

The Frontier

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Address the office or the publisher.



Rheumatism.

If you are troubled with chronic or muscular rheumatism give Chamberlain's Liniment a trial. The relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. Obtainable everywhere. 47-5

Librarian's Report For April.

No. of books in library	2,253
No. of books added	60
No. of readers	1,108
No. of readers added	17
Juvenile circulation	343
Adult circulation	447
Total circulation	790
Receipts	\$0.54
Expense60
Cash on hand	\$8.06

MAYME COFFEY, Librarian.

Giving Away A Ford.

The Journal publications, The Nebraska State Journal, Lincoln Daily News and Nebraska Ruralist (semi-monthly rural magazine) are giving away another Ford, a touring car this time, to the agent turning in the most subscription business between May 1 and June 30. Anyone is eligible to become an agent and a commission is paid on all subscriptions turned in. As an additional incentive a prize of \$25 cash is offered the agent turning in the most business in the contest before May 31.

Soukup-Carlon.

Married, at the residence of Rev. M. F. Cassidy last Tuesday morning, Leonard E. Soukup and Miss Josie Carlon, Rev. Father Giblin officiating, in the presence of a few of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. After the wedding ceremony the bridal couple left on the 7:20 Burlington for a short wedding trip to Iowa, after which they will return and make their home in this city.

The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Soukup, pioneer and well known residents of Iowa township. He has made his home in this city for the past couple of years and at the present time is manager of the McManus grocery. He is a young man of sterling integrity and of good business ability and has a host of friends in this city and vicinity.

The bride is the daughter of Judge Thomas Carlon and for five years was the efficient clerk of the county court. She is a charming and winsome young lady and one that numbers her friends by the score in this city and county.

The Frontier joins the many friends of the young people in wishing them many years of wedded happiness and bliss.

THE PROHIBITION LAW.

(Continued from page one.)

Sec. 13. Consignments, marketing, opening.—It shall be unlawful to deliver, consign, transport or accept any intoxicating liquors destined to any point within this state, for any purpose, unless there shall be plainly and legibly inscribed on the exterior of the vessel or vessels containing such liquors, and on the exterior of the package containing the vessels in large legible letters the words "Intoxicating Liquors," and in equally plain and legible letters words indicating the use for which said liquor is intended, whether for "medical, mechanical, scientific or sacramental purposes;" or to consign or receive by any fictitious name, or by any other name than the correct and true name of the consignee and consignor; and it shall be unlawful for any person, carrier, agent, or employee to open any package containing intoxicating liquors in transit, or undelivered, or to separate or divide any package, or part thereof, in any manner whatsoever. Violation hereof shall constitute a misdemeanor and shall subject the offender to a fine of not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty, nor more than sixty days, and the costs of prosecution.

Sec. 14. Same—record of shipments.—Any common or special carrier, or any person, who shall carry any intoxicating liquor into this state, or

What's The Use?

I have about made up my mind that it's no use quoting prices week after week when after 21 months of quoting prices at less than the goods could be bought wholesale, one man that I saved over \$40 on one bill walked up town and threw the \$40 away in one of my competitors' stores. What he needs is a good kick in the britches. Every town in the United States has cut out the delivery systems in order to cut the cost off goods. The cost of deliveries in O'Neill runs over \$1700 per month and they have put on 5 more wagons in the last three months. They do this to show their contempt for the country trade that does not receive any benefit from it but has to pay the costs.

Half the countries of the world are today fighting for their homes and their honor. You can put in some good ticks without fighting, by trading in the Only Cash Store in O'Neill with no free delivery. Why don't you show your independence by being independent. When stores have pushed you out the door year after year with high prices why do you go back for another push. Why don't you trade at the store that started right and stayed right? Any store that runs a wagon or sells goods on credit does not try to save you money. Cash customers who carry home their own goods can make those others pay their own bills and pay for their own deliveries by trading at this store.

Any woman who buys 4 sacks of flour and bakes her own bread will save just \$51.75 that the bakery charges for baking four bags of flour. Every week there is a man who carries his oil can right by my door and walks up town and pays 5c per gallon more for his oil. What's the use putting prices in the paper for men like that. He thinks he is showing me something but he fools himself, it's not my money he is spending.

By printing prices in the paper I stopped every storekeeper in O'Neill and Holt County from raising their prices. I saved you dollars and dollars and besides I had to buy my goods on war prices and compete with old stuff they had on their shelves since 1492. The day before yesterday I beat S. R. & Co. \$6.95 on a \$24 bill of goods besides the freight. I can beat them \$25.00 on a \$100 bill. Besides I have a better grade of stuff. The war isn't over yet—the seeds we planted is not harvested yet—your coal bins are empty for next winter—your flour bins are almost empty—your hog yards and cattle yards are not half what they were and it's a long time till Christmas. If you don't start to save pretty soon you won't have anything to save.

If you try to put a sack of Gold Medal flour in any other bag you will find out why more people use Gold Medal than anything else.

If you try to drink any other coffee after using Monarch you will find out something else. If you trade at this store a while you will find you will kick yourself for not coming here sooner. You can show your patriotism in no better way than by saving your money—and carrying home your stuff.

One of my own clerks went up town and bought a coat and paid just three times as much as he could have bought it from himself in my store. I had another clerk who paid 10c for talcum powder in Omaha that he could get for 9c in my store. How can a man blame the people when the clerks don't know anything? I have some good clerks now who will give you the right prices and have your stuff ready when you want to go home.

By hoarding grub and clothes yourself you make it hard for price controllers to stick you later on. Its no worse for the private individual to hoard grub than for some speculator. Last year I told you if you didn't can goods yourself the canning Company would can them for you and you would have to pay the difference. I guess you are paying it.

- 11 Pounds of Sugar 99c
- For
- Soap—Electric Spark 39c
- 11 Bars
- Post Toasties, Large Size 25c
- Two For
- Grape Nuts 33c
- Three Packages
- Oranges 35c
- Three Dozen
- Peanut Butter 19c
- 25 Cent Size
- 10 Pound 25c Bulk Coffee and 5 Pounds of 60c Tea and a bag of Gold Medal Flour and a pair of Overalls, worth of goods 10.85
- For 7.30

The water will be a foot deep when I can't sell goods.

JOHN BRENNAN Cash Does It.

error, file with the County Judge of the county, where said place of business is located, a notice of said application.

Sec. 21. Permit to sell liquor—remorseless—petition to revoke permits.—Any resident of the county where such business is located, or an officer of the state charged with the enforcement of this act, may file a remonstrance with the county judge against the issuance of such permit, or make petition to revoke any permit theretofore issued, alleging that the applicant for, or the holder of, such permit, is not of good reputation or standing, or alleging that he has violated or failed to comply with any of the provisions of this act. Upon the filing of such remonstrance or petition to revoke, the county judge shall inform the Governor thereof and notify the applicant for, or the holder of, the permit, and fix a time within five days for the hearing thereof, and if on the hearing of said remonstrance or petition to revoke, the applicant for a permit or holder of a permit shall be found not to be of good reputation, standing, or character, or if it be found that he has violated or failed to comply with any of the provisions of this

act, judgment shall be entered denying him the right to procure such permit, or revoking the permit if theretofore issued, and the judge shall so notify the Governor. From the judgment of the county judge either party may appeal as in other cases. It shall be unlawful for the Governor to issue a permit to any person the right to which is denied by the county judge until said judgment shall be reversed.

Sec. 22. Bonds.—Before a wholesale druggist, or registered pharmacist or manufacturer of alcohol may lawfully manufacture, sell, offer for sale, barter, or give away intoxicating liquors for the purpose aforesaid, he shall first give a bond in addition to the other provisions in this act contained, in the sum of two thousand dollars for each separate place of business, payable to the state of Nebraska, signed as surety by a duly incorporated surety company authorized by the laws of this state to transact business, or a personal bond, the surety qualifying in real estate in double the amount of the bond, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned that he will not violate any of the provisions of this act, and that he will pay all damages, fines and penalties which may be adjudged against him for a violation of the provision of this act. Any bond taken pursuant to this section may be sued upon for the use of any person, or his legal representative, who may be injured by reason of the unlawful selling or giving away of any intoxicating liquor by such wholesale druggist, manufacturer, or registered pharmacist, as the case may be, or by his agent or servant.

The approval of said bond shall be endorsed by the Governor and filed with the county clerk of the county wherein the wholesale druggist, or registered pharmacist, or manufacturer has his place of business. Authority to sell intoxicating liquors shall be granted only to bona fide citizens of this state or to corporations duly authorized to transact business in this state.

Sec. 23. Scientific purposes—hospitals.—All persons who use alcohol in scientific laboratories or hospitals, and who are exempt from the payment of a United States Internal Revenue liquor dealers' tax therefor, and who have complied with all of the conditions required by the United States Collector of Internal Revenue, may purchase from wholesale druggists and manufacturers and keep pure ethyl alcohol for scientific purposes and for use in hospitals. It shall be unlawful for any person who uses alcohol for scientific, laboratory, or hospital purposes, as in this section described, to use or sell any part of such alcohol as an intoxicating liquor or to make therefrom any intoxicating liquor or to sell, give away, or dispose of any ethyl alcohol, or any intoxicating liquor, unless it has been treated or combined with some other ingredient, or according to some formula permitted by the United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue, as will render it unfit to be used as a beverage.

Sec. 24. Sacramental use.—It shall be unlawful for persons authorized to sell any intoxicating liquor for sacramental purposes until the proposed purchaser thereof shall make, a statement in writing that in the transaction he is the representative of a church or religious society, naming it, that he is authorized by such organization to make the purchase, that the liquor is wanted for use in their sacramental services, and that such use is according to the accepted doctrines of such church or religious society, and that such intoxicating liquors will not be used for any other purpose than that specified in such statement. Such statement shall then be deposited with the person selling such liquors and a record made of such sale as herein provided. No more than one sale may be lawfully made under one statement. Any other or different use of the intoxicating liquors by the purchaser than that named in this statement is hereby declared unlawful.

Any church goods house having a stock of goods of the amount and value of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) may manufacture and sell wine for sacramental purposes upon taking out the permit and complying with requirements of this act in the case of wholesale druggists, and any person making a false statement for the purpose of obtaining intoxicating liquors under this section shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this act.

Sec. 25. Physicians prescriptions.—Nothing in this act contained shall be taken or construed to prevent any regularly licensed and practicing physician or veterinary surgeon from using, prescribing, or issuing prescriptions, or compounding and dispensing medicines for his own patients, requiring the use of intoxicating liquors compounded with ingredients, provided the other ingredients, with which it is mixed or compounded are of such character, and used in such quantities, as to render the same unfit for use as a beverage. All such prescriptions shall be on numbered forms, furnished, dated and signed by said physician or veterinary surgeon stating specifically the ingredients and the liquor, and giving the name of the person for whom the prescription is issued. All such prescriptions shall be kept on file by the pharmacist or physician or veterinary surgeon filling the same and open to inspection at all times during business hours to the county attorney of the county and the Governor. PROVIDED, that any such prescription issued by any licensed veterinary surgeon shall, in addition to the requirements above set forth, state the name or names of the owner of such animal for which such prescription is issued.

Sec. 26. Dentists.—Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent any regularly licensed and practicing dentist from using ethyl alcohol for his own patients, or in his profession, when compounded with other ingredients so as to make it unfit for use as a beverage.

Sec. 27. Pharmacopoeial preparation.—That the provisions of this act shall not be construed to apply to the preparation, sale distribution, giving away, disposing or possession of any alcoholic compound, preparation, or remedy, containing drugs, or medicines which does not contain more alcohol

Read!

Seed Beans for Sale Here All the Potatoes You Want to Buy

Can Pumpkin At 9 Cents	Two Cans Sweet Spuds 25 Cents	One Quart Mason Jar Cocoa 19 Cents	Oil 10 Cents Per Gallon
Oranges At 13 Cents Dozen	Bulk Coffee 19 Cents Pound	German Dyed Overalls \$1.25 Each	Rumford's 1 Pound B. Powder 19 Cents
Ladies' Waists 25 Cents Each	Picnic Hams At 21 Cents	Children's Dresses At 35c Each	No. 3 Large Can B. Beans 19 Cents

10 large packages oatmeal \$1.98 J. P. Gallagher

than is necessary for the legitimate purpose of extraction, solution, or preservation, and which contains drugs, whether singly or in compatible combination, in sufficient quantities to so medicate such compound, preparation, or remedy, as to make them medical preparations or compounds, and to render such compound, preparation or remedy unfit for use as a beverage; nor to mechanical, culinary, or toilet preparations which contain no more alcohol than is necessary to dissolve the oils, or extract the desired active principles and hold them in solution, provided that such compounds, preparations, remedies, perfumes, essences, extracts, and syrups, are not manufactured, bought, sold or dealt in for use as a beverage or intoxicant, and provided further that such compounds, preparations, remedies, perfumes, essences, extracts, and syrups, are unfit for use as beverages.

Sec. 28. Nuisances, abatement, injunction.—The whole or any part of all buildings, tenements, or places where intoxicating liquors are manufactured, sold, stored, kept for sale, or barter, or given away in violation of law, or where persons resort for purposes of drinking intoxicating liquor as a beverage, and all such intoxicating liquors, bottles, lockers, glasses, jugs, kegs, pumps, bars, containers, fixtures and other property used in maintaining such place, contrary to law or in violating any provisions of this act, are hereby declared to be common nuisances, and may be penalized, abated, and enjoined as herein-after provided.

Sec. 29. Same—injunction—application—procedure.—Whenever a nuisance is kept, maintained or exists, as defined in this act, the county attorney or any citizen of the county may maintain an action in equity in the name of the state of Nebraska upon the relation of such county attorney or citizen, to perpetually enjoin said nuisance, the person or persons conducting or maintaining the same, and the owner or agent of the building or ground upon which said nuisance exists. In such action, the court, or a judge in vacation, shall, upon the presentation of a petition alleging that the nuisance complained of exists, allow a temporary writ of injunction if it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the court or judge that such injunction is proper, by evidence in the form of affidavit, depositions, oral testimony or otherwise.

(Continued on page five.)

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Shoes that will give you service, and, because of early purchases, prices are less than they would ordinarily be.

Those who enjoy golfing will tell you that there is but one all-important feature in selecting footwear for such sports—Comfort.

But we can go them one better, for the complete assortment of Sport Shoes which we can show you are not alone comfortable, but are Stylish, Good-Looking, Low Priced and Fit Perfectly.

Treat your feet to a pair of distinctively styled Shoes—join the army of good dressers who believe in preparedness.

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"Cash Booterie"