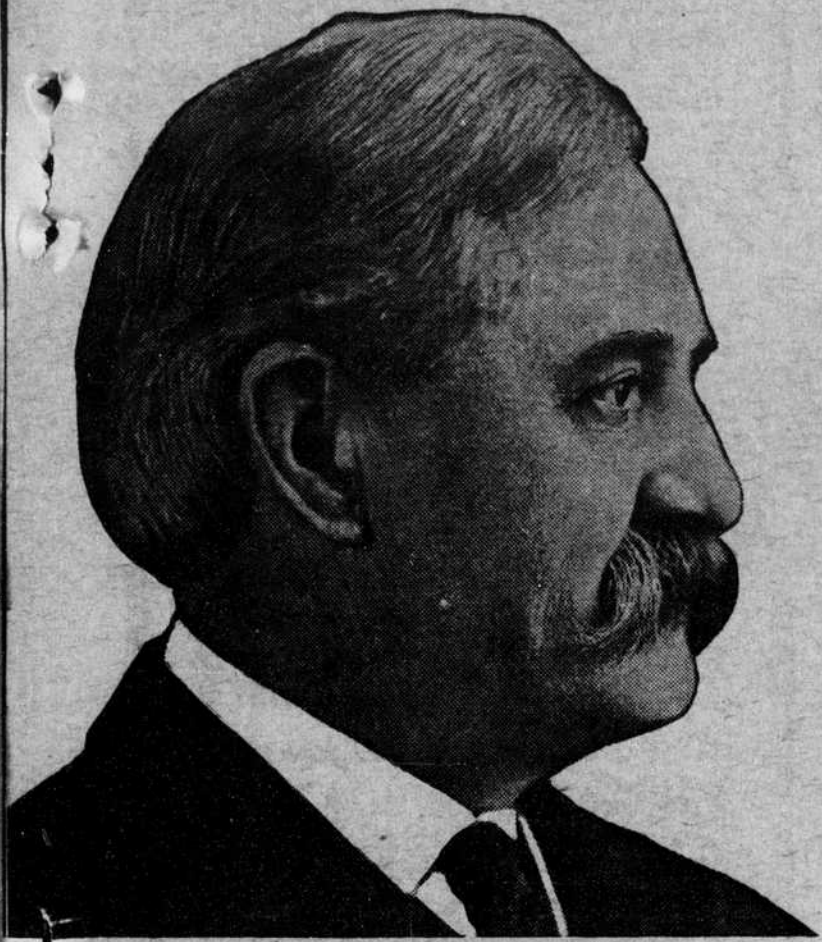


**FOR PRESIDENT
ALBERT B. CUMMINS
U. S. Senator From Iowa**



"THE MAN WHO CAN WIN."

Some of the reasons why Senator Cummins is entitled to the support of Nebraska Republicans:

- He is a statesman of the highest and best type.
- He is not an **EXPERIMENT**.
- He is one of the strong men of the U. S. Senate and one of the great men of the day.
- He is the **one** announced candidate who can unite all factions and lead a united Party to victory in November.
- He is not being urged on mere Faith—his views on the great questions of the day are known to all and are approved by Republicans everywhere.
- He is a true friend of the Farmer and Laborer.
- He is the only candidate from the West and for the first time in the history of the Party the West has a real chance to nominate a western man.
- He is strongly opposed to War.
- He is just and fair to all Nations and all people.
- His many years of faithful and superior public service and his masterful achievements entitle him to the hearty support of Nebraska Republicans.

His name will be on the ballot.

News Summary.

Miss Marjorie Dorman, antisuffrage speaker, has returned to Des Moines from Sioux City, Ia., where she reports antisuffrage organization very strong. Headquarters have been opened there, with Miss Helen Markson in charge of "the shop."

Similar organization has been effected at Council Bluffs and in Missouri Valley. A tentative association has been made at Cedar Rapids. Miss Dorman is to give daily noon lectures at Des Moines headquarters in the Hippee Building. These will continue all week.

Mrs. Joseph L. Yeater, living near Albany, Mo., has been indicted charged with first-degree murder by a grand jury called to investigate the mysterious death, December 6, of her husband. The grand jury began its investigation Monday, hearing a large number of witnesses, chief among them being Dr. Walter M. Cross, city chemist of Kansas City.

Dr. Cross examined the viscera of Yeater and reported that he found a large quantity of poison. Yeater was a well-to-do farmer and retired druggist.

Mrs. Yeater was arrested and later released on bond of \$10,000.

A "Kiel Canal" for Great Britain, connecting the River Clyde which flows into the Irish Sea, with the Firth of Forth on the North Sea side, was recently discussed before the Royal Colonial Institute as a necessary naval measure.

Such a canal would open up naval communications between the east and west coast of Scotland, save warships from the danger of hostile submarines lurking among the numerous small uninhabited islands of the Scottish coast and put the great shipyards along the Clyde at the disposal of the North Sea fleet.

A resolution directing the attorney general to investigate the Standard Oil Company to ascertain whether the rapid rise in gasoline prices is the result of a violation of the antitrust law by that corporation, introduced in the United States Senate Thursday by Senator Martine of New Jersey, was adopted without objection.

By a vote of 35 to 23 the Senate in effect declared the Standard Oil Company a monopoly in control of the gasoline supply. It rejected a motion by Senator Gallinger, minority leader, to table the preamble of Martine's resolution, declaring "it is well known that the gasoline market is controlled by monopoly, namely, the Standard Oil Company."

Poison caused the death of Mrs. Thomas Nelson and her sister, Miss Clara Mathews, in Dry Creek Township, Vienna, Mo., last week, according to the report of Dr. H. G. Bristow of St. Louis University, who made a chemical analysis of the viscera of the two women.

Dr. Bristow, who made his report to Prosecuting Attorney L. B. Hutchinson today, did not state what kind of poison caused the deaths. Hutchinson instructed Dr. Bristow to complete the analysis and report as soon as possible on the nature of the poison discovered.

The Burnett immigration bill, twice passed by both House and Senate and vetoed both times, once by former President Taft and the last time by President Wilson, again passed the House Thursday afternoon. The vote was 38 to 37. The supporters of the measure claim that the vote shows that they have strength enough to pass the bill over the president's veto.

The German authorities are anxious to capture or sink the British submarine which, under Commander Boyle, destroyed vessels in the harbor of Constantinople.

A message to the commanders of all German warships says the government will grant a reward of 1000 marks to each officer and man aboard the vessel which captured or sinks this British submarine, with Boyle and its crew.

California now produces about three times as many raisins yearly as Spain, the home of the raisin industry. Growth of the American raisin industry has reduced raisin imports from 38,000,000 pounds in 1885 to less than 3,000,000 last year, when California produced 250,000,000 pounds.

Ella Monroe was held for the grand jury at her preliminary hearing at Louisville, Ky., Thursday for the murder of Miss Eva Gregory, a society girl, who was shot to death while riding horseback in Harding County two weeks ago. Bail was fixed at \$5,000. Miss Monroe's attorneys have begun habeas corpus proceedings to secure her release on the ground that the bond is excessive.

Will Roy Dupin charged with being an accessory because he had borrowed from a neighbor the 28-gauge gun which is said to have been used, was dismissed, there being no evidence to show he had any part in the crime.

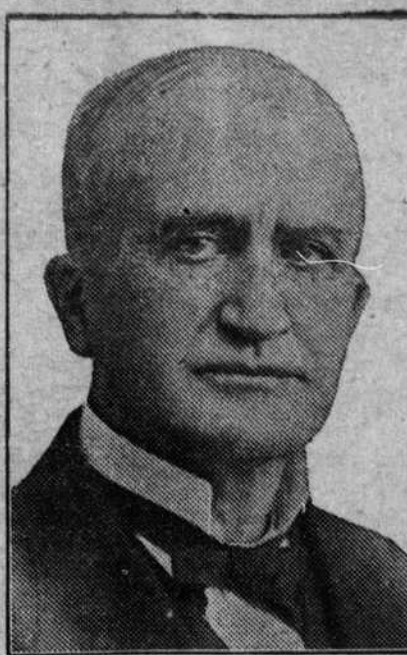
The northeast section of Barton County, Kansas, is said by farmers to be seriously infested by the Hessian fly, and several hundred acres of winter wheat are being plowed under. Antone Reif reports having already plowed under 100 acres of wheat on his place.

Representative Bailey of Pennsylvania, one of the close friends of W. J. Bryan in the House, has introduced a resolution to increase the presidential term to six years, with a one-term limit.

In a statement Mr. Bailey said the Democratic party and President Wilson had been unjustly criticised in connection with the single-term plank of the Baltimore platform, and pointed out that Mr. Wilson did not pledge himself to one term, but merely was pledged by the convention to the principle.

Announcement was made at the White House that Miss Alice Gertrude Gordon, an heiress and former ward of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, had announced in New York her engagement to Dr. Gary T. Grayson, United States navy surgeon, and personal friend, aide and physician to the president.

Miss Gordon's acquaintance with Dr. Grayson led to the meeting of President Wilson and the then Mrs. Galt, now his wife. Dr. Grayson introduced



JUDGE ALBERT J. CORNISH

Candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

Is now serving his twenty-first year as judge of the district court of Lancaster County.

Reputed to have a profound knowledge of the law, absolutely impartial and human in his judgments. Mature, but vigorous and active.

His neighbors have five times wanted him to be their judge.

Miss Gordon to Miss Margaret Wilson. The president was later presented to Miss Gordon and through her met Mrs. Galt.

Advices on the nature and extent of the revolutionary movement said to be led by Felix Diaz in Southern Mexico continue to conflict as to facts. Diplomatic dispatches today from European legations in the Mexican capital said the movement led by Diaz himself was assuming formidable proportions and was distinctly anti-American. On the other hand, Government investigators have reported they had good reason to believe Felix Diaz is not in Mexico at all, but hiding in the United States, presumably in New Orleans.

The fight against the foot and mouth disease is over. The secretary of agriculture issued an order, which removes all foot and mouth quarantines and restrictions against shipment and movement of live stock. The order specifically removes the quarantine from a small territory in Christian County, Illinois, the last area under suspicion.

Along with the removal of this quarantine the various federal orders restricting shipment of cattle were rescinded, so that dealers now can ship cattle as before the first quarantine was imposed.

In Washington Friday night unstinted praise was given in all quarters to Col. Dodd, the veteran cavalry officer, who rode with his command continuously for seventeen hours



NEBRASKA FIRST
An Economical, Progressive and Business Like Administration

C. J. MILES
Republican Candidate for Governor
Primaries April 15, 1916

JOE W. LEEDOM.

Republican Candidate for the Nomination for the Office of Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.

Twenty-five years' residence in both eastern and western Nebraska have given him an insight into lands rentals and values that

will make him of the greatest use to the people of the state. He was born in Wheeler county, educated in the country print shop and the High Schools of Pierce county and has taken work at the State University and Morningside college. He is now editor of the Gordon Journal and is one of the men who are developing the western part of the state. He has no one back of him but his friends and is making the race on the watchword of "Efficiency—Not Politics." He will appreciate your support at the primary election Tuesday, April 18th.



covered fifty-five miles and then engaged in a five hour fight. Col. Dodd is 64 years of age and has been in the saddle practically ever since the troops were ordered to the border. He will retire on account of age next July. Col. Dodd commanded the Third Cavalry during the Apache outbreak in Arizona, fought during the Indian campaign in Oklahoma, in the Chicago riots in 1894 and during the Spanish-American war participated in the battle of San Juan and in many fights in the Philippines.

Ernest Schiller, the young German who captured the British steamer Matoppo and terrorized her crew of fifty-six men on Wednesday night shortly after the ship had sailed out of New York Harbor for Vladivostok with railroad supplies for Russia, declared Friday at Lewes Del., that he was a spy for the German Government. Weary from the excitement he had undergone he threw himself upon a cot in the Lewes Jail early today and sought sleep. "Yes, I am a spy for the German Government," he said. "You can believe it or not, it makes no difference to me. I got my instructions from the German Government to go aboard the ship and blow her up and to prevent her cargo from reaching Russia. I could have blown her up, but the captain's plea for his wife and daughter was too much for me and I hadn't the heart to do it. I am ready to take the consequences, but I ask that they keep me ashore instead of sending me back to the ship for the captain to take me in charge."

A BETTER DEAL ON FARM LOANS
Holt, Boyd, Wheeler and Garfield Counties.
Example:
Borrow \$1000, get\$1000
Loans taken for 5 or 7 years, 6 per cent interest, payable annually, or semi-annually. Option to suit borrower.
Positively no cash taken from face of this loan. Can you beat it Mr. Borrower? Get me at Chambers State Bank Building. Phone or letter.
FRED T. ROBERTSON
Chambers Nebraska

WHEN BIRDS MIGRATE.
Yearly Flight of the Wheatear From Africa to Greenland.
In flying from Europe to Africa birds cross the Mediterranean sea at a point where the water is so shallow that it is believed the two continents were formerly connected there. The land bridge, which it is thought formerly guided the birds in their flight, has disappeared, but the habit of crossing at this particular place still remains.

How do you suppose the little wheatear, no larger than a bluebird, formed the habit of migrating from Europe to Greenland? Probably he comes by way of England and Iceland, but at the best it is a long journey and seems to take the bird much farther than it is necessary to go. In the autumn he goes back to winter in Africa.

Doubtless some European water birds visit us every year, but the wheatear, so far as I know, is the only land bird which migrates regularly between North America and Africa. With this exception, no North American land birds leave the western hemisphere in their migrations.

The birds of the western United States are not such great travelers as those of the eastern part of our country. Some of them travel only from the higher parts of the Rocky mountains or Sierras, where they nest, to the low, warm valleys in which they winter.

Those that leave the United States go into Mexico. Some continue their journey as far south as Guatemala, but few go farther south than that. They can, therefore, make their journey overland and so do not encounter the dangers to which many of our eastern migrants are exposed.—Frank M. Chapman in St. Nicholas.

Between his associates on the supreme bench and himself there has been the utmost cordiality, and he enjoys their respect and good will. During the incumbency of Chief Justice Morrissey, nothing has been heard of the personal animosities and disagreements which formerly existed between members of the court.

Judge Morrissey is a native of New York state. He came to Nebraska twenty-five years ago and has lived here ever since. Before coming to Lincoln, his home was at Valentine.—Lincoln Daily Star.

It will be well for voters to bear in mind that judges are no longer nominated or elected on party tickets. Nominations for judicial positions are now made in a somewhat similar way to the method employed in electing city commissioners in cities under the commission system. The names are printed on a ballot separate and distinct from the regular party ballot, no party designation is allowed, and the candidate runs on his merits. Under one system or another a number of states have provided for taking the courts out of politics. The same year that we adopted our non-partisan law, Minnesota passed an act which not only takes the courts but also takes the county offices and candidates for the legislature off the party ballots. In that state judges, county officers and members of the legislature are elected without a party designation and in utter disregard of party affiliation. Last year Iowa passed a non-partisan judiciary law very similar to ours, and in the future party lines will be disregarded in Iowa, as in Nebraska.

This year we elect one chief justice and three associate justices. At the primary the voter is allowed to vote for one chief justice and three associate justices, but there will be twice as many nominations as there are places to fill. Thus two candidates are nominated for chief justice and nominated for associate justice.

There is a great mystery about the moles. They live in the dark underground, but yet they are sun worshippers. Just at the hour of noon, when the sun is at its highest point in the sky, the mole often comes to the surface. It is a habit of the race, a kind of religious observance, one might think.

Seldom does a mole willingly make its appearance in the upper world at any other time of the day, but at that moment they come of their own accord. This fact, which has been observed again and again, has never been explained by naturalists.

But, remembering the common belief that a mole is blind, you may ask, "How can it see the sun?" The myth of the blindness of moles has been brushed away. Some species perhaps cannot see, but most of them can. Their eyes are very small and hidden in the fine hair, but they serve as organs of vision.

Still, they can have very little use for them underground. Any leakings of daylight that may penetrate there must be extremely faint, and if their eyes were meant to enable them to see with so little illumination they ought to be large and free from obstruction, whereas they are minute and thatched with hair. But such eyes may be particularly well suited for an occasional look at the blinding sun.—New York Journal.

**JUDGE MORRISSEY
HAS FILED FOR
RE-ELECTION**

CHIEF JUSTICE OF NEBRASKA SUPREME COURT HAS MADE EXCELLENT RECORD.

HIS JUDICIAL OPINIONS CLEAR

Work of Court Expedited Under His Leadership — Gain of Six Months on Docket.

Chief Justice Andrew M. Morrissey, of the Nebraska supreme court, has filed as a candidate for re-election. Petitions for his candidacy from all parts of the state, signed by several thousand voters in excess of the 3,000 required by law, are in the secretary of state's hands.

On account of the excellent record Chief Justice Morrissey has made on



CHIEF JUSTICE A. M. MORRISSEY
who has filed for reelection

the supreme bench and the manner in which the work has been expedited since he became its head, it is expected he will have no serious opposition for re-election. Under his leadership the court has gained six months' time on its docket during the last year, and is now hearing and disposing of cases more rapidly than ever before. Being in the prime of life and in vigorous health, Chief Justice Morrissey has not only handled his own part of the work in a manner satisfactory to litigants and to attorneys having cases before the high tribunal, but some of his energy has been infused into the entire machinery of the court.

Clear-Cut Opinions.
His judicial opinions are models of clear thinking concisely expressed. The chief justice gets to the point of a case without indulging in superfluous verbiage. This quality has won for his decisions the undivided respect and esteem of the legal profession, which calling he has followed for twenty years.

Between his associates on the supreme bench and himself there has been the utmost cordiality, and he enjoys their respect and good will. During the incumbency of Chief Justice Morrissey, nothing has been heard of the personal animosities and disagreements which formerly existed between members of the court.

Judge Morrissey is a native of New York state. He came to Nebraska twenty-five years ago and has lived here ever since. Before coming to Lincoln, his home was at Valentine.—Lincoln Daily Star.

Theodore E. Nordgren
Candidate for
Lieutenant-Governor
in Republican Primaries



Mr. Nordgren is a native Nebraskan, 37 years of age, who has devoted his life to the business of farming. He is well informed on all public questions and a man of unquestioned integrity. He represented Hamilton county in the legislature of 1911 and supported all progressive measures introduced in that session, including the initiative and referendum act under which the people vote directly on such questions as woman suffrage and prohibition. His home paper, The Aurora Republican, says of him:

"Mr. Nordgren's strength is composed principally of these elements: He is honest, courageous and well-informed; he has had previous legislative experience and is thoroughly familiar with parliamentary procedure; he is young, vigorous and a native Nebraskan; he is morally clean and politically sound. His standing at home is such that he can go before the people of the state serenely confident that no attack will be made upon him from the rear. And there are thousands of his neighbors ready to pledge their sacred honor that if 'Ted' Nordgren is entrusted with the office of lieutenant-governor, or any other post of responsibility within the gift of the people, it will be administered faithfully, properly and in a manner to reflect credit upon his constituents."

The lieutenant-governor should be capable of filling the office of governor if necessary.

Theodore Nordgren is such a man, and he will appreciate your support.