

**Race With Famine Becomes** Closer and Berlin, Favored. Is Told British Are in Worse Shape.

### POTATO RATION IS REDUCED

Grocers Ordered to Sell Last of Canned Goods-Weather No Longer Furnishes Excuse.

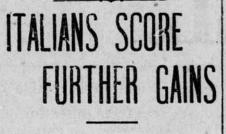
Copenhagen, May 21—The potato sit-uation in Germany apparently is grow-ing steadily worse, although the weather no longer furnishes an excuse for scanty shipments. Following the ex-ample of its sister city, Altona, Ham-burg next week will reduce the weekly ration to 24 ounces, substituting an alration to 24 ounces, substituting an al-lowance of 640 grams of bread for the rest of the promised five pounds. To meet the dissatisfaction which this state of affairs produces, the govern-ment has authorized grocers to sell all their remaining stocks of canned veg-etables next week.

### Berlin Gets Her Spuds.

The Berlin dets her spuds. The Berlin potato ration is being maintained, although with great diffi-culty because of the morale effect of reducing at the capital the allowance promised so definitely after the April strike. In a remarkably worded official appeal the people of Berlin are implored to remember that the eyes of the world are upon them. They are admonsible to are upon them. They are admonished to cease complaining and recognize thankfully how much better conditions are in Berlin than in the war ravaged enemy lands of the British isles which, it is said, are headed toward actual starva-

### Bace With Famine.

Simultaneously there are published official arrangements for a race be-tween Father Time and Famine, which show how perilously scant is the mar-gin of safety, under the most favorable conditions, between the moment when the present stock is exhausted and the the present stock is exhausted and the time new flour will be available. These plans provide for selection of the region, where the harvest will ripen first under this year's climatic conditions, to which reapers, threshing machines and mili-tary workers will be sent. All arrange-ments have been made for rushing this grain to the mills



## Strategic Points Are Taken in Today's Fighting - Quiet Prevails on Other Fronts.

Rome, (via London), May 21-The Italians yesterday reached the crests of Hill 652 and the Vodice, says today's official statement. are the ev to the

Only Woman Ever Admitted to Practice in Supreme Court-Was Presidential Candidate.

WOMAN LEADER, DIES

Washington, May 21.-Mrs. Beva B. Loockwood, the first woman ad-mitted to practice before the supreme court, a pioneer in the Woman Suffrage movement and the only woman who ever was a candidate for president of the United States, died here today after a long illness, aged 86 years.

# BIG TRANSPORT SUNK; 140 DEAD

## successful Raid by Austrian Fleet and German Sub Is Announced—14 Small Craft Destroyed.

London, May 21.—The British admir-alty issues the following statement for newspapers of Saturday:

"The British transport Cameronia with troops was torpedoed by an enemy submarine in the eastern Mediterranean on April 15. One hundred and forty men are missing and are presumed to have been drowned."

The survivors of the Cameronia say

The survivors of the Cameronia say the vessel was torpedoed in fine, calm weather in the afternoon. The sub-marine was not seen. A large number of the casualties were due to the explosion of the torpedo. which struck where there happened to be many soldiers. There was some ex-citement and confusion at the outset after the torpedo had atruck, but disci-pline soon prevailed. The boats were smartly launched, but one of them was smashed and many lives were lost.

smashed and many lives were lost. The Cameronia was afloat for for 40 minutes after she was torpedoed, which enabled torpedo boat destroyers to run alongside the doomed vessel. Soldiers from the Cameronia jumped on their boats in disciplined succession.

The British steamer Cameronia, of 10,963 gross tons, was one of the larg-est ships belonging to the Anchor Line of Glasgow. She was requisitioned by the British government May 1, 1915, and her passengers were transferred to the Lusitania, which was sunk off Kinsale, May 7, 1915, while carrying the Cameronia's passengers For the last

Cameronia's passengers. For the last two years the Cameronia has been used in the transport service. London, May 19.—Fourteen drifters have been sunk in a raid by Austrian light cruisers in the Adriatic sea, and that the British cruiser Dartmouth was that the British cruiser Dartmouth was torpedoed in a subsequent engagement with the Austrian warships, but reached port safely, has been announced.

The admiralty stated that the British warships Dartmouth and Bristol pur-sued the Austrian vessels to a point near Camaro, when, battleships coming to their assistance, the British vessel were compelled to withdraw.

A drifter is a steam fishing vessel, many of which have been used during the war in mine sweeping.

Rome. May 19.-(via Paris)-The fol-lowing official communication was is-

"An enemy squadron, composed of cruisers and destroyers, favored by darkness, attacked shortly before dawn on the 15th a small convoy crossing the Adriatic under escort. In the brief, unPresident Signs Draft Bill, and Denies Roosevelt's Plea-To Draft Entire

Guard.

Washington, D. C., May 21-The war army bill as passed by congress and finally reviewed by the war department went back to the White House and was signed by President Wilson. The president's signature set in motion immediately machinery designed to pro-duce within a year's time a national army of more than 1,000,000 trained and equipped men, backed by adequate re-serves of men and supplies and by an additional 500,000 soldiers under train-

ing. The proclamation by the president calls approximately 10,000,000 men from 21 to 30 years of age to register for mil-itary service and setting the date for

registration. Indications are that registration will begin about June 5, to be completed within five days. The first 500,000 mer will be called to the colors about September 1

All existing regiments of the national All existing regiments of the halonal guard will be called into service by August 5, and officials estimate that with from a month to six weeks' inten-sive training these troops will be ready to go forward for final preparation be-hind the fighting lines in Europe.

### Draft Entire Guard.

The national guardsmen will be drafted into the federal service in three increments on July 15, July 25 and August 5. As a general order is issued by the president drafting gradient for the service of by the president drafting specific regi-ments, the force will cease to be militia and become part of the armies of the United States

Colonel Roosevelt will not be per-mitted to raise his volunteer expedition to carry the American flag against the Germans in France.

On signing the war army bill Presi-dent Wilson issued a statement say, ing that acting 'under expert advice from both sides of the water he would

from both sides of the water he would be unable to avail himself at the pres-ent stage of the war of the authoriza-tion to raise a volunteer division. There was talk in army circles of the possibility that a way will be found to use the former president's services in another way, but official comment on the subject was lacking.

### Can't Use Roosevelt.

Can't Use Roosevelt. The president's statement follows: "I shall not avail myself, at any rate at the present stage of the war, of the authorization conferred by the act to organize volunteer divisions. To do so would seriously interfere with the car-rying out of the chief and most imme-diately important purpose contemplated by this legislation the prompt creation by this legislation, the prompt creation and early use of an extensive army, and would contribute practically nothing to the effective strength of the armies now engaged against Germany.

"I understand that the section of this act which authorizes the creation of volunteer divisions in addition to the draft was added with a view to pro-viding an independent command for Mr. Roosevelt and giving him the military authority and opportunity to use his fine vigor and enthusiasm in recruiting the forces now at the western front.

### He'd Like to Do It.

"It would be very agreeable to me to pay Mr. Roosevelt this compliment and the allies the compliment of sending to their aid one of our most distinguished their aid one of our most distinguished public men, an ex-president who bas rendered many conspicuous public services and proved his gallantry in many striking ways. Politically, too, it would no doubt have a very fine effect and make a profound impression. But this is not the time or the occasion for compliment or for any action not cal-culated to contribute to the immediate

Nation, Not Only Army, Must FIRST VICTIM Organize for War, President **REGISTER JUNE 5** Says in Draft Proclamation

Washington, D. C., May 21—President of the selective draft provision of the war army bill foliows: A proclamation by the president of the states. Market States. Sec. 5. That all male persons between the greeneral good to call him. The ages of 21 and 30, both inclusion of the states are which and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in the state manner of the common purpose of the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration in action the time and place of such registration action to the common purpose of the time and place of such registration and the nation which has volunteered in mass. It is no more a choosing of those who shall march with the colors than it as a cellent of the unwilling: it is rather selection that the action to the common purpose of the time and place of a the time state is the state of the time. Market the national guard and naval militing the the nature with the colors than it as a selection of these who shall serve an action and militing the the duity of all persons of the states. Market the national guard and naval militing the the natures the the the colors than it as a selection of the section the time and place of the united States, while in the service of the united States while in the service of the united states. Market the national guard and naval militing the the nature the the time and the the the time and the provider the time and the market with the colors than it the shale the market with the colors t the line. Urges Gap Be Filled. The day named is the time upon which and shall present themselves for assign-ment to their tasks. It is for that rea-son destined to be remembered as one of the most conspicuous moments in our his-tory. It is nothing less than the day upon which the manhood of the country shall step forward in one solid rank in de-fense of the ideals to which this nation is consecrated. It is important to those ideals no less than the day upon which the manhood of the country shall step forward in one solid rank in de-fense of the ideals to which this nation is consecrated. It is important to those ideals no less than to the pride of this generation in manifesting its devotion to them, that there be no gaps in the ranks. It is essential that the day be ap-proached in thoughtful apprehension of its significance, and that we accord to it the honor and the meaning that it deserves. Our industrial need prescribes that it be not made a technical holday, but the stern sacrifice that is before us urges that it be coarried in all our hearts as a significance, and the duty shall lie upon every man, whether he is himself to be mane of every male person of the design ated ages is written on these lists of honor. In witness whereof I have hereunto set

president has on the 18th day of May, plot, approved a law which contains the following provides. The start of the start o

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 18th day of May in the year of our Lord. 1917, and of the independence of the United States of America, the 141st. By the president: Robert Lansing. <text>

The infantry of the Iowa National Guard which will be mobilized July 15 will be entrained as border patrols to replace regulars who will go to Europe with Pershing's expedition. The Iowa infantry regiments will be kept together in training as far as practleable. It is even planned to retain the state designation when they are merged with the national army.



Fighting General May Take **Regulars to Help Hold All** of Belgium That Is Free.

### TO DRAFT ENTIRE GUARD

Legislation to Increase Army and Navy Strength Will Be Hurried --- Supplies for Expedition Rushed.

Washington, D. C., May 21-American troops when they go to the European battle front may take places to buttress the little Belgian line, so te-naciously holding fast to a strip on the extreme west—all of Belgium that escaped the German invaders.

escaped the German invaders. The war department today had no announcement to add to its terse bul-letin of last night, which merely said Maj. Gen. Pershing would lead a di-vision of regulars abroad "at as early a date as is practicable." But President Wilson's statement ex-plaining his reasons for not accepting at this time Colonel Roosevelt's offer of a division contained a phrase which has attracted much attention and sug-sested the possibility that American

has attracted much attention and sug-gested the possibility that American troops may go to Belgium—to help right the wrongs which turned the world against Germany. The president explained that the reg-ular army officers whom Colonel Roosevelt wanted to take with his di-vision were needed for "the much more pressing and necessary duty of train-ing regular troops to be put in the field in France and Belgium as fast as they can be got ready." Rush Supplies for Army.

### Rush Supplies for Army.

Rush Supplies for Army. So far as is known that was the first official mention of putting American troops in Belgium and the sentimental value of sending troops bearing the American flag to the violated soil<sup>6</sup> of the little country in whose behalf all humanity has been aroused has been recognized quickly. With the very bill now out of the way the may, bill will be put through soin increasing its strength from \$7,000 to 150,000 and the marine corps from 17,000 to an 000

to 150,00

17,000 to 30,000 All millions advisers have agreed that additional training within sound of the gats at the front must be given to forces taken to France before they took their places in the line. The reg-ulars of the expeditionary force are certain to have that training. In plac-ing new divisions in the line of battle, Great Britain has followed the practice of accustoming the men gradually to the work before them. The first 100,000 of the Kitchiner army was put in with each battalion flanked by veteran British or French troops until it found itself.

itself. Pershing to Select Site. Presumably General Pershing will select, in conference with French and British officials when he reaches the scene of action, the location for the American training camps. The part of the line to which American troops will later be assigned will also be deter-mined then. The first expedition prob-ably, also will pave the way for the armies that are to follow it as soon as they are ready.

are ready. ininimum of 329,000 fighting men be brought to the colors under orders, supplementing the 293,000 64rs who will be under arms -by e 15. It is from these forces that the

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State.

IOWA GUARDS TO

GO TO BORDER

State Troops Will Be Used to

Replace Regulars, Who

Will Accompany

Pershing.

Des Moines, Ia., May 21-Iowa's troops of the national guards will be called into federal service soon, but will not be sent to Europe at once, Adjutant General Logan today was informed by the war department. the war department. Logan wired for permission to in-crease the state's four cavalry troops by adding eight new troops and other companies to form a complete regiment and the department after granting per-

Austrian defenses north of Monte Santo.

The recent intensive fighting on the British front in France has subsided and the activities along the French lines in the Aisne region are confined mainly to counter attacks by the Germans.

The Italian offensive, with Triest for Its object, is therefore being watched with perhaps more active interest than any of the other vast military opera-tions in programs. tions in progress. General Cadorna's armies have a

heavy task before them with the cream of Austria's fighting forces defending of Austria's righting forces detending the naturally strong defensive posi-tions in the Isonzo region. The Ital-ians, however, admittedly are making progress having already taken more than 6,600 prisoners and numerous guns while the Austrian reports claim the capture of some 3,000 prisoners.

Rome, May 21—Austrian losses in dead and wounded and missing on the Italian battlefield to Tuesday is esti-mated at 12,000 and since that date probably as heavy losses have been reorded, according to dispatches received

from the front Gorizia is suffering severely from the Austrian bombardment.

## SPAIN DEMANDS PAY FOR SHIP DESTROYED

Guarantees for Future Sought by Alfonso's Government in New Protest.

London, May 19.—A Madrid dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says that the note sent by the Spanish government to Berlin in regard to the sinking of the Spanish steamer Patricio demands immediate satisfaction and guarantees for the future.

## LIGHT AND HEAT TAX SURVIVES ATTACKS

1×

House Refuses to Eliminate 5 Per Cent War Revenue Clause.

Washington, D. C., May 19.-Voting on amendments to the war tax bill oc-cupied the House again today. The first vote was on Representative Lenroot's amendment to strike out the 5 per cent taxes on light and heat bills. It failed 116 to 58.

### FRAT PINS BARRED.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., May 19.—Fratern-ity pins, college yells and motor cars were placed under the ban at the reserve officers training camp today by liquid in an uns Col. William Nicholson, commandant. west of Rheims.

qual fight, one of our es boats, one steamer and a motor fishing

"The pilots of two of our sepplanes were able to observe one of the cruisers were able to observe one of the cruisers enveloped in smoke. Its stern had been demohished and it was in a sinking con-dition when it reached Cattaro. "All of our warships and seaplanes returned to their base."

### GERMAN SUB AIDS.

Vienna, May 21.—(via London)—A British cruiser was sunk during an en-gagement with English, French and It-alian vessels after an Austrian naval detachment had made a successful raid on the strait of Otranto, on the southern coast of Italy, according to an of-ficial announcement by the admiralty Italian destroyers, three merchantmen and 20 armed guard vessels, the state ment adds, "became victims" of the Austrian raid.

A German submarine cooperated with the Austrian forces, which are said to have returned to port with small loss of life and little damage.

### BRAZIL RAILWAY TRIES OUT J. J. HILL'S PLAN

Rio De Janeiro, Brazil, May 21 .- Fo lowing an idea very similar to that adopted by James J. Hill in his "empire building," the Brazil Railway company has established a number of "nucleus colonies" along its right of way through uninhabited sections of Brazil's inter-ior. The colonists who settle in these towns are assisted by both the railroad company and the government until the become self supporting. Thirtee colonies consisting of 641 families, total of 1,593 persons, have been estab Thirteen lished in the last year, and have proved that pioneering in Brazil is a prosperous business.

### GERMANS OFF FOR HOME.

New York, May 21.-The remaining members of the Austrian diplomatic and consular party and 150 German from China were among those who booked passage on the Norwegian American liner Kristianiafjord sailing for Norway today. As the vessel is neutral and passes through neutral waters exclusively the management of the line announced there was no need of secrecy. Djelal Munif Bey, Turkish consul gen

eral and his wife and Constantin Mav-roudi Effendi, second secretary of the Turkish embassy at Washington, also were passengers.

GERMANS WIN FOOTING.

Paris, May 19 .- The Germans once

more returned to the attack on the Aisne front last night, hurling troops in waves against the French positions northwest of Bray-En-Laomesis. The war office announces that the Germans were unable to reach the French lines except on the extreme western part of the front attacked, where some German detachments won a footing in advance trenches.

Prisoners remained in the hands of the French. The Germans used burning liquid in an unsuccessful attack north-

culated to contribute to the immediate culated to contribute to the immediate successes of the war. The business in hand now is undramatic, practical and of scientific definiteness and precision. I shall act with regard to it at every

I shall act with regard to it at every step and in every particular under ex-pert and professional advice from both sides of the water. "That advice is that the men most" needed are men of the ages contem-plated in the draft provision of the pres-ent bill, not men of the age and sort contemplated in the section which auth-orizes the formation of volunteer units, and that for the preliminary training of orizes the formation of volunteer units, and that for the preliminary training of men who are to be drafted we shall need all of our experienced officers. Mr. Roosevelt told me, when J had the pleasure of seeing him a few weeks ago, that he would wish to have associated with him some of the most effective of-fleers of the regular army. He named many of those whom he would desire many of those whom he would desire to have designated for the service, and they were men who cannot possibly be spared from the too small force of of-ficers at our command for the much more pressing and necessary duty of training regular troops to be put into the field in France and Belgium as fast as they can be got ready.

### Troops to Be Regular.

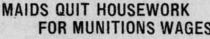
"The first troops sent to France will be taken from the present forces of the regular army and will be under the command of trained soldiers only. "The responsibilit" for the successful

conduct of our own part in this great war rests upon me. I could not escape it if I would. I am too much interested it if I would. I am too much interested in the cause we are fighting for to be interested in anything but success. The issues involved are too immense for me to take into consideration any-thing whatever except the best, most effective, most immediate means of mli-itary action. What these mans ar I know from the mouths of men who have seen war as it is now conducted; who seen war as it is now conducted; who have no illusions and to whom the whole grim affair is a matter of business. I shan center my attention upon those means and let everything else wait.

"I should be deeply to blame should I do otherwise, whatever the argument of policy for a personal gratification or advantage."

### ROOSEVELT SILENT.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., May 21-Col Theodore Roosevelt declined last night to comment on President Wilson's refusal of his offer to raise a voluntee army for immediate service in France.



Chicago, May 19.—There's a shortage of maids along the north shore today Offers of \$20 a week with board and room, private bath, laundry and other privileges for a maid and a cook are going begging at one home. Appli-cations for employment as maids have callon off from 50 to 75 per cent is fallen off from 50 to 75 per cent in Evanston, Willamette and Winnetka. Mrs. Helen Gahl, director of the employment agency at Evanston, puts the blame on the munitions factories, as does Mrs. E. N. Graham, director of the Renson avenue agency.

courtinartial may direct. Calis on Governors. Now, therefore, J. Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States, do cali upon the governors of each of the sev-eral states and territories, the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia and all officers and agents of the sev-eral states and territories, of the District of Columbia and of the counties and mu-nicipalities therein to perform certain du-ties in the execution of the foregoing law, which duties will be communicated to them directly in regulations of even date herewith.

which duties will be communicated to them directly in regulations of even date herewith. And I do, further, proclaim and give notice to all persons subject to registra-tion in the several states and in the Dis-trict of Columbia in accordance with the above law that the time and place of such registration shall be between 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. on the 5th day of June. 1317, at the registration place in the precinct wherein they have their permanent homes. Those who shall have attained their 21st birthdays and who shall not have attained their 31st birthdays on or before the day here named are required to register, excepting only officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the navy, the marine corps and the national guard and naval milita, while in the service of the United States, and officers' in the officers' reserve corps and enlisted men in the enlisted reserve corps while in active service. In the territories of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rice aday for registration will be named in a later proc-lamation. And I do charge those who through

Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico a day for registration will be named in a later proc-lamation. And I do charge those who through sickness shall be unable to present them-sickness in the county where they may be for instructions as to how they may be registered by agent. Those who expect to be absent on the day named from the counties in which they have their permanent homes may register by mail, but their malled registration cards must reach the places in which they have their permanent homes by the day named herein. They should apply as soon as practicable to the county clerk of the county wherein they may be for instruc-tions as to how they may accomplish their registration by mail. In case such per-sons as, through sickness or absence, may be unable to present themselves person-ally for registration shall sojourn in cities of over 30,000 population, they shall apply in the city clerk of the cliv wherein they may be sojourning rather than to the clerk of the county. The clerks of coun-ties and of clites of over 30,000 population in which numerous applications from the sick and from nonresidents are expected are authorized to publish such sub-agencles and to employ and deputize such clerical force as may be necessary to ac-commodate these applications. **Trains Nation for War.** 

### Trains Nation for War.



Washington, May 21-The largest appropriation bill in American history -the war budget measure carrying \$3,342,300,000 including \$750,000,000 for American merchant ships—was today passed by the Senate by viva voca vote.

### DISCUSS TAX CHANGES.

Washington, May 21 -- Important changes in the war tax bill were discussed, but none was decided upon to-day by the Senate finance committee. Prohibition of the use of land for growing tobacco was among new sugges

House rates on liquor and beer, senators said, probably will be retained, if not increased. Sentiment in the committee is strong

for an amendment to stop whisky pro-duction. Elimination, or at least can-siderable modification of the House increases on postal rates, is probable.



Eye Witnesses See One Destroyed Off Esbjerg, and Hear Sound of Guns.

Copenhagen, May 19.-(via London) -Destruction of the Zeppelin L-2? reor ed in a British announcement Mon-day, occurred off Esbjerg, within sight of the Danish coast, according to eye witnesses. These accounts indicate that not one, but two Zeppelins were destroyed on that day, inasmuch as the explosion of an airship off Terscheiling was reported from Holland at a point too distant to cover the same case. The loss of the second airship is attributed

Trains Nation for War. The power against which we are ar-the world by force. To this end it has changed the face of war. In the sense in which we have been wont to think of armies there are no armies in this struggle. There are entire nations armed. Thus, the men who that be fags. It must be so with us. It is not an army that we must shape and train for war; it is a nation. To this end army against a common foe. But this cannot be if each man pursues a private purpose. All must pursue on purpose. The nation needs all men; but it needs each man, not in the field that will most please him, but in the endeavor that will best serve the common good operate a triphammer for the forging of that will best serve the forging of that will a best serve the forging of that will a best serve the forging of that will a best serve the forging of that will best serve the forging the sizes to march with the flag, the nation

first armies to join General Pershing at the front will be drawn, to be fol-lowed within a few months '- waves from the selective draft armies, the first 500,000 of whom will be mobilized Sep-

500,000 of whom will be mobilized Sep-tember 1. General Pershing and his staff will go to Europe ahead of his troops at as early a date as practicable. He was automatically relieved of his command of the southern department by the president's orders designating him to command the troops to be sent to

command the troops to details or spec-Europe. It is requested that no details or spec-ulations with reference to the mobiliza-tion of this command, dates of de-parture or other items be carried by the press, other than the official bul-letins given out by the war department relating thereto. relating thereto.

Washington. D. C., May 21—General Pershing holds the rank of major gen-eral. It is said on good authority, how-ever, that he may be made lieutenang general. This would be possible under existing law. The need for it is found in the fact that as major general abroad In the fact that as major general about Pershing would be outranked by many foreign officers. Furthermore, the fact that Pershing goes as head of the first expedition means that he would doubt-less command the entire force of the new American army, once it is on French soil.

The possibility that the title of gen-eral, which was held by Grant may be revived, is suggested.

Washington, May 21—A regiment of marines commanded by Col. Charles A. Doyan and composed of veterans of ac-tive service in Haiti, Santo Domingo and Cuba, will accompany' the army division to be sent to France under Major General Pershing.



Home Rule Proposal Involves "Great Imperial Dangers," Viscount Midleton Says.

London, May 21—Viscount Midleton, former secretary of state for India, has written the prime minister saying that, in accordance with the premier's re-quest, he has conferred with the union-ist representatives in the west and south of Ireland, and that on their be-half he can state that they consider the proposal of home rule for a part of Ire-land involves great imperial dangers and a strengthening of the Sinn Fein movement which is "actively seditious and pro-German." and pro-German."

### SOCIALISTS CONFER.

Stockholm, May 19.—The conference of the various socialist delegations with commence Monday, each delegation holding separate meetings. The Bul-garians, Germans, Finns and Hungar-ians will meet in the order named

## FOR MUNITIONS WAGES