

To Our Farmer Friends

FRIEND FARMER, THE O'NEILL NATIONAL BANK IS HERE FOR YOU TO USE. WHEN YOU WANT TO:

- EXAMINE YOUR PRIVATE PAPERS.
- WRITE YOUR LETTERS.
- DEPOSIT MONEY.
- PAY YOUR TAXES.
- GET A DRAFT.
- MAKE A CONTRACT.
- DRAW UP A DEED.
- MAKE A WILL.
- OR, JUST TALK THINGS OVER, YOU WILL BE MADE TO FEEL AT HOME HERE.

THE O'NEILL NATIONAL BANK
O'Neill, Nebraska.

This Bank Carries No Indebtedness of Officers Or Stockholders.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$130,000

SAFETY SERVICE
BANK
COURTESY STRENGTH

they presented their credentials at the door.

The "insurgents" decided to attend the "regulars" meeting and marched to the hotel. When they arrived, they found the door shut. They claim it was locked and that they were refused admittance. The "regulars" allege that they would have been admitted if they had given their credentials, but that they refused.

The "insurgents" then returned to their own hall. "Insurgents" elected the following officers of the state organization:

Head Consul—Charles Unitt, Omaha
Head Adviser—A. A. Wertz, Grand Island.
Head Banker—C. E. Holland, Falls City.

Head Clerk—J. D. Wolfe.
Head Escort—W. V. Purdy, Beatrice.

Head Watchman—Tom Adams, Scottsbluff.
Head Sentry—William O'Brien, Columbus.

Board of Managers—Joseph Wicina, Omaha; M. W. Piercy, Fullerton; M. V. Corp, Fairbury; F. B. Williams, Kearney; R. G. Knowles, McCook.

Delegates to National Camp—George W. Haskall, Lincoln, and M. L. Endres, Omaha.

Alternates—J. P. Greenwood, Beatrice, and Charles Grau, Bennington.

ingmen's compensation and secretary of the state department of labor, who was in O'Neill Tuesday to investigate the injury claim of Wm. Perkins who lost a couple of fingers in a hay baler while employed by John Cleveland of northern Holt county November 24, 1919. Perkins recently filed application for compensation under the act, alleging that his employer was a commercial hay baler. That is, that Cleveland and his crew were engaged in baling hay for others. Mr. Cleveland is resting the claim on the allegation that on the day Perkins received the injury he was not working with the knowledge of himself as employer and that in fact if he had known that Perkins intended to operate the baler on the day in question he would not have countenanced it. Perkins and his crew had been engaged in baling hay for others on the section north of the ranch of John Aaberg, in northern Holt. Cleveland contends that previous to November 24, 1919, Perkins had applied for a layoff or leave of absence to make a visit and that on the day in question something happened to delay his departure he went over to the hay section without the knowledge of Cleveland and started baling, the accident occurring while he was so engaged. The compensation act requires that application for compensation must be filed within six months of

Highest Cash Price Paid for Eggs

ORANGES, PER DOZEN	30c
LARGE CAN MILK, 2 for	25c
BON-TON FLOUR, Per Sk.	\$2.40
QT. JAR SWEET PICKLES	60c
YEAST, PER PACKAGE	5c
SEAL BRAND COFFEE, LB.	45c
EARLY OHIO SEED POTATOES AND LATE ROSE, per bu.	\$1.25

J. C. Horiskey

injuries sustained by his employees by reason of such employment: A farmer baling hay, threshing, mowing hay, doing road work on a contract, hauling hogs or other produce to market for pay, consequently immediately becomes a commercial employer. All commercial employers are liable under the compensation act for injuries sustained by their employees.

CENSUS FACTS ABOUT HOLT COUNTY

Holt county has an area of 2393 square miles and a total population of 17,151, or of 7.2 persons to the square mile, according to a bulletin just issued by the census department at Washington on the population of Nebraska. The county, according to the bulletin, was organized from unorganized territory in 1876, which gives the census figures since 1880 as follows: 1880—3,287; 1890—13,872; 1900—12,224; 1910—15,845; 1920—17,151. The increase of population from 1910 to 1920 was 10.3 per cent, from 1900 to 1910 was 27.2 per cent and from 1890 to 1900 it decreased 10.6 per cent.

The population of the incorporated cities and towns of the county, for the years 1920-1910-1900, in the order given, are as follows: O'Neill—2107-2089-1107; Atkinson—1300-810-595; Stuart—739-467-382; Page—602; Ewing—543-440-275; Inman—315; Chambers—256; Emmet—180. Page, Inman, Chambers and Emmet were not incorporated when the 1910 census was taken, although all were settlements at that time. The entire population of Holt county is listed as rural populaion, there being no incorporated towns of 2500 or more population within its confines.

The bulletin gives the population of the state for the three census periods as 1,296,372-1,922,214—1,066,300 and shows that the proportion of the population living in towns of over 2500 increased from 23.7 per cent in 1900 to 26.1 per cent in 1910 and 31.3 per cent in 1920.

Following is the population of Holt county by townships for the three census periods, 1920-1910 and 1900, all townships including the incorporated towns located therein except O'Neill, which is a voting division by itself:

	1920	1910	1900
Atkinson	1,830	1,318	916
Chambers	702	501	482
Cleveland	209	237	227
Coleman	244
Conley	240	174	218
Deloit	399	391	345
Dustin	175	220	152
Emmet	444	346	218
Ewing	845	1,077	801

Fairview	115	91	155
Francis	188	211	267
Golden	438
Grattan	714	764	653
Green Valley	243	237	309
Inman	789	719	564
Iowa	452	388	260
Josie	74
Lake	247	270	258
McCure	186	233	173
O'Neill	2,107	2,089	1,107
Paddock	448	454	479
Pleasant View	217	237	192
Rock Falls	284	254	218
Sand Creek	233	223	211
Saratoga	207	427	245
Scott	350	293	241
Shamrock	193	145	127
Sheridan	400	395	349
Shields	553	532	449
Steel Creek	349	318	307
Stuart	1,619	1,327	1,194
Swan	213	286	120
Vardigris	879	882	616
Willowdale	307	360	167
Wyoming	258	246	211

AMERICAN LEGION SMOKE AND EAT

Members of the American Legion enjoyed a swell smoker and eats, at the Legion club rooms Saturday evening at the expense of Captain Ed. F. Gallagher and the losing team in the membership drive which has been on for several weeks. Captain George Harrington directed the operations of the winning team, which secured twenty-seven paid up members, to the losers eight. A number of other applications also have been received and the post membership has been increased some fifty.

HELP ARNOLD KILL THE CROWS.

A dandy chance for a fine ride, swell eats and lots of fun killing crows, is offered for next Sunday by L. W. Arnold to those who are interested in the extermination of this pest of pests. There are a great many crows out on the Eagle and on the Niobrara in northern Holt county and many of them are nesting in the timber on the big Arnold ranch. Next Sunday morning, after early mass, Mr. Arnold will provide cars to transport all who care to go, out to the ranch and at noon there will be a big feed of all the delicacies of the season prepared in the way that only the Arnold ranch cooks can prepare for the hungry hunters. If you would like to go along clean up the old scattargun and leave word with Jim McPharlin or Ed. O'Donnell that you expect to be in the party.

WOODMEN OF WORLD HAVE INSURRECTION

A split occurred in the ranks of the Woodmen of the World, at the state convention of the order, at Columbus, this week, when a portion of the delegates to the convention opposed to the increase of rates of two years ago, organized and the regulars walked out of the convention, organizing another convention and electing an opposing set of officers. Lloyd Gillespie of O'Neill and Clint Townsend of Page attended the convention from Holt county and Mr. Townsend was elected as one of the board of managers by the regulars. Mr. Gillespie was strictly neutral during the controversy and was an interested witness of the battle from the sidelines.

Scenes attending the split were tumultuous. J. H. Ellsberry of Omaha was thrown from the stage runway when he attempted to take his place as chairman named by the "insurgents." He suffered bruises and a sprained knee and declined to continue in active service.

Both sides claimed a victory Monday. The "regulars," led by W. A. Fraser of Omaha, sovereign commander, whose administration is the object of attack by insurgents throughout the country, declared that they had 136 delegates regularly enrolled. The "insurgents" claimed 96 delegates and charged that nearly 75 of the regulars had fraudulent credentials, issued by a score of camps recently organized in Omaha with only a skeleton organization.

When the split came shortly before noon and the "regulars" left the hall, it appeared to outside observers that the "insurgents" outnumbered the "regulars" by two to one.

Insurgents attacked the administration of W. A. Fraser and other sovereign officers almost from the moment the convention was opened. They charged that the head officers have

conducted lodge affairs extravagantly, have mismanaged its organization and have raised its insurance rates unreasonably and without proper authority.

The convention opened at 10 a. m. in the opera house. As soon as preliminary formalities were completed Earle B. Stiles of Omaha, state consul, who was presiding, announced an adjournment until 1 p. m. At that time, he announced, only delegates would be admitted whose credentials had been approved by the credentials committee. "Who are on the credentials committee?" asked Charles Unitt of Omaha, head of the "insurgents."

"The committee will be announced this afternoon in the regular order," replied Stiles. Unitt then moved the appointment of a credentials committee of three, whose names he presented. Stiles ignored the motion and left the stage. Insurgents claimed that they had been given no information as to whom they should file their credentials with. They decided to continue in session and nominated J. H. Ellsberry of Omaha as chairman.

Accounts conflict as to just what happened when Ellsberry started up the runway to the stage. Insurgents claim that "regulars" undertook to seize him. In any case, in the melee, Ellsberry was thrown from the runway.

Stiles and his followers then marched out of the hall. The insurgents remained in session, named Charles Grau of Bennington as chairman and J. H. Wicina of Omaha as clerk. Noon came but the insurgents stayed in session, fearful that they would be locked out of the hall if they left. Sandwiches were brought in and they continued their labors.

At 1 o'clock, an emissary of the "regulars" arrived. He was refused admittance, but left a message, announcing that the "regulars" were in session at the Evans hotel and that the "insurgents" would be admitted if

ROYAL

Another Week of Big Pictures

Week of April 24th

SUNDAY, APRIL 24—
PAULINE FREDRICK
—in—
"BONDS OF LOVE"
Price 15 and 25c

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27—
HARRY CAREY
—in—
"WEST IS WEST"
Price 15 and 25c

MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
APRIL 25-26—
One of the Comedy hits of the year
—with—
JANE NOVAK
"UP IN MARY'S ATTIC"
Price 15 and 25c

THURSDAY, APRIL 28—
An Edgar Lewis Production
"A BEGGAR IN PURPLE"
Price 15-25c

"SURE WE TOOK A YEAR TO MAKE IT!"

Charles Chaplin in "The Kid"

6 REELS OF JOY

Friday and Saturday, April 29-30 Charles Chaplin in "The Kid"

Owing to the great cost of this Production the Admission will be 25 and 50c with a special Saturday Matinee for children. A Real Event

The regulars elected the following officers:

Head Consul—Earl Stiles, Omaha.
Head Adviser—H. G. Smith, Winside
Head Banker—George R. Novacek, Omaha.

Head Clerk—C. Hollespell, Benson.
Head Escort—R. W. Mefford, Ainsworth.

Head Watchman—F. S. Bigelow, Blair.
Head Sentry—H. J. Gibson, Tekamah.

Board of Managers—S. M. Bixby, Auburn; M. D. Sack, Gresham; George Christoph, Norfolk; W. B. Rishell, Plattsmouth; C. A. Townsend, Page.

Delegates—Fendon B. Fleming, Lincoln, and P. J. Kelly, Merna.

Alternates—S. W. Eustice, Auburn, and Henry Christenson, Blair.

Lloyd Magney of Omaha was elected junior past head consul to succeed Ed Walsh, who died recently.

The "regulars" adjourned sine die. The "insurgents" met again Tuesday to complete plans for wresting control from the present officers.

WHEN IS A FARMER?

Farmers are not amenable to the workmen's compensation act when their employees are engaged in work on the farm or directly for the farmer employer, says Frank L. Kennedy of Lincoln, commissioner of work-

men's compensation and secretary of the state department of labor, who was in O'Neill Tuesday to investigate the injury claim of Wm. Perkins who lost a couple of fingers in a hay baler while employed by John Cleveland of northern Holt county November 24, 1919. Perkins recently filed application for compensation under the act, alleging that his employer was a commercial hay baler. That is, that Cleveland and his crew were engaged in baling hay for others. Mr. Cleveland is resting the claim on the allegation that on the day Perkins received the injury he was not working with the knowledge of himself as employer and that in fact if he had known that Perkins intended to operate the baler on the day in question he would not have countenanced it. Perkins and his crew had been engaged in baling hay for others on the section north of the ranch of John Aaberg, in northern Holt. Cleveland contends that previous to November 24, 1919, Perkins had applied for a layoff or leave of absence to make a visit and that on the day in question something happened to delay his departure he went over to the hay section without the knowledge of Cleveland and started baling, the accident occurring while he was so engaged. The compensation act requires that application for compensation must be filed within six months of

the injury and it is probable that Perkins will lose his claim, as his application was not filed until a year afterwards. Mr. Cleveland was present for the hearing called by Secretary Kennedy, but Perkins was not and is said to have left the county. Mr. Kennedy returned to Lincoln Tuesday afternoon. An effort will be made to locate Perkins and if he is found he will be required to make a showing as to why his application for compensation was not filed within the six months time ordinarily required by the statute. The filing of the application by Perkins came as a surprise to Mr. Cleveland, who is a farmer. Incidentally it is the first application ever to be filed in this state against a farmer and it brings up for the first time the question of when is a farmer a farmer and when does he cease to be a farmer and become a contractor or an employer engaged in commercial pursuit.

FRESH

Fruits & Vegetables

ORANGES, PER DOZ..... 25c

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

SEED POTATOES

CASH PAID FOR EGGS

BON TON FLOUR, Sk. \$2.40

BLOCK SALT & SACK SALT

Ben Grady, Grocer

PHONES 68-126

Farmers Of America

THE FARMERS HAVE BULDED AMERICA, FOR DESPITE THE GROWTH OF OUR CITIES, AMERICA'S AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRY IS STILL THE GREATEST IN THE WORLD.

AS THE WORLD HAS PROGRESSED, THE FARMER HAS IMPROVED HIS TOOLS AND HIS METHODS UNTIL TODAY WITH FEWER "HANDS" THE FARMER PRODUCES GREATER CROPS THAN EVER BEFORE.

GOOD BANKING SERVICE IS ONE OF HIS REQUIREMENTS ALL OUR FACILITIES ARE AT THE DISPOSAL OF OUR FARMER PATRONS.

Nebraska State Bank