

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

S. PAUL'S CHURCH EPISCOPAL
2nd Sunday each month, Vespers, 8 p. m. Monday following 2nd Sunday Holy Communion 8:30 a. m. Tuesday following 4th Sunday, Guild meeting and instruction 2:00 p. m., Vespers at 8:30 p. m.
Rev. W. A. Rander, Pastor.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH CATHOLIC
Sunday Services: First Mass 8 a. m., Second Mass 9 a. m., High Mass at 10:30 a. m. Vespers 7:30 p. m. Daily Mass 8 a. m.
Catechetical Instruction for First Communicants 3 p. m. Tuesdays and Thursdays.
Confession, Saturday from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m. and from 7 p. m. to 9:30 p. m. Children's Confession, First Thursday every month at 1:30 p. m.
Very Rev. M. F. Cassidy, Pastor.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m., Sunday School 11:30 a. m., Christian Endeavor 7 p. m., Evening Service 8 p. m.
Midweek Service, Wednesday 8 p. m. Choir Rehearsal Saturday, 8 p. m.
Rev. George Longstaff, Pastor.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.
Sunday Morning Service, 10:30 a. m., Sunday School, 11:30 a. m., Young People's Service 7 p. m., Evening Service 8 p. m.
Midweek Services: Tuesday, 7:30 p. m.; Young People's Prayer Service Wednesday, 8 p. m.; Regular Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.; Choir Practice, Young People's Choir, Friday, 8 p. m., Morning Choir Saturday, 7:30 p. m.
Rev. C. F. Steiner, Pastor.

PUBLIC LIBRARY HOURS.
The Public Library will be open each day except Monday from this time on until further notice:
Afternoons, 2:00 to 5:30.
Evenings, 7:00 to 9:00.
Sundays, 2:00 to 5:30 p. m.
MARY McLAUGHLIN, Librarian.

WEEKLY MARKETGRAM.

Washington, D. C., For Week Ended June 20, 1921:
Hay—Markets continue inactive. Receipts light but equal to demand which is principally from city trade. Prices practically unchanged. Demand fair at Chicago and Cincinnati for good grades of Timothy. Low grades slow sale everywhere. Little Alfalfa moving. Some new Alfalfa arriving out of condition. No. 1 Timothy quoted New York \$28.50, Pittsburgh \$21, Cincinnati \$19, Chicago \$22, Atlanta \$27, Memphis \$28. No. 1 Alfalfa Jacksonville \$31, Memphis \$21.50, Kansas City \$19. No. 1 Prairie Kansas City \$18.50, Memphis \$16, Chicago \$19.
Feed—Increased offerings by northwestern mills continue to depress prices of wheatfeeds. Red Dog scarce in Pittsburgh and Chicago markets. Supplies of oil meals in excess of demand and easier tendency is noticeable. Cornfeeds showing strength, price from now on will be largely dependent upon weather conditions, demand rather light. Sentiment of trade bearish light speculative buying reported. Alfalfa meal situation quiet. Beet pulp dull. Quoted bran \$14.25, Middlings \$14.50, Minneapolis. Linseed meal \$23 Minneapolis; beet pulp \$25 New York; 36 percent cotton seed meal \$29.50 Memphis; No. 1 Alfalfa meal \$18 Kansas City; White Hominy feed \$28.50 St. Louis \$24.50 Chicago.
Fruits and Vegetables—Irish cobbler potatoes from eastern shore of Virginia down 25-75c per bbl. in eastern markets, ranging New York and Baltimore \$2.75-\$3; Philadelphia \$3-\$3.25; Pittsburgh \$3.50-\$3.60; Boston \$3.75-\$4. Total movement of New potatoes slightly heavier than a week ago.
Florida tomatoes in six basket carriers down 50c per crate New York at \$3-\$3.50. Mississippi and Texas tomatoes generally lower in consuming markets, closing \$1.25-\$1.75 per 4-basket carrier.
California Salmon Tint cantalopes recovered 35-40c from the seasons low point, standards 45s closing \$1.75-\$2 f. o. b. cash track. Prices declined 75c-\$1 per crate in most consuming markets, closing \$3-\$4.25.
Georgia Hiley peaches down \$1-\$1.25 per six basket carrier in New York, closing \$3-\$3.50. Demand moderate; supplies of good stock limited.
Florida and Georgia Tom Watson watermelons, medium size, firm New York at \$5.00-\$8.50 per car. Good demand at Florida shipping points; prices up \$25 per car, ranging \$200-\$500 f. o. b. cash track to growers.
Dairy Products—Butter markets firm; trading active; quality good for this season, but percentage of undergrades light. Price tendency upward. Closing prices 92 score: Yew York 33 1/4c; Chicago 33c; Philadelphia 34c; Boston 35c.
Cheese market active under good consumptive and storing demand. Production still heavy. Some of current make beginning to show effects of hot weather.
Prices at Wisconsin primary markets average: Twins 14c; Daisies 14 1/2c; Double Daisies 14c; Longhorns 15c; Young Americas 15 1/2c.
Live Stock and Meats—Hog prices at Chicago advanced 20c-30c per 100 lbs. The past week, medium and light weights advancing most. Beef steers generally steady. Butcher cows and heifers ranged 25-75c lower. Fat lambs advanced sharply, ranging from \$1.50-\$1.75 per 100 lbs. higher. Fat ewes up 25c-50c; Yearlings firm. June 20, Chicago Prices: Hogs, top \$8.60, bulk of sales \$8.20-\$8.45; medium and good beef steers \$7.50-\$8.65; butcher cows and heifers \$3.75-\$8.25; feeder steers \$5.75-\$7.25; light and medium weight veal calves \$7.50-\$9.50; fat lambs \$9.75-\$12.75 yearlings \$6.50-\$10; fat ewes \$3.25-\$5.
Stock and feeder shipments from 11 important markets during the week ending June 10 were cattle and calves 32,680; hogs 6,763; sheep 10,938.
The trend of eastern wholesale fresh meat prices was downward. Beef lost \$1-\$1.50; lamb \$2-\$3; pork loins generally \$1 lower. Veal steady to \$1 lower; mutton unchanged. June 20 prices good grade meats: Beef \$14.50-

\$16; veal \$16-\$19; lamb \$22-\$25; mutton \$10-\$16; light pork loins \$21-\$24; heavy loins 117-\$19.
Grain—Chicago July and September wheat declined from high points on the 12th and ranged lower throughout the remainder of the week. News mostly bullish but outside trade very limited and buying support insufficient. Weakness in stock market and cotton market induced weakness and sharp decline in grain prices on the 20th. Disappointing threshing returns coming in from Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri and Indiana. Red Rust being found over large area in northwest. Cash premiums easier in all markets. Export demand generally slow. Visible supply wheat 11,280,000 bushels an increase of 1,210,000 bushels for week. Visible supply corn 22,960,000 bushels an increase of 1,011,000 bushels for week. In Chicago cash market No. 2 Red Winter Wheat \$1.36; No. 2 Hard \$1.38; No. 3 Mixed corn 62c; No. 3 Yellow corn 62c; No. 3 White oats 37c. For the week: Chicago September wheat down 7 3/8c at \$1.29 1/4; September corn down half ct. at 63 3/4c. Chicago July wheat down 15c at \$1.25; July corn down 2c at 63c. Minneapolis July wheat down 10 1/2c at \$1.31; Kansas City July 13 1/2c at \$1.16 3/4; Winnepeg July 7 1/2c at \$1.74.
Cotton—Spot cotton reached the lowest price of the season closing at 3.98c per lb. This is a drop of 112 points for the week. New York July futures down 161 points at 10.47c.

FAIRNESS OF HARDING IS LIKED BY CONGRESS
Attitude Toward Labor, Agriculture and Industry Appeals to Nation's Lawmakers.
Washington, June 20.—Members of Congress have been carefully studying the general policy outlined by President Harding toward labor, manufacturing and agriculture in his speeches of the past few days. With this policy they agree. Hence accentuated harmony between the Republican executive and the Republican Congress.
These are the utterances which they have singled out as expressive of the policy of the new administration: "Justice, like charity, must begin at home. We must be just to ourselves and to our own, first of all. This is not selfish, for selfishness seeks more than a fair share; we seek only that which is rightfully our own and then to preserve that to ourselves and our posterity. The war sadly disoriented things in the world, and we are now seeking to restore the proper balance. In our efforts to do this, to achieve justice without selfishness, we will do well to cling to our firm foundation. I believe in the inspired beginning. There we will find that national greatness was founded on agriculture, that later we developed industry, and ultimately commerce, both domestic and foreign."
"The country has emerged from the hectic prosperity following the war, and is suffering from depression. We are confronted by the need to place our own house in order, and no more important feature of that effort can be envisioned than to place our agricultural industry on a sound basis, and provide machinery and facilities for financing and distributing crops. If we do this, we merely will be providing the farmer with facilities similar to those enjoyed by the business community generally. The farmer is entitled to all the help the Government can give him without injustice to others, because it is of the utmost importance that the agricultural community be contented and prosperous."
"Turning to industry, our policy must be to give it every facility possible, but to keep Government outside of participation in business on its own account. It is not necessary for the Government to intrude itself in the business activities which are better conducted through private instrumentalities, merely in order to demonstrate that the Government is more powerful than anything else in this country."

WILL PROTECT MOTHERHOOD.
Washington, June 20.—Protection of maternity and infancy by providing opportunity for mothers everywhere to receive suitable instruction in child hygiene is given in a bill favorably reported to the Senate by Chairman Kenyon, of the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.
The measure is the result of disclosures by the Children's Bureau that 23,000 mothers died in 1918 from causes connected with childbirth. The Bureau also demonstrated:
High maternal mortality rate above the average for the United States as a whole.
The fact that 80 per cent of the mothers had received no advice or trained care during pregnancy.
Many mothers had no trained attendants of any kind at confinement.
In accessibility and often entire lack of hospitals, doctors, and nurses.
Practically no organized effort to meet the need for instruction in prenatal and infant hygiene and for train-

ed care during pregnancy and confinement.
An almost prohibitive cost for providing adequate care of confinement in scattered and isolated rural districts. The very districts where advice and supervision during pregnancy and letter help at confinement are most needed are the ones least able to obtain it without financial aid.

HOW THE FARMERS STAND.
Chicago, Ill., June 20.—Returns from a questionnaire sent out by the American Farm Bureau Federations had been received tonight from ten states, including Iowa, South Dakota and Nebraska. The questions and the result of the returns so far received follows:
"Do you favor commodity financing based on bonded warehouse receipts?" Yes 31,424, no 1,289.
"Do you favor live stock financing based on adequate pledge of animals and feed?" Yes 46,652, no 236.
"Do you favor development of a personal rural credits system based on proper safeguards?" Yes 36,904, no 1,441.
"Do you request that authority be granted the federal reserve board so to classify rediscouts as to give priority to loans for basic production of all kinds?" Yes 4,946, no 1,651.
"Do you favor increasing the limit on federal land bank mortgage loans from \$10,000 to \$25,000?" Yes 26,031, no 8,169.
"Do you favor asking congress to submit to the states a constitutional amendment prohibiting the issuance of all tax free securities?" Yes 32,823, no 4,596.
"Are you in favor of continuing the excess profits tax?" Yes 37,280, no 2,675.
"Are you opposed to the enactment of a general sales tax?" Yes 17,947, no 22,393.
"Will you be able to move a larger amount of agricultural products if the American Farm Bureau Federation secures an adequate reduction in freight charges?" Yes 39,569, no 1,235.
"Do you favor the building of farm-to-market roads prior to the construction of transcontinental highways?" Yes 38,279, no 1,424.
"Do you favor the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterway?" Yes 36,975, no 3,223.
"Do you favor other waterway development for transportation, reclamation and power?" Yes 9,455, no 6,597.
"Do you favor placing the packers under regulation by the government and the vesting of such regulation in the department of agriculture?" Yes 36,459, no 2,151.
"Do you favor legislation making illegal the practice of short selling in agricultural products?" Yes 38,884, no 1,752.
"Do you favor the truth-in-fabric legislation?" Yes 41,713, no 823.
"Do you favor enabling legislation for co-operative marketing?" Yes 41,568, no 578.

AS A SPECIMEN.
Birmingham Age-Herald: "Where in the demitition blazes is that new reporter, Jobbes?" belowed the city editor.
"I sent him out to cover a lecture on the 'Missing Link,'" said the assistant city editor.
"You did, eh? Well, I hope you told him to sit in the rear where he wouldn't attract much attention. At a meeting of that kind he's liable to be drafted."

THE DIPLOMAT.
"Didn't you know that it is against the law to beg for money?" said the lady to the tramp at the back door.
"I wasn't goin' t' beg for money ma'am."
"It's just as bad to beg for bread."
"I wasn't going to beg for no bread, ma'am."
"What were you going to beg for then, pray?"
"Only for one o' your photographs, ma'am."—Yonkers Statesman.

TOOT-TOOT!
A sufferer who lives close to a railroad yard in the suburbs wrote the following to the railroad company complaining about the racket made by a switch engine:
"Gentlemen: Why is it that your switch engine has to ding and dong and fizz and spit and bang and hiss and pounce and grate and grind and puff and bump and chug and hoot and toot and whistle and wheeze, jar and jerk and howl and snarl and puff and growl and thump and boom and clash and jolt and screech and snort and snarl and slam and throb and roar and rattle and yell and smoke and smell and shriek like hell all night long?"—Boston Globe.

OBVIOUSLY FEMINE.
Boston Transcript: "Oh, Bob, you've let in a lot of flies!"

"I'll get after them, dear."
"You'll never kill them all."
"Well, I'll kill these three, anyway—they're females."
"How do you know?"
"They made a dash for the mirror the first thing."
WOULD WATCH IT.
Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph:—"Well, Pat," said Bridget, "what kind of a bird have you brought home in the cage?"
"A raven, it's a raven," replied Pat.
"A raven. And what did you bring home a bird like that for?"
"Well, I read in a paper the other night that a raven has been known to live for three hundred years. I don't believe it, so I am going to put it to the test."

OF COURSE NOT.
Indianapolis News: A resident of the rural districts, Louis by name, brought a load of hogs to the local stockyards and they were sold by Ben, another native of the fatherland. Later in the day Louis was digesting the account of the sale, when Ben approached and inquired:
"Louie, did your hogs weigh as much as you thought they would?"
Louie replied: "No, they didn't but I didn't think they would."

THEY'RE QUITE ALIKE.
A rather successful Hoosier school-teacher has for one of her ambitious never to look her profession so that people can guess it when they see her. So whenever she goes on a vacation she poses as a stenographer, a clerk or a member of some other profession than her own. When she left at Easter time she said that this time she "was going to be a widow for a week."
She succeeded in carrying off her pose successfully, too, until the day before she started home. Then on that day she overheard the colored elevator boy talking to a man she had met. "So she am a widow?" he said. "Yes," the man nodded his head.
"I ain't surprised," the boy retorted with conviction. "I said that the day she come. I say that woman's either a widow or a school teacher. Both of 'em always have such a pert, 'I have t'oss the world, way."—Indianapolis News.

YOU CAN'T BEAT 'EM.
Case Eagle: An Irishman came into the office of the president of Illinois Central Railroad and said:
"Me name's Casey. Oi Worrak out in the yar-rds. Oi'll loik a pass to St. Louis."
"That is no way to ask for a pass," said the president. You should introduce yourself politely. Come back in an hour and try it again."
At the end of the day back came the Irishman. Doffing his hat, he inquired, "Are yez the man I saw before?"
"I am."
"Me name is Patrick Casey. Oi've been workin' out in the yar-rds."
"Glad to know you, Mr. Casey. What can I do for you?"

times money is saved by loading only 15,000 pounds in a 36-foot car, instead of 17,000 pounds minimum.

The State College of Agriculture offers the following suggestions for reducing losses in shipping hogs in hot weather: The hogs should be handled as quietly and slowly as possible and loaded in a cool condition. They should be brought to the yards in plenty of time to rest and cool off before loading. Plenty of drinking water should be available, but many do not feed near loading time. Bed the car well with sand and wet it down thoroughly. Don't use cinders or straw for bedding. Where ice is available it is well to place a couple of cakes in the car. Don't overload. Often

SAVE MONEY!
I can write you an insurance policy on your residence property, covering fire, lightning, tornado, wind storm and cyclone, for \$15 per thousand for five year term. Similar farm policy \$25 per thousand.
L. G. GILLESPIE
O'Neill, Neb.

FIVE RULES for BUYING TIRES

- 1 Any of the standard makes are good tires. Select the brand you hear most about that delivers long mileage uniformly, tire after tire.
- 2 Don't be misled by looks. They have nothing to do with miles delivered on your car. Buy a safe practical non-skid, that prevents slipping the most. The Miller Geared-to-the-Road is now the nation's choice for big cars or small.
- 3 Select a tire you would buy the second, third and fourth times. Keep your service received uniform. A complete tire service on all four wheels is the modern and economical way to buy.
- 4 Deal with an honest merchant—one who doesn't recommend tires on the basis of discount to him. Your future patronage is worth more to the man who obtains for you the best he can buy.
- 5 Beware of tire sales. Remember in the end, you don't get any more than you pay for. Getting adjustments is an expensive way for you to try and get even with the game.

THE O'NEILL TIRE STATION
L. F. SOUGEY
Miller
GEARED-TO-THE-ROAD

Would you write a few words for \$5,000?

Enter Mr. Edison's \$10,000 Prize Contest

Mr. Edison spent 3 million dollars in developing a phonograph of such absolute realism that its RE-CREATION of music cannot be distinguished from the original music.

Mr. Edison wants a phrase of not more than 4 or 5 words that will differentiate this instrument from all other sound-reproducing devices and emphasize the fact that it is an instrumentality by which the true beauties and full benefits of music can be brought into every home. If you are not a New Edison owner, we will gladly loan you a New Edison on

Three Days Free Trial

Then you can learn for yourself just what distinguishes the New Edison from phonographs and talking machines. Then you can test the famous life-like realism, and experience what music will do for you.

Mail or bring the coupon to our store, and we will deliver a New Edison to your home, without expense or obligation to you. Also ask us for folder giving full details of the \$10,000 Prize Contest. Act quickly, because we have only a few instruments to loan.

Warner & Sons
Cash Hardware

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O'Neill, Nebr.

Mower Repairs!

We have in stock a large supply of all kinds of mower repairs for the following machines: Deering, McCormick, Johnston and Dain. Our prices are right and we have the quality.

Buy your repairs now while our stock is complete.

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