DISEMBARKING MEN IS A MONSTER TASK

Record Time Made In Landing 36,000 Soldiers and Getting Them to Camp.

American Port, Western France (by mail).-Long lines of kahki clad men just embarked from American transports and now on the way to their first camp, packed the streets from curb to curb and stretched away for miles. It was four miles and up hill most of the way—through city, suburbs and country lanes, from the sea front and country lanes, from the sea front to the great reception camp located outside the town, one of the largest camps in the world and capable of camps in the world and capable of caring for the population of a metro-politan city. Hour after hour from 6 in the morning until late in the afternoon the steady tramp of marching thousands had been going on, for this steady stream is the army of 36,000 just arrived on 13 American transports, making the record debarkment from

of the camp, we skirted alongside this moving stream, from the landing to the camp, and had an opportunity of seeing each stage in the huge movement up to the time the tired marchers pitched their shelter tents on the soaked grounds and crawled inside to sleep. Stirring as it was to see these men come to swell the million men in the American ranks yet there was a grim-American ranks, yet there was a grim-ness and grayness to the scene sug-

gesting the stern reality of war.

A steady downpour swept across the ranks and the men were dripping as they trudged through the rain soaked mud. They were at route step, without the regularity of parading troops, and each man carried, beside his rifie, all his belongings on his back, 70 pounds his belongings on his back, 70 pounds of tent, blankets, clothing, shoes, and all the miscellaneous equipment of a soldier headed for the front. Their last camp was in the well equipped cantonments in the United States, where they slept on cots and had a semblance of modern comfort. Now they were on the war swept soil of France and had seen the last of cots and comforts. It was their first glimpse of real war conditions, and anyone who says it is cheerful shuts his eyes to

men."

The major was well qualified to explain the magnitude of the work, for he had been chief constructing engineer of the New York subway system, had planned and built a good part of the system, and had made the population figures on which subway construction was hased.

in this vast reception camp. Field lettchens and water carts were wheel-ing up to all the camps as the tents went up. Filtered water is brought in hogsheads and each command has its apportioned lot of hogsheads. Later on there will be a splendid system of the Turk then drew his water from a continuous formula to the cisterns cut into rock on there will be a splendid system of water mains for the whole camp. But here are the men, and a water system is net installed in a day. Sn instead of waiting for 12-inch mains, the primitive hogshead is filling the gap. Each the defenses of the Suez canal. The Turk then drew his water from a few pools and the cisterns cut into rock by races who peopled the desert many centuries ago. If the sources of water supply were denied the Turk it was obvious he could not march across the desert tive hogshead is tilling the gap. Each man carries his emergency ration for three days. Some of them were nibbling it before climbing into their puptents, but most of them waited for the smoking field kitchen to get into action with its cooks, serving out hot coffee and hot soup and meat. The term of feeding an army with precision

although this morning every men had been affoat. It was the record accomplishment in landing, for white one body of arrivals had been large, 42,000, tor Stokes, who had be.

the landing had taken the best part of two days, whereas this huge transfer was in the daylight hours of the first

day.

"And right on top of it," said the General tonight, "one ship is arriving with 12,000 more men, and then another flotilla of transports and then an-other."

Thus this gigantic influx of armed med goes on steadily and unceasingly, on record time, with little or no confusion, each man and organization being cared for and accounted for as they move forward to the front, and all of the huge enterprise of docking landthe huge enterprise of docking, land-ing, transportation and camping, with all their infinite details, created out of practically nothing within the last 10

Where Rare Books Came From.

Book collecting is one of the sports of millionaires in this country, and the zest shown in it is one of those few things the war hasn't lessened. It is not so in England, although we look to that country for most of the tengs, even Americana, that figure with fabu-lous prices. The auction room where these precious volumes are bartered is thousands had been going on, for this steady stream is the army of 36,000 the just arrived on 13 American transports, making the record debarkment from ship to camp within 12 hours.

With Major X, the engineer officer of the camp, we skirted alongside this moving stream, from the landing to the camp, and had an opportunity of seeing each stage in the huge movement up to the time the tired marchers pitched their shelter tents on the soaked grounds and crawled inside to sleep. Stirring as it was to see these men the book auction is concerned."

is some of the romance:
"The first book auction held in this country took place in 1676, but the country took place in 1676, but the first great book auctioneer was Samuel Baker, whose first sale was held in 1744. There were not regular book auctioneers or auction houses intil. his time, In 1778 Baker was joined by his nephew, John Sotheby, and three generations of Sothebys were associated with the firm, the last of whom was an author who wrote "Ramblings in the with the firm, the last of whom was an author who wrote 'Ramblings in the Elucidation of the Autograph of Milton.' He died in 1861. A Mr. John Wilkinson became a partner in 1842 and a Mr. William Hodge in 1864, and thus we have the firm of Sotheby, Wilkinson & Hodge, although not one of these names is now in the business. * *

"But to return to the real romance."

they were on the war swept soil of France and had seen the last of cots and comforts. It was theif first glimpse of real war conditions, and anyone who says it is cheerful shuts his eyes to the grimness of war.

"There are more troops arriving," said the major as he led the way, "than the total strength of the United States army a short time ago." And with such an influx we have to provide a very elastic camp, capable of immediate expansion from 1,000 up to 100,000 to men."

"There are more troops arriving," than the total strength of the United States army a short time ago." And with such an influx we have to provide a very elastic camp, capable of immediate expansion from 1,000 up to 100,000 to ment to the real romance of Sotheby's, its wonderful sales of Sotheby's, its wonde existence, was privately purchased for the benefit of the nation, and when the Nelson autographs and manu-scripts, many of the letters being to Sir William Hamilton, or to his wife, Lady Hamilton, were knocked down for

he had been chief constructing engineer of the New York subway system, and planned and built a good part of the system, and had made the population figures on which subway construction was based, "compare it with Central park, "We have 2,500 acres here, Central park has 800 acres. Why, the entire area of New York city on Manhattan island is only 41,000 acres."

On both sides of the road, for mile after mile us we speed along in an army car, a city of tents was rising and there was the hum and bustle of camp activity on a ground had been and barley. But now every available foot was being laid off by the army engineers, working with tripods and instruments like a party of surveyors. Tented streams and avanues, headquarters tents that, mees, kitchen and hospital feel of the sum of the fields of growing grain," said the major, "but as fast as the grain is cut we take over the fields, and with harvest time well advanced this entire farming section will soon be fiver fields and parading for 40 square miles over this huge enclosure.

Never Molest Growing Grain.

"We never take a field of growing grain," said the major, "but as fast as the grain is cut we take over the fields, and with harvest time well advanced this entire farming section will soon be turned into an American camp."

In one of the fields where we sooped to see the just marched in and were preparing to pitch their tents. The great struch of plowed ground, just cleared of grain, was rain soaked, and the struch made an endess ward for all the growing drain was rain soaked, and it is gainst the elements, and the struch of plowed ground, just cleared of grain, was rain soaked, and with was essential to the smooth running of such a large concern. At least the grain struck of plowed ground, just cleared of grain, was rain soaked, and it is stakes were driven and soon the great field was dotted with thous and so of little khaki mounds, about a high as a man's waist, cailed "putched to the proportion keeps out some of the water and kindly nature and the root of

From "The Desert Campaigns." Our troops worked to make it impossible tion with its cooks, serving out hot coffee and hot soup and meat. The item of feeding an army with precision is in itself a gigantic task.

"We served 1.860,000 meals last enough," seld Major X, "or 600,000 army rations of three meals to the ration."

And besides all the feeding and watering and sanitation there is the immense "paper work" of such an organizations in the 36,000 men just arrived. Each of the 128 must be sorted out and brought together, and every individual soldier of the 36,000 men just arrived. Each of the 28,000 men just arrived. Each of the 128 must be sorted out and brought together, and every individual soldier of the 36,000 man must be identified and accounted for, so as to guard against lesses, and then each organization and man must have its detail to one of the sectors of the fighting front. This "paper work," as it is called, is prodigious, and like everything military it must be done with absolute precision. And the paper work calls for paper, which is very hard to get.

map of the camp the other day," said the Major, "they got it all right, on the only paper which could be found, which was brown wrapping paper. But it was a good map, and the wrapping paper map of the big American camp will go finto the archives."

When taps sounded tonight every man of this 35,000 was under canvas, although this morning e erry men had heen affoat. It was the record iccom-

EXPLAINS INCREASED AIRPLANE LOSSES

New York-Steady increase of German airplane losses is admitted by Capt. Otto Lehman in an article pub-lished in the Berlin Tageblatt, review-ing the progress of aerial warfare dur-ing the year 1917-1918. Captain Lehman attributes the growing losses to two causes: Development of the fighting airplane as a weapon against en-emy infantry and the enhancement of the number of fighting machines due to the transfer of those on the eastern, or Russian front, to the west front.

"It will be noticed that since January and February, 1918, our figures for losses show a steady increase," Captain Lehman writes, "The reason for that, however, is the increased participation of airplanes resulting from the fact that the German flyers who had been operating on the eastern front migrated to the western front when fighting ceased in the Russian theater.

fighting ceased in the Russian theater. The increased participation, of course, resulted logically in larger total loss.

"The eastern fiver, who had been accustomed to quite different fighting, conditions, in the beginning, undoubtedly had to pay a bloody apprenticeship in fighting with French and British. The Russian as an aerial opponent is nowise to be compared with the Frenchman and Englishman.

"It would be fundamentally wrong to draw the conclusion from the rise in German losses at the beginning of 1918, that our superiority had waned. Still another factor explains our higher losses. As an infantry plane the aerial weapon is taking part in a considerably increased measure in fightaerial weapon is taking part in a con-siderably increased measure in fight-ing the attackers on land. Entire squadrons of battle planes, so called infantry flyers, accompany the storm-ing of the never failing infantry and by taking full advantage of their speed, attack the enemy reserves at low altitudes with bombs and machine

guns.
"These attacks are made often at the ridiculously low altitudes of 100 meters and even 10 meters. It is therefore at first glance clear that these new fasks expose the airplanes to every shot fired from the earth and must increase our loss account."

How Germany Treats Negroes.

From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. It is true that the negroes have good cause to fight against world domination cause to fight against world domination by Germany. History has shown that in Africa Germany has treated the natives worse than any other government which has invaded that continent. Heigian individual cruelities in the Congo caused indignation in Belgium and com-

caused indignation in Belgium and compelled the British government to investigate and put a stop to them. But in Germany's treatment of the natives, extermination of whole tribes was the policy and this policy was not only excused but exalted as right by German publicists.

In the case of the Hereros, in Southwest Africa, General your Trotha issued this proclamation:

The Hereros must now quit the soil. If they refuse, I shall force them with the gun. Every Herero, with or without a weapon, with or without cattle, found in German territory I will have shot. I shall not look after the women and children, but will drive them back to their own people or them back to their own people or

The German pastor, Schowalter, wret The German pastor, Schowalter, wrete in 1907 that as a result of this policy about 15,000 Hereros died of hunger on the desert. Almost the entire Herero tribe was destroyed. And Dr. Rohrback, imperial commissioner for Southwest Africa, reported that "the question is solved. The Hereros have lost their land, but that cannot be regarded as tragic, owing to the splendid fertility of the land, which is now fiscal." is now fiscal."

That is to say, it paid. This is the Ger

man test.

Open the Gates.

Ye who so grandly went the way of death, Singing Hosannas with your failing breath.

And now look back upon the life you spurned.

As on a childish trinket overturned, Seeing our globe as but a spinning toy, Too frail and far to longer yield y

Open the gates for us, that we may heat Those vaster harmonies that thrill your too, would gaze upon that nobles

you.

God's remedy for man we, too, would know. To heal the ailing earth of all her woe. Open the gates for us, that we may find, As you, the riddle solved for all man-kind.

who so brightly bridged the great abyss, One of you waits and yearns to answer this;

I see the glimmer of your beckoning! Open the gates for me and I will swing Lightly as you across the enchanted gloom Sprinkled so thickly now with souls abloom—

Seeing the starry path your going made, I shall be unafraid!
—Angela Morgan, in Everybody's.

No More Hun Toys.

From the New York Tribune.
The Hun baby killer of today is not to be toy maker to the babies of tomorrow. "Made in Germany" was all very well on children's playthings until four years ago. Germany commanded the toy trade of the world. But now the world knows what the toy makers were. How extensively Teutonic toys were the

How extensively Teutonic toys were the world's playthings may be judged from the German trade reports for 1912. Twenty million dollars' worth of toys were exported that year. The United States bought \$7,000,000 worth of German toys, and the British empire an equal amount. With the outbreak of the war these exports, except in infinitesimal quantities to neutral countries, ceased. to neutral countries, ceased.

Statistics show that the war garden trop is valued at \$525,000,000

***** TARIFF WALLS AND PEACE.

From the Manchester Guardian. What kind of a world do w seek to set up as a memorial to the blood of our best? If it is a world of states each seeking to grab as much ferritory as it can and to close it against the rest of the world by Chinese walls, then let us have protection preference—and a peace which is like war and will generate war. For such a world the life of no man should world the life of no man should have been taken, and it will be haunted by the ghosts of a wasted generation lured to its death by the false assurance of noble purpose. If we want a league of napose. If we want a league of na-tions, if we want peace, if we want right feeling awong men, then we must have also the commercial policy which is necessary to them, not the commercial policy which is fatal to them. There are grasping groups in all countries who, if allowed, would sacrifice the future of humanity to their own folly or self seeking. The democracles of the world must conquer in the economic as in the military and political fields or the democracles

LOCOMOTIVE NOT TOTAL LOSS

Had to Be Abandoned in Face of Hun Advance, but Served a Useful Purpose.

Yankee ingenuity has developed a ew weapon for use against the Hun. No; it will not be used very often, set there are times

An American unit of engineers (railway) was hauling ammunition and supplies for the French in the face of one of the German drives this

At the height of things when the Hun was coming over in force and advancing in a way which meant the loss of anything that could not be moved promptly a \$15,000 locomotive jumped the track.

Sergt. George Robertson, in charge, watched the battle for a moment, looked at his steam gauge, screwed the safety valve down tight, turned the oil fuel reserve supply into the firebox, and then effected a solitary and successful retreat.

Half an hour later some sixty Germans were standing about the stranded locomotive when the boiler did the one thing which Sergeant Robertson hoped for-blew up.

It had all the effects of a 14-inch shell.

Incidentally, Sergeant Robertson is now wearing the croix de guerro.

Lives 200 Years!

For more than 200 years, Haarlem Oil, the famous national remedy of Holland, has been recognized as an infallible relief from all forms of kidney and bladder disorders. Its very age is proof that it must have unusual morit.

orders. Its very age is proof that it must have unusual marit.

If you are troubled with pains or aches in the back, feel tired in the morning headaches, indigestion, insomnia, painful or too frequent passage of urine, irritation or stone in the bladder, you will almost certainly find relief in GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Cil Capsules. This is the good old remedy that has stood the test for hundreds of years, prepared in the proper quantity and convenient form to take. It is imported direct from Holland laboratories, and you can get it at any drug store. It is a standard, old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. Each capsule contains one dose of five drops and is pleasant and easy to take. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciation, guill stones, gravel, "brick dust," etc. Your money promptly refunded if they do not relieve you. But be sure to get the genuine GOLD MEDAL brand. In boxes, three sizes.—Adv...

The Kid Was Right.

Ignatz tells us of a Youngstown couple who are very fond of Chinese dishes-or at least the sert of dishes that are made in Chinese restaurants. Their four-year-old daughter shares their taste, and likes to have her father bring some oriental mess home with him when he comes to dinner in the evening.

The other night be called up from the office and the little girl answered the phone.

"Oh, papa," she said, "please bring home some piomaine."

She meant chow mein, but maybe

she wasn't far off.

Pimply Rashy Skins Onickly soothed and healed by Cuticurs often when all else fails. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, at drug Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

At Current Rates.

"Is she very rich?" "She must be. She takes a glass of milk at every meal."

If you want to get up with the lark go to bed without one.

900 DROPS

Those that boast most fall most.

STOP LOSING CALVES "All things come to him who waits." "Seems to me, though, you'd save time by going after them."-Louis-

We will win this war-

Nothing else really matters until we do!

The Flavor Lasts

Pays to Hustle.

A man can make his wife believe

Enemies

almost anything during their court-

WHITE SCOURS

them out with Cutter's Anti-Calf Scour Serum and Cutter's Germ

Free Blackleg Filtrate and Aggressin, or Cutter's Blackleg Pills.

Ask him about them. If he

hasn't our literature, write to us for

The Cutter Laboratory

Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Illi. "The Laboratory That Knows How"

information on these products.

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