

WRIGLEY'S



Pleases Them All!

AFTER EVERY MEAL

It appeals to everybody because of the pleasure and benefit it affords.

The longest-lasting refreshment possible to obtain.

Sealed tight—kept right in its wax-wrapped impurity-proof package.

5¢

The Flavor Lasts



CATTLE
HOGS
SHEEP

"Service That Serves"
RICE BROS.
Live Stock Commission
Sioux City Stock Yards

CATTLE
HOGS
SHEEP

Guarantees Satisfaction

Write Us

A RELIABLE FIRM TO SHIP TO
Accurate Market Reports Gladly Furnished Free
ALSO CHICAGO AND SIOUX FALLS

Yes, Why?
"I shall tell mother you have kissed me!"
"Why incline jealousy?"

COCKROACHES
EASILY KILLED TODAY



BY USING THE GENUINE
Stearns' Electric Paste

Also SURE DEATH to Waterbugs, Ants, Bats and Mice. These pests are the greatest carriers of disease and MUST BE KILLED. They destroy both food and property.
Directions in 15 languages in every box.
Ready for use—two sizes 50c and \$1.50.
U. S. Government buys it.

Sure Sign.
If a man can operate a cash register with sore fingers and never feel the pain he is the proprietor of the place.—Toledo Blade.

Ladies Let Cuticura
Keep Your Skin
Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling—Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair.
60c and \$1.00 at Druggists, Hireson Chem. Wks., Fairbanks, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Remove Corns, Callouses, etc., stop all pain, ensure comfort to the foot, makes walking easy. 10c. by mail or at Drug Store. Hireson Chemical Works, Fairbanks, N. Y.

RATTLESNAKE OIL, sure relief for dizziness, dryness and ringing in the head. Minnie G. Scruggs, Newport, Idaho.

SIOUX CITY PTG. CO., NO. 12-1921.

A Secret.
Harry—"What do you mean by saying I'm a fool?" Larry—"Well, I'm sorry—was it a secret?"



Aspirin

You must say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago,

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacochemicalwerke of Salzbrenn

Dodging the Tax Problem.

From the Bache Review.

The program of tax revision put out last week from Washington may, as the newspaper accounts of it say, meet the approval of most republican House leaders and many senators, but it will not meet the approval of the people of the country who have given the matter careful thought. The shifting of the tax from excess profits to other taxes, is a mere change in form of offering, and is evidently planned to meet the fact that there are to be no excess profits to amount to anything from now on, and this new legislation aims only to take, if possible, some more enterprise out of business. The experts see that there is nothing to be gained by beating a dead horse, and turn to an attempt to goad the animals that have still a little life left in them.

Nor does reducing the surtaxes from 73 per cent, to 40 per cent, effect, in the least degree, the switching of surplus incomes out of tax-exempt securities, back again where the unjustifiable knife of taxation can stab them. It seems almost puerile to say, as the account from Washington does, that this will effect, or it is hoped will effect, a change of investments of wealthy persons, from free securities, which they have bought in large quantities in recent years to escape the heavy taxation. No investor will be foolish enough to sell his tax-exempt securities. No argument that he will be hit over the head only once or twice, instead of three or four times, will lure him out of the bushes.

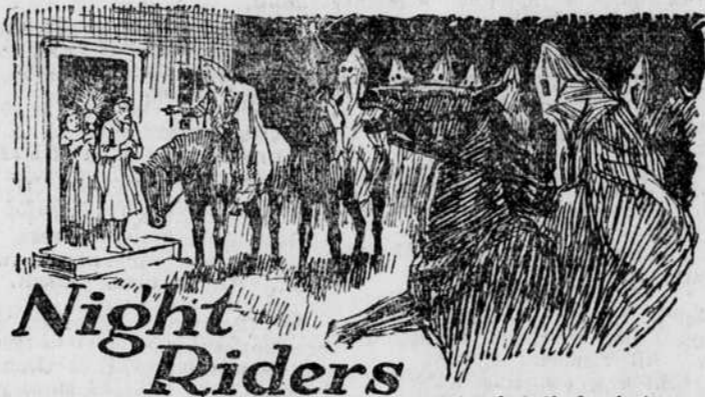
One of the arguments put forward for this tentative plan is that it evidences "the possibility of cutting down war taxes to the extent of more than \$550,000,000, without providing for any new principle of taxation, such as the various sales taxes that have been proposed." This does not appear to be a good argument. Why not adopt a new principle of taxation if it cuts out all the evils and errors of the old principle, which has been tried and found lamentably wanting? Why not introduce a principle which we call new, but which has been tried in other countries and proved eminently successful, and which has in its favor simplicity, certainty, ample yield, and justice for the whole community?

A clear, clean, straight-cut and abundantly effectual method of solving the problem, on a businesslike, fair and honest lines, is presented to them in the tax on gross sales. The country is for it, as far as the country has investigated the taxation at all, and if a referendum were taken today among those who have investigated, there would be an overwhelming vote in favor of this method. If a referendum were taken, with time for the rest of the country to investigate, the result would be the same. And yet legislation goes blundering on, clinging to its old fetishes, dreading the verdict of the voters, and meantime destroying the country. If business were relieved of the murderous grabs after profit and capital, were released by a decent, fair income tax levy accompanied by a gross sales tax, the whole country would spring once more to work out its business salvation with American energy and hopefulness.

The feeble alternatives offered by Representative Longworth will not produce the money. Reliance on 15 per cent of the earnings of corporations is merely clinging to a rope of sand. Earnings of corporations, on the average, for the last half of 1920 and the first half of 1921 will be negligible. Instead of profits a very large part of the capital invested in business made losses. The tide may turn, and must turn some time, but it is an optimistic guess that put the date of turning in time to help the government, whose outgo is assured but whose income is imperilled. Doubling the receipts from the tariff is another legislative optimistic guess, which has little chance of fruition. The fact is, the government has got to resort to a sales tax. It can raise the vast sums it needs in no other way. There is no other way to get the money, but, fortunately, it is the most excellent way—a way fair to all, lightening the load so that it will not be felt and distributing it equitably. The collection is simple and easy, and the yield large enough to furnish the amount needed, and more. We quote from the New York Herald, which clearly and soundly recites the exact situation, and concludes:

"In the condition which confronts the country there is only one sure source of revenue in the volume that will be required by the stupendous financial needs of the government. It is the so-called sales tax. The world over, this tax has met every test as a revenue producer. As industries, businesses and individuals must buy their supplies and spend money on their needs whether they are making profits or not, whether they are growing richer or poorer, there is always in the sales tax the sure source of revenue upon which the government must be able to count, absolutely.

"Furthermore, the sales tax has the incomparable merit of collecting from the average individual of the great mass of the public, a quite negligible amount, although the aggregate from all is colossal. The man who spends \$100,000 a year on his ordinary living will contribute to the treasury even at so low a sales tax rate as 1 per cent, the comfortable sum of \$1,000. And, of course, the man able to spend as much as that also will be paying a very heavy income tax. But the man spending \$1,000 a year on his ordinary living will contribute at that rate only \$10 to the treasury, whereas now perhaps his theater ticket taxes alone count up as much as that."



Night Riders

[National Crop Improvement Service.]
They state that if, for instance, the packers and the grain exchanges (although diametrically opposite in methods), should be put out of business that the farmers could conduct their own affairs, but here in tobacco is an instance where farmer is against farmer and co-operation does not seem to work.

The reason is plain. It is because there is no open and constant market for tobacco. In grain, on the other hand, where buying and selling are daily actively conducted, the price of grain is anticipated for several months to come.

The whole world must eat, but comparatively few must use tobacco. Hence a marketing system cannot cure all the evils because the system cannot bring buyers or sellers and cannot furnish any more than the normal supply nor can it change the extent of the demand.

Another peculiar feature of night riding is that certain farmers are pitted against certain other farmers. Many leaders in rural thought advocate co-operation as a panacea for all evils.

Fate.

Two shall be born the whole wide world apart;
And speak in different tongues, and have no thought
Each of the other's being, and no heed;
And these o'er unknown seas to unknown lands
Shall cross, escaping wreck, defying death,
And all unconsciously shape ever act
And bend each wandering step to this one end—
That, one day, out of darkness, they shall meet
And read life's meaning in each other's eyes.

And two shall walk some narrow way of life
So nearly side by side, that should one turn
Ever so little space to left or right
They needs must stand acknowledged face to face
And yet, with wistful eyes that never meet,
With groping hands that never clasp, and lips
Calling in vain to ears that never hear,
They seek each other all their weary days
And die unsatisfied—and this is Fate!
—Susan Marr Spaulding.

A Real Helpmeet.
From Punch (London).

Neighbor (bearer of message, breathlessly)—"You're wanted at 'ome, Charlie. Yer wife's just presented yer with another rebate off yer income tax."

Two prospectors have staked a gold claim in the heart of Denver. The ground lies immediately beneath the city hall and the business district.
Twenty steamers are held up in New York harbor, due to the inability of health inspectors to examine the passengers for typhus infection as fast as the vessels arrive.

Your New Home should be made artistic, sanitary and livable.



These walls should be Alabastined in the latest, up-to-the-minute nature color tints. Each room should reflect your own individuality and the treatment throughout be a complete perfect harmony in colors.

The walls of the old home, whether mansion or cottage, can be made just as attractive, just as sanitary, through the intelligent use of

Alabastine

Instead of kalsomine or wallpaper

How much better, when you have a new home, to start right than to have to correct errors afterward from former treatment with other materials, when you come to the use of Alabastine, as does nearly every one sooner or later.

Once your walls are Alabastined you can use any material over it should you desire, but having used Alabastine you will have no desire for any other treatment.

Alabastine is so easy to mix and apply—so lasting in its results—so absolutely sanitary—and so generally recognized as the proper decorative material in a class by itself that it is becoming difficult to manufacture fast enough to supply the demand.

Alabastine is a dry powder, put up in five-pound packages, white and beautiful tints, ready to mix and use by the addition of cold water, and with full directions on each package. Every package of genuine Alabastine has cross and circle printed in red.

Better write us for hand-made color designs and special suggestions. Give us your decorative problems and let us help you work them out.

Alabastine Company
1649 Grandville Ave. Grand Rapids, Mich.

WHEN THE CENTURY BEGAN

Mode of Reckoning Is Simple, Yet the Matter Is Frequently Subject of Dispute.

The Twentieth century began on the first day of January, 1901. In common usage the First century means the years A. D. 1 to 100; the Second century the years 101 to 200; and the Nineteenth century the years A. D. 1801 to 1900. The Fifth century before Christ was 500 to 401 B. C. A century begins with the beginning of the first day in its first year, and does not end until the close of the last day in its hundredth year. The mode of reckoning is often confused with the common mode of stating the age of a person. A person born at the beginning of the Christian era would be called one year old during his second year, that is during the course of the year two; he would be called two during the year three; and forty during the year forty-one, etc.

Willing to Support Her.
Two young women boarded a crowded street car and were obliged to stand. One of them, to steady herself, took hold of what she supposed was her friend's hand. They had stood thus for some time when, on looking down, she discovered that she was holding a man's hand. Greatly embarrassed, she exclaimed: "Oh! I've got the wrong hand!"

Whereupon the man, with a smile, stretched forth his other hand, saying: "Here is the other one, madam."

The Wrong Nut.
"The whole thing lies in a nutshell." "Yes, but you've got hold of the wrong nutshell."—Cartoons Magazine.

Cupid is pictured as a child because he has never reached the age of discretion.

Keep your eye on small opportunities. They sometimes grow.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Some Flying.

During the year just passed pilots at March field have flown a distance equal to forty-six times around the globe. Jules Verne's hero accomplished the feat of going once "around the world in 80 days." According to March field statistics, this record would be far and away bested, as forty-six times around in 365 days would reduce the time for one circumnavigation to 7 days 26 hours and 26 seconds, to get down to minute details.

The Vanishing Point.
Mary Garden on her return from Monte Carlo said at a dinner in New York:

"You will hardly believe it, but in France skirts are getting shorter. On the Promenades des Anglais in Nice and on the Casino terrace in Monte Carlo it almost seemed as if they shortened an inch or so every day."
"Where will this thing end?" a movie king asked in awed tones.
"If skirts," Miss Garden answered, "get much shorter, they will end in being nothing but—a hem! a hem!"

One Was Enough.
"Could I see Mr. Grumpson?" asked the brisk caller.

"I suppose so," said the clerk, gloomily, "if you don't care what happens to you. I got one good look at him as he came in this morning and I assure you that will last me all day."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Its Appeal Grows!
Many people start to use
INSTANT POSTUM

temporarily in place of coffee or tea for health reasons. But they soon learn to love its rich flavor and its pure, wholesome qualities are so apparent that they adopt Postum as their regular meal-time beverage.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by grocers everywhere

Made by
Postum Cereal Co., Inc.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

