

There Will Be Light.
 Sometime Saturday evening, barring unforeseen bad luck, General Manager A. C. Elvidge of the McGinnis Creamery & Produce company, will say to Superintendent Johnson of the same company: "Let there be

light." And there will be light—Electric light.

In fulfillment of the promise of the officers of the creamery company that immediate steps would be taken to furnish at least a limited electric light and power service to the city, pending the rebuilding of the creamery, electric light and power plants recently destroyed by the fire, a combined engine and generator arrived Wednesday afternoon and now is being installed at the old creamery site. The boilers also are being tested and a switchboard which arrived Tuesday evening already has been set up and connected to the city lines. Temporary housings also are being erected over the boilers and old engine room. Unless some unsurmountable difficulty arises steam will be up and the plant ready to start Saturday afternoon or evening. The company will not be able to maintain a twenty-four hour service, which in fact is not seriously needed at this time of the year, but will have a ten or twelve hour service so arranged as to accommodate both power and light patrons. The service, says Manager Elvidge, probably will be from 12 o'clock, noon, to 12 o'clock midnight.

Two mass meetings of tax-payers, property owners and patrons of the company were held at K. C. hall, Thursday evening and Friday evening to ascertain the plans of the company in regard to rebuilding and what the company would ask of the town to assist in replacing the plant destroyed by fire. R. W. McGinnis, A. H. Hanford, J. W. Schrunck and A. O. Elvidge, officers of the company, attended the meeting Thursday evening. R. W. McGinnis, president of the company, was the first to address the meeting, which was presided over by Judge R. R. Dickson, and after outlining the history of the creamery's development, introduced Vice President Schrunck, whom he stated would present the company's intentions and plans.

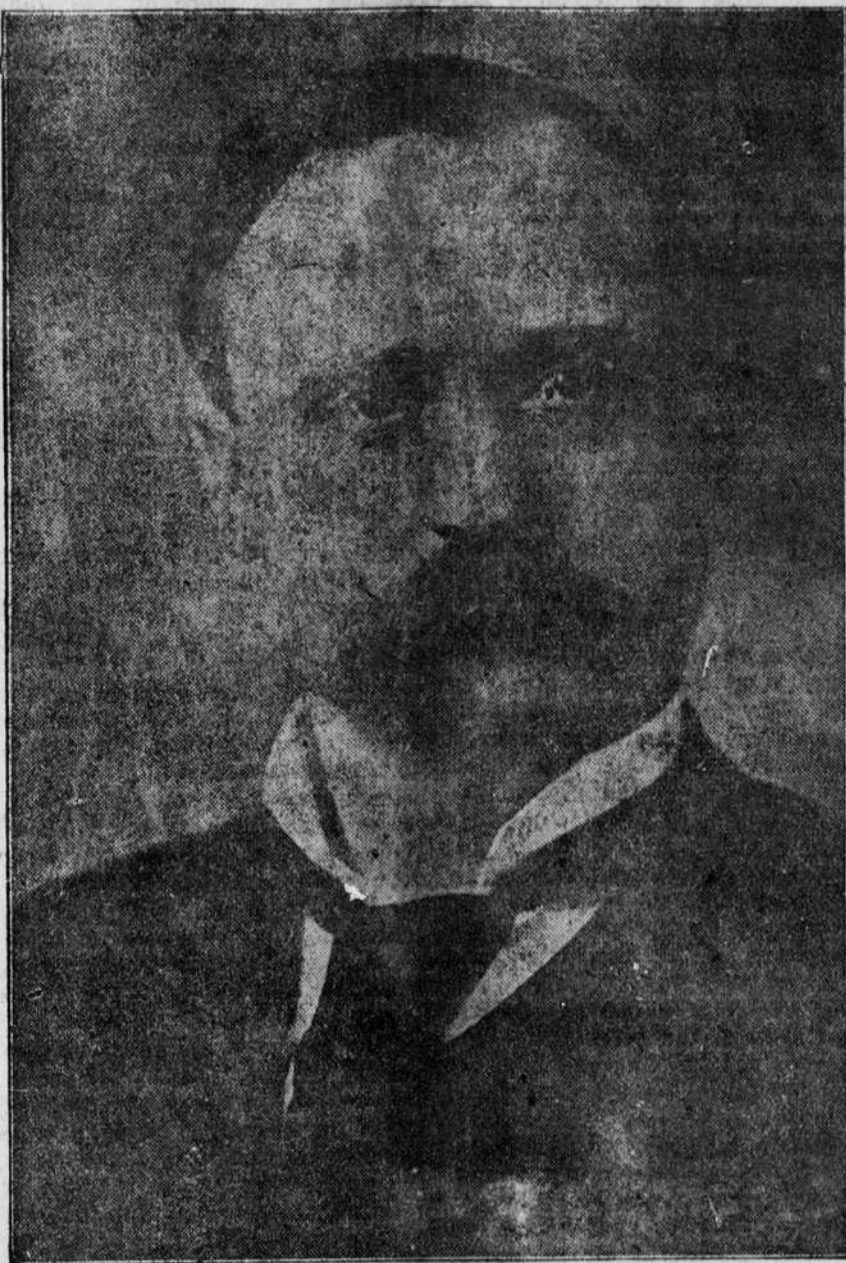
Mr. Schrunck at once set at rest rumors that the company would remove the creamery to Norfolk by stating that the officers had no such intentions, and explained that even if the McGinnis Creamery & Produce company should decide at its meeting Friday morning to liquidate or discontinue business the Hanford Produce company would erect a larger and better plant. It however would be located along the railroad tracks in the lower part of the city. This was in reply to a question by M. F. Harrington, who explained that he had come to the meeting under the impression that the company was going to remove and that if such was the case he wanted to know what could be done to keep it here. Continuing Mr. Schrunck explained that the company was willing to operate an electric light, heat and power plant for the city, but that such really was not a part of the creamery business and that they would be entirely willing to have either the city or private individuals take that part of the business off their hands. He said that to operate the heating plant it would be necessary to re-locate on the old site, the cost of running a pipe line up from a truckage site being too large to be justifiable with the small patronage the heating plant is receiving or would receive. If the plant were re-located on the old site, a sidetrack up the street would be necessary and also the purchase of the Marsh property, immediately south of the plant, for plant extension. He said that it was the company's in-

tervention to enlarge the plant capacity, put in a poultry, eggs and cold storage department and provide for future growth. He exhibited a preliminary sketch of the proposed new plant. Mr. Harrington then stated that the company's statement entirely reversed his first impression of the situation.

T. V. Golden, as the builder of the Golden hotel, protested against the plant being located on another site, explaining that his entire resources had been expended in erection of the hotel building, leaving but its rental as his source of income. The hotel, he said, had been built with no provision for a heating plant, and that the discontinuing of the heating business would automatically close the hotel.

After more discussion a committee, composed of D. H. Cronin, S. J. Weekes, Judge J. J. Harrington, W. K. Hodgkin, H. J. Boyle, F. J. Dishner and C. E. Stout with Mr. Cronin as chairman was appointed to confer with the company officials after the company meeting Friday morning, and to report back definite propositions from the company as to rebuilding and what it would require of the city if the plant is to be located on the old

Candidate for Republican Nomination



For United States Senator Congressman Charles H. Sloan

The Aurora Republican, edited by Clark Perkins, last week contained the following editorial:

The Editor of the Republican favors Congressman Sloan for the following reasons which to us seem good and sufficient:

Mr. Sloan has been the Fourth district's representative in congress for eight years, and he has always stood for constructive republican legislation.

His record shows that he has been for "America first," not only in time of war but in time of peace. His record on preparedness is the best of any candidate seeking the senatorial nomination. Since war was declared he has met in every way the loyalty test of the League of National Unity, which has been approved by the leaders of both great political parties.

Mr. Sloan has supported every measure asked of congress as a war measure, and has committed himself to peace only when America and her allies can absolutely dictate the terms of peace. He has two sons in military service.

He stands in a place of leadership in the republican party, both in the state and nation. He is the only republican congressman from Nebraska in its fifty-one years of history to attain membership on the ways and means committee, the most important committee of the house of representatives.

With large legislative experience, he has had his part in all war legislation up to this time. He stands well with his colleagues, who recognize his ability, his fairness, his staunch Americanism and republicanism. He would at once attain a place in the senate and on its committees that would be impossible for a man who has had no such experience.

He is more closely identified with agriculture than any candidate for the senate, being actively engaged in conducting a farm. On account of the work he has performed in congress for the agricultural interests of the state and nation, he is recognized in Washington as one of the best posted men on all farm subjects.

He has always been loyal to the nation, to Nebraska and Nebraskans, and to the republican party, whose nomination he now seeks.

He was first in the field, having announced his candidacy last January, and he has done much of the pioneer work in crystallizing sentiment for staunch American representation in the senate from Nebraska.

His record has been such that his majority has increased at each election, until in 1916 he ran 10,000 ahead of his ticket. His record in all former campaigns indicates that he can be elected if nominated. He is a "result getter" in congress and a "vote getter" at home.

Republicans of Nebraska who believe in "America first," in winning the war and winning it now, who feel that the republican party has a place of service and duty in the prosecution of this war, who believe that the republican party should control during the reconstruction period following the war, and who will want to elect their nominee at the November election, can well unite in support of Congressman Sloan.

more or less. The meeting of the committee and the company officers, with the reading of the two propositions and a statement of the conversation between the committee and the company was received by the meeting.

A committee to investigate the cost of each of the propositions submitted then was suggested. Mr. Golden promptly insisted that such a committee, if appointed, should be selected by the chairman, Judge Dickson, protesting that a committee selected by the mass meeting might not be the right kind of a committee to intelligently accomplish the object intended. F. J. Dishner, Clyde King and Hugh Boyle eventually were named as the committee. Monday Mr. Dishner and Mr. Boyle went to Omaha to confer with General Manager Holdrege of the Burlington regarding the building of the sidetrack. Another meeting of the patrons of the company and the tax-payers will be called when the committee is ready to report.

LOCAL MATTERS.

W. C. Templeton, editor of the Page Reporter, was an O'Neill visitor Tuesday.

D. H. Cronin attended the Republican state convention at Lincoln Tuesday.

James Shorthill, hustling Emmet merchant, was an O'Neill visitor Wednesday.

Alex Wertz, of Star vicinity, made a business trip to O'Neill the first of the week.

L. E. Skidmore, of Ewing, circulated among O'Neill friends the first of the week.

Mrs. Herbert Richardson and little daughter, of Rock Falls, visited O'Neill friends Thursday.

Sam Bailin and B. F. Kissinger, two of the leading merchants of Atkinson, were O'Neill visitors Tuesday.

Judge Harrington, Hugh Boyle and Frank Dishner left Monday morning for the Democratic state convention at Hastings.

George G. Seay, general deputy revenue collector with headquarters in Omaha, was an O'Neill visitor the first of the week.

R. W. McGinnis returned Saturday morning to Lincoln after attending the meeting of the McGinnis Creamery & Produce company.

Miss Anna O'Donnell arrived Monday from Lincoln to attend the O'Donnell-Rentschler wedding and is visiting relatives for a few days.

Ed. F. Gallagher left the first of the week for a business trip to Wyoming.

P. J. McManus departed Monday for a buying trip to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hunter and daughter, Mrs. Clea Brady, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Templeton of Page Sunday afternoon.

John Brennan will leave Sunday for Rochester, Minn., where he goes to consult Mayo brothers regarding the possible restoration of his hearing.

Dr. Pettibone, Walter Hodgkin, Robert Marsh and J. M. Hunter drove to Lincoln the first of the week to take in the Republican state convention.

Mrs. E. J. Lyman and brother, John O'Donnell, of Omaha, came up for the O'Donnell-Rentschler nuptials and will remain a few days visiting with the home folks.

Mrs. Mary Hagerty, of Seattle, Washington, widow of the late Patrick Hagerty, arrived last week for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Thomas Naughton.

William Grothe, of near Emmet, was on the local market with a load of wheat Saturday, which he sold to George Gaughenbaugh at \$2 per bushel. The wheat, thirty bushels, was brought to O'Neill in Mr. Grothe's new truck.

The horse donated to the Red Cross by E. F. Roberts was sold at auction Saturday afternoon, bringing \$47.00. Frank Valla was the lucky buyer and immediately presented the horse back to the Red Cross. It will be sold again.

Miss Margaret Donohoe, who has completed her course at the Peru Normal, arrived home Monday evening for the remainder of the summer. Miss Donohoe will be a member of the faculty of the Omaha schools the coming school year.

In last week's issue, A. C. McFarland, editor of the Lynch Journal announced that owing to the high cost of living the publication of the paper was discontinued. Mr. McFarland will engage in something more lucrative, but will maintain the job printing establishment.

A. H. Hanford and J. W. Schrunck, of the Hanford Produce company and the McGinnis Creamery & Produce company, returned to Sioux City Friday evening, after attending the meeting of the officers and stockholders of the McGinnis Creamery & Produce company.

The many friends of Mrs. George Miles, who has been ill of nervous troubles, will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly recovering and is about again. Friday Mr. and Mrs. Miles will drive to Lincoln to visit Gerald, who is attending the military training school at that place.

President M. Hyland of the Omaha Hay company will assist in putting up the Holt county product that his company handles. Mr. Hyland arrived in the city Wednesday evening and has joined one of the several hay crews the company has working south of Emmet, for several weeks.

A card received from Peter McMonigal informs us that he is now nicely located at 302 North Main street, Noonan House, Excelsior Springs, Missouri, where he is taking the waters in hopes of recuperating his failing health. Mr. McMonigal states that already he is feeling better and wants to hear from O'Neill friends.

The body of Alfred Shipman, father of Mrs. George Miles, who died in Calgary, Canada, week before last, was brought to O'Neill, arriving Saturday evening. The funeral was from the Presbyterian church at 9:30 o'clock Sunday morning, the funeral service being read by the Rev. George Longstaff. Burial was in Prospect Hill cemetery.

YOU

Need our prices as an insurance against paying too much for your goods.

- New Potatoes, per pound 02c
- \$2.00 Pails Herring \$1.29
- KKKK Herring
- 1 Gallon Coal 13 1/2c
- Oil
- 1 Pound Tea Siftings, for Ice Tea 21c
- 5 Pounds Fancy Head Rice 59c
- Butter, Best Creamery, per pound 49c
- Armour's Hams. The Ham What Am, pound 29c
- Lima Beans, 5 pounds for 73c
- Salmon, 1 Pound Cans. Extra Good 25c
- Cookies, Frosted, per pound 19c
- 35c High Grade Peaberry Coffee, pound 19c
- Carnation Milk, 10 Cans 47c
- \$1.50 One-half Gallon Bottle Grape Juice \$1.00
- 3-10c Bars Toilet Soap 17c
- 3-15c Cans Peters Paste Shoe Polish 24c
- 30c Family Ammonia 15c
- 40c Gray Enamelled Ware Wash Basins 19c
- \$1.00 Dresden Blue and White Wash Basins 49c
- \$1.00 Dresden Blue and White odd and mixed pieces 39c
- 15c Steel Clad Drainers 09c
- \$1.00 Can of Tommy Lipton's Ceylon and India Tea 65c

If you buy anything from us that turns out badly tell us. We'll make it right.

- Children's 35c Stockings, per pair 19c
- Men's 50c Dress Hose 35c
- Men's \$3.50 Dress Shirts 95c
- Men's \$5.00 Work Suits \$3.99
- Men's Overalls \$1.89
- Men's Summer Dress Hats 49c
- Men's Summer Union Suits, 99c, \$1.49 and \$1.79

The ingrate who said, "Nobody loves a fat man" uttered the world's greatest slander. He must have been a Tailor, however, for truly the average tailor fears a stout man's order, as a molly-coddle fears the call to arms.

We note on clothing the current; it is our special boast that we can fit any stout man to perfection; a guarantee of money back if not satisfied goes with that statement. Royal Tailored to your order at \$18.00 to \$40.00.

57 STEPS "MELVIN" SELLS FOR LESS

MODERN LIFE AND CREDIT

The wonderful development of our modern system of living with all its complicated machinery for carrying on the large and small transactions of the big and little affairs of every day life is due entirely to the world's system of credit.

Credit extends all the way from the smallest "accounts" of the retail dealer up to the great deals made between great financial institutions and nations themselves.

What does credit stand for? Many credit dealings are of course, backed by a definite guaranty or "security" in some form, but to a large extent credit means "confidence"—mutual faith in the ability and integrity of both parties to the transaction.

There is therefore an element of doubt in all this great system of ours.

Still no one would consider for a minute the complete reversal of conditions back to the ridiculous simplicity and narrow limitations of barter and exchange or handling the actual cash involved in a transfer of goods or property.

All business and banking are a part of this system of credit exchange which has been so largely responsible for the world's rapid progress in everything pertaining to the betterment of mankind in every way.

To overcome the occasional losses due to such a system, remedial measures have been often suggested, and one which has proven by test to be of great actual worth as strengthening one angle of our credit system is the Depositors' Guarantee Fund of the State of Nebraska.

This law affects, of course, only the depositors of State Banks as the State can have no control over banks not incorporated under its own State Banking Laws.

However, a depositor in any State Bank in Nebraska has the protection of this fund which now amounts to over one million, one hundred thousand dollars, and it is hardly believable under this low.

Nebraska State Bank



1,800,000,000 Dollars in Gold

EIGHTEEN hundred million dollars in gold is held by the Federal Reserve Banks as the reserve of the banks which are the members of the Federal Reserve System.

This bank, as a member of the system, shares in the protection afforded by this great reserve. As our customer you also share in this benefit.

THE O'NEILL NATIONAL BANK
 Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$125,000.