

# MRS. HAYDOCK SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

Followed Advice of Her Druggist's Wife and Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Chicago, Ill.—"I was in bed with a female trouble and inflammation and had four doctors but none of them did me any good. They all said I would have to have an operation. A druggist's wife told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took 22 bottles, never missing a dose and at the end of that time I was perfectly well. I have never had occasion to take it again as I have been so well. I have a six room flat and do all my work. My two sisters are taking the Compound upon my recommendation and you may publish my letter. It is the gospel truth and I will write to any one who wants a personal letter."—Mrs. E. H. HAYDOCK, 6824 St. Lawrence Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Because Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved Mrs. Haydock from an operation we cannot claim that all operations may be avoided by it, but many women have escaped operations by the timely use of this old-fashioned root and herb medicine.

**Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura**  
 Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.



Notice this delicious flavor when you smoke Lucky Strike—it's sealed in by the toasting process

**A Reliable Firm to Ship to Rice Brothers**  
 Live Stock Commission  
 Cattle—Hogs—Sheep  
 Sioux City Stock Yards

**The Ruling Passion.**  
 A number of darkies were unloading a boat with a cargo of anvils, for which they received 2 cents for each anvil carried ashore.

Jose—Cap'n, if I carry two anvils at a time, how much do I get?  
 Captain—Two cents each, boy.  
 As Jose started down the plank, it broke and he fell into the river with the two heavy anvils. When he came to the surface he cried: "Captain, if you all don't throw me a rope I've gwinn' 't drop these here anvils an' lose mah fo' cents!"—Judge.

**Marble Palaces at \$10 a Month.**  
 Painted marble palaces, erected in the sixteenth century by Dutch merchants on the all but forgotten islands of the South Seas, are for rent at \$2 10s. a month, approximately \$10, according to letters from mariners and itinerant merchants.

**ARE YOU A MOTHER?**  
 Health is Your Most Valuable Asset Here is How to Take Proper Care of It  
 Beatrice, Neb.—"I know Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to be a wonderful help to women during expectancy. Always during that time I took it and it was the means of keeping me in a strong, healthy condition, made the ordeal much easier, and my children were stronger and healthier than they would have been if I had not taken this medicine. I can highly recommend it to all at this critical period; they will find it an excellent medicine."—Mrs. Edith Roberts, 624 W. Court St.  
 Go to your neighborhood drug store today and get Favorite Prescription in tablets or liquid or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y. for trial pkg. tablets.

**EASY TO KILL RATS AND MICE**  
 By Using the Genuine **STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE**  
 Ready for Use—Better Than Traps  
 Directions in 15 languages in every box. Kills, Cooks, Roaches, Ants and Waterbugs. Destroys food and property and are carriers of disease. Stearns' Electric Paste forces these pests to die from the building for water and food. No and No. A. "Money back if it fails."  
 U. S. Government buys it.

# MEDAL PRESENTED TO UNKNOWN DEAD

Impressive Ceremonies Mark Bestowal of Highest American Decoration on British Warrior's Grave.

London, Oct. 18.—The British government today decided to award the Victoria cross, the highest British award, to America's "unknown warrior."  
 London, Oct. 18.—Upon the simply inscribed slab in Westminster Abbey, which marks the tomb of Great Britain's "unknown warrior" was laid today the highest decoration within the gift of the American people. It was the Medal of Honor, voted by the congress of the United States in re-confirmation of the comradeship which united the United States and Great Britain in the world war.

The official presentation was made by George Harvey, American ambassador to the court of St. James, who delivered a brief address as the representative of the American government and of President Harding. The act of bestowing the medal was performed by Gen. John J. Pershing, commander of the American armies in France during the great struggle.  
**Ceremony Was Simple.**  
 Simplicity marked the presentation and bestowal of the medal, there being only a brief choral service preceding these ceremonies, which were witnessed by a distinguished assembly. Included in the group in the nave of the historic abbey were the Duke of Connaught, representing King George; members of the British cabinet; heads of governmental departments and attaches of the American embassy. The transcripts and the choir of the ancient edifice were filled, there being 1,200 visitors admitted to witness the scene.

General Pershing, accompanied by Maj. Oscar N. Solbert, military attaché, Vice Admiral P. Niblack and Rear Admiral Nathan C. Twining, left the American embassy and entered a royal carriage, which with an escort of mounted police, drove to the precincts of the abbey.

**Americans in Guard.**  
 There it met a part of the American composite battalion, which arrived yesterday from Coblenz. With the Americans were drawn up officers and men from the royal navy, contingents of the royal air force, the grenadiers, Cold Stream, Scots and Welch guards and a detachment of territorials.

General Pershing's arrival had been preceded a few minutes by that of the Duke of Connaught, who was accorded the royal salute and the British national anthem. General Pershing was received with the general's salute, the band playing the "Star Spangled Banner."  
 After a prayer by the dean of the abbey, the procession moved to the grave of the "unknown soldier." After the medal had been bestowed, the dean in a brief address, accepted it and the singing of the "Battle Hymn of the Republic" and the American and British anthems concluded the service.

# WALSH AMENDMENTS REJECTED BY SENATE

Majority Opposes Provision to Protect Germany if She Completely Disarms.

Washington, Oct. 18.—By a vote of 71 to 7 the Senate on Monday rejected an amendment to the German peace treaty offered by Senator Walsh, of Montana, which would pledge the United States to protect Germany from invasion if she completely disarms, in compliance with the provisions of the Versailles treaty.

All republicans and a large majority of the democrats opposed the Walsh amendment, the first attempt to amend the treaty. The seven supporters of the amendment, all democrats, were Senators Culberson, Texas; Glass, Virginia; Hitchcock, Nebraska; King, Utah; Overman and Simmons, North Carolina, and Walsh, Montana.

The Senate also rejected, 62 to 6, a second amendment by Senator Walsh, proposing that the United States would use its good offices in the event of a wanton attack on Germany.

Those voting for the second Walsh amendment were Senators Glass, Hitchcock, King, McKellar, Simmons and Walsh, Montana, all democrats.  
 Senator Hitchcock, speaking in favor of the amendment, declared that, since Germany was being stripped of defense, the United States certainly should notify the world in advance that it would frown on any unprovoked attack on Germany. He added there was a military party in France that might "become an active danger to the peace of the world."  
 Senator Lodge, Massachusetts, the republican leader, with Senator Lenroot, republican, Wisconsin, spoke against the amendment.

# SIR ERIC GEDDES RESIGNS FROM CABINET

London, Oct. 18.—Sir Eric Geddes, minister of transportation in the British cabinet, has tendered his resignation from that office, it was learned today.

**He Was Unimportant.**  
 Muriel came running to her mother, crying:  
 "O-o mamma! Did you hear the ladder fall down just now?"  
 "No dear. How did the ladder happen to fall down?"  
 "Well, papa was washing the window and it slipped, and when it fell it broke three flower pots. I told daddy you'd be cross."  
 "Oh, dear," cried the mother. "I hope your father hasn't hurt himself."  
 "I don't think he has yet," replied the child. "He was hanging onto the window sill when I came away to tell you about the flower pots."

# CONVENTION DELEGATES TO MEET NEXT FRIDAY

Washington, Oct. 18.—Secretary Hughes issued today a call for the second meeting of the American delegation to the conference on limitation of armaments, fixing the date as next Friday at 3 p. m., subject to the convenience of Senators Lodge and Underwood.

It was emphasized today that, while under President Harding's call the arms conference would meet on November 11, Armistice day, no address of any sort would be on the program and that in all probability the delegates would immediately adjourn out of respect to the Armistice day ceremonies and in honor of the memory of America's unknown dead in the war, whose sacrifice will be commemorated at Arlington on that day. Further arrangements for the publicity work in connection with the arms conference were announced today with the appointment of Philip Patchin to head the special bureau in the department to be set up for aid of the press in connection with the meetings.

# SHARP CHANGE IN GERMAN POLICIES

Program Indicates New Cabinet will Lean Toward Friendship with England and America.

**BY KARL H. VON WIEGAND,**  
 Special Cable Dispatch.  
 Berlin, Oct. 18.—The program of the new German government which is to follow the Wirth cabinet already has been practically laid out.  
 The new cabinet will lean toward a friendship for England and America and work for an international financial congress which will stabilize exchange. In addition to that it will demand a moratorium period in reparation payments.

According to a statement from an authoritative quarter, that is the program of the people's party, often called the Stinnes party, if that party participates in the making up of the new government.  
 If the people's party leads in the cabinet building Herr Stresemann, head of the party and who is very close to Hugo Stinnes, is looked upon as the next foreign minister, and he in turn is expected to support Dr. Rosen, the present foreign minister, for the post of ambassador to America.

Predictions Monday night in political circles which consider themselves well informed are that the Wirth cabinet will resign not later than Wednesday.  
 The League of Nations' decision on Upper Silesia, whatever it may be in legal phraseology, will finish the present government. In some quarters the blame for the British approval of the League of Nations' decision regarding Upper Silesia is laid to the Weinbaden agreement with France.

Conferences of political party leaders continued all day. The people's party leaders declare their entrance into the new government will mean a sharp turn in the foreign policy in Germany in the direction of America and Great Britain.

# BERLIN SOCIALISTS ROUTED.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—The bourgeoisie of the former kaiser's capitol took the red flag off the city hall Sunday.  
 Smarting under the blow of the league of nations decision on the disposition of Upper Silesia, the non-socialist voters in the Berlin municipal election on Sunday routed the former socialist majority and brought the city administration back into the non-radical column.  
 The returns up to late Monday afternoon indicate the election of 116 "Bourgeois" or non-socialist councilmen as against 16 socialists.  
 The last council had 125 socialist members including the communists, independent socialists and social democrats as against 100 non-socialists. The nine parties are reported in the new council. The social democrats lead with 45 members and the German nationalists are second with 44. The German people's party elected 34 and the communists 20.  
 The total Berlin vote was 840,317 non-socialists against 780,706 for the socialists. The socialists show a loss of 186,894 over the election of last February.

# COOK TO RETAIN PLACE ON NATIONAL COMMITTEE

Sioux Falls, S. D., Oct. 18 (Special).—Willis C. Cook, of Sioux Falls, announced late Monday that he would not resign his position as national republican committeeman when he leaves to take up his duties as United States minister to Venezuela, a position to which he was recently appointed by President Harding. This announcement comes as more or less of a bombshell to several state politicians who had been signing themselves up as prospective successors to Cook. Among them were W. E. Milligan, of Aberdeen, who already had organized a campaign to put himself in as Cook's successor.  
 "There is no reason why I should resign," Mr. Cook explained. "There will be no meetings of the national committee for three years and I expect to attend the one they have then." Practically all the details connected with the last national election have been cleared up and there will be nothing of importance until preparations are made for the next national campaign.

**Changed Their Plans.**  
 From the Minneapolis Journal.  
 "Jack and I had planned an ideal life; love in a cottage and all that, you know."  
 "Well, why didn't you carry it out?"  
 "The man who owned the cottage insisted on his rent in advance."  
**The Simple Life.**  
 From Louisville Courier-Journal.  
 "What shall I wear? That question has always worried women."  
 "Well, it's getting simpler. If you have a pair of fifty stockings it doesn't make much difference what else you wear."

# EXECUTIVES SAY GENERAL WALKOUT IS NOT PROBABLE

High Officials of Railroads Express Belief That Strike Order Will Not be Issued—Split in Unions Rumored.

**BY EARL L. SHAUB,**  
 Chicago, Oct. 18.—While working out plans to meet the threatened railroad strike some of the executives of roads centering in Chicago said tonight they did not believe there would be a general walkout.  
 "The strike order has not been issued and I do not believe it will be," said one high official who declined to let his name be used. "I believe the union leaders have too much sense to call a strike now."  
 J. C. Gillick, general manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, expressed the same belief.  
 "Frankly, I do not believe there will be a strike," he said. "I know there is a lot of talk but the men on our road have made no demand and voiced no complaint."  
 "I will be perfectly willing to discuss the question when I see the strike order," said the president of another line, "but I do not believe that I will ever see it."  
 "Nothing to Do But Strike."  
 Union leaders, however, spoke in a different key. While some of them would not be surprised to see some kind of a settlement others are of the opinion that there is nothing to do but strike.

The lack of harmony is said to be due to the demand of the unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor for an agreement with the "Big Four" brotherhoods to stick to the strike call.  
 It is pointed out by some that since the operating unions have fewer men it is possible that the railroads would seek a separate settlement with them and then, with trains running, defeat the strike call.  
 J. L. Smock, vice president of the maintenance of ways laborers, said there is no friction between the unions but at the same time the federated bodies want to know just where the "Big Four" chiefs stand.

**Dissension in the Ranks.**  
 We want to find out where the four big brotherhoods stand," he said. "There is apparently some dissension in the ranks and we want to know if we will have their support if we strike. We will call for a showdown when we meet Wednesday."  
 Leaders of all the unions outside the "Big Four" will attend Wednesday's meeting.  
 W. F. Whitney, vice president of the trainmen, said the report of a threatened break between the unions is propaganda.  
 "That is just what the railroads are after—a split in our ranks," he said. "If the strike goes into effect it is all right. The 'Big Four' brotherhoods will give the other unions what they want, I believe."  
 John Granau, leader of the so-called "outlaw" switchmen's strike of a year ago said today he did not believe there would be a walkout. He claimed his organization has 60,000 members but denied reports that they would act as strike breakers.

"There are thousands of our members working the streets while their families suffer," he said. "Why? Because when we struck in 1920 for 160 days the recognized brotherhoods' leaders established strike breaking agencies in all terminals affected by our movement, causing our defeat."

A further indication of the confidence of executives was seen in the fact that the Erie railroad today announced an immediate reduction in the pay of maintenance of way laborers. The cut will be from 37 1/2 cents an hour to 30 cents an hour.  
 The Erie contended wages of trackmen had not been cut. It was explained certain track work had been "let out" on contract and that the contractor would pay only 30 cents an hour. Where work is done by the road direct it will pay 37 1/2 cents an hour, the usual scale.

# STREET CARS TO RUN NEXT WEEK

**Federal Judge Wade Orders Resumption of Service in Des Moines—Franchise Banishes Buses.**  
 Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 18.—Federal Judge Martin J. Wade this afternoon ordered that street car service be restored in Des Moines immediately upon passage of third reading of the proposed franchise first and second readings Monday morning. A week must elapse before the council acts upon the franchise upon third reading. Later it must be submitted to the people for a vote.  
 The proposed franchise banishes automobile buses from the street, it having been held by the street car company that operation of buses was the principal reason why its revenues were cut down and caused bankruptcy.

# MURDER FARMER FOR HIS MONEY

**Mystery Envelopes Tragedy on Highway Near Virgil, S. D., Probably Friday Night.**  
 Huron, S. D., Oct. 18 (Special).—District Attorney C. P. Warren and county authorities are attempting this morning to unravel the mystery of the murder of Gus Norby, 59, a farmer living in Sancreek township near Virgil, S. D. The body was found early yesterday morning lying near the side of the Black and Yellow trail a half mile west of Wolsey, a small town 15 miles west of Huron.  
 A hole torn through his breast, penetrating the heart, caused instant death according to the coroner. And it was made with a shotgun which was found lying about 100 feet from the body.  
 Norby was last seen alive on Friday night about 7 o'clock shortly after he had collected a large sum of money due him for farm products and pasture rent.  
 Blood hounds were brought from Mitchell yesterday in an attempt to trace the slayer but they failed to find a trail that was possible to follow.

# MISSION LOOTED BY KURDS.

Washington, Oct. 18.—The American Lutheran mission at Saubulak in West Persia, was attacked and looted recently by Kurds, and a French citizen named Bachimont killed, the state department was advised Monday.  
 The department's advices came from the American charge at Teheran, capitol of Persia, who was notified through the British and French consuls at Tabriz.

# STILLMAN CASE IN COURT AGAIN FRIDAY

New York, Oct. 18.—The notorious Stillman case breaks into the limelight again on Friday in White Plains court house.

Supreme Court Justice Alfred H. Seeger late Monday signed an order, returnable before Justice Morschauer October 21, calling upon the executor, trustees and inheritors under the will of James A. Stillman, the elder, to show cause why they should not be joined as defendants in the sensational divorce action.

The order was obtained by John E. Mack, guardian at law for Baby Guy Stillman. Its purpose is to protect the child in his direct and potential sharing in the \$7,000,000 estate of the late James Stillman.  
 This move, totally unexpected, will bring into court with open declarations of their beliefs in little Guy's legitimacy or illegitimacy: James A. Stillman's two sisters, Isabel Goodrich, wife of Percy A. Rockefeller; Elsie, wife of William G. Rockefeller, and "Jimmy's" two brothers, Charles Chauncey and Dr. Ernest Stillman.

# UNFAIR TREATMENT CAUSE OF STRIKE

**L. E. SHEPPARD**  
 President of Order of Railway Conductors Sets Out Grievances of Organization in Signed Statement.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Oct. 18.—L. E. Sheppard, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, Monday gave out the following statement on the railroad strike situation:

"The conductors, an admittedly intelligent and conservative class, have, by an overwhelming vote, decided to strike with the fellow employees because of a deep feeling of resentment regarding unfair treatment by their employers and as a protest against further encroachment on their conservatism and the conditions surrounding their employment.  
 "The last increase in wages was given long after the world war was over. During the war they kept their promise to the president of the United States not to strike and not a single strike of conductors occurred, although they received less compensation during government control than any other class except engineers.  
 "They are prepared at this time to risk their all because the United States Railroad Labor Board, when they increased compensation and when they authorized the making of this present decrease, ignored the essential features contained in section 307 of the transportation act of 1920 and failed, from the conductors' standpoint, to do their duty in accordance with that section which would entitle them to more consideration. These factors are:

"The scale of wages paid similar kinds of work in other industries; the hazards of the employment; the training and skill required; the degree of responsibility; the character and regularity of the employment; the inequalities of increases in wages or of treatment, the result of previous wage orders or adjustment.  
 "Conductors in all freight service are practically piece workers. As business falls off, trains become less in number and conductors are out of service or fall back to their former positions as brakemen. Conductors are paid far less than any other class of men filling responsible positions or acting as supervisors of the labors of other men. They have never requested increased compensation based on the cost of living but requested the same in accordance with the factors herein enumerated and they refuse to accept a reduction on the basis of a reduced cost of living."

# MURDER FARMER FOR HIS MONEY

**Mystery Envelopes Tragedy on Highway Near Virgil, S. D., Probably Friday Night.**  
 Huron, S. D., Oct. 18 (Special).—District Attorney C. P. Warren and county authorities are attempting this morning to unravel the mystery of the murder of Gus Norby, 59, a farmer living in Sancreek township near Virgil, S. D. The body was found early yesterday morning lying near the side of the Black and Yellow trail a half mile west of Wolsey, a small town 15 miles west of Huron.  
 A hole torn through his breast, penetrating the heart, caused instant death according to the coroner. And it was made with a shotgun which was found lying about 100 feet from the body.  
 Norby was last seen alive on Friday night about 7 o'clock shortly after he had collected a large sum of money due him for farm products and pasture rent.  
 Blood hounds were brought from Mitchell yesterday in an attempt to trace the slayer but they failed to find a trail that was possible to follow.

# MURDER FARMER FOR HIS MONEY

**Mystery Envelopes Tragedy on Highway Near Virgil, S. D., Probably Friday Night.**  
 Huron, S. D., Oct. 18 (Special).—District Attorney C. P. Warren and county authorities are attempting this morning to unravel the mystery of the murder of Gus Norby, 59, a farmer living in Sancreek township near Virgil, S. D. The body was found early yesterday morning lying near the side of the Black and Yellow trail a half mile west of Wolsey, a small town 15 miles west of Huron.  
 A hole torn through his breast, penetrating the heart, caused instant death according to the coroner. And it was made with a shotgun which was found lying about 100 feet from the body.  
 Norby was last seen alive on Friday night about 7 o'clock shortly after he had collected a large sum of money due him for farm products and pasture rent.  
 Blood hounds were brought from Mitchell yesterday in an attempt to trace the slayer but they failed to find a trail that was possible to follow.

# FIRE IN WINDSOR HOTEL.

Universal Service.  
 Montreal, Oct. 18.—Guests at the Windsor hotel were in a panic last night, when fire broke out on the top floor. Elevator service was interrupted and scores rushed to the windows waiting to be rescued by firemen.  
 The fire was brought under control in a few minutes, but before the building was filled with smoke.  
 Women and children were led to safety down stairways and fire escapes by firemen and hotel employees.

# UNIONS PREPARE FOR DEATH FIGHT WITH EXECUTIVES

Brotherhood Leaders Declare That Organizations Will Stand Firm and Precipitate Nationwide Tieup.

**BY WILLIAM J. HUSKE,**  
 Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 18.—Preparing for a fight to the death with the executives of the railroads of the United States, officials of the "Big Four" railway brotherhoods and of the Switchmen's Union of North America are ready for any eventualities but willing to treat for peace if a move is made in that direction by President Harding or some high government authority.  
 They are, however, frankly skeptical of any peaceful outcome, according to expressions made here but while going ahead with their plans for a nationwide tieup of the country's land transportation system, are unwilling to close the door of hope to a peaceful settlement.

Failure of L. E. Sheppard, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, T. C. Cashen, president of the Switchmen's union, to arrive here Monday prevented a general conference which was planned to discuss strike details. Their absence, however, did not prevent the unions which will be involved in the tieup if it comes to the test, from making all preparations for unity of action in the forthcoming struggle.  
**Refuse General Statement.**  
 Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, were the three union executives in the city Monday, they issued several impromptu statements regarding phases of the strike but refused to issue a general statement.  
 Both of these leaders were inclined to strongly discount statements emanating from Chicago that union railway employees belonging to unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor would insist upon a showdown, and a written treaty not to make peace except upon certain lines to be defined in advance.  
 "I am distinctly an opportunist," said W. G. Lee, of the trainmen brotherhood. "I do not favor a strike, but the members of the union voted for one. I can see no way now to avert the tieup of all the railroads, aside from a miracle. Perhaps there is some man in the United States who can perform one, but if there is he is hiding his identity with great success."  
 "As to statements from Chicago that we must agree to certain terms in advance, I have nothing to say. The strike has been voted by my union. I and every other official am bound by the result and now that the issue is drawn I am prepared to go as far as any man to win. Peace may come without a clash, but I fear not. This is not the time for union men to quarrel over responsibility or honor. It is a time to draw the ranks close, and stand firm."  
 Warren S. Stone, of the engineers, scoffed at the suggestion coming from the publicity group of the railroad labor board that wage reductions already made be passed on to the public in the way of freight reductions. "It is one of the best Wall Street jokes I ever heard," he said, and added that by the time the reduction trickled through the hands of the "middle men" it would mean a reduction of about "1/2 of 1 per cent" to the public.  
 An appeal from the American Legion that the strike date be postponed for one week to permit the legion to hold its annual convention in Kansas City was received late Monday by President W. G. Lee. So far as known he has made no direct reply, but stated to Universal Service "he was powerless to act on the request."

# PERSONNEL OF BRITISH DELEGATION ANNOUNCED

London, Oct. 17.—The Daily News diplomatic correspondent today declares the British delegation to the Washington disarmament conference will be composed of Premier Lloyd George, Arthur Balfour, Lord Lee, Premier Borden of Canada, Premier Pearce of Australia, and Mr. Srinivasa Sankar, representing India and the 300,000,000 British subjects in Asia.