

MUTUAL NON-ARMAMENT AGREEMENT IS URGED

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 21.—The establishment of a mutual agreement among the nations of the western hemisphere similar to the non armament agreement between the United States and Canada was urged in a report submitted to the house of deputies of the Protestant Episcopal convention today by a commission headed by Rev. Henry Lubeck, of New York.

The report of the commission was placed on the house calendar.

The report said: "By agreement, armament on the great lakes has been limited and the border has been unfortified for 100 years and our relations with our northern neighbors are increasingly cordial. We are part of a new American union with our Latin-American neighbors. This extends the cooperative idea over the whole western hemisphere and makes for peace. These are practical successes and suggestions for the organization of making in the interest of the normal condition of peace."

The commission said that a similar agreement on the part of European nations was a possibility and would tend toward a permanent condition of international peace. The delegates to the general convention and the women's auxiliary were guests this afternoon at a reception at the Missouri botanical gardens, a park and garden given to the city by the late Henry Shaw.

NEW STEAMSHIP LINE REPORTED ORGANIZED

New York, Oct. 21.—A new steamship company, to be known as the Anchor-Donaldson line, organized by a fusion of the interests of the established Anchor and Donaldson steamship companies, has been organized for Glasgow-Canadian passengers and freight trade, according to a cablegram received here today by local representatives of the Anchor line.

Directors of both companies will be represented on the directorate of the new company with Sir Alfred Booth, of the Cunard as chairman, the Cunard line having large interests in the Anchor line. The steamer, Letitia, Cassandra and Saturnia, heretofore flying the Donaldson line flag, will be transferred to the new organization.

The Donaldson line is now operating a service between Liverpool, the River Plate and other European American ports. It has a fleet of 25 ships, totaling \$9,992 tons. The Anchor line operates a passenger and freight service between Glasgow and New York, calling at Liverpool, in conjunction with Cunard service. It has a fleet of 15 ships, with a total tonnage of 114,222 tons.

JAPANESE WORKERS IN WEST WILL ORGANIZE

Chicago, Oct. 21.—First steps in an attempt to solve the Japanese labor problem on the Pacific coast were taken here today with announcement that the nine Japanese labor unions, to affiliate into a separate Japanese labor council, have been formed and that the movement would be extended throughout California, Oregon and Washington. The action follows suggestions made recently by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor in a letter to San Francisco labor leader B. Susuki, president of the Laborers' Friendly Society of Japan, who fathered organization of the Japanese, said he would have 30,000 Japanese workmen in California members of such unions within a year.

OYSTER BEDS INFECTED BY STRANGE NEW MALADY

Washington, D. C.—(by mail).—Why is the oyster in some of the waters of the Chesapeake and Atlantic coast region dying?

Does the oyster hibernate? What, in general, is the life history of the oyster?

These and other facts are being searched for by the scientists of the department of agriculture, or more specifically, of the bureau of oyster industry. Millions of folks have been eating oysters for years and don't know much about them. In fact, science has yet a lot to learn about the oyster.

But with the soaring cost of living and the oyster becoming more and more useful for food purposes, it becomes of moment that the government food experts know all about the oyster. And they have set out to learn it.

Not only that, but the pollution of the oyster and the sale or offering for sale of oysters which have been soaked in water until they have absorbed a lot of it and their weight has been thus increased, are matters which the bureau of chemistry is sharply watching.

Oystermen and shellfish experts, including the Maryland shellfish commissioner, are much concerned over the evidences that a strange malady is visiting some of the oyster beds and killing off the oysters. The disease has not been defined, but it is being studied. Why the oysters from one bed should die off suddenly and those from a nearby bed not be affected is something the oyster sharps of the government and of the states, as well as oystermen, are pondering painfully over. They have not reached a solution.

People of Washington and other localities where the oyster is largely used, the consumers are concerned chiefly in two ways in which oysters may be adulterated in the meaning of the pure food law. The first method is by pollution, that is, by handling of oysters which have grown in filthy water near mouths of sewers and the like. The second method is by putting oysters in water less salt than the water in which the oysters have grown, and thus causing them to drink in water and add to their weight. It is a simple thing to add 20 or 25 per cent to the weight of oysters by soaking them in fresh water or water nearly fresh and this practice of watering oysters has been so common the government is working hard to break it up as an adulteration under the food and drugs act.

According to a South Dakota scientist who has studied thousands of cases about 4 per cent of human beings are born left handed.

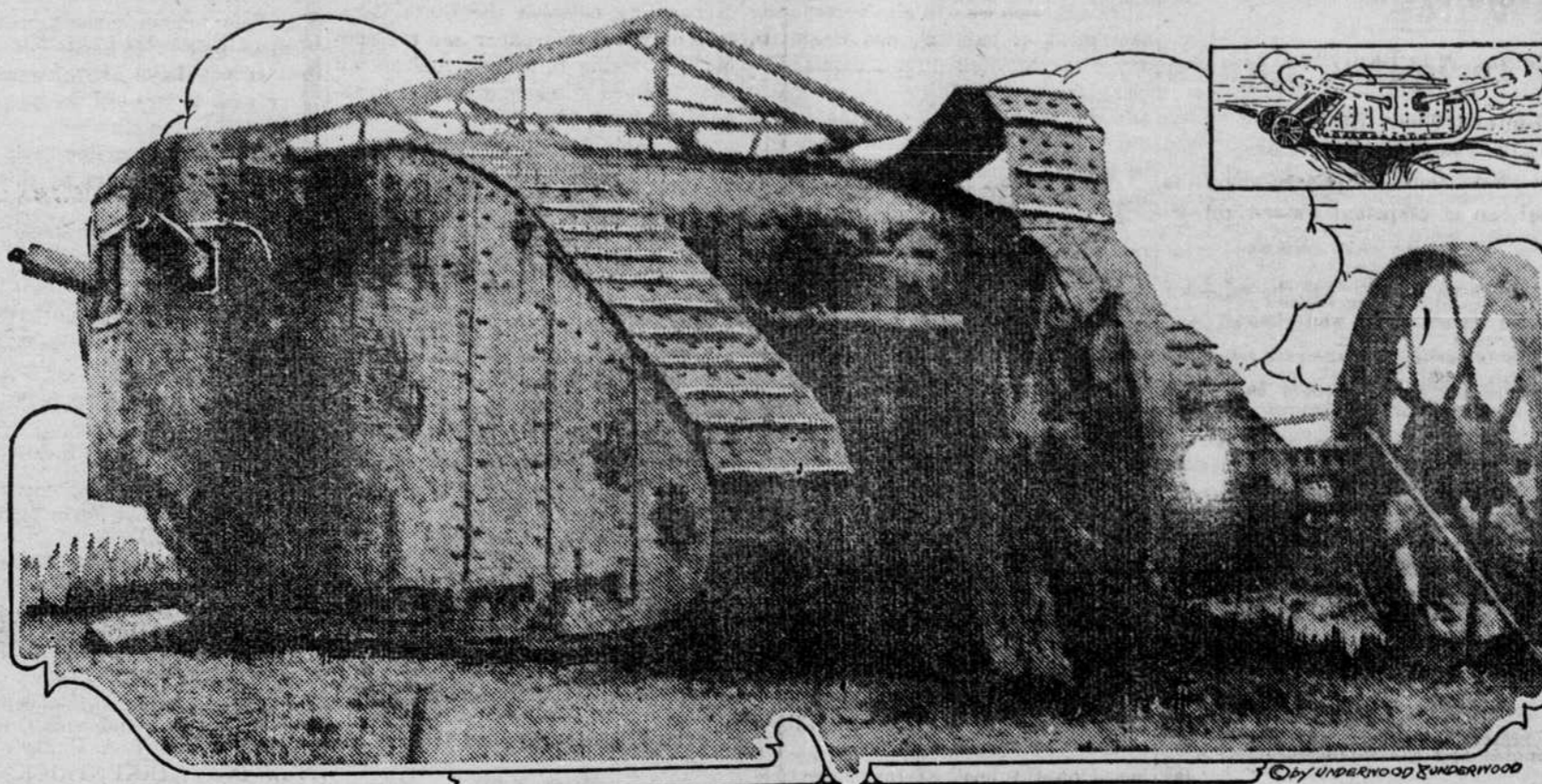
To suffer a broken leg by being hit on the head was the queer experience of the Syracuse man who got into one controversy too many the other day, the strangeness of the case not being lessened by the fact that his leg was artificial.

Strong interest in baseball is developing in the Central American republic of Honduras. At first the game interested only foreign residents in some of the towns of the republic, but now, it is reported, is working hard to break it up as an adulteration under the food and drugs act.

Strong interest in baseball is developing in the Central American republic of Honduras. At first the game interested only foreign residents in some of the towns of the republic, but now, it is reported, is working hard to break it up as an adulteration under the food and drugs act.

Strong interest in baseball is developing in the Central American republic of Honduras. At first the game interested only foreign residents in some of the towns of the republic, but now, it is reported, is working hard to break it up as an adulteration under the food and drugs act.

HERE IT IS! FIRST ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH OF BRITISH "TANK" IN UNITED STATES



This is the great British armored "tank" or caterpillar tractor, the last word in the modern machinery of war. Although artists have drawn from description numerous pictures of the British land-dreadnought during the past few weeks, this is the first picture of the "tank" to reach this country. The steel protected monster crosses streams, climbs hills, varitably leaps chasms and mows down hundreds as it is guided on its way.

BANKS TO DIVIDE BIG FRENCH LOAN

About \$100,000,000 Will Be Advanced 25 to 50 Concerns to Finance Purchases in America.

New York, Oct. 23.—Banks throughout the country will be allowed to participate in accepting bills of French industrial concerns for whom bankers here are arranging a credit. It is announced, of approximately \$100,000,000, to cover purchases of goods in this country. The credit is the largest of the kind ever undertaken, it is said.

From 25 to 50 French concerns will be represented and to make their bills acceptable to American bankers who have not the facilities to investigate their credit 120 per cent in French treasury bonds will be deposited here as security. The acceptances, it is stated, will run for 90 days, with the privilege of five renewals, making the full length of the credit a year and a half.

The acceptances will be distributed so that the liabilities each bank assumes will be divided among a good many of the French concerns. The credit is being arranged by the Guaranty Trust company, the Bankers' Trust company, and William P. Bonbright & Co.

MILLIONS ARE URGED TO AID IN ARMENIAN RELIEF

New York, Oct. 21.—Subscriptions and collections will be taken throughout the United States today and tomorrow for the relief of destitute and starving Armenians and Syrian subjects of the Turkish empire, according to a proclamation issued by President Wilson. An appeal has been issued to the 17,000,000 Sunday school children of America to contribute. Armenians and Syrians in this country are fasting today in order to give the money usually spent for food to relief work.

The American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief estimates that about \$5,000,000 is needed for Armenians alone and that at least \$1,000,000 is necessary for the Syrians. The committee says: "There were 2,000,000 Armenians when the war began. Three quarters of a million have perished. A quarter of a million are refugees in other countries. One million remain who must be fed and clothed and put upon their feet again. The situation of the Syrians is similar."

RUSSIA WILL SUE FOR PEACE HE IS INFORMED

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 21.—Hugo Muensterberg, professor of psychology at Harvard university, in an address last night, before the International Policy club of the university, asserted that he had been reliably informed that Russia and Germany would sign terms of a separate peace before spring and that after this peace there would be an alliance between Germany, Russia and Japan.

"I know from reliable sources," he said, "that Russia is out of joint, is half bankrupt, is starving and will be ready for a separate peace before spring. The result is to be an alliance between Germany, Austria, Russia and Japan. Japan and Russia are pushing toward this combination and an overwhelming majority of the German people would welcome it today."

"It is the old Bismarckian tradition that Germany ought to be the friend of Russia and that such an alliance would be her surest protection."

GRANDSON OF TENNYSON IS WOUNDED IN FRANCE

London, Oct. 21.—The latest list of wounded from France includes the name of Capt. Lionel Hallam Tennyson, eldest son of Lord Tennyson and grandson of the poet. This is the second time that Captain Tennyson has been wounded.

MOHAIR IS SELLING FOR RECORD PRICES

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 21.—The highest price ever paid for mohair in Texas was paid today when 150,000 pounds was sold to eastern buyers at 56 cents, which was 20 cents a pound higher than was paid a year ago. The consignment came from the late clip at Uvalde and was said to be of average quality.

NEARLY 30,000 GUARDS NOT YET IN SERVICE

Washington, Oct. 21.—There are 28,169 enlisted men of the National guard not yet called into federal service, but who, having taken the dual enlistment required by the army reorganization bill, may share in federal appropriations for state troops.

This was disclosed today by the war department apportionment among the United States of approximately \$2,000,000 of the \$3,000,000 available. By direction of the secretary of war, the allotment is made on the basis of the enlisted strength in each state, not called into the federal service at the time the apportionment is made. The apportionment is made strictly upon the basis of state troops not called into federal service. Troops in the federal service are not regarded as guardsmen for the purpose of the apportionment.

New York received the largest sum \$497,185, with 7,541 enlisted men shown in the record. Iowa with 27 not in the federal service received the low allotment of \$3,886. Hawaii received \$329,551.

AMERICAN WOMAN IS DECORATED BY SERBIA

Vodena, Greece, Oct. 19, (via London), Oct. 21.—Crown Prince Alexander, of Serbia, has decorated personally Mrs. Charles Farnham, of New York, with the order of St. Sava for her services in Serbian relief work. Mrs. Farnham was the first woman of any nationality to enter reconquered Serbian territory. She accompanied the crown prince when the Serbians crossed the Cer river above Dobroveni and stormed the Bulgarian stronghold of Brod.

Berlin, (via London), Oct. 21.—A conference in which all the leading ministers of the German federal states will participate, will be held in Berlin today. Invitations for the meeting already issued by the imperial chancelor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg. The conference will deal with food problems, mainly the question of providing the empire with potatoes for the winter.

CONSIDER FOOD PROBLEM.

Berlin, (via London), Oct. 21.—Western railroads have abandoned proposed changes in regulations and practices governing grain shipments in transit, the Interstate Commerce commission today has abandoned its proposed investigation.

OUR AMERICAN BASEBALL ENTERTAINS PROMINENT CANADIANS IN EUROPE



General Sam Hughes and the Duchess of Devonshire watching a baseball game in London.

American baseball has been taken up in England and has the enthusiastic support of Canadians who have known the game at home. In the picture General Sam Hughes is seen watching a baseball game with the Duchess of Devonshire, wife of Canada's new governor-general and the "First Lady of Canada." General Hughes has received high praise from King George for his work in recruiting.

VON KLUCK IS GIVEN AN HONORABLE POST

Man Who Led Drive on Paris No Longer in Active Army Service.

Berlin, Oct. 23.—(by wireless to Sayville.)—Field Marshal von Kluck who commanded the right of the German army during the invasion of France in the fall of 1914, has been appointed by Emperor William chief of the Sixth Pomeranian regiment, an honorary position.

A Berlin dispatch received yesterday, said the field marshal who has not been in active service since he was wounded in the spring of last year, had been placed on the retired list at his own request.

PREMIER OF AUSTRIA IS SHOT DOWN

London, Oct. 21.—The premier of Austria has been shot. Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says the premier, Count Karl Stuegh, was shot today by the publisher of a Vienna newspaper named Abler, according to a telegram received at Amsterdam from Berlin.

INQUIRY DROPPED.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 21.—Western railroads have abandoned proposed changes in regulations and practices governing grain shipments in transit, the Interstate Commerce commission today has abandoned its proposed investigation.

CHINESE SOIL IS TAKEN BY FRENCH

Square Mile of Territory Seized at Tien Tsin—Chinese Government Lodges a Protest.

Peking, Oct. 23.—A square mile of territory adjoining the French concessions at Tien Tsin, has been forcibly seized by the French consul with the assistance of troops. The Chinese police were arrested and Frenchmen substituted for them. Replying to a protest from the Chinese foreign office, the French legation at Peking replied it assumed the responsibility for the action and for any violence that might result.

The district occupied by the French is thickly populated and the Chinese are threatening violence as they have stubbornly resisted for many years annexation to the French concession and in this protest to the French legation, the foreign officers gave warning that it would not be responsible if violence resulted.

The Chinese press is violently assailing the action of the French, declaring that it surpasses Japanese aggression in actual in warfare against defenseless China.

GERMANY WILL RAISE FIFTH BIG WAR LOAN

Amsterdam, Oct. 20.—(via London, Oct. 21.)—Advices received here from Berlin are to the effect that a bill will be held in the reichstag Saturday asking for a new war credit of 12,000,000,000 marks.

RAILROADS ARE SUFFERING GREATEST CAR SHORTAGE

New York, Oct. 21.—Railroads of the United States are suffering from the greatest shortage of cars ever experienced at this time of the year, according to figures made public here today. On September 30 there was a net shortage of 61,030 cars. This compares with a surplus of 131,027 cars on October 1, 1914 and of 78,299 on the corresponding date last year.

The greatest shortage is in box cars, totaling 33,016, while coal and gondola cars total 19,872. The greatest shortage of box cars is in the granger states. Railroad men say the high point of the shortage will be reached next month.

SUPREME JUSTICE, LIFE REPUBLICAN, FOR WILSON

New York, Oct. 21.—John Ford, a justice of the supreme court in New York, a life long republican, announced today that he will vote for President Wilson.

"I am a Yankee, but I am proud of my Irish blood," he said today. "I was born in this country, but my father was born in County Roscommon and mother in County Mayo. This makes me pretty much of an Irishman, but I am no hyphenate, and the propaganda against our president in certain quarters entirely disgusts me."

CARRANZA TROOPS ARE ON HUNT FOR BANDITS

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 21.—Carranza troops are operating in the territory between the American expeditionary command and Villa forces to the south, according to a report from General Pershing received by General Funston today. The dispatch said that definite information regarding location of the bandits were lacking. Official reports have not yet reached headquarters concerning the new campaign against Villa undertaken by de facto troops under General Ozuena.

HUGHES TO OHIO.

New York, Oct. 21.—Charles E. Hughes' remaining campaign tours will include trips through New England, New York state, Ohio, Indiana, winding up here with speeches at Madison Square Garden, November 2. He will resume his speech making here, Tuesday, October 24. Mr. Hughes spent today resting in Montclair, N. J.

FIVE OF CREW LOST.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 21.—Five of the crew of 19 men are reported drowned with the sinking of the tug Shaun Rhoe, owned by the Dunbar-Sullivan dredging company of Detroit, off Kingsville, Ont., during a storm, early this morning. Vessels are going to the rescue.

UNCLE SAM HOLDS NEARLY THIRD OF ALL WORLD'S GOLD

Exactly 32 Per Cent of Total Supply Now Held By This Country—\$2,000,000,000 In Treasury.

DISPOSITION IS PROBLEM.

Government Officials and Financiers Wonder What Will Be Influence on Future and Business.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Uncle Sam now has a third of the world's stock of gold and more is coming into the country daily.

What is going to be done with it, and what will become of the enormous gold supply after the war?

These are questions over which treasury officials, bankers, business men and students of finance of every sort are pondering. They are worrying over the spectacle of the streams of yellow metal pouring into the United States and over the possibilities of the unsettling of conditions when the war ends and, as many suppose, the huge gold supply will proceed to leave the country.

Hold 32 Per Cent. Director of the Mint, Voss Emgleken has had figures prepared which show in exact terms that 32 per cent of the stock of gold of the world is held in this country. This is more than is being held by any other nation. Gold has been coming into this country on the average at the rate of about 100,000,000 a day above ordinary importations, for the last two years. Not long ago it was entering this country at the rate of \$25,000,000 a week.

The treasury statement shows that in gold coin and bullion the treasury holds approximately \$2,000,000,000. This does not include huge sums held in other hands in this country.

De-letting Europe. Europe is making enormous war supply purchases here and this is one reason gold is pouring in. Enormous volumes of new gold are being added to the world's supply. Moreover, say experts of the treasury, great sums in gold are being taken out of the socks and various hiding places of the people of Europe. Much of this is finding its way here. That the presence of the extraordinary volume of gold in this country tends to inflation is generally admitted.

Some of the government experts on finance see danger in the situation and fear that once the war is over and gold begins to move out there will be hard times.

To this matter of the movement of the world's gold supply after the war and the financial conditions which will obtain after the war, there are so many angles that, as one treasury expert remarked today: "You see a new phase of it every time you look."

Depends Upon Belligerents. In the first place, no one knows what will be the financial situation of the belligerent nations after the war. They are piling up staggering debts. Some of them are already issuing paper money, not backed by gold, but by a simple government promise to pay. They are like the "greenbacks" of this country. The interest burdens of some of the nations, Germany, for instance, will be such that it is a question whether these loans would be met.

Hence it is a fair interrogatory whether there will be repudiation of the debts of some of the European governments when the war ends. Any such thing, of course, would have far reaching financial effects.

Will Affect Trade. Bearing in mind the departure of gold from this country after the war, a high treasury official today said England, Germany and other great European nations would be organized industrially as never before when the war closed and it might be expected they would purchase a little from us as practicable. In the purchase of cereals, foodstuffs and raw materials, colonies would be given preference.

The European countries would sell us as much as possible. The tendency would be to draw gold from the country. Perhaps loans would be met to foreign countries, and, unless the money was spent here, outward movement of gold would be caused. This official pointed out that if the United States secured a heavy trade with South America it would help this country materially after the war.

But he added that he saw little sign that trade expansion in South America and Latin America was being brought about in a fashion which would enable this country to hold its own after the European struggle.

Handy But Didn't Need It. As this official looks at it, it would be highly desirable if the United States had much less gold but to have it depart would be a hardship for a time. He declared if the huge gold stock remained here four or five years it would have a demoralizing effect on the population and then any loss of it would be accompanied by all the more difficulty in the readjustment and reorganization.

MEXICAN EX-PRESIDENT WEDS YOUNG MANICURE

New Orleans, La., Oct. 21.—Francisco Carranza, former provisional president of Mexico and for the last year international lawyer with offices here, was married yesterday afternoon to Miss Louise Martin, 20-year-old manicure in a local hotel. The romance dates back a year to when the former president of Mexico had his nails manicured in the hotel barber shop.

RELEASE THREE PITCHERS.

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—George Chalmers, George McQuillan and Chief Bender, veteran pitchers of the Philadelphia Nationals' baseball club, will be released next season, according to a statement of Mgr. Pat Moran today. They will be replaced by younger players.

RAPHAEL COLLIN DEAD.

Paris, Oct. 21.—Raphael Collin, artist, is dead. He was 65 years old, an officer of the Legion of Honor, and a member of the academie des Beaux Arts.