ROB ARMY BANK

Daring Escapade Staged in Very Center of Cantonment at Camp Funston—Bandit Escapes.

ONE MAN IS BADLY HURT

Only Living Victim Says Bandit Wore Captain's Uniform and That His Face Was Familiar.

Camp Funston, Kan., Jan. 14.-Kearbey Wornall, of Kansas City, the only survivor of five men who were in the army bank here last night when the institution was robbed, told the authorities the robber was an army captain whom he recognized, it was announced this afternoon. It is understood he

was said.

Wornall Expected to Die.

Wornall declared that one man robbed the bank at the national army contonment here last night after killing with an axe four of the five men in the building and injuring the fifth so badly that he probably will die. Wornall the cashier of the bank, re-

worman the casher of the oars, to covered consciousness for a short time this forenoon, and while his story is tragmentary and hazy, officials thought that it might go a long way toward solving the mystery. Wornall's injuries probably will prove fatal, physicians believe.

According to Wornall, an insistent knock at the doer of the bank building about 8:30 last night caused them to admit a man who immediately covered them with a revolver. He then com-manded Wornall a tie the hands of the others, Wornall says, after which he tied Wornall's hands. Wornall says he recognized the officer as an army cap-tain and his discription of the robber's next action is rather indefinite. He said he thought the robber realized that he was recognized by some of his victims and that he decided to kill there.

List of the Dead.

C FULLER WINTERS, vice president of the National Reverve bank, of Kansas City, Mo.

JOHN W. JEWELL. of Springfield, Mo. editor of the Camp Funston Trench and Camp, and associate owner with his father. H. S. Jewell, of the Springfield Leader.

CARL OHLESON, 13, son of Andrew Obleson, contractor of Kansas City, Mo.

CARL OHLESON, 19, son of Andrew Ohleson, contractor of Kansas City, Mo. O. M. HILL, clerk in the bank.
Kearney Wornall, cashier of the army bank, was serrously wounded. When the murder and robbery were discovered, he was the only one of the five victims conscious.
Wornall says he picked up a hand axe from the floor and began raining blows upon the heads and faces of the helpless men. C. F. Winters, vice president of the National Reserve bank of Kansas City, and cashier of the army bank, was the first man attacked. He died early today. O. M. Hill and Carl Onelson, clerks, were struck down next, after which the men attacked Wornall and John Jewell, of Springfield.

Beaten to Death.

Wornall was discovered by a sentry who discovered Wornall was covered with blood and gave the alarm. Wornall was taken to an informary and a detail sent to the bank building. The four bodies were found and the military police notified. Wornall was removed to the base bespital at Fort

Winters received four or five bad euts on head and forehead. Hill and Jewell were beaten about the head almost beyond recognition. Ohelson was apparently killed instantly by a blow on the forehead with the blade of the ax. Wornall so far has been unable to give a clear description of the man he says committed the murders. The authorities do not place much hope of obtaining a clew from the fact that the man may have worn an army unform, as they said it would have been an easy matter for him to have obtained one in camp.

And sleet storm of the winter yesterday, early reports showed that tornades which swept through eastern Aladees whic Winters received four or five bad tained one in camp,

Crime Puzzles Camp.

Officials in charge of the case were asking themselves how it was possible the murders could have taken place in a small area where thousands of armed men are living without the cries being themselves have the pumber.

Dothan, Ala, six children kined and 40 injured in collapse of school house in country near Dotham.

Webb, Ala, one killed and estimated 70 injured in destruction of store and other buildings. men are living without the cries being discovered. A report that the number of sentries at the camp had been reduced because of the cold weather, was denied today by Lieut, R. C. Kendail, in charge of the case. Officials expressed the opinion that had the men screamed when they were being killed, their outeries undoubtedly would have been heard despite the fact that a specific pressure, 28.98 being recorded at Knoxville, while

pressed when they were being killed, their outcries undoubtedly would have been heard despite the fact that a heavy wind was blowing.

Another feature of the case which attracted particular attention today was that Carl Ohelson's father, a Kansas City contractor, went to the bank about the time the murders were comsas City contractor, went to the bank about the time the murders were committed. He found the door locked and called out to Mr. Winters. The mur-derer must have answered for Winters, for he told Obeison to return today. Just how much money the robber obtained was not announced by the au-

under a strict regime. The camp was isolated and today a heavily armed guard surmounts the entire area, with orders to shoot to kill any person who attempts to enter or leave the camp

Immediately after the murders were discovered, every military unit in camp was ordered to make a "check roll," which accounts for every man, not only

Amsterdam, Jan. 12.-The death of onstantinople dispatch to the Kreuz

BELGIUM NOT NEEDED, **VON TIRPITZ STATES**

Thinks Political Situation Critical, But That War Party Will Win.

London, Jan. 14.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that Admiral Von Tirpitz, former Ger-man minister of marine and the foremost advocate of Germany's submarine warfare, declared that while the Germans must keep the Flanders coast, the annexation of Belgium to Germany was

annexation of Beigium to Germany was not necessary and that a solution of this problem could be found.

Regarding the political situation Admiral Von Tirpitz is reparted as having said that all sorts of things might be possible, but that he did not think they would go so far as an agreement on an armistice by which the operaon an armistice by which the opera-tions of submarines could be paralyzed.

TELLS OF HUGE SHIPPING LOSS

"The murders were committed by a captain," Wornall is said to have told the authorities. "He wore no mask. He came into the bank and said he was short of money and hated to do it. The man's face is familiar to me. Winters was well acquainted with him."

Efforts on the part of Wornall's questioners to obtain further information were futile, as the injured man toon lapsed into unconsciousness. When me made the statement that an army captain committed the murders, his mind seemed to be working clearly, it was said.

Tageblatt Says U-Boats Have Sunk 10,000,000 Tons of Shipping Worth \$5,
000,000,000.

London, Jan. 14.—Reviewing the first year of Germany's ruthless submarining which ends February 1, the Tageblatt asserts that the central powers have succeeded in completely upsetting

blatt asserts that the central powers have succeeded in completely upsetting the economic life of the entente and adds that the submarine campaign which has now become the principal factor in naval warfare is being expanded and developed still further.

Summarizing the results of the underwater campaign since February 1, the Theoretical Control of the Underwater campaign since February 1, the Theoretical Control of the Understand Control of the University of the Understand Control of the University of

the Tageblatt claims that the U-boats have sunk on an average \$21,000 tons of shipping monthly from February to December and for the whole year the toll may be expected to show nearly 10,000,000 tons and that the building of new ships by the entente and neutrals during the year will replace only be-tween 2,500,000 and 4,000,000 tons of these losses. The newspaper says the monetary loss to Germany's enemies as the result of the year's work by the U-boats will reach \$5,000,000,000 figur-ing the value of the ships at \$250 per ton and their cargoes at the same rate.

Notwithstanding the showing thus made the Tageblatt does not take an optimistic view of Germany's future.

The paper adds:
"The entire entente hopes," says this newspaper, "are now based on expected help from the United States. Whether the Americans will be able to provide a fighting army in numbers sufficient to bring about a decision, whether they will be able to furnish sufficient ships for the transport of the army, and whether they will then be able to provide the necessary supplies of food and war materials are questions upon which opinion is divided. But there is no doubt that the efforts the Americans are making must be taken seriously. The hopes of an early peace depends almost entirely upon the efficacy of our

IN DIXIE STORM

More Than 100 Persons Injured by Cyclones in Alabama and Georgia - South Shivers.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 14.- With the en-tire south in the grip of its worst snow and sleet storm of the winter yester-

Cowarts, Ala., seven killed and 25 in-

Dothan, Ala., six children killed and

little or no damage had resulted the larger cities.

The tornado at Camp Wheeler blew

down some 16 hospital tents containing about 150 patients and heavy rains flooded other tents.

One private was reported killed in the collapse of the corral of the One Account for Every Man.

Within 20 minutes after the murders were discovered, Camp. Funston went at the fair grounds were badly damunder a strict regime. The camp was aged and the winter quarters of a circumstant of the camp was a demolished, many animals being

GERMANS DENY U-BOAT SUNK HOSPITAL SHIP

Amsterdam, Jan. 12.—The Wolf bureau, the semi-official German agency, by name, but by being recognized by his superior officers.

A police dog followed a trail to the Union Pacific tracks and then to the Golden Belt highway where it lost the Scent

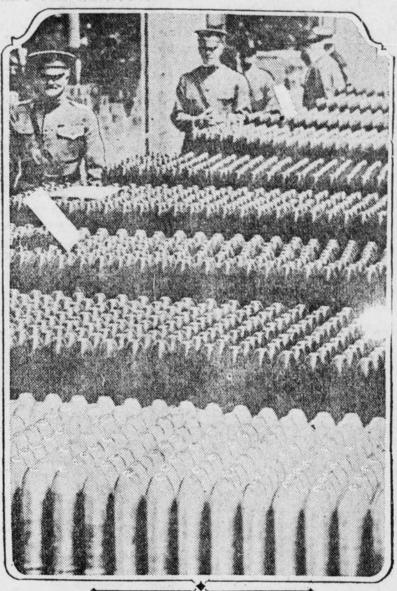
Scent

Teau,

in a communication in a communication in a communication of the British hospital ship Rewa, says the German authorities cannot yet give a final statement as to the submarine which might have been concerned is still at sea. The communication adds:

Vice Admiral Halli Pasha, former Tur-kish minister of marine, is reported in should have been torpedoed by a submarine. Accordingly the only possibil-ity is that she was sunk by a mine."

PERSHING INSPECTING SHELLS.



General Pershing (at left) inspects French munition plant. t trip of inspection of a huge muni-tions plant in France. The rows and rows of shells are waiting to be sent screaming into the German trenches. The work of manufacture of these big in part with French guns.

General Pershing is here shown on | shells goes steadily on though thou-

Entire Area From Canada To Gulf of Mexico Swept By Worst Storm in Years

Washington, Jan. 14.-The verest cold wave of many years gripped the country today from the Rocky mountains eastward to the Alleghenies, and will move on to the Atlantic coast tonight and

the Atlantic coast tonight and Sunday.

Twenty degrees below zero was the rule in Indiana and surrounding territory, while the cold extended southward as far as the Gulf of Mexico, with temperatures there ranging around 18 degrees above zero. Traffic throughout the middle west is greatly impeded and middle west is greatly impeded and coal shortage causes much suffer-

Heavy gales and torrential rains swept up from the south yester-day and last night, causing some loss of life, damage to property and destroying wire communica-This storm centered today over Ontario and was accompanied by higher temperatures. Following in its wake, however, cold wave.

To the extreme southern limits of the Florida mainland temperatures tonight will fall below freez-ing, and the cold will be more in-tense all the way northward to the Canadian border. The cold will continue through Sunday.

Chicago, Jan. 14 .- A blizzard extending from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Rocky mountains to the Alleghenies and accompanied by low temperatures ranging from 37 below at O'Neill, Neb., to 12 above zero at San Antonio, Tex., paralyzed steam railroad and street car traffic at many points

today.

The storm which began early and a terday continued all night and a high wind piled huge drifts of snow on top of the heavy fall early in the week over Illinois, Wisconsin, northern In-diana and southern Michigan and parts of Iowa and Missouri. Over practically the entire territory covered by the blizzard today train schedul s have been upset and at the large i rminals, like Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City,

nany trains have been a nulled.

Nebraska, it is said, aperlenced the coldest day in half a century, no point reporting to the weather bureau at Omaha showing a temperature as high as zero, while O'Neill turned in 37 be-

In Kansas and Missouri temperatures of 20 below zero were common and in St. Louis the thermometer reached 17

In Chicago it was 10 below early this morning, but central Illinois points reported much colder weather, Springfield showing 16 below.

The Iron range in Minnesota reported 30 below and predictions were for coldor weather today.

The heavy snow fall in the winter wheat states was said to have greatly benefitted the crop outlook.

SOUTHWEST IS SUFFERING.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 14.-After the lowest plunge of the mercury in pearly 20 years the southwest was hopar for a reaction to warmer weather oday based on weather bureau predictions of slowly rising temperature. In the wake of the blizzard and the record cold weather that followed at many points came disorganization of wice and train communication of many points came disorganization of wire and train communication and frantic calls for coal, owing to the failure of gas service in the Okla-homa-Kansas fields and much suf-fering everywhere, but especially in the oil districts where many buildings were incapable of resisting such low temperatures.

temperatures.

The entire plains states area from the Mississippi river to the Rocky Acountains and from the Dakotas to be Crande is experiencing the low the freezing point, caused the case or many the Rio Grande is experiencing the sent the thermometer down to far tenost severe weather of the winter, after piling up huge drifts of snow. Record low temperatures were reported in Texas and season's records at many other points in the section. Four deaths have been reported from numerous cities, and towns are suffering from a fuel shortage.

The heavy snow, badly drifted, was interfering with rail and wagon traffic.

A Missouri Pacific passenger train Russell, pitchers, for the 1918 season.

released today, but the 18 passengers are being provided for and are not suffering. Anthony has had no mail for two days, drifts of snow 20 feet

deep are reported there.

The fuel situation is acute in many The fuel situation is acute in many Kansas towns. The coal supply is entirely exhausted at Ottawa and the people are dependent upon wood. At Parsons, on the edge of the natural gas field, homes having wood or coal heaters were reported to be extending shelter to neighbors who have been depending upon gas for fuel. A shortage of coal there also served to increase apprehension.

age of coal there also served to increase apprehension.

Although the wheat growers of the state welcomed the snow, which broke the drought, many fields were said to have been blown bare, while in western sections of the state live stock is suffering severely from the cold.

The storm was the worst Oklahoma city has experienced in 15 years and the city was facing increased privations and hardship because of the practical exhaustion of the retail coal

practical exhaustion of the retail coal supply and gas service inadequate for cooking and heating.

FIRST SNOW IN 15 YEARS.

Kansas City, Jan. 14.—Snow fell in Louisiana and Mississippi yesterday ranging from flurries along the gulf coast to storms of almost blizzard intensity in the northern sections of the two states. The snowfall was the first in nearly 15 years in most sections, Light flurries in New Orleans were the first since February 17, 1905.

19 BELOW AT ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 14.—A blizzard that broke all records in St. Louis 1873 raged throughout the night, setting a low temperature mark in St. Louis of 19 degrees below zero. Temperatures ranked from 19 to 23 degrees below zero in various parts of the country. Railroad and street car traffic re-

mained demoralized during the night. Two persons are known to be dead as the result of the storm, and scores of persons have been injured, due to ex-posure or accidents, caused by slippery pavements.

TEMPERATURES RISING.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 14.-Higher temperatures at all points in the Rocky mountain region early today, with pros-pects for further increase of tempera-

pects for further increase of tempera-ture were reported by the weather bu-reau. The outlook also was for local snows in Utah and Colorado.

The lowest reading reported was from Cheyenne, Wyo. where the mercury stood at 16 degrees below zero. At Denver it was 4 degrees below.

Roswell, N. M., had a temperature of 2 degrees above zero.

In Arizona, Flagstaff reported 32 de-grees above zero, a rise of 32 degrees

above zero, a rise of 32 degrees in 24 hours.

SPRING DAY IN NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 12.—A tropical rainstorm, accompanied by high winds, thunder and lightning and a rapid rise in temperature descended in New York and vicinity shortly after midnight. The thermometer stood at freezing las night, with snow for a time falling on ice covered streets. This situation was changed within a few hours to one of Pringlike quiet.
The wind and rain did considerable

damage. Cellars and basements were flooded and in some cases subway travel was interferred with by water sweeping into the tubes. A rise in temperature of 20 degrees in seven hours vas noted by the weather bureau

A Missouri Pacific passenger train Russell, pitchers, for the 1918 season, stalled in a drift eight miles west of were received today by the Brooklyn Anthony, Kan., Thursday night was not National league baseball club.

WILSON OPPOSED TO

Has Confidence in Baker and Doesn't Want Cabinet Job Created.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 12.-Congressional plans for creating a separate de-partment of munitions with a new cabinet officer at its head meet with no favor at the White House.

Members of the House who called on President Wilson to ask his opinion of the movement returned to the capitol with word that the president believed that no good and much harm might be that no good and much harm might be done by setting up a new department and disrupting the existing machinery of the war and navy departments. He was said to have expressed the utmost confidence in Secretary Baker and to have declared that while the war and navy secretaries have tremendous tasks he was estimated that the work of suphe was satisfied that the work of sup-plying munitions would be adequately handled by the organizations now being perfected, assisted by the war industries board.

GUN CREW REFUSED TO SURRENDER TO U-BOAT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 12.—How the naval gun crew of the American steamer J. L. Luckenbach successfully fought off for four hours the attacks of a German submarine until a de-stroyer racing to the steamer's rescue forced the U-boat to submerge was

told here today in an official statement by the navy department.

The engagement described took place on October 19, while the vessel was en route to a French port. The U-boat subjected the merchant craft to a heavy shell fire that injured seven men, started a small blaze aboard and temporarily put the engines out of commission.

"Don't surrender flashed the com-mander of the American destroyer that caught the Luckenbach's distress call. "Never," was the laconic reply.

All members of the armed guard

All members of the armed guard have been commended by the navy de-partment for gallantry in action, and the commander has been given the temporary warrant of boatswain in recognition of his services.

ARGENTINA GIVEN NEW CAUSE FOR HOSTILITY

Buenos Aires, Jan. 12.—A number of Argentina newspapers consider that the extension of the German barred zone to include the trade routes between South America and Europe is an unfriendly act toward this country. The papers renew their demands that the government sever relations with Germany

Extensian of the submarine barred zone to include the Cape Verde Islands, the Island of Madelra and part of French Senegal around Dakar was announced in a German wireless statement received in London January 8. It was declared that the new regulations would become effective January II. Late in November the barred zone was extended around the Azores, which with the Cape Verde Islands and Madelra are on the principal steamships' paths between South America and Europe.

WILL BUILD PLANT TO PACK MEET OF RABBITS

Oklahoma, Okla., Jan. 12.—A new war time industry has been projected here, and its promoters hope it will result in adding materially to the meat supply of the country. A rabbit packing plant is about to be erected in Oklahoma City by the Commercial Rabbit Breeders' association. The concern, with a capital stock of \$16,000, has been incorporated under the laws of been incorporated under the laws of Oklahoma. There is a rabbit farm in Michigan and another in California, but not until December 15, 1917, was a rabbit packing organization incorpor ated in any state, according to information available here.

The fact that statistics show the bit to be 83 per cent nutriment, and the national movement for food conservation, are responsible for the new com-

CONGRESSMEN BLAMED FOR LOSING VESSELS

Washington, Jan. 12.—Two members of congress shared the responsibility for loss of more than a dozen steel ships to registry under the American flag, according to charges of William Denman, former shipping board head,

made public today.

In sending Chairman Fletcher, of the congressional ship probe committee, an outline of his testimony Denman said he would disprove printed claims that 15 ships were lost to the flag through the negotiations arising from Goethals-Denman differences.

FRENCH TOBACCO SHOPS SELL AT STATED HOURS

Paris, Jan. 12.—French tobacco and cigarets are now obtainable in Paris only once each week and even then during the space of but about 30 minutes. During that half hour the tobacconists shops present about the same appearance as did the coal and wood yards during the fuel famine last winter. It takes from three to a half dozen police-men for each shop to keep waiting smokers orderly while the weekly sup-ply is being dealt out, and to pacify those that are still in line when the "no more tobacco" sign is hung out.

WOMAN CLERK KILLS WOULD BE HIGHWAYMAN

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 12—A rob-ber who attempted to hold up the I'. McCoy Fuel company's offices here last night was shot and instantly killed by Miss Mabel Drumater, 28 years old, a elerk, who selzed a revolver hidden un-der the counter and fired at the in-truder. Miss Drumater was alone in

the office at the time.

The man was later identified as E. F. Orr. a local switchman. Orr was mar-"I felt it my duty to protect the money." Miss Drumater told the police.

JAPANESE VESSEL IS

REPORTED CAPTURED

Tokio, Jan. 12 .- The officers of a Dutch merchant ship arriving at Nagasaki today reported the steamer Hitachi Maru, missing three months, has been captured by the enemy and converied into a cruiser. The passengers, it was asserted, were taken prisoner. The Japanese admiralty does not be-lieve the report, although the loss of the ship has been known.

MUNITIONS MINISTER GERMANS SCORE

Separate Peace Negotiations With Russia to Be Continued at Brest-Litvosk Headquarters.

WILL PREVAILS TEUTON

Bolshevist Press Attacks Wilson's Views-New Army Organizing-Trotzky Talks Idealism.

Amsterdam, Jan. 14 .- Leon Trotzky, he bolshevist foreign minister to the onference at Brest-Litevsk, yesterday said that in order not to leave any possibility in the fight for peace unitilized the Russian delegation accepted the demand that the negotiations be continued at Brest-Litovsk.

The chairman of the Russian delegaion said that in full accord with their former resolution the Russians desired to continue the peace negotiations juite apart from the fact whether or not the entente powers participated. Frotzky said he had noted the statement of the central powers that the pasis of a general peace as formulated n their declaration of December 25 was null and void, added:
"We adhere to the principles of dem-

reatic peace as proclaimed by us."

Further dispatches today quoted frotzky as insisting that there was no justification for the contention of the Jermans that there would be allied interference with any negotiations conducted on neutral soil

interference with any negotiations conducted on neutral soil.

A delegate from Ukrainia was declared to have notified the general conference that he would adopt an independent attitude toward the negotiations until the formation of a "Russian dederation of states" determined exactly what relations the Ukrainians should bear toward Russian

bear toward Russia.

Moreover, M. Trotzky continued, the Russian delegation could not pass over ther points which had been mentioned by the German chancellor, Count Von Herting.

Hertling. "I refer," he said, "to the portion of Count Von Hertling's statement (be'ore the reichstag main committee), in which he referred in addition to Gerwhich he referred in addition to Germany's just intentions, to Germany's jowerful position (machstellung). The Russian delegation cannot deny, and floes not intend to deny, that its country, owing to the policy of the classes intil recently in power, has been weakened. But the world position of a country is not determined by its technical apparatus alone, but also by its inaerent possibilities—as Germany's economic strength should not be judged by her present conditions and means of supply."

her present conditions and means of upply."

M. Trotzky considered that the greater forces of the Russian people had been awakened and developed by the revolution just as the reformation of the Sixteenth century and the revolution of the Eighteenth century had vitalized the creative forces of the German and French peoples. He added:

"The Russian government, however, wrote the word peace at the head of its program. The great sympathies of the Russian people for the peoples of the allies strengthen the desire to attain the speediest peace based on an under-

the speediest peace based on an under-standing among the peoples."

KRYLENKO ISSUES CALL

FOR SOCIALIS London, Jan. 14.-The call of Ensign krytenko, the bolshevist commander in chief for volunteers for a Russian army, according to the bolshevist telegraph agency at Petrograd was issued in the form of an appeal to the sued in the form of an appeal to the soldiers and workmen and as a reply to the German peace proposals. The appeal refers to Germany's rejection of the proposals framed previously and their open talk of annexations. In the event of a separate peace the call de-clares that the Russian republic and its counsels will be surrounded on all

sides by enemies.
"Americans and French financiers." "Americans and French financiers," he continues, "are lending money to provide war material for Kaledines. The German bourgeoise are quite prepared to use them as allies for stifling Russian revolution. These are conditions which raise before the Russian reasonts and workmen the whole ones. peasants and workmen the whole ques-tion of the defense of the conquest achieved by the revolution and of the holy war against the bourgeoise, not only of Russia, but of Germany, France and Great Britain."

Krylenko explains that the old army is exhausted and that a new one must be created with the red guard as a nucleus and it must be subject to regorous revolutionary discipline.

"Comrades!" he says, "the people

regorous revolutionary discipline.

"Comrades!" he says, "the people of Italian-Spain, and Switzerland watch you with hope and await the call to battle against their bourgeoise. Their soldiers will not march against revolutionary Russia. Enroll yourselves in the ranks of the people's guard and safeguard the revolution and socialisms." and socialisms.

FRANCE NOT INVOLVED.

Paris, Jan. 14.—That France does not propose to have anything to do with the peace negotiations at Litovsk between the bolshevists and the Teubetween the bolsnevists and the Teu-tonic allies and that she will have no peace dealings with the enemy until they shall make them direct. was stated in the chamber of deputies this evening by Stephen Pichon, minister of foreign affairs. The statement was made in reply to a demand that the government issue passports to socialgovernment issue passports to socialists desiring to proceed to Petrograd and that the entente powers make a joint declaration of their war aims.

FLAY WILSON'S SPEECH.

Petrograd, Jan. 14.—"The head of American imperialism and the greatest hypocrite history has ever known." is the violently denunciatory characteriza-tion of President Wilson, printed today by the bolshevist organ, Pravada, in its comment on the American peace

ARMISTICE IS EXTENDED.

Petrograd, Jan. 12.—Acceptance by the central powers of Foreign Minister Trotsky's approval for a continuation of the Russo-German armistice on all fronts for an additional month was for-mally announced today. The armistice heretofore agreed to, expired today:

SOCIALISTS IN LEAD. Petrograd, (Friday), Jan. 11.—ite-turns have been received showing the election of 510 delegates to the con-stituent assembly. Those known to have been elected include 261 social rev.

alutionaires and 158 hols avists.