

KELLER TO CALL TAFT AND OTHERS

Favoritism to Trusts and Invasion of People's Liberties Among 14 Charges Specified by Impeachment Accuser.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Representative Oscar E. Keller, republican, of Minnesota, today submitted to the House Judiciary committee a partial list of specifications in support of his resolution proposing impeachment of Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty.

In his letter of transmission Representative Keller announced he will ask the committee to call as witnesses in support of his specification No. 13, Chief Justice William Howard Taft, former Attorney General George W.ickersham, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Mr. Gompers' secretary, Guy Oyster.

Specification No. 13 charges Attorney General Daugherty with knowingly appointing "untrustworthy and corrupt" men to "positions of great importance and large financial and moral responsibility."

Asserts Charges Substantiated.
Summing up his bill of particulars, Representative Keller asserted that it "substantiates thoroughly" the original charges he made in presenting his resolution in the House on September 11. The specifications, he added, "if anything, are more grave and serious than the original charges. His letter continues:

"They set out, and the evidence in my possession proves, that the said Harry M. Daugherty is unfit to be attorney general of the United States and is not a safe person to hold an office that vitally affects the economic interests and the personal liberties of every man, woman and child in the United States.

"They set out, and I am prepared to prove, that the said Daugherty is guilty of serious misconduct in office, highly prejudicial to the public interests; of grave abuse of his discretionary powers; of willful and repeated violations of his oath of office, and of high crimes and misdemeanors in 14 particulars, each of which is supported by numerous instances.

"If any of these 14 specifications against the said Harry M. Daugherty can be said to be more important than any other," Representative Keller wrote to the Judiciary committee, "it is that group of specifications that relates to the refusal and neglect of the said Harry M. Daugherty to enforce the anti-trust laws of the United States of America.

"The specifications attached hereto and the evidence in my possession prove that it is the deliberate policy of the said Harry M. Daugherty to fail to prosecute offenders charged with violations of the anti-trust laws."

"The Judiciary committee's resolution in response to which Mr. Keller made his presentation today called for full specifications in support of his demand for impeachment, and the specific acts alleged and the names of witnesses.

Leaders on the Judiciary committee, it was understood tonight, will confer informally Saturday on the case as it now confronts the committee with the submission of Mr. Keller's bill of particulars. It was indicated that hearings may be started on Tuesday.

Denouncing the committee's "demand" as "impossible," "extraordinary," and "without precedent" the Minnesota representative said he declined to disclose his evidence in advance, because he was "advised it is in many cases unsafe for me to do so."

His letter goes on: "I beg to call attention to complaints that were made on the floor of the House and Senate by members who have assailed the attorney general that since their announced opposition to the attorney general they have been shadowed by detectives, and their offices broken into and papers stolen. I shall endeavor, so far as possible, to protect the witnesses whom I intend to call against this particular brand of reign of terror."

NEW REPAIRATIONS MEET ARRANGED

Premiers of Britain, France, Italy and Belgium to Gather in London December 9.

London, Dec. 1.—A reparations conference of the premiers of Britain, France, Italy and Belgium will open on December 9 in London. The first day will be devoted to a discussion of preliminaries for the conference proper which is called for December 11.

LONDON AUDIENCES MORE REFINED, SAYS COCHRAN

London, Dec. 1.—"London audiences on the whole are more refined in their tastes and more generally intelligent than New York audiences," was the statement of C. B. Cochran, famous British theatrical producer, upon his arrival in England from New York today. Cochran was in America for a month surveying theatrical conditions and buying American plays for production here.

JUDGE SENDS BAILIFF OUT TO FIND HIM

Commitment Papers Issued in Chicago on Application of Sister of Mrs. Tiernan No. 1 —Dangerous, She Charges.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Is Prof. John P. Tiernan sane?

The question will be decided by Cook county authorities if the South Bend professor of law can be found in Chicago. It was reported he had come to Chicago tonight and detectives were sent out to look for him.

Commitment papers to send Prof. Tiernan to the Chicago psychopathic hospital were issued late today by County Judge Righelmer on a complaint of Mrs. Frances Pafaski, a sister of Mrs. Tiernan No. 1. She declared the professor is deranged and "dangerous to the community."

Blanche Still in Iowa.
Mrs. Tiernan No. 2 was still in Iowa. A report early today said she had gone to South Bend where Prof. and Mrs. Tiernan No. 1 were selling their household goods preparatory to closing their home and coming to Chicago tonight.

Mrs. Pulaski lives in Chicago. She rushed to South Bend and took charge of the Tiernan household immediately after the professor had returned from his honeymoon of a day, as the groom of Blanche Brimmer of Iowa. She gave Judge Righelmer a long account of the professor's actions and mental condition.

Prof. Tiernan's public statements and actions would indicate that he is "queer," she said, but his conduct at home indicates that he is insane.

Bailiff is Searching.
Among the charges she made was one that the professor had suggested that his wife go out into the world, live an easy life and earn money to clothe the children and himself. Judge Righelmer placed the commitment in the hands of his personal bailiff and told him to take the professor to the hospital when found.

Dr. James Whitney Hall, a noted alienist, was designated by the court to make the mental tests. Mrs. Pulaski was in Dr. Hall's office for more than an hour while he questioned her as to the professor's mental condition. Her "leads" will be used in the examination.

Dr. Hall declined to comment on the case before he had examined the patient. But attaches of his office indicated the professor might be suffering only from a nervous strain, in which case he would be turned over to relatives to guard. Or, they said, if he is seriously deranged and "dangerous to the community" he will be committed to an asylum.

Wants to "Observe" Tiernan.
Dr. Hall said the patient would probably be held under observation for a week or more.

If the court finds the professor insane he, being a non-resident, would be turned over to the Indiana authorities if they will accept him. Otherwise he would be sent to the asylum at Dunning, in this state.

Mrs. Blanche Brimmer Tiernan, at the home of her father near Hazel, Ia., admitted today that she still loves the professor. Replying to a question, she said: "Indeed, I do. I lay awake every night and cry for him. I really do love him."

She said she still had faith in Tiernan and believes he will sooner or later leave his first wife and come for her.

PRESIDENT APPEALS AGAIN FOR SUBSIDY

Lauds Ship Measure as "Most Constructive Measure Within Decade."

Washington, Dec. 1.—Expressing confidence that the ship subsidy bill will become a law, President Harding declared today that he considers it the most constructive measure offered Congress within a decade, or which may be offered in a decade to come.

The executive is so certain of the national benefits to follow, it was stated, that he is more than willing that his achievements shall be judged by this one law alone.

None of the many matters he has recommended to Congress are so important, he feels, nor has his interest in any of them been more genuine.

The president let it be known that he was not altogether satisfied with the amendments to the measure before it passed the House, but feels that these points will be straightened out in the Senate.

VOLCANO IN ERUPTION.

London, Dec. 1 (A. P.).—The volcano of Stromboli, on the island of that name, off the coast of Sicily, is in violent eruption, says a dispatch to the Central News from Rome today.

VATICAN TO PROTEST ON GREEK EXECUTIONS

Rome, Dec. 1 (A. P.).—The Vatican is to make a direct protest to the Greek government against the execution of former Greek ministers. Pope Pius has ordered the papal nuncio at Bern to make representations to Eleutherios Venizelos, of the Greek delegation at Lausanne against further executions of former public officials in Greece.

Solemn funeral services are to be held for the executed men. It is reported that former King Constantine will attend the ceremonies.

SHE WILL FIGHT FOR PROF. TIERNAN.



Mrs. Blanche I. Hawk-Brimmer-Tiernan is the "mail order" second wife of Professor John P. Tiernan, formerly law professor in Notre Dame university, South Bend, Ind., whom he married immediately after he had divorced his first wife. The first Mrs. Tiernan had accused Harry Poulin, a South Bend haberdasher, of being the father of her youngest child. He was acquitted. Immediately after the second marriage the court annulled the divorce decree, and Tiernan left wife No. 2 and returned to wife No. 1. The second Mrs. Tiernan returned to her Iowa home and announced her intention of fighting for her second husband.

CONFERENCE FATE HANGS IN BALANCE

Outlook Pessimistic Following Bitter Clash of British With Turks and Russians.

BY ISAAC DON LEVINE, Universal Service Correspondent.

Lausanne, Dec. 4.—The reds threw a bomb into the hibernating near east conference Monday. It took nearly an hour for the delegates to recover from the shock.

The usually unruffled Lord Curzon emerged visibly agitated, while the frigid Japanese came up looking somber. Only Georges Tchitcherine, the soviet foreign minister, retained his usual sangfroid, apparently feeling satisfied at his opportunity to get even with the allies from the fruitless Geneva and Hague conferences.

Bent upon teaching the entente that soviet Russia is a power not to be trifled with, Tchitcherine administered a memorial first lesson, making both the big and little ententes look sick.

Demands Straits for Turks.
In a masterly speech Tchitcherine demanded that the straits be closed during both war and peace to all naval and aerial warships except Turkey's which alone must have the right on both sides of the straits for modern defenses and fortifications.

Declaring that Russia has annulled all czarist claims against Constantinople, Tchitcherine said that with Russia renouncing all aggressive and bellicose designs, it cannot permit a solution of the straits problem which would render the straits open to powers with preponderant navies, menacing the security of Russia.

Concluding, he warned that any such solution will meet with the decided opposition of Russia.

Curzon and Ismet Clash.
Lord Curzon ironically congratulated Tchitcherine for presenting not the Russian, but the Turkish viewpoint so admirably, and then invited Ismet Pasha to present the Turkish attitude.

The latter retorted by asking Lord Curzon to disclose the British viewpoint.

Lord Curzon refused on the ground that there "were too many present." The session closed in the midst of consternation without setting a time for the next meeting.

The Marquis Garroni, head of the Italian delegation, however, intervened in favor of Russia, remarking in private conversation that "Lord Curzon needn't be so bitter."

With Italy supporting the soviet delegation, the British position is now precarious. The British, French and Italians are holding a private confab to decide the fate of the whole conference.

VENIZELOS WILL RETIRE

London, Dec. 4.—Former Premier Venizelos of Greece is going to retire from world politics.

An Athens newspaper today publishes an interview given to its correspondent at the Lausanne conference in which Venizelos is quoted as saying: "I will return to Athens, but not until the close of the year 1925. I do not expect to mix further in big politics and I shall never again be the chief of the Hellenic government."

ONE DIES IN FIRE.

Salt Lake, Dec. 4 (A. P.).—Reese Foukls, 30 years old, of Salt Lake City, was burned to death and five other persons, more or less seriously hurt, when fire destroyed the Overland hotel and three other buildings at Wendover, Utah, Sunday. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

MANN FUNERAL SERVICES IN CHICAGO LATE TODAY

Chicago, Dec. 4 (U. P.).—Funeral services for Representative James R. Mann, of Illinois, who died in Washington, Thursday, will be held at the Hyde Park Presbyterian church here at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

His body was accompanied from Washington by Mrs. Mann and delegates from both houses of congress. The congressional delegation will return to Washington immediately after the services.

CAMP DODGE CONTRACTING FIRM NAMED

Charles Weitz Sons, Constructors of Des Moines Cantonment, Sued for \$4,500,000—Six Suits Started.

Washington, Dec. 4 (U. P.).—The second series of suits in the federal government's campaign to recover huge sums alleged to be due from contractors for alleged overcharges and frauds in the construction of war cantonments was filed by representatives of the department of Justice Monday.

Six suits for \$29,000,000 were filed Monday. Last week suits seeking to recover more than \$21,000,000 were instituted.

Contractors Named.

The projects, contractors and sums involved in the six suits were: Camp Travis, San Antonio, Tex., Stone and Webster, \$3,000,000; Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., Rhinehard and Dennis, Inc., \$7,000,000; Camp Custer, Battle Creek Mich., Porter Brothers, \$5,000,000; Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., James Stewart & Company, Inc., \$3,000,000; Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Ia., Charles Weitz Sons, \$4,500,000, and Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., \$6,500,000.

Filed in Six Cities.

The six bills of complaint, almost identical in form, were filed in the federal district court at San Antonio, Richmond, Detroit, Little Rock, Des Moines and Trenton. They charged fraud, connivance, waste and improper use of funds and material.

Further suits against "prime contractors" on government wartime construction are in preparation by the department and will be filed as they are completed. A suit involving construction of one of the major army projects in New England, was to have been instituted today but was not completed in time.

BRIDE RULES WILHELM.

Doorn, Dec. 4 (A. P.).—The hand of Princess Hermine continues to be felt in the activities of Doorn castle and its chief occupant. The former emperor, at the insistence of his wife, is beginning to abandon his cloistered existence and to walk abroad among the villagers.

MME. GADSKY TO REPLY TO PROTEST OF LEGION

Los Angeles, Dec. 4 (A. P.).—Action of the Los Angeles county council of the American Legion in adopting a resolution protesting against the appearance here of Mme. Johanna Gadsdy on account of alleged pro-German activities during the war, was followed today by an announcement from Sherman Denby the Opera singer's local manager, that they would appear before a meeting of veterans Monday night and present Mme. Gadsdy's answer to the legion's charges.

"Madame Gadsdy will positively appear here December 11, as announced," said Mr. Denby, "and if any attempt is made to harass or prevent her singing we shall apply to the courts for an injunction." I expect the state commander of the American Legion to be here Monday, and I believe he will be able to put the matter before local veterans in somewhat of a different light."

FORD FOR CUT RATES TO GET TRACTION BUSINESS

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 4 (A. P.).—Further expansion of the municipal street railway system has been the policy of Senator-designate Couzens' successor as mayor of Detroit, in the opinion of Henry Ford. One of the first things the new mayor should do, Mr. Ford declared, is to cut fares in half. This, he declared, would triple the street railway's business.

TWO DEAD IN WRECK.

Fresno, Cal., Dec. 4 (A. P.).—Two persons were killed and several more or less seriously injured when Santa Fe passenger train No. 22 east bound plunged into an open switch a few miles west of Bakersfield, Saturday.

ATTACKS TEA POT DOME LEASE.

Casper, Wyo., Dec. 4 (A. P.).—Patrick Sullivan, republican national committee member, wealthy stockman and oil lease owner of Casper, has filed suit in the federal court at Cheyenne, against the Mammoth Oil Company and the Pioneer Oil and Refining Company, it was learned here today.

FARMERS' LOT IN 1922 NOT EASY

Secretary Wallace Sees No Cause for Discouragement, Despite Many Adverse Conditions.

Washington, Dec. 5 (Special).—The still unsatisfactory but slightly improved condition of the American farmer is brought out forcibly by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace in his report to the president, made public today. This might have been a prosperous year for agriculture and for the nation, says the secretary, but for the distorted relationship between prices received for farm products and the prices paid for things the farmer must buy. They physical basis of prosperity, he says, is here—food in superabundance and the raw material which goes into various products, including clothing—but the real satisfactions of prosperity are still around the corner.

In spite of discouragements, for three years renewed, continues the report, the farmer, in contrast with various other groups, has produced abundantly without cessation. This year the average of the 14 principal crops was about 337,000 acres, which is 7,000,000 above the 10 year average and only 1,900,000 acres below last year.

Tonnage Above Acreage.
As a result of long hours of hard labor, aided by favorable weather conditions, the tonnage of this group of principal crops was greater than last year and above the 10-year average. But in spite of this great quantity of actual wealth produced, farm people, comprising one-third of the population, having a greatly reduced purchasing power resulting from the decline of farm prices below the pre-war level while other commodity prices are 50 to 100 per cent. above.

Secretary Wallace diagnoses the discrepancy between farm prices and prices of other things as due to over production of many farm crops, continued high freight rates, the maintenance of industrial wages at near war-time levels, economic depression and depreciated currency in European countries, interference with the efficient functioning of necessary industries, and unreasonably high costs of distribution of some farm products.

Although there is no production of farm products in excess of world needs, he says, there is an overproduction from the farmer's standpoint whenever the quantity can not be marketed at a price which will cover all production costs and leave the producer enough to tempt him to continue in the business. There has been an overproduction of some crops every year for three years. Better adjustment of farm production is worth striving for, he says, as it will be a benefit to both producer and consumer.

Labor Cost Too High.
The report gives emphasis to the importance of labor costs as an element in producing the unfortunate unbalanced economic situation. "The cost of labor," to quote Secretary Wallace's statement, "is one of the largest elements which determine the price the farmer must pay for what he buys, whether it be transportation, fuel, implements and machinery, clothing, or what not. The success of industrial labor in holding most of the gains in wages secured during the war period and the two years following accounts for a considerable part of the higher prices the farmer is now paying for what he buys.

Wages of men working in organized industries, including transportation, remain at 50 to 100 per cent. above pre-war levels and are perhaps within 10 per cent. of the high level of 1920. These wages are carried into the price of the things produced. The farmer's income, on the other hand, is down to or below the pre-war level. The farmer's benefits when there is full employment for labor and when wages are good, because the wage workers can then buy freely of farm products. There is a limit, however, beyond which consumption is not increased, and as wages advance beyond this point they add to the cost of the things the farmer must buy and thus increase his own cost of production without in any way enlarging the market for what he produces."

The various strikes that have occurred this year are blamed for many injuries to the farmer. "During the recent railroad strike, for example," continues the secretary, "many fruit and truck farmers were unable to move their perishable products, and as a consequence suffered very heavy losses, running into many millions of dollars. Delays in transportation cause heavy shrinkage in livestock moving to market, as well as damage to many other farm products resulting from deterioration because of delayed movement. As a result, consumers in the cities are compelled to pay unreasonably high prices while producers on the farms must take lower prices.

The effect of the transportation strike will injuriously affect the farmer long after the men are back to work because of the impaired condition of the equipment. So also farmers suffered severely from the coal strike. In many sections threshing was delayed, at heavy loss through exposure of the grain to the weather. Farmers were compelled to pay exorbitant prices for such coal as they were able to buy, and the necessity of moving coal when finally the mines and the railroads resumed operations interfered materially with the prompt movement of farm products."

FIND COUNTERFEITED

New York, Dec. 4 (A. P.).—With the arrest Saturday of John Popovitch, of Los Angeles, carrying \$23,500 in counterfeit notes, or more than \$450,000 face value, United States secret service agents said they had captured the third of a gang of counterfeiters who have done what was heretofore considered almost impossible—making and passing bogus Bank of England notes. The other two alleged members of the band reported to be under arrest in Los Angeles are Oscar A. Simon and Iva Glavanogovic.