

# SIMS SAYS U. S. WAS READY TO FIGHT ENGLAND

## Admiral of War Zone Fleet Makes Startling Charges to Committee on Naval Decoration Awards.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Rear Admiral Sims told the Senate committee investigating naval awards today that when he was ordered to England in March, 1917, just before the United States entered the war, he was instructed by the navy department "not to let the British pull the wool over your eyes" and that "we would just as soon fight the British as the central powers."

The admiral also charged that American naval headquarters in London did not receive co-operation from the navy department and that the department did not arrive at any decided plan of action until 10 months after he arrived in London. He added that "it was 10 months before we really came to the aid of the allies or acted on their recommendations."

Admiral Sims' testimony was in the form of a letter to Secretary Daniels entitled "some naval lessons of the great war" which Mr. Daniels received several days ago. The letter criticized the department for attempting to administer the details of action by the American naval forces over seas and alleged that the department demanded that it be permitted to pass fully on all plans, even those regarding action against the enemy.

When Admiral Sims finished reading the letter, Chairman Hale announced that the full naval committee would be asked either to empower the present sub-committee to investigate Admiral Sims' charges of lack of co-operation or to appoint a separate sub-committee to conduct the inquiry.

Sims told the committee that he had recommended for decorations five times as many officers who served at sea during the war as he had officers who served on shore. He made this explanation, he said, to correct an impression apparently widely held that he favored the decoration of officers detailed to shore duty more generally than those who served at sea.

The admiral also read a letter he wrote to Commander D. W. Bagley, expressing great regret that Secretary Daniels should "have been so badly advised in this matter of awarding a distinguished service medal to Commander Bagley."

"I am very sorry that you should be placed in such an unfavorable light after your fine destroyer service in the war zone," the letter said, "and I feel sure that if you had been consulted in the matter you would have taken steps to avoid this."

The criticisms in the press attack the secretary, particularly for awarding the D. S. M. to you and about all those who commanded vessels that were torpedoed during the war."

Admiral Sims told the committee he wrote this letter after he had written Secretary Daniels criticizing the circumstances of some of the awards.

**Must Investigate All.**  
Characterizing the alleged attitude of the department as "a terrible thing," Senator McCormick, republican, of Illinois, said:

"I believe we will have to go to naval affairs committee or the Senate for further instructions and authority to investigate this entire matter of the attitude of the navy department toward Admiral Sims' mission."

Referring to the statement that no enlisted men were recommended by him for medals, Admiral Sims read cablegrams sent to Admiral Knapp in London last January urging that the compilation of lists of men to be rewarded be expedited.

Discussing submarine warfare in general Admiral Sims said if the United States had had 500 destroyers when it entered the war it never would have had to fear the submarine campaign. The admiral characterized the 119-foot submarine chasers as a "misconception," but said they were not entirely useless.

Turning the inquiry back to the question of naval awards, Senator Pittman, democrat, of Nevada, declared that Admiral Sims represented a minority of the officers of the navy and that the members of the Knight board represented the majority. Admiral Sims said that while he was in the minority, the officers on the Knight board were not in a position to judge fairly of the relative merits of the officers recommended for distinction.

## PACKER CONTROL BILLS TO BE TAKEN UP SOON

Tribune Bureau at Washington, Washington, Jan. 19.—Representative Haugen, chairman of the House committee on agriculture, has announced that after the agriculture appropriation bill is disposed of, as it will be in a few weeks, the committee will take up the question of control of the packers. This meets wishes of various House members who are anxious to see packers' legislation passed in the Senate.

Though there has been some delay this week, Senator Kenyon expects the committee on agriculture to act one way or another on the Kenyon-Kendrick bill soon.

## BILL INTO CONGRESS TO PAY FOR LIQUOR

Washington, Jan. 19.—The first step in congress to reimburse the holder of large stocks of liquor now virtually a total loss, was taken today by representative Sabath, Illinois.

He introduced a bill ordering the bureau of internal revenue to pay brewers and distillers the actual cost of producing the stocks now on hand and to refund taxes paid on liquors that cannot be sold.

# "RED ROYALTY" EXPECT TO COME TO U. S. AGAIN

## Buford Lands Radical Cargo at Hango—Will Be Shipped to "Red" Russia Through Finland at Once.

Hango, Finland, Saturday, Jan. 17.—The United States army transport Buford, having on board 249 radicals deported from America, arrived here at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Finnish pilots could not dock the vessel and a German pilot was summoned.

Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman, who have been considered the leaders of the deportees, have declared they will not remain in Russia but will "return to America to save it."

The reds on board the Buford will be taken to the Russian frontier by United States labor bureau and immigration officials. After the Buford had been docked, Berkman and Miss Goldman led a procession of radicals down the gangplank. A large number of persons assembled on the wharf, gazing curiously at the landing. The reds made up motley throngs, their faces full of curiosity as to what the reception might be and there were traces of anxiety lest they might be attacked after they had left the protection of their American guardians. Finnish authorities will look after the safety of the deportees.

**Willing to Talk.**  
After they had landed Berkman and Miss Goldman talked willingly with newspapermen. Asked to give her opinion of the deportation, the latter said:

"It was melodrama to keep it secret. It was unfair and stupid," interjected Berkman. "You can't kill an idea like that. The czar tried and failed. He is dead and forgotten."

"Do you want to overthrow the American government?" Miss Goldman was asked.

"You need a new government," she answered, "and I hope the election will provide it."

It is her intention to return to America as soon as possible. She asserts she became an American citizen by virtue of her marriage to Jacob Kersner of Rochester, N. Y., in 1887, and declared the court decree issued in 1909 cancelling Kersner's certificate of naturalization was illegal. Miss Goldman was divorced from Kersner in 1889, but she claims this did not alter her status as a citizen of the United States.

Berkman is under contract to write for an American monthly publication a series of articles about former American prison wardens, among them, Thomas Mott Osborne. He will also write a number of Russian sketches, he said.

# DESCHANEL WINS FRENCH ELECTION

## Only One Ballot Taken After Name of Clemenceau Was Withdrawn at His Request.

Versailles, Jan. 19.—Paul Deschanel was elected president of France by the national assembly here today.

Deschanel received 734 votes. He had long been a prominent figure in French politics. He was first elected president of the chamber of deputies in 1898 after a career in minor offices. He served until 1902 and was again elected in 1912. He is a member of the French academy and the academy of sciences and has written extensively on political, social and economic questions.

Deschanel was born in 1856. The unified socialists held a meeting this morning to discuss the feasibility of presenting a purely socialist candidate for the presidency of France. By a vote of 27 to 18, however, the group decided not to put forth a candidate in opposition to Paul Deschanel.

## NO BOOZE, HIGH PAY, CLOSING DOWN JAILS

Boston, Mass., Jan. 19.—The jail population of Massachusetts has diminished so rapidly during the last few months that county jails at Lowell, Taunton and Newburyport and Fitchburg have been ordered closed. Twenty-five county institutions which have accommodations for 6,400 prisoners, housed a daily average of only 2,500 during the last month. In addition to prohibition another reason assigned is high wages. Three Boston men who drank wood alcohol mixtures at John Barleycorn obsequies last night were in hospitals today.

## MRS. ROOSEVELT HOME.

New York, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt today completed a round trip to Brazil for the benefit of her health. She left New York on November 19, and returned here today on the steamer Vauban, on which she had departed. Her son, Kermit, accompanied her to Rio Janeiro from New York, but remained in Brazil on business. Mrs. Roosevelt returned alone.

## KILLS WOMAN AND SELF.

Boise, Id., Jan. 19.—Frank Pharris, 55 years of age, said by his wife to be a grandson of Martin Van Buren, last evening at 6 o'clock shot and killed Winnie Barr, the woman with whom he had been living for the last 12 years, and for whom he deserted his wife, at her home here and then committed suicide.

United States vessels in the harbor of Barcelona have been waiting eight days to discharge their cargo, but have been prevented because of a strike of Spanish workmen.

# HIGH INTEREST RATES OF U. S. GREATEST MENACE TO EUROPE NOW

London, Jan. 19.—Europe's reconstruction difficulties may be traced directly to the high rates of interest charged by the United States. J. Taylor Peddie, international exchange authority, declared today in an interview.

Continuation of the present system is a crime against the peoples of eastern and central Europe, he said. The present system of international trading is an unjustifiable gamble which has resulted in inflation of currency that will inevitably prove a worldwide boom-crash, the present systems will result in a continuation of labor disorders, suffering, revolutions and bolshevism, Peddie added.

As director of Peddie-Harke-Martin, Ltd., financiers, Peddie is recognized in Great Britain as competent to speak with authority.

Commenting on the different opinions of Herbert Hoover and Sir George Paish, British financial expert, Peddie declared:

**Hoover is Right.**  
"Hoover is right—partly. Paish is wrong entirely, although he is trying sincerely to advance a noble work."

"In the first place Europe does not need seven billion pounds credit. Secondly creation of new credits will not remedy nor improve our technical position. Adjustment of existing liabilities is the solution."

"Everybody desires restoration of international trade to its pre-war standard but it is impossible unless we restore pre-war exchange rates. Demanding that exchange rates find their own level is like expecting humanity to do the same thing."

Herbert Hoover has expressed many "common sense views" Peddie admitted, but, he claimed, Hoover "does not go far enough."

"He does not point out the way," the financier added.

**Must Have Credits.**  
The wealth of Europe, Peddie said, is wrapped up in its producing pow-

ers which at present are dormant because of lack of credits and raw materials. Europe's existing productive financial potentialities are sufficient to meet her maximum requirements but the present "laissez faire" policy can only lead to a continuation of inaction, suffering, disorganization and financial dissolution.

"There is no need for alarm in America over Great Britain's technical position and productive possibilities," Peddie asserted. "Within a year British exports will exceed imports. If the United States will recognize these facts and buy exchange at its proper value we can begin sooner the paying off of our debts."

**Charity Not Wanted.**  
"The problems are inter-dependent. We don't want charity from America. We want only her co-operation in tackling, adjusting and solving existing conditions in order to stabilize exchange, remove impediments to free trade between nations and secure deflation of currency notes."

It is to America's interest, Peddie asserted to follow his suggestions if she desires to protect loans already advanced to Europe. If she co-operates whole heartedly, he said, exports in real pounds, during the coming year, will exceed imports.

"Tell America," the financier said, "we are after her trade and would not exchange our productive power for all the gold in your country. The basis of value rests upon production, not upon gold."

Our exports last month were £177,000,000; next month they probably will be £150,000,000.

"Wall street's speculation on the decline of European currency is doing the greatest harm and injustice to civilization. If these activities were curbed the situation would improve greatly."

"Only through trading exchanges and restrictions of currency and notes will trade development and extension of private credit become possible."

# EX-GOVERNORS IN FAKE STOCK GAME

## Kelleher Tells Senate Committee Kenyon Blue Sky Law Will Save Iowa Millions.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Strong testimony in behalf of the Kenyon blue sky bill was given before the Senate Interstate Commerce sub-committee, headed by Senator McLean today. D. M. Kelleher, of Fort Dodge, Ia., former solicitor of internal revenue, made a statement which set forth in striking fashion the need of some action. Mr. Kelleher cited instances of Iowa persons, who in his own knowledge had been fleeced by fake stock sales.

The senators present seemed much impressed by what he said, but whether it will be possible to get legislation is uncertain.

Mr. Kelleher presented facts to the subcommittee which seemed to astound the senators. He said that not less than \$200,000,000 and probably \$500,000,000 to \$500,000,000 of these fictitious stocks had been floated in Iowa alone in 1919. He said blue sky oil stocks were numerous.

Several thousand agents are busy in Iowa with automobiles, Mr. Kelleher declared, adding that two ex-governors are especially busy. He intimated that a reason why state law is so laxly enforced is that some state officials hope to go into the business of getting easy money on leaving office.

Mr. Kelleher said bolshevists are being made out of the victims who include renters, widows and many others.

The names of the ex-governors were not given to the sub-committee though they were privately mentioned. Prominent bankers and church members are promoting the orgy of stock sales, Mr. Kelleher said.

Senator Kenyon, in a statement backed up Mr. Kelleher.

Members of the sub-committee are strongly disposed to support the bill and Senator Kenyon is hopeful it may pass.

## SPAIN HAS PLAN FOR INTERNATIONAL BANK

Madrid, Friday, Jan. 16.—The republican group in the chamber of deputies today introduced a bill under which the Spanish government will organize within one month an economic conference at Madrid at which all the states of Spanish origin in north central and South America, as well as Portugal and the United States will be represented.

## THINKS U. S. MAY SOON TAKE OVER ALL LIQUOR

Chicago, Jan. 19.—All liquor in the United States may eventually become property of the government in the opinion of Maj. A. V. Dalrymple, district director in charge of prohibition enforcement. He said today that after acquiring it the government would in turn transfer it to hospitals, drugists and other persons authorized to handle it.

"That is the probable goal that the government is leading up to," he added.

## JOHNSON TO TAKE OVER COMMAND OF CAMP UPTON

Washington, Jan. 19.—Brig. Gen. Arthur Johnson today was relieved from duty at Camp Custer, Mich., and directed by Secretary Baker to proceed to Camp Upton, New York and take command there.

Brig. Gen. F. R. McCoy was relieved from Camp Pike, Ark., and ordered to Douglas, Ariz., to take command of the Douglas district.

# RUSSIA IS FREED FROM BLOCKADE

## Allies Decide to Remove Restrictions Under Revised Attitude on Bolshevists.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The allies today apparently have adopted a completely new attitude toward Russia.

The supreme council announced last night, in an official communique that the blockade against Russia would be lifted at once. The council's action, in the view of many political observers, constituted a direct about face from its former policy.

The council has decided, according to the communique, to give the Russian co-operative societies facilities necessary to permit transportation and distribution of merchandise, as well as cereals, linseed oil, wool and other Russian products.

The announcement followed rumors here that the allied leaders were preparing new active military measures against the bolshevists. Both London and Paris observers had believed that, in view of the recent bolshevist military successes, which were admitted to have menaced British influence in Asia, the new policy would be even more severe than before, probably combining military action with the blockade.

Instead came news of the lifting of the Russian trade ban.

In some quarters it was believed the new policy does not mean any changes in the allied attitude toward the soviet government. The allied leaders, it was pointed out, may hope to deal with the great co-operative societies directly, ignoring the government.

## CANADA NEWSPAPERS QUIT PUBLICATION

### Clash With Paper Mills Stops U. S. Shipments—Government May Seize Mills.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 19.—Manitoba was without newspapers today.

All daily papers suspended publication with yesterday's issues because of the refusal of the Fort Frances Pulp and Paper Company to supply paper on order of the newsprint controller at Ottawa.

All shipments to the United States were held up at the mill by Canadian customs officers. No shipments will be allowed until the company resumes supplying Canadian papers.

Officials were preparing for seizure of the mills unless the company recedes from its attitude by Saturday.

## PAPER GONG UP.

Holyoke, Mass., Jan. 19.—An increase in the price of paper amounting to 20 per cent was announced today by the American Writing Paper Company, effective January 19. The reason given is the advanced and advancing costs of raw materials and labor, and the operating exigencies with which the fine paper industry is faced.

## CALLS TREATY BACK.

Washington, Jan. 19.—At the request of President Wilson the Senate today returned to him the salmon treaty concluded late last year for the protection of the salmon fisheries along the Canadian border. The state department has found some changes necessary.

A resolution asking the secretary of state to ascertain what steps allied governments have taken to grant amnesty to military and political prisoners was adopted by the Senate Tuesday.



## The largest electric sign in the world advertises

# WRIGLEY'S

## on Times Square, New York City: it is 250 feet long, 70 feet high. Made up of 17,286 electric lamps.

## The fountains play, the trade mark changes, reading alternately WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT, DOUBLEMINT, and JUICY FRUIT, and the Spearmen "do a turn."

This sign is seen nightly by about 500,000 people from all over the world.



## The Housing Problem.

"You are charged with disorderly conduct."  
"Your honor, I was the first man to reach the office of a real estate agency that advertised an apartment for rent."  
"Well?"  
"This man here who says I blacked his eye, tried to push in ahead of me. Be as easy as you can on me, your honor. I had hard luck."  
"How so?"  
"While we were fighting another fellow leashed the flat."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## The charm of a bathroom is its spotlessness. By the use of Red Cross Ball Blue, all cloths and towels retain their whiteness until worn out. 5c.

## Their Unusual Record.

"Anything in pettiicker happened while I've been gone?" asked Mrs. Johnson, upon her return from the quilting bee.

"You betcha!" triumphantly replied Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge, who had remained at home. "Only one of the children fell out of a tree, one into the creek, and one got scalded; only three pulled something over onto themselves, just two got dog bit, but the dog set himself afire, and amongst 'em they had only seven fights, and then few didn't amount to nuth'n."—Kansas City Star.

## Good Advice.

"I feel I am going all to pieces."  
"Oh, do collect yourself."—Baltimore American.

## Why That Backache?

Why be miserable with a bad back? You can't be happy if every day brings lameness; sharp, shooting pains and a dull, nagging ache. Likely the cause is weak kidneys. You may have headaches and dizzy spells, too, with a weak, tired feeling. Don't delay! Try Doan's Kidney Pills. They have done wonders in thousands of such cases. Ask your neighbor!

## A South Dakota Case

A. E. Johnson, stationary engineer, Spearfish, S. D., says: "I had kidney trouble and suffered with sharp pains in the small of my back. My kidneys acted irregularly and the secretions were scanty. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. Doan's are the best kidney remedy I know of. They regulated my kidneys in fine shape and relieved all the pains. I only had to take three boxes before I was rid of the attack."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Deep-Seated Coughs

develop serious complications if neglected. Use an old and time-tried remedy that has given satisfaction for more than fifty years.

# PISO'S

## Cuticura Soap SHAVES Without Mug

## INDIGESTION Caused by Acid-Stomach

Millions of people—in fact about 9 out of 10—suffer more or less from indigestion, acute or chronic. Nearly every case is caused by Acid-Stomach.

There are other stomach disorders which also are sure signs of Acid-Stomach—belching, heartburn, bloating after eating, food repeating, sour, gassy stomach. There are many ailments which, while they do not cause much distress in the stomach itself, are, nevertheless, traceable to an acid-stomach. Among these are nervousness, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, rheumatism, impoverished blood, weakness, insomnia, melancholia and a long train of physical and mental ills which keep the victims in miserable health year after year.

The right thing to do is to attack these ailments at their source—get rid of the acid-stomach. A wonderful modern remedy called EATONIC now makes it easy to do this.

One of hundreds of thousands of grateful users of EATONIC writes: "I have been troubled with intestinal indigestion for about nine years and have spent quite a sum for medicine, but without relief. After using EATONIC for a few days the gas and pains in my bowels disappeared. EATONIC is just the remedy I needed."

We have thousands of letters telling of these marvelous benefits. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise.

Your druggist has EATONIC. Get a big 50c box from him today. He will refund your money if you are not satisfied.

## EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

buys ten shares of Ace Petroleum Company stock. Drilling at a depth of 1,000 feet and roams for five hours on this prospect. Finds a sum of two thousand barrel producers. 500 other valuable acres of oil properties discovered throughout the oil fields of Texas. Big chance for the small investor.

## FREE BOOKLET

Telling of the wonderful resources of Texas. Your chance to get ground floor information regarding reliable investments in oil properties. Send your name and address. It is absolutely free.

ACE PETROLEUM CO.  
San Houston Life Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

## PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling—Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 40c and \$1.00 at druggists. H. H. Parker, Chemist, Patchogue, N. Y.

## HINDERCOHNS

Removes Corns, Calluses, etc. from feet. Causes no smarting or itching. Makes walking easy. Use by mail or at drug store. Hindercohn Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

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