

# THE DEPOSITORS GUARANTEE LAW OF NEBRASKA

The Depositors Guarantee Law of Nebraska is functioning More than \$200,000.00 have been saved the depositors of the Farmers State Bank of Page, in this county, through its operation.

M. R. Sullivan, the receiver, now is paying off the depositors from this fund.

Deposits in State banks only are afforded this protection. It does not apply to National banks.

The Nebraska State Bank is the only bank in O'Neill offering this protection, and operating under the Depositors Guarantee Fund of the State.

We pay 5 per cent on time deposits.

You can not afford to be without this protection.

Call and see us.

## Nebraska State Bank of O'Neill

### CHURCH TROUBLE GETS INTO COURT

Butte Gazette: As a result of trouble over the conduct of church affairs in the "Church of Christ" at Gross, J. M. Bayne, one of the officials of the church was compelled to defend himself against an attempt of Maford K. Stevenson to have Bayne put under bonds to keep the peace. The hearing was before Judge Ford Monday, and at the conclusion of the hearing, Judge Ford dismissed the petition.

The suit was the result of trouble which has been brewing for some time. Stevenson, who is one of the more recent additions to the church seems to have become possessed of the idea that the church was going wrong, and must get back to the "old apostolic lines," as he expressed it. His first objection was to the organ and to singing as part of the services. A year or so ago, he and the then acting minister, removed the wicked instrument, and brought it to Mr. Bayne's home, where it was stored in the garage. This did not suit the more progressive faction, and the ladies, the result being that the latter began a series of entertainments and accumulated enough money to put a fine piano into the church. The resulting bad feeling came to a climax when this fall a Lyceum Course was secured and the church was to be used for the purpose, one of the church societies being the sponsor thereof. Complaint was made to the deacon, C. E. Yenglin, who went to see Mr. Bayne, the threats which caused the lawsuit being alleged to have been made to Yenglin. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bayne strenuously denied that any threats had been made and the proof showed that Mr. Bayne had never kept a gun or firearm of any kind, and never had a fight with anyone "except me," as Mrs. Bayne testified. (She smiled when the Judge remarked in an undertone, "I'll bet he got the worst of it.")

The church was built many years ago, and Mr. Bayne lives near it, and has had charge of the building most of the time. It is stated that he suggested to Yenglin that they go to the entertainment to which there was objection, and if it was immoral or objectionable no more would be allowed.

Bayne and Stevenson hold the official positions of elders, and Yenglin is a deacon. It is claimed that the great majority of the members sustain Bayne in his contention that more modern ideas should prevail in the management of the church. Mr. Bayne stated that things had improved so much in the last 2000 years that it was no use to ask him to go back and do just as they did then; he just couldn't do it. Mr. Yenglin has been a resident of Spencer for several

years, but has held his official connection with the church.

### NEBRASKA SECOND IN PUREBRED SIRES CAMPAIGN

Nebraska stands second in the number of stockraisers using nothing but purebred sires. More than 300 farmers in this state have enlisted in the campaign to encourage breeding of better stock. Virginia leads all states, with 1,000 farmers using only purebred sires. South Carolina follows close to Nebraska. The campaign is being conducted co-operatively by the United States Department of Agriculture, state colleges of agriculture and local farm bureaus, in an effort to improve the quality of live stock. When a farmer has replaced all his scrub sires with purebreds he applies to his local farm bureau for official recognition as a breeder of better stock. When his application is accepted he is awarded an emblem to post on his farm, advertising the fact that he is a progressive farmer. It is believed that in five years the campaign will result in a material improvement in the quality of the live stock produced in the United States.

### STOCK FEEDERS REVIEW THE SITUATION

Nebraska stock feeders, in their annual fall meeting, decided that it will cost about 11 cents a pound to produce beef at present feed prices. Corn was figured to 60 cents a bushel and alfalfa at \$10 a ton. A good many men are feeding this year in the hope of obtaining a little more for their corn than they could by selling it for cash. Some are turning cattle and hogs into the fields to avoid the heavy cost of husking the corn and marketing it in the usual way. The drop in grain prices and the tendency of the fat stock market to weaken are causing feeders to proceed with caution this year. While the feeders did not set any specific price they should have for their fat stock, because of the varying prices at which the stuff goes into the feed lot, as well as some variations in feed prices, under conditions existing to date the feeder that receives less than 12 cents for his finished product will not be making much money. The meeting brought out that stock men are now carefully figuring the cost of fattening cattle and hogs. The day of hit and miss business is gone among the progressive feeders.

### FREE PUBLICATIONS ON JUDGING CATTLE

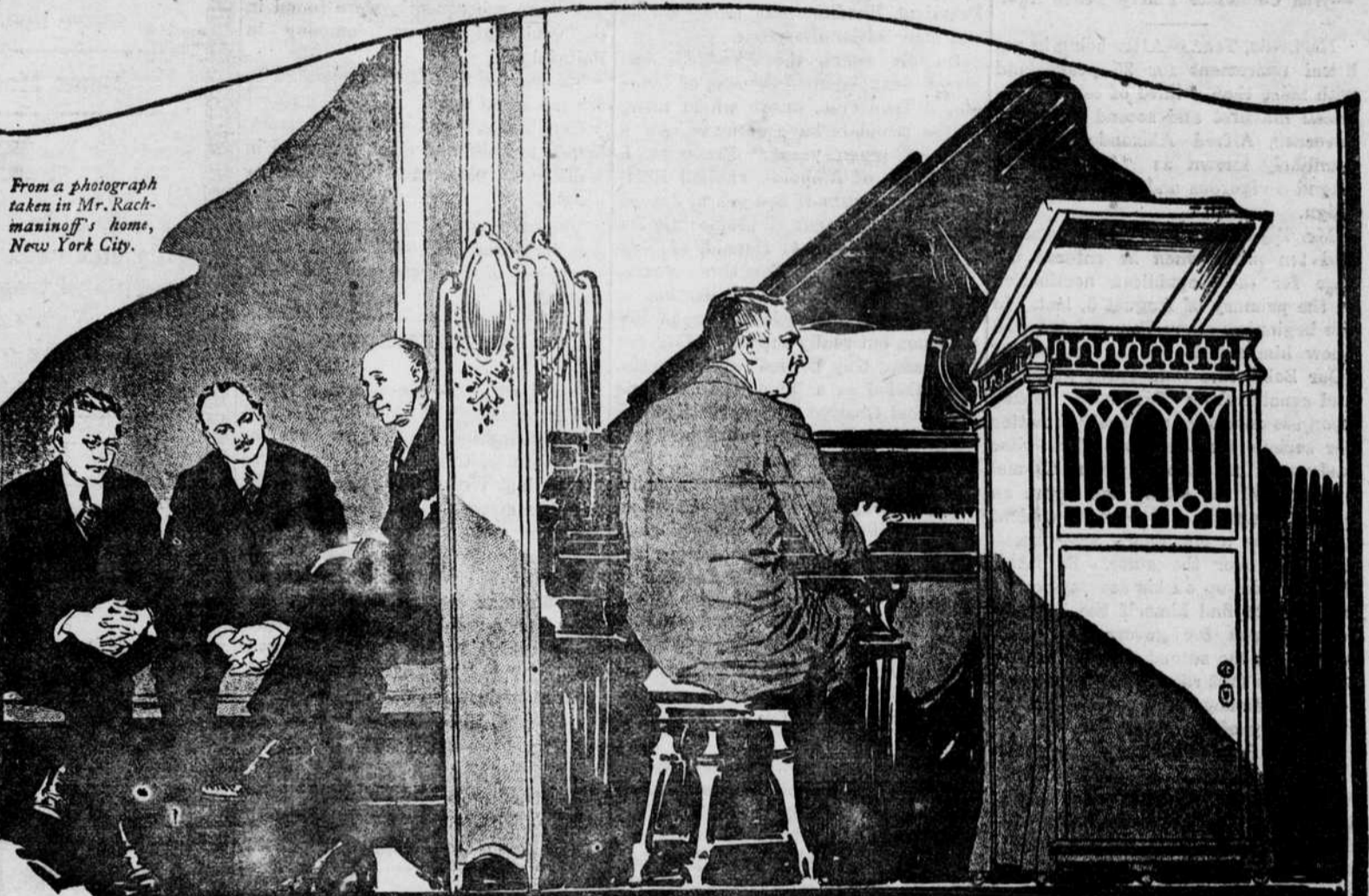
The United States Department of Agriculture has issued two publications which should be of much interest to farmers who buy or raise cattle.

One is called "Judging Beef Cattle," and the other "The Beef Calf—Its Growth and Development." The first bulletin deals with the points one should know in buying cattle at a public sale or in obtaining feeders for

the fattening lot. It deals generally with the beef type, points of the beef animal, parts of the beef carcass, and goes into some detail in the judging of fat cattle, feeders and breeding cattle. The other bulletin is intended

primarily for boys and girls who are starting in the live-stock business, but it will be of use to any cattle breeder. It deals with the fundamental principles of selecting a good beef calf and its care. Residents of Nebraska may

obtain both bulletins free either from the College of Agriculture Extension Service at Lincoln or through county farm bureaus. Ask for Farmers' bulletin 1068, "Judging Beef Cattle," and Farmers' bulletin 1135.



Before buying that Xmas phonograph

## Come-hear Rachmaninoff on the New Edison

RACHMANINOFF has not only made RE-CREATIONS for the New Edison. He has also made recordings for one of the standard talking-machines.

We are glad to announce that these talking-machine recordings may now be heard. We want you to hear them—and compare! Determine for yourself which gives you the real Rachmaninoff.

Let us play Rachmaninoff's Edison RE-CREATIONS for you. Mark how clear, how true the piano tone. See how every note in his runs, every accent in his interpretation, every shade in his pedalling is perfectly RE-CREATED.

This was proved by a test made at Mr. Rachmaninoff's home in New York City. He played the Second Hungarian Rhapsodie (Liszt) in direct comparison with the RE-CREATION of his perform-

ance by the New Edison. The absolute fidelity of the RE-CREATION to the artist's original performance astounded the listeners.

Make the Rachmaninoff comparison. It will guide you right in selecting your Christmas phonograph.

Ask also about our Budget Plan

It brings your New Edison for Christmas without squeezing your pocketbook. Remember, too, that, in buying a New Edison now, you are virtually buying a before-the-war-value with an after-the-war-dollar. The price of the New Edison has increased less than 15% since 1914, and a portion of this increase is war tax. "Edison stood the gaff" to keep his favorite invention within the reach of every one who loves beautiful music.

Warner & Sons  
O'Neill, Nebraska

The NEW EDISON "The Phonograph with a Soul"

## Public Sale

I will offer the following described property for sale at the Boggs Livery Barn, in O'Neill, Nebraska, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., on

Saturday, December 4, 1920

35 Head of High Grade Duroc Jersey Hogs.

Consisting of 31 head of shoats, weighing from 100 to 125 pounds each; 4 head of old sows, weighing 325 pounds each.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash, unless otherwise provided for.

J. C. OSWALD, Owner.

Col. Jas. Moore, Auct. O'Neill National Bank, Clerk