

When your Children Cry for It

Castoria is a comfort when Baby is fretful. No sooner taken than the little one is at ease. If restless, a few drops soon bring contentment. No harm done, for Castoria is a baby remedy, meant for babies. Perfectly safe to give the youngest infant; you have the doctors' word for that! It is a vegetable product and you could use it every day. But it's in an emergency that Castoria means most. Some night when constipation must be relieved-or colic pains -or other suffering. Never be without it; some mothers keep an extra bottle, unopened, to make sure there will always be Castoria in the house. It is effective for older children, too; read the book that comes with it.

Hetchers CASTORIA

Gathering Wapatoo Root

On Wapatoo island 60 years ago, in the fall of the year, the last of the Multnomahs harvested their strange crop. To reach the finest plants, productive of the largest tubers, the laughing, gossiping squaws waded breast-deep in the bright waters, says Nature Magazine. They drew behind them a small canoe, and with their bare, brown feet they freed the roots of the wapatoo.

Up from the ooze they plucked it, with its leaves so like a broad arrowhead, and as they stripped it of its tubers they cast these into the canoe until the craft was heav, laden. Of the tubers they made a kind of flour that was stored for winter, and, too, they feasted on the fresh wapatoo. boiled or roasted.

Leader

"Flourishing garden," commented Alfred.

"Yes," said Eloise, "that man is the George Washington of our suburb." "As to how?"

"First in peas."-Louisville Courier Journal.

George Godoy is a one-man slogan trust. He won fifty-four out of 100 prizes in a slogan contest in Mexico City.



MOST people know this absolute antidote for pain, but are you careful to say Bayer when you buy it? And do you always give a glance to see Bayer on the box—and the word genuine printed in red? It isn't the genuine Bayer Aspirin without it! A drugstore always has Bayer, with the proven directions tucked in every box:



of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

world cruise \$1000 Row s s "Caledonia" sails Jan. 16, N. Y. and up Havana, Panama, Los Angeles, Hilo, Honolulu, Japan, Hong Kong, Munila, Bangkok, (Siam), Java, Humatra, Ceylon, India, Phypt, Naples, Monaco, Havre (Paris); Europe stop-over in

MEDITERRANEAN CRUISE as "Transylvania" fan. 30, 66 days, 2500 up Frank C. Clark, Times Bidg., N. Y.



Out Our Way



Free State Tarives. From Indianapolis News-

s a comparatively new member the family of nations, the Irish Free State seems to be making an excellent record. While serious political problems persist, there is warrant for saying that they are both fewer and less complex than at any time during the five years of the present type of government. On the economic side achievements are listed that promise much. Public propers are according to the proper are according to the problem. lic expenses no longer are exceeding revenues, as they often do in the early existence of any sovereignty confronted with such tasks as the Free State faced. Instead, there was a small surplus at the

close of the last fiscal year. President Cosgrave announces that the country now has no un-determined liabilities and that the total national debt amounts to \$100,000,000 net. That is the equivalent of about \$35 for each person in the population. On that score, the Free State is not bad off. The figure for England is \$814; for France, \$456, and for the United States, \$16. However, it is to be remembered that any size obligation must weigh more heavily in the Free State than, for instance, in the United States. The Free State has fewer developed resources and, consequently, less per capita wealth. Nevertheless, an adverse balance of trade is being reduced, live stock growing has been extended, agriculture generally is showing a gain

and roads are being improved-From now on the government be-lieves that it can meet public needs with tax collections of not more than \$120,000,000 annually. The authorities are taking pride in the fact that it has been regarded as safe to decrease the income tax rate by one shilling in the pound. The disposition to be conservative in expenditure is an encouraging sign that the rock on which so many new government crafts are wrecked -fiscal recklessness-is being avoid-

Do Your Own Thinking.

Wadena, Minn., Pioneer-Journal. Have you ever had experience someone in the back seat who insisted on doing the driving? No matter how carefully you drove, or at what speed, there was a constant whine and complaint, interspersed with helpful suggestions for the improvement of the service. Are we becoming a nation of back seat drivers? We are not asking the question facetiously, but in all seriousness. In these hectic days of jazz and radio we rush headlong into anything that comes along. Time was when folks refused to commit themselves on matters on which they were not well informed, but we are no longer handicapped with such scruples. Now we love to congregate and pass resolutions on each and every question that arises and the less we happen to know about it the more fervent we become-

As a result of this condition, we now have with us the skillful and highly paid propagandist who seizes upon this modern weakness to help in "putting stuff over." Plausible speakers go about the country addressing groups of well meaning people who, while laboring under the spell that has been cast about them, pass resolutions, the meaning of which they know little or nothing. The weakness for signing petitions without taking the trouble to read them is even more pre-

Resolve not to sign a petition or endorse a resolution, until you have read it with understanding and approve its contents. In other words, refuse to permit yourself to be used as a tool with which to rake the chestnuts out of the fire for the other fellow, and that should go locally as well as nationally. Do our own thinking.

A Big Slam. From Passing Show.

Mother (ignoring strained relations between her offspring)— Would you ride 20 miles in the dark, like a little boy in Canada did, to fetch a doctor for your sis-'er, Bobble? Bobbie-No! But I'd do it to fetch a dentist.

Q. Was Robert P. Foster, the ard authority, born in the United A. He was born in E.linburgh, Scotland, May 31, 1853. He has lived in this country for many years, his present home being in Brooklyn, N. Y.

FANATICISM.

By Colton. There is no cruelty so inexorable and unrelenting as that which proceeds from a bigoted and presumptuous supposition of doing service to God. The vic-tim of the fanatical persecutor will find that the stronger the motives he can urge for mercy are, the weaker will be his chance obtaining it, for the merit of his destruction will be supposed to rise in value, in proportion as it is effected at the expense of every feeling both of justice and of humanity.

G.-G. Philippine King.

From the New York Times. The supreme court of the United States has confirmed the right of the governor general of the Philippines to appoint managers and di-rectors of the various business cor-porations owned by the Philippine government. This puts an end to a controversy which has long dis-turbed. Philippine, politicing. turbed Philippine politicians. governor general by denying the right of the so-called board of coptrol to exercise powers which, according to the organic art of the Philippines, were vested in the gov-ernor general alone. The essence of this involved con-

troversy was the constitutionality of the board of control. This body, composed of the governor general, the president of the Philippine Sen-ate and the speaker of the Philip-pine house of representatives, was created by a special act of the Philippine legislature. the then Governor General did not veto this act, its constitutionality was questioned at the time, on the ground that the act entrusted to members of the legislative branch of the government powers reserved to the executive. The fact that the two Filipinos could—and cld—outvote the American governor general transferred in effect to them the powers exercised by the governor in all matters pertaining to the administration of the government-owned industries. Since the two Fhilipinos in question also were the bosses of the legislature, it meant that they were able to control these corporations regardless of the wishes of the governor general.

General Wood, after trying to correct this state of affairs without offending the Filipino politicians, finally ignored the rights of the board of control and on his own authority made such appointments as he deemed wisest. To is brought the matter to a head. The Filipino politicians charged him with usurpation. He arranged to have suit brought so as to test legality of his procedure. He was upheld in the supreme court of the islands, but the matter was then appealed to the supreme court of the United States. The decision of that body means the final extinction of the board of con-

Explains Many Things.
From Mitchell, S. D., Republican.
And so there is a "power trust,"
after all. When 80 per cent. of the electrical energy produced commercially in this country is in the hands of only 15 operating groups and when five of these groups control more than half of the total output, it will have to be said that there is a very compact power trust. These figures explain the efficiency with which propaganda has been developed throughout the country, invading even the colleges and public schools, to say nothing of the legislative bodies.

When only five executives need agree upon a course of action in order to commit the producers of more than half of the electricity generated in the United States for it is not at all difficult to carry out all manner of enterprises for the protection and furtherance of their interests.

Now we understand the fierceness of the opposition in congress to public development of Muscle Sicals or Boulder Dam. We can under-stand why even South Dakota's water power resources have not been overlooked.

We can also understand something of the pressure that is brought to bear upon state utilities commis-sions which fix most of the rates charged by the power companies.

The power trust is going to be more and more an issue in American politics—that much has been assured by the steps that have been taken by the power interests to con-irol federal and state governmental codies to their own advantage.

Value of Skim Milk. E. Van Norman, at London Dairy Conference.

"Milk is about seven eighths water and one eighth solids. When the cream is removed for butter manulacture or other purposes nearly taree fourths of the solids remain in the skim milk," said Prof. Van Norman in his address to the congress delegates. "For each pound of butter the cow yields she also produces nearly two pounds of skim milk solids. Because of their dilution in water (about one pound of tion in water (about one pound of solids to 10 of water) because of its perishable character, because of its bulk for transportation and because of a tardy appreciation of its real value, we have been content to let the farmer feed skim milk to his calves, pigs and chickens, often at the expense of his own family. We have recklessly discharged into the sewer appreciable quantities of flu-id skim milk, usually I believe, be-cause of a temporary surplus and lack of facilities for marketing or processing. It was the farmer scientist who pointed out that one pound of skim milk solids fed to growing pigs would produce as much gain in weight as three pounds of corn.

"Within the last 25 years there has developed that perfection of the dehydration processes which has made possible on a commercial scale the drying of whole milk, butter milk, skim milk, malted milk and within a couple of years the drying of whey remaining from the making of cheese. Few, if any food products are more perishable than milk. The importance, then, of the process of dehydration as a stop in conserving milk and its by-products for storage or transportation long distances can hardly be over estimated.

Skim milk solids already are an ideal form for human food, and, therefore, the feeding of them to an animal is an economic loss except where it is essential that the calf or young chicken should have skim milk solids to start its growth and carry it until it will thrive on less expensive foods not adapted to human beings."

Testimony by Defendant. Francis B. Sayre in Atlantic Monthly.

The privilege of a criminal defendant to refuse to give testimony survives from the days when civil as well as in criminaction a party was incompetent as a witness and when in felony trials the defendant was not allowed the benefit of counsel.

Whatever may have been its merits at the time when torture was still in use in Scotland and on the continent as a means for gaining self-incriminatory evidence, it is a privilege which under modern conditions cannot profit the innocent, but may prove very effective in preventing the conviction of the guil-

It is probably an important factor in encouraging the use of "third-degree" methods by the police. Yet in many states the constitutions preserve with religious veneration the privilege against self-incrimination, and its abolition can be obtained only by constitutional

Poverty Unnecessary.

By B. A. Javits in Forbes Magazine. "Unemployment is unnecessary. Poverty is unnecessary. War is unnecessary. I do not mean by this that any individual can find work if he wants to: for poverty, like war, is a social problem. What I mean is that Arierica now possesses enough industrial knowledge to abolish poverty, unemployment and war if that knowledge were only organized. We have ample industrial technique in America - achieve almost anything we can imagine. All we need now is industrial states-manship to apply that technique to these great human aims."

From Tit-Bits, London.
A man in search of a quiet holiday set out in a small sailing boat, his only equipment consisting of provisions and a wireless sending set. He sailed screnely for several days, until at last he sighted one of those liners which resemble small towns rather than ships. The appearance of the little boat created excitement on board the liner.

captain was wondering whether it was a matter of going to the rescue, when the holiday-ranker moved to his wireless set and tapped out the message: "In there anything I can do for Alaska Salmon Puts Gold in Second Place

Nobody except the Alaskan, perhaps, considers the salmon a goldfish. To him the flash of its dripping flanks as it leaps in the sun is a more significant glitter than that of genuine gold. Salmon runs, in Alaska are of greater value than gold mines.

It was gold that made modern Alaska, beginning with the famous Klondike rush of 1896. Millions of dollars' worth of the yellow metal was mined. The peak year was 1916, when mineral production totaled \$48,000,000. Ten years later salmon exports for 1926 were valued at \$49,000,000, while mineral production had dropped to \$17,658,000. The golden harvest now is gathered not from the earth but from the waters of the earth. Salmon production is not always so phenomenal. A normal year, as in 1927, is only \$27,000,000. Even so, the salmon is a more valuable asset to Alaska than the gold mine, Not so beautiful as the goldfish, perhaps, but more nearly deserving of the title. As for beauty, what fish can surpass the magnificent spectacle of a salmon leaping the merciless surge of a waterfall?-Dayton News.

Discovered Ancient City

Robert J. Casey, American author, returned recendy from a trip to Siam. where he said he found the ruins of a great city and believes he is the first white man ever to gaze on the ruins that at one time probably housed a million Khmers from the Fifth to the Eleventh centuries.

Natives feared to penetrate the dense jungle surrounding the city, he related. Unaccompanied, he plunged through bamboo thickets for nearly thirty miles and found the city surrounded by a slimy moat filled with crocodiles. He stated that French archeologists had discovered the remnants of cities in which 30,000,000 Khmers lived at one time, but could find no record in France of the city he stumbled upon.

Nature Best in July

Behavior of almost any of the preying insects to be found in July are worthy of observation, says Nature Magazine. A digger wasp with tts paralyzed prey, an ox warble fly driving a herd of cattle frantic, or a lady-bird beetle greedily gobbling up plant louse after plant louse hold our interest readily. On the other hand we may turn to the varied means by which insects protect themselves from their enemies. The canker worms that look so like a twig that they deceive us and birds, the pear slugs that look like nothing Hying, are only two of the more interesting. July is the month of luxuriant nature splendor.

Look to Salmon Supply

One fish for every person in the United States was liberated from salmon hatcheries in Washington state during the year ended May 31. A total of 123,625,000 salmon were turned into ocean tributaries in that time. Since 1900 2,875,000,000 salmon eggs have been hatched by the state so that its third industry, employing 100,000 men and returning \$75,000,000 annually, might survive. More than 11,-000,000 salmon are caught each year in Washington waters.

New Fire Extinguisher

Two Ohio chemists were as much mystified as anybody recently when they discovered that solutions containing salts of alkali metals, such as potassium, can put out a fire three times as rapidly as standard soda acid types of extinguishers. Their apparatus puts out a blaze in 12 seconds. The best previous record was from 35 to 45 seconds. - Popular Science Monthly.

Tear Gas Quells Killers

Tear gas bombs were effectively used in catching a number of natives of the Solomon islands who had murdered white officials, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. The refugees were cornered in a small valley and quickly surrendered.

Buddhist Missionaries

Contrary to the custom of centuries, Buddhists are turning to missionary work, emulating their Christian brethren. A party of priests has set up a Buddhist center in London and will devote itself to the conversion of England.

HUSBAND DISTRIBUTES

Wife Tries Compound

Every year the Pinkham Medicine Company distributes about 30,000,000 booklets from house to house. Mr. Ted Hinzman does this work in Lodi, California. His wife writes: "It was in these little books that I read about so ing helped by the medicine. thought I would

and I can truly say that it has done me good. My neighbors and friends ask me what I am doing to make me look so much better. I tell them that I am taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."



CARTER'S IN PILIS



Balsam of Myrrh



Poor man's price. Only \$5 with bundle tele picture of harvester. Progress Co., Salina Kansas

EASY TO LEARN the Plumbing Trade, Earn \$10 to \$15 daily. For information write MIDWEST TRADES ACADEMY 1123 Mason Street - Omnhs, Neb.

SIOUX CITY PTG. CO., NO. 30-1928.

New Aid for the Blind

A new invention will enable blind people to read ordinary print. The apparatus uses the photo-electric cell in connection with a loud speaker. The blind person scans the printed page with a beam of light. When the beam falls upon black letters the loud speaker is silent; when it falls upon the white background, buzzing is heard. Thus guided entirely by sound, the reader can follow the letters .- Popular Science Monthly.

Direction

"Are you personally directing your campaign?"

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "But occasionally it seems a little like trying to drive the car home from the back seat."-Washington Star.

Campaigning

"Your designs are admirable-but I want larger porches."

"They are not necessary," protested the architect-"unless you are going into politics."

Poor Party

Dale-1 hear Jack had a blowout at his place Saturday night. Lois-Something like that; there

was a bunch of flat tires there.-Detroit News.

Back talk-"Same to you!"

