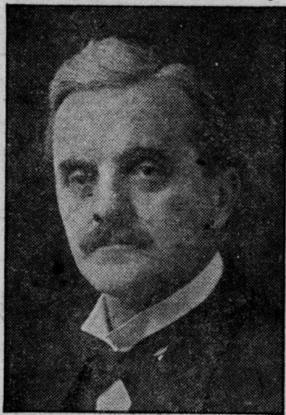


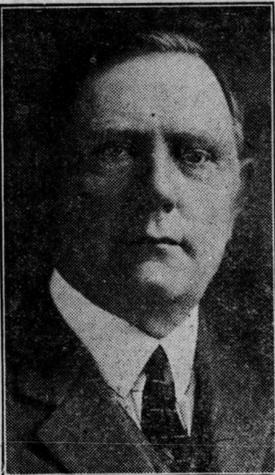
Overwhelming Republican Victory Country Endorses Coolidge Administration and Rebukes Wall Street-Radical Coalition By Large Vote

Norris, McMullen and Simmons Were Triumphant. Other Republican Congressmen Also Returned.
Dickson and Malone Elected in District and County



SENATOR GEORGE W. NORRIS

President Calvin Coolidge will continue to be the president of these United States. The policies of the Republican party, assuring peace



JUDGE ROBT. R. DICKSON

and prosperity to the American people, will continue for another four years.

The voters of the nation, Tuesday, so decreed by such



an avalanche of ballots that the coalition of Wall Street and Radicalism which sought to gain control of the country's affairs stands bewildered at its overwhelming repudiation. The nation has gone republican by one of the largest popular votes in its history. Nebraska has contributed to this result by giving President Coolidge a majority of more than 70,000 and by the election of Adam McMullen, the republican candidate for governor, by a majority as large or larger. Senator George W. Norris, Congressman Robert G. Simmons, Congressman Sears and Congressman McLaughlin, Nebraska's three republican congressmen have been most decisively re-elected. Both houses of the state legislature will have large republican majorities.

The total of President Coolidge in the electoral college on the returns now in is 343 and still increasing. John W. Davis, the democratic candidate, has 136 with possibilities of a small increase and La Follette is precariously clinging to the 13 of Wisconsin, the only state which he so far has not definitely lost. The small vote for Davis is not a surprise. Not even to Mr. Davis' most enthusiastic managers. They have known all along and admitted in private conversations that one of the very big mistakes of the democratic national convention was the coupling of the name of Mr. Davis with that of Charles W. Bryan. This frightened very many democrats over into the republican ranks and made the more emphatic the already assured victory of Coolidge. The extremely poor third position which La Follette occupied at the conclusion of the presidential race demonstrated beyond question that the people of all sections of the country are decidedly opposed to radicalism, no matter how it may disguise itself. La Follette's reduced vote in Wisconsin, even though he may carry it, is a rebuke to him.

Holt county contributed to the great republican victory by giving Coolidge 2184 votes, as against 2171 for La Follette and 1524 for Davis. Senator Norris polled 3803 in the county and Thomas 1773. Congressman Robert G. Simmons' able service for the Sixth congressional district was approved in the county by a vote of 2972, as against 2229 for Beal.

On the unofficial returns for the county, with all precincts in, Adam



The President



Calvin Coolidge

The Vice-President



Charles G. Dawes



McMullen, the republican candidate for governor, only lost the county by 68 votes, his total being 2544, as compared with 2612 for Norton and 512 for Butler. There are 44 mail ballots yet to be counted, when the canvassing board meets, and it is possible that with these and allowing for mistakes in the un-official canvas Mr. McMullen will carry the county.

For state senator in the Twenty-Second district W. L. Philley, the republican candidate, received 2747 votes in Holt county and Robertson 2743. Mr. Philley also carried Rock county by 113, and Brown by 41. Robertson carried Boyd county by 259 and Keya Paha by 8 votes. The mail ballots out in the entire district and errors in the unofficial returns make Mr. Philley's election possible.

J. M. Hunter, the republican candidate for representative from the Sixty-Fourth representative district, which includes Holt county only, has triumphed over Frank Harrington, his opponent, by 95 votes, with 2805 for Hunter and 2710 for Harrington.

Chauncey Keyes, the republican candidate, will be the next county assessor. His vote is 2728 and that of John Melvin, his opponent, 2657.

L. C. McKim, supervisor from the Second district, has defeated his democratic opponent, John B. Donohoe, by a vote of 422 to 377. L. E. Skidmore, republican incumbent from the Fourth supervisor district won out over two competitors by a very substantial plurality, the vote standing 437 for Skidmore, 310 for W. E. Snyder and 227 for William Connor.

Ira H. Moss, clerk of the district court, and C. N. Nellis, supervisor from the Sixth district, make it possible for each of the three parties, to boast of landing two of their candidates in the county. These gentlemen come from the southwest part of the county, where only good men are selected for office. They have chewed sand from the same hills and drank from the same flowing wells. So all parties re-nominated them for their respective positions and everybody voted for them.

Two non-political victories which are pleasing to the entire people of the county are those of Judge Robert R. Dickson for judge of the Fifteenth judicial district and of County Judge Clarence J. Malone for the position he now holds. Judge Dickson's vote in Holt county was 3337 and that of his opponent, J. H. Berryman of Bassett, 1943. Judge Dickson also carried Brown county by 922, Boyd by 1094, Keya Paha by 616 and Rock, Berryman's home county, by 243. Judge Malone's vote was 3257 and that of S. W. Kelley, his opponent, 2102.

The amendment to the state constitution, which would have abolished the party circle on the ballots at the general election and practically abolish political parties in the state, was defeated by a vote of 2343 against, as compared with 1729 for.

Governor Smith's plurality in New York city was 514,818, the largest any candidate for office ever received. President Coolidge carried the city by 137,834. The governor's plurality in the state, including the city, was 115,702, with 104 up-state districts



CONGRESSMAN BOB SIMMONS

missing. The governor was the only member of his party's state ticket to win.

Senator Norris seems assured of the biggest majority ever accorded a candidate for office in Nebraska. Norris' lead over J. J. Thomas reached 92,000 votes with 1,862 precincts reported. Norris' total majority should be about 100,000 when the official figures are all in.



COUNTY JUDGE C. J. MALONE

Three women were elected state representatives—the first time members of their sex have been elected to this office in Nebraska. They are: Sarah T. Muir, thirty-sixth republican; Clara Humphrey, republican, of the ninety-first district in western Nebraska, and Mabel Gillespie of Sarpy county, democrat.

