is now the largest selling liquid laxative. It has won the confidence of people who needed it to get relief from headaches, biliousness, flatulence, indigestion, loss of appetite and sleep, bad breath, dyspepsia, colds, fevers. At your druggist, or write "Syrup Pepsin," Dept. BB, Monticello, Illinois, for free



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### Villagers Commemorate Landing of Byrd Plane

Ver-Sur-Mer, France zens of this tiny Normandy village have put up a tablet on the walls of the cottage in which Commander Richard Byrd and his companions of the airplane "America," recuperated after their flight over the Atlantic.

The tablet reads: "Here was received and refreshed, on the morning of July 1, 1927, the crew of the airplane America which had just landed on the beach after its crossing of the Atlantic."

# Many Real Patriot. From the Living Age.

The die-hards of Peking's diplomatic corps point to C. T. Wang as a horrible example of the results of foreign education—the Sino-American returned student turned Bol-shevik and metaphorically running amuck among the age-old traditions

of his people.

He belongs to a new breed, this
'C. T."—this first Chinese diplomat ever to sit in the Waichiao-pu and to be known wherever foreigners gather throughout the length

and breadth of China by the American appellative of big business.

With the possible exception of Dr. Wellington Koo, foreign ministers have come and gone during the decade and a half of China's re-public with few foreigners the wiser, but with the appointment of his excellency, Wang Cheng-t'ing, A. B., LL. D., Phi Beta Kappa, etc., by the nationalist government, follow-ing the Kuomintang's entry into Peking, a new era in China's rela-

tions with the outside world began.
Paradoxical though it may seem,
it is Dr. Wang's uncanny ability to anticipate the way a foreigner's mind works without losing for a moment his clear perspective of the problems confronting the Chinese people that has raised him head and shoulders above his contemporaries Although this is by no means the first time that "C. T." has held a cabinet portfolio—he has served ad interim in several other ministries —it is the first occasion that he has held such an important post so long, with excellent prospects of holding it indefinitely, provided only that he can rise above the storm of Japanese adverse propaganda, which at times seriously threatens to capsize

his ship of state.

C. T. Wang is one of the very few Chinese statesmen feared by Japan, feared because he is one of the very few who is not blinded by the gleam of Japanese gold yen. In point of fact, he comes nearer to being a Chinese patriot than any Chinese I have ever known, since he invariably puts country before self, a maximum that by reason of its platonic altruism is little known

### Iowa Crops and Prices.

From Wall Street Journal.

According to the final crop summary of the year Iowa again has demonstrated her ability as a leader in the production of raw materials by producing agricultural crops valued at \$569,616,000 based on December 1, 1928, farms prices.

This is an increase of \$46,449,000. This is an increase of \$46,449,000, or 8.9 per cent. over last year, and is only about \$2,000,000 less than the estimated value of the crops of 1924, which was the largest total

value reported since 1920.

Iowa's 1928 corn crop, estimated at 467,012,000 bushels, is 89,000,000 bushels more than was harvested in 1927, and has been exceeded only once in the history of the state; by the crop of 1925. The acreage is estimated at 11,174,000, an increase of 2.5 per cent. over last year, and the average yield is 42.6 bushels an the average yield is 42.5 bushess and acre. Considerable corn was destroyed by being blown off the stalks by the gales in October and November and by being covered with snow in November, preventing of great quantities by the saving of great quantities by hogging or grazing.

### The 1928 corn crop is of excep-Kansas City as Sample.

There never was a more perfect exhibition of buck passing than that of the various law enforcement departments of Kansas City in connection with the liquor situation. The federal prohibition agents can't do anything because there are only eight of them and, besides,

they get no co-operation from the police department. The police can't do anything because they haven't enough officers and, besides, they get no co-operation from the prosecutor's office.

The prosecutor's office can't do anything because the police don't

### Very Graceful Wrak



Figured chiffons have been utilized for a thousand uses this season by the well-dressed woman. This smartly tiered evening cape is of chiffon figured in rose and pale pink. The collar is made of ribbon in the same shades. (International Illustrated News)

tionally good quality, 90 per cent having escaped frost damage, and 91 per cent. being estimated as of merchantable quality. Eighty one per cent. of the husking was completed by December 1.

The average farm price of corn on December 1, 1923 was 66 cents a bushel, making a total value of \$314,168,000 or about 18 per cent. more than the value of the 1927

The acreage of cats for 1928 is estimated to be the same as was reported in 1927, but a somewhat higher yield an acre makes the to-tal crop 240,040,000 bushels, which is 25 per cent. greater than reported in 1927. The price on December 1, 36 cents, was 6 cents less than the price on December 1, 1927, making the total value for 1928,

sides, many of the arrests are il-There is truth in each of the alibis. And yet how absurd they all

If the federal agents were not handling matters in an absolutely routine way they could appeal to Washington and get enough agents to make a clean-up. That has been done in other cities. It could be done here.

Undoubtedly the police force is swamped with work. But W. H. Lane, head government prohibition agent, makes the direct charge of policemen tipping off bootlegging raids, of reporting the offenders to Chief Toype and of nothing being

# Anthrax Germs May Lurk in Bristles

By Royal S. Copeland, M. D. Anthrax is a series disease which first shows itself as a red spot on the skin. In due course, what seemed like a pimple at the start, becomes a black spot with a ring of tiny blisters sutrounding it. Beyond this ring is a bright red cir-cle and next comes an area of swollen tissue.

The temperature may go to 104 or 105 degrees. In a favorable case it disappears in about 10 days. Unfortunately not every case is a favorable one. As a matter of fact, in a series of cases reported by the New York City health department. 31 per cent. proved fatal. Any dis ease which carries off one-third of its victims, is a disease to be dreaded. Any disease that can take your life within three or four days of its attack is terrible indeed. That is

The common gateway of entrance of the anthrax germ is through the skin. Any slight cut or abrasion affords the anthrax germs lodgment and the infection takes place. It even has been proved that germs rubbed on intact skin can pass through the

hair follicles. Anthrax originates in animals and through their hides it reaches man. There are two chief sources of infection from this dread disease. The first is animal hair and articles made from animal hair, such as shaving brushes. The second is animal skins, hides, furs and articles

from them. Regarding this matter here is an interesting statement made recently by a prominent health official: "Many thousands of brushes however, were made in the smaller factories under very insanitary conditions, throughout the country, thus distributing a large number of con-taminated brushes which later infected a large number of persons. One factory is known to have made more than 10 carloads of these brushes, and the damage occasioned bu such must have been enormous." No one knows when or where the next case of anthrax will appear. Unfortunately, the spores of the disease are extremely difficult to kill and, left to themselves, will retain

life for many years, indefinitely, in fact. So long as these particular brushes are in existence the menace will be with us.

There is an old saying that "a gentleman shaves himself every morning." There is many a gentleman who does not do this, of course, but I do believe that if you desire to treat yourself like a gentleman, you will not permit your face to be mopped with the neighborhood utensils. You will find a better way

\$86,414,000 compared with \$80,653,-

to prepare the face, whether you

shave every day or once a week.

The total production of barley in 1928 is estimated at 27,068,000 bushels, which is 90 per cent. greater than the 1927 crop. The price, however, is 12 cents a bushel less than

last year The total production of tame hay is estimated at 4,203,000 tons, a de-crease of 19 per cent. from last year. The total value is estimated

at \$54,639,000. Spring wheat, flaxseed, timothy seed, clover seed, tame hay, wild hay and buckwheat, are the only crops showing decrease in total production, most of whiich is due to a decrease in acreage. Nine other crops show a substantial inreases in total production, as does total value of fruit, garden truck, and miscellaneous crops. Practically all of the most important crops, except tame hay, show a lower price a unit than on December 1, last year.

done. Everybody knows that if the police department was energetically on the job a small raiding squad could make a big change in condi-

The prosecutor's office has its handicaps. But does anybody sup-pose if it was in earnest in enforc-ing the prohibitory law it could not make a far better record than has

It's largely a matter of active in-terest in law enforcement vs. indif-ference. So far indifference has Watches are sometimes seriously affected by the magnetism of

# RADIO

# "I know that manthat is exactly the way he talks"

THE was listening to a demonstration of an Atwater Kent. Turning the FULL-VISION Dial from one station to another, suddenly she heard the voice of a friend she had not seen for years. She listened eagerly. It was "exactly the way he talked."

"I'll take the set," she said. "This radio tells the truth."

Anyone can convince himself that Atwater Kent receivers and speakers do give faithful reproduction. Listen to an orchestra and pick out the individual instruments. Each has its own character-its own identity.

Turn to a male quartet, a piano solo, a radio drama with all the varying voices and inflections—or to the President when he speaks. Every sound is true to the original. That is the standard of Atwater Kent performance.

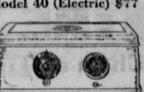
Atwater Kent gives it to you for less money. Less money because Atwater Kent Radio is manufactured in great quantities, making economies of production possible. Yet this huge output does not affect quality in the slightest. For every set, besides being made of the finest materials, has to pass 222 tests or inspections in the course of manufacture.

Turn the Full-vision Dial and listen to "the radio that tells the truth."

ATWATER KENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY 4764 Wissahickon Avenue A. Atwater Kent, Pres. Philadelphia, Pa.

Prices slightly higher west of the Rockies.

Model 40 (Electric) \$77



For 110-120 volt, 50-60 evel alternating current. Requires six A.C. tubes and one rectifying tube, \$77 (without tubes).





Radio's Truest Voice' Atwater Kent Radio Speakers: Models E., E-2, E-S, same quality, different in size. Each, \$20.

On the air - every Sunday night -Atwater Kent Radio Hour -- listen bal Battery Sets, \$49-\$68

erful, \$68. Prices do not include tubes

### Like the Swamps

The tiger bitterns frequent the banks of rivers, the wooded swamps and the reedy marshes, and they seem not to be rare in favorable localities, says Nature Magazine. They are for the most part solitary, particularly in the woods, and are seldom if ever actually gregarious. The small parties sometimes encountered are probably made up of members of a single family.

Music for Bengal Pupils

Bengal has just accepted that music is part of education and culture, and the Bengal government is preparing a comprehensive plan for introducing Indian music in the schools. At a conference of musical experts recently held at Calcutta, a program was prepared for submission to the govern-

Negro Dialects

"Lost Spirituals" explains that there are two separate and well defined negro dialects in Charleston. One in the Guliah tongue, spoken by negroes from the West coast of Africa and their descendants; the other, the speech of negroes brought into South Carolina from other colonies and later from other states. These dialects are gradually becoming merged.

The Ideal Wife

"Does he love her?" "Say, if she lost her voice he'd give up everything to help her find it."

A man has to pretend a good deal of the time that he doesn't care how his clothes look, but that's not true.

Don't attempt to talk if your mouth



How many people you know end their colds with Bayer Aspirin? And how often you've heard of its prompt relief of sore throat or tonsilitis. No wonder millions take it for colds, neuralgia, rheumatism; and the aches and pains that go with them. The wonder is that anyone still worries through a winter without these tablets! They relieve quickly, yet have no effect whatever on the heart. Friends have told you Bayer Aspirin is marvelous; doctors have declared it harmless. Every druggist has it, with proven directions. Why not put it to the test?

