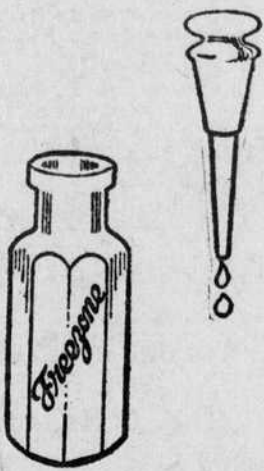


**YOU'LL LAUGH!
DOESN'T HURT TO
LIFT CORNS OUT**

Magic! Costs few cents!
Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the bothersome corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug!



Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the mysterious ether discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius. Great!

Showing His Ignorance.

It was after five o'clock and the Illinois street car was crowded with passengers who were patriotically carrying their purchases home. At about fourteenth street the car stopped and the conductor called out: "Here's a veal some one has lost."

As no one claimed it, he cried again. "Has any lady here lost a veal?" With that he innocently displayed the filmy article to those who were near.

"Oh, it's a waist," came in chorus from the women.

"He's surely not married," suggested one.

The owner of the waist had left the car at Eleventh street, but had so many bundles that this one was left behind in the crowd.—Indianapolis News.

Gas trusts would be unable to declare dividends if people didn't have money to burn.

**Strength Gave Out
Mrs. Schmitt Was Miserable From
Kidney Trouble Until Doan's Came
to Her Assistance. Now Well.**

"My kidneys gave out during the change of life," says Mrs. Margaret Schmitt, 63 Alabama Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. "My back ached and pained as if it were broken. When I moved in bed, sharp, darting pains caught me across my back and I couldn't turn. Mornings I was stiff and sore and it felt as if heavy weights were tied to me. I was so worn-out, I often came near falling from dizziness and flashes of fire would come before my eyes, blinding me."

"I had the most severe headaches and my kidneys didn't act regularly. The secretions passed too often and caused much distress. I was hardly able to do my housework and just to walk upstairs took all my strength."

"As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I improved and six boxes put me in better health than I had enjoyed for years."

Mrs. Schmitt gave the foregoing statement in 1916 and on April 6, 1917, she said: "My cure has been permanent. I keep Doan's on hand, however, and take a few doses occasionally."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price



**FOR
CONSTIPATION**

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature
Warranted

PALE FACES
Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood
Carter's Iron Pills
Will help this condition

BRONCHIAL TROUBLES
Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively—by promptly using a dependable remedy—

PISO'S

**BRITISH COUNTER ATTACKS
STOP AND DRIE BACK HUN
ARMY WITH SEVERE LOSSES**

Germans Fail Miserably in First Attempt to Break Haig's Line, Though 285,000 Troops Were Hurlled Into Fray After Furious Bombardment.

ALL INDICATIONS ARE BIG DRIVE HAS BEGUN

Operations Are Being Conducted on Such Vast Scale That Teutons' Objective Is Not Yet Certain—Tommies Stop Charges in Hand to Hand Battle.

By Associated Press.

The first stage of the great German offensive on the western front has passed and it is to be scored as a German failure, the enemy having fallen short of realizing his aims in the first great smash, according to dispatches from British headquarters today.

After attacking all day yesterday and until a late hour last night the Germans let down in their smashing operations along 50 miles of the British front and had not resumed their heavy assaults at the latest advices from Sir Douglas Haig. Further hard fighting was ahead, however, the field marshal acknowledged. The military was still being held in the British battle positions he reported, which means that the British line is still intact although admittedly it has been bent backward at points under the terrific Teutonic assault. The battle line has not moved in only one direction, however, the British having struck back spiritedly at the German masses and regained some of the positions which they had temporarily abandoned.

The German official statement issued today reports that the British positions were attacked from a point south-east of Arras to La Fere, the British first line being captured. The dispatch from British headquarters purports to give the exact position of the British line at present for the stated reason that the enemy might be given valuable information if the line were accurately traced.

Desperate fighting continues all along the lines from the Senese to the Oise and especially on the Cambrai sector. Enemy efforts before Cambrai were aimed principally to the north and south of the salient left after the first fighting ceased there last November with the evident purpose of cutting off the salient and driving through the opening toward the old battle field of the Somme.

Has Vast Possibilities.

Germany's latest offensive finds both sides prepared for the shock of prolonged and sanguinary combat. For months the Germans have been training troops and moving up guns and supplies behind their lines between Arras and St. Quentin. The British also have been active and were prepared for any blow the enemy might deliver.

Behind the British lines is the devastated area over which the Germans retreated last March. Field Marshal Von Hindenburg declared at the time that the devastation was carried out, not only to hamper the allied armies, but to provide a battle field for the future. The German attack may only be a feint, but a large breach in the British lines might involve the safety of Paris and Amiens and the French channel ports from the mouth of the Seine to Belgium.

German artillery fire also has been intense in a lengthy front north of the La Basse canal and in the Ypres sector in Flanders. On the French front the Germans have carried out minor attacks northeast of Verdun and in Lorraine. French troops repulsed both attempts with loss.

ernoon the Germans attacked heavily northwest of Croisilles, but machine guns mowed them down and held up the attack. The weather continues foggy or hazy, making it hard for the air men to be of any great amount of assistance.

The weather is cold and bleak. A heavy mist makes air reconnoissances impossible. The British are in a position of great advantage to the British as the enemy is deprived of greatly needed aerial observation.

The Germans in many sections yesterday attacked in three waves of infantry followed up by shock troops. As a result they suffered very heavy casualties.

The heavily massed German artillery has been badly hammered by the British guns.

19 DIVISIONS ENGAGED.

London, March 23.—Nineteen divisions were identified in yesterday fighting, Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters wires. He adds:

"The whole thing is too big to be able even to sketch or visualize easily. Thus far the enemy has paid a colossal price for such small gains as represent the fruits of his mighty effort."

**Tommies Engage Germans
In Hand to Hand Battle**

By United Press.
With the British Armies in France, March 22 (1:12 a. m.)—British troops with their customary coolness bobbed up after the German barrage of gas shells and high explosives at the start of the big enemy attack and made their first rush wearing gas masks. As this is being written bitter hand to hand encounters are in progress at various points.

British soldiers occupying front line positions at many points fought with knives and bayonets and frequently with their fists.

It looks as though Hindenburg has launched his long heralded offensive. If this is a fact it has come according to specifications.

Officers and men are smiling confidently as I cable this. The situation is necessarily vague. When fighting begins on such a wide front a few hours are required to watch developments. What at times may appear a hurricane may be a feint and again what has appeared to be a feint may be a serious drive.

The Germans hurled their storm troops against the British flank following a brief bombardment on a 45-mile front. They came on in thick waves behind a barrage of smoke.

British artillery and machine guns cut great swaths in the enemy ranks. High velocity guns of the enemy have commenced shelling towns far in the rear of the battle lines.

OBJECTIVE NOT CLEAR.

London, March 22.—It is not yet possible to give more than a very general and vague idea of the fighting Thursday on the front on the Oise and the Senese, which continues with swaying fortunes, according to the accounts of correspondents at the British front in the morning newspapers.

The German attack made on the British front west and southwest of Cambrai evidently aims at recapturing all the Hindenburg line, says a dispatch to the Morning Post from British headquarters in France which adds:

"The German army attacking south of the Scarpe seems to have delivered its first blow principally in the triangle of the Arras-Cambrai and Bapaume-Cambrai roads, while the German army south of Cambrai is striking against

**SENATE ASKS FACTS
ABOUT CASUALTIES**

Asks Further Reason For Suppressing Addresses of Killed or Injured.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—A resolution introduced by Senator New, of Indiana, asking the war department to advise the Senate as to its reasons for not making public the addresses of American soldiers killed and wounded abroad, was adopted today by the Senate without a record vote.

ing Cross railway station early this morning to receive wounded men from channel port trains.

Scenes not unlike those during the battle of the Somme were enacted, the line of ambulances stretching away from the station for four city blocks.

Only small groups of night workers and railroad employees greeted the first

GUNS HEARD IN ENGLAND.

London, March 23.—The eagerly awaited British official statement of today, which was expected to give further details of the tremendous fighting indicated in last night's reports, was read with great satisfaction, in so far as it revealed that the enemy had been held and had suffered great losses.

If this turns up to be the great German offensive that has been predicted the preliminary round appears to have gone in favor of the entente, although as the official report points out further heavy fighting is still to be expected.

The tremendous artillery duel was heard more distinctly than ever in Kent last night. Houses were continually shaken as the result of the violent concussions.

GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Berlin, March 23.—British Admiralty per Wireless Press.—The British first line has been captured by German troops attacking from the southeast of Arras as far as La Fere, the war office announces.

Heavy artillery fighting continues in Belgium and French Flanders. Reconnoitering detachments are said to have penetrated the opposing lines at many points. Ostend was bombarded from the sea.

"The statement reads: 'From southeast of Arras as far as La Fere we attacked the British positions. After powerful fire by our artillery and mine throwers, our infantry stormed, in broad sectors and every where captured the first enemy line.'"

"Between La Fere and Soissons, on both sides of Rheims and in the champagne the firing duel increased in intensity. Storming detachments brought in prisoners in many sectors. 'Ostend had been bombarded from the sea.'"

"In Belgium and French Flanders the heavy artillery duel continued. Reconnoitering detachments penetrated on many occasions into the enemy lines. 'On the night of the 22nd the destruction of enemy infantry positions and batteries before Verdun. On the Lorraine front also, the artillery activity increased on many occasions. 'From the other theaters of war there is nothing new to report.'"

OFFICIAL BRITISH REPORT.

Berlin, March 23.—The great battle on the western front continued until last night, the war office reports. The British are holding the enemy.

The statement follows: "Fighting continued until a late hour last night on the whole front, between the river Oise and the river Senese. Our troops continue to hold the enemy in the battle positions."

"During the enemy's attacks yesterday his massed infantry offered remarkable targets to our rifles, machine guns and artillery, of which full advantage was taken by our troops. All the reports testify to the excessively heavy losses suffered by the enemy. 'No serious attacks has yet developed this morning, but heavy fighting is still to be expected.'"

**TOTAL OF 16 DEATHS
RESULT FROM CRASH**

Dozen More U. S. Sailors Die From Injuries Received in Collision.

Washington, D. C., March 22.—Twelve additional deaths as a result of the collision between the destroyer Manley and a British man of war, March 19, were announced today by the navy department.

This brought the death list to 16. John C. Holmes, carpenter's mate, of Boston, Mass., was one of the 12 men reported killed today. The names of the 11 others have not been received. It was announced also that 10 men not reported yesterday also were injured. All of these hurt were reported doing well.

In addition to those previously reported, the following injured have been landed and sent to the hospital: William A. Johnston, ship's cook, 86 East Seventh street, North Portland, Ore.

Kirk W. Morse, chief gunner's mate, 1011 Third street, Snohomish, Wash. Earle P. Nelson, electrician, Waterloo, Ia.

William J. Luckcock, gunner's mate, Newport, R. I. Isaac Diggs, mess attendant, Norfolk, Va.

Charles D. Dwight, seaman, Chicago, Ill. John Leo Cardin, fireman, Wilkinson, Mass. Edward F. Russell, seaman, Natick, Mass.

Frederick Hanson, coxswain, Brooklyn, N. Y. Charles William Cagle, fireman, Monroe, Okla.

**FAINTS 4,000 FEET UP
IN AIR; FALLS TO DEATH**

Fort Worth, Tex., March 23.—Cadet S. W. Arnholtz, royal flying corps, was the aviator killed yesterday afternoon at Hicks. He was an American, but had joined the British service. His home was in New York city. Officers say he fainted while 4,000 feet in the air.

HARRIS GIVEN COMMAND.

Rockford, Ill., March 22.—Appointment of Col. Frank E. Harris, U. S. A., to be commandant at Fort Winfield Scott, San Francisco, was announced here today. Colonel Harris has been acting adjutant of the central department.

**DUTCH ANGERED;
DISCUSS BREAK**

Proposal to Recall Ambassador and Send U. S. Envoy Home to Be Proposed in Parliament.

ROUSED OVER SHIPPING

Berlin Advises Little Nation Further Concessions to Allies Will Bring Declaration of War.

Amsterdam, March 23.—A dispatch from The Hague to the Handelsblad says one of the most prominent members of parliament intends to ask the government whether it is not time to recall the Dutch minister at Washington, and hand passports to the American minister at The Hague.

GERMANS THREATENING.

London, March 23.—Dispatches from The Hague report that a local news agency says that Germany considers her relations with Holland altered by the attitude of the Dutch government toward the entente and the United States and publishes a report that the abandonment by the Dutch government of the remaining restrictive clauses in its shipping loan terms would be regarded by Germany as cause for war.

HOW DUTCH VIEW SITUATION.

Amsterdam, (Thursday) March 21.—Commenting upon President Wilson's proclamation regarding Dutch shipping, the Algemeen Handelsblad says it considers there now devolves upon the allied powers the moral duty of maintaining international traffic for states which cannot exist without it. Continued refusal to permit Holland to obtain grain from Argentina, it says, would be a serious matter for both parties.

The Telegraaf says it is wrong to speak of rejection of the allies' ultimatum by Holland. It asserts that the Dutch government yielded to the proposals of the allies as far as was compatible with its position as a non-belligerent and adds:

"The ultimatum was thus accepted in principle, but in such a form as to maintain Holland's rights as against America's unlimited power. 'The Dutch government thereby acted within the principles set forth by President Wilson in considering a future peace based upon right over might.'"

"The Nieuws Van Dordrecht says it is a singular fact that both the Dutch and the allied governments seem to have little knowledge of the course of events."

DUTCH ARE AROUSED.

Amsterdam, March 23.—The text of President Wilson's proclamation regarding Dutch shipping reached Holland after the Thursday evening newspapers had gone to press. Meanwhile a somewhat bluntly worded dispatch from Washington, speaking of the "seizure of the ships after an ultimatum" had been informed Holland had rejected the American ultimatum" caused an outburst of puzzled anger from virtually the whole Dutch press. It is argued that there has been no rejection by Holland of an ultimatum and that previously nothing has been heard of any ultimatum. The feelings of the Dutch to all appearances are badly hurt.

The bourse opened today with a stream of selling orders, but there was no panic.

**U. S. TO BREAK
WITH BULGARIA**

Sending of Bulgar Troops to West Front Doubtless Will Lead to Open Rupture.

By United Press.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—Berlin reports today the Bulgarian forces are now fighting on the west front aroused immediate speculation here as to the probability of the United States declaring war against Bulgaria.

**MAY SINGLE EFFORT
ON LONE CANDIDATE**

Wisconsin Loyalty League to Ask Davies or Lenroot to Withdraw.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 23.—It was thought probable that either Irvine L. Lenroot or Joseph M. Davies, republican and democratic nominees respectively at the recent primary for United States senator, would be asked to withdraw during the course of a meeting of the Wisconsin loyalty league, a non-partisan organization, this afternoon and evening.

Plans were made for seating about 1,000 delegates and two strong loyalty programs were arranged. The managers of both nominees are going ahead with preparations for an active campaign.

**EMBARGO ON ALL BUT
CARLOAD SHIPMENTS**

New York, March 23.—Congestion of freight in cars and warehouses and on piers here caused the freight traffic committee of the North Atlantic states to announce today that an embargo would be placed, effective at the close of business Saturday against further receipt here of freight in less than carload lots from other parts of the country. Foodstuffs, government and railroad supplies will not be affected.

BETHLEHEM EARNINGS.

New York, March 22.—The income account of the Bethlehem Steel corporation and its subsidiaries for 1917, issued today, reports net earnings of \$55,979,369, a decrease of \$7,737,940

**GIRLS! MAKE A
BEAUTY LOTION
WITH LEMONS**

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

REWARD FOR TELLING TRUTH

Portuguese Statesman May Not Have Been Flattered, But at Least He Won One Vote.

Senor Costa, the Portuguese prime minister, in excusing himself from making a speech on the ground that he was no orator, told an amusing anecdote at a luncheon party given in his honor during his recent visit to London. It appears that when he first put up for the Portuguese national council he prefaced his opening address to the electors by alluding frankly to his lack of oratorical gifts. After he had finished a man pushed forward, grasped his hand warmly, and said:

"Senhor, I've been a lifelong opponent of yours, but at the coming election I shall vote for you."

"Thank you," said Costa, much gratified. "May I ask the particular reason for your change of views?"

"Because you are the first speaker on either side that I have heard tell the truth," was the reply. "You said when you began that you couldn't make much of a speech, and by heavens, senor, you can't!"

Really Quick Work.

An Irishman, who was a bricklayer, and who was evicted, went to America to find work. When he was passing through New York he saw some bricklayers at work, and stood looking at them. While he was standing the foreman came over and said to him:

"Well, Pat, are you able to build houses as quick as this in Dublin? We start a house in the morning and the tenant is living in it in the evening."

"Well, begorra!" said Pat, "that's nothing. In Dublin we start a house in the morning, and the landlord is evicting the tenant from it in the evening."

Too Valuable.

"That prima donna didn't seem at all angry."

"How did you get that impression?" inquired the weary manager?

"She never once raised her voice."

"Well, you don't think she'd waste a high note on me, do you?"

IN THE SPRING

will be the great test of a life and death struggle on the Western front. In the everyday walks of life, it is the spring time that brings ill health. One of the chief reasons why the run-down man finds himself in a bad state of health in March or April, is because he has spent nearly all his hours for the past four or five months penned up within the walls of house, factory or office. It is the reason for our diminished resistance—that is, lack of out-door life, coupled with perhaps over-eating, lack of good exercise, insufficient sleep, and constipation.

In other words, we keep feeding the furnace with food, but do not get out the "clinkers," and our fire does not burn brightly. Always keep the liver active.

There is nothing better for health than taking an occasional mild laxative, perhaps once a week; such a one as you can get at any drug store, made up of May-apple, jalap, aloes, (sugar-coated, tiny, easily taken), which has stood the test of fifty years of approval—namely, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. But for the "Spring Fever" the general run-down condition, the lack of ambition, the "blues," one should take a course of treatment every spring, such a standard tonic as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, now to be had in tablet form in sixty-cent vials. Watch the people go plodding along the street. There's no spring, no vitality. A vitalizing tonic such as this vegetable extract of Dr. Pierce's gives you the power to force yourself into action. The brain responds to the new blood in circulation, and thus you're ready to make a fight against stagnation which holds you in bondage. Try it now! Don't wait! Today is the day to begin. Gain a little "pep," and laugh and live. Vim and vitality are the natural out-pouring of a healthy body. It does not spring up in a night. Try this spring tonic, and you gain the courage that comes with good health.

**What Do You Know About
CATTLE?**

Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS? Drop us a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the New Book, "CATTLE BREEDS AND ORIGIN" about all breeds of cattle on earth. DR. DAVID DUBOIS VETERINARY CO., 100, WASHINGTON, WIS.