

GERMANY MAY PAY LUSITANIA LOSSES WHEN SHE SETTLES

Arabic Episode May Bring Restitution For Americans Who Lost Through Previous Disaster.

WILSON IS STILL WAITING

No Expression From Administration May Be Expected Until All Facts Are Submitted.

Washington, Aug. 30.—Further developments in the situation with Germany now await the Berlin government's official report on the sinking of the Arabic. The state department expects to receive this from Ambassador Gerard as soon as the German admiral can secure it and meanwhile negotiations are at a standstill.

Negotiations covering the general subject of submarine warfare, which is understood, Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has been instructed by his government to open with a disavowal of Germany's intentions to cause loss of life to Americans when the Lusitania was sunk, will be begun when the state department announces its readiness. These exchanges which are to be a continuation of the diplomatic correspondence, will not be encouraged by the United States until the case of the Arabic has been satisfactorily disposed of.

The American government believed that Germany's sincerity in her announcement that under sea warfare against passenger ships has ended, must be established before the Lusitania discussion can continue.

Reiterations, by American officials, that rights of neutrals will be insisted upon in all quarters, is taken by German officials to mean that when it is established that Germany has modified her submarine policy England will be asked to relax the blockade against foodstuffs for Germany. German officials believe the change of their policy will permit an acceptance by the United States of the concessions which Germany will make when negotiations are reopened.

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Washington, D. C., Aug. 28.—Germany's intention to offer full satisfaction to the United States for the sinking of the White Star liner, Arabic, with the loss of two American lives, formally was communicated to the state department yesterday by Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador, acting on instructions from the foreign office of the imperial German government.

The memorandum read to Robert Lansing, secretary of state, by Count von Bernstorff outlined the position of the German government in the Arabic case and promised that in the event it is found that the Arabic was attacked without warning, the imperial German government not only would disavow the act but would give the United States "full satisfaction."

This, it is well known, would have to include reparation for the Americans lost and assurances that such tragedies would not be repeated.

No further developments in the situation are expected now until the submarine commander who sank the Arabic has reported to Berlin.

President Waits.

Meantime President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, though visibly encouraged and relieved by Count von Bernstorff's assurances and reports from Ambassador Gerard on his conferences with Foreign Minister Jagow, are in a waiting attitude. Before the American government can speak there must be forthcoming the German disavowal and explanation of what all evidence received has seemed to prove was an "unfriendly act."

It became known last night that the state department has been informed that Germany is ready to renew discussion of the Lusitania incident and to offer reparation for the American lives lost when that vessel was sent to the bottom without warning by a German submarine. There has been no response to the last American note on the subject and it is known that the United States will not listen to reparation proposals with the exception created by the sinking of the Arabic still pending. With the attack on the Arabic disavowed, however, and guarantees given against repetition, a German communication explaining that the Lusitania was torpedoed, as a reprisal against Great Britain under misapprehension that she was armed and that killing of Americans was regretted and not intended, and offering reparations, probably would pave the way for an amicable settlement.

GERMANY MAKES ONLY EXCUSES, SAYS FIGARO

Paris, Aug. 28.—The Figaro, in an editorial today on the situation growing out of the sinking of the Arabic, says: "Germany is a universal distributor of excuses. She handed them to Denmark and Holland and would like to hand them to the United States. The point is will the American government be satisfied with such base cold. For German excuse imply neither repentance nor intention not to relapse. Wilhelmstrasse expects that she will be quiet for a platitude. But the German pitcher has gone to the American well too often; it is too badly cracked for further use; a new one is wanted."

SENATOR CURTIS TO SPEAK BEFORE INDIAN COUSINS

Lawrence, Kan., Aug. 28.—Plans have been completed, it was announced today, for the annual conference here of the society of American Indians, which will meet September 28 and continue in session until October 5. The conference will be held at Haskell Institute and speakers will include several of national prominence, who are of Indian descent, among them United States Senator Charles Curtis, of Kansas.

MERCY! GERMAN KISSES MR. BRYAN

Chautauquan Had No Way To Escape Fond Embrace Of Teuton.

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 30.—John Graber, a husky German farmer, yesterday kissed W. J. Bryan at the conclusion of the colonel's chautauqua address at Kingman. The impact came so suddenly that Bryan did not have an opportunity to sidestep.

Bryan blushed like a girl, but he came to his senses immediately when the throng of 3,000 started cheering. He had touched on the war during his lecture and his eloquence had stirred Graber's heart.

"Mr. Bryan, I have read your paper for years and have admired you. I made up my mind that if ever I got a chance to see you I would kiss you. When I saw you were coming here I knew that my wish would be fulfilled, and it has been," said Graber.

HAITI EXPECTED TO ACCEPT OFFER

Only Opposition to Police Protectorate Plan, Proposed By U. S., Comes From Professional Revolutionists.

Washington, Aug. 28.—It became known today that plans of the United States for putting Haiti in order contemplate calling upon the war department, if necessary, to furnish officers for the island police from its corps of noncommissioned officers who have developed and commanded the Philippine constabulary. Officers said the proposed protectorate treaty would provide, not only for a complete financial protectorate and the administration of customs houses, but for a native police force officered by Americans.

Rear Admiral Caperton and his masters will remain on the island pending ratification of the treaty and setting up the machinery of the protectorate. Some opposition is expected by the rebellious element of the northern part of the island, who do not look with favor upon the ending of revolutionary days, but little real trouble is looked for.

President Favorable.

Prompt ratification of the protectorate treaty by the Haitian parliament was forecast today in dispatches to the state department from George Davis, at Port au Prince. The charge said President d'Artagnan, head of the new government, is committed to the convention and is believed to have assurances of sufficient support from senators and delegates to secure favorable action within a few days. He presided over the senate for several years and is popular among his former colleagues.

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NIGHT RIDERS SENT UP FOR LONG TERMS

Many Others Charged With Similar Offenses Await Trials.

Hartford, Ky., Aug. 30.—Three men who pleaded guilty in Ohio county circuit court of being members of a band of night riders, who for months spread terror throughout this section of western Kentucky, today are serving sentences in the state prison. One other yesterday was acquitted by a jury, and 50 defendants are awaiting trial.

Abram Reisinger, a coal miner, admitted he pulled the lash when Reuben Howard, his partner, and his wife were whipped at Horton the night of June 12. He sought to secure a three-year sentence as James Clark and Ernest Webster, who participated in the whipping, had done earlier in the week.

Commonwealth's Attorney Ringo, however, refused to compromise and insisted that a five-year sentence be imposed. Howard testified he and Mrs. Howard were whipped until they bled. He said the reason given him for his beating was lack of industry.

Reisinger, Clark and Webster were taken to prison after Reisinger accepted the longer term.

DREYFUS FORCED TO DENY DISLOYALTY CHARGE

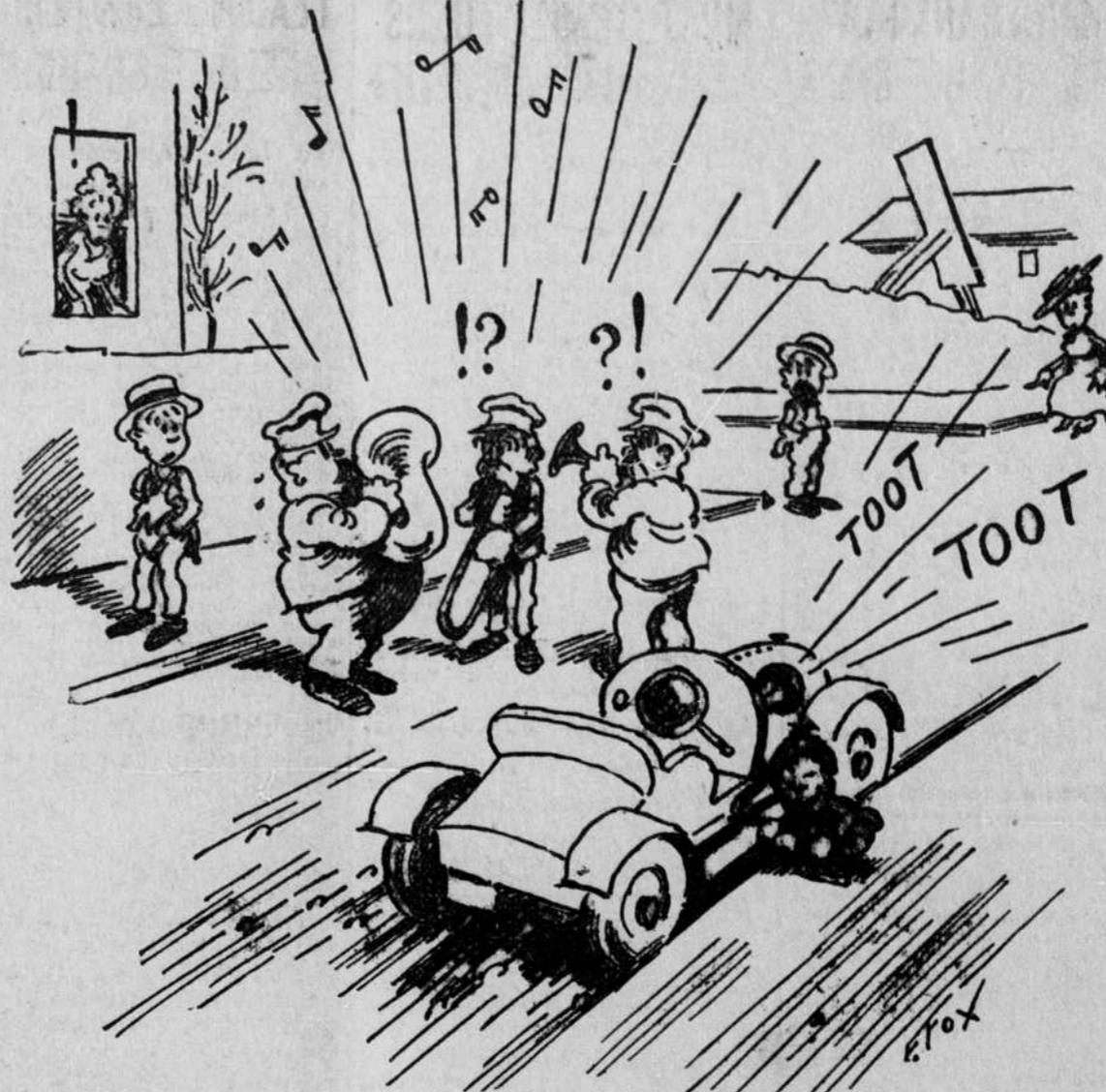
Paris, Aug. 28.—Louis Dreyfus, a former member of the chamber of deputies and head of the firm of Louis Dreyfus & Co., bankers and grain merchants, issued today a denial of allegations contained in a parliamentary report published yesterday to the effect that his firm had sold to agents of Germany part of a grain cargo on the steamer Normandy at Antwerp in August, 1914, and subsequently sold the grain to France.

M. Dreyfus in his statement admits that the grain had been sold to Germans, but states that the sale was before the war began, and that at his suggestion the German interests had been sequestered by the French government.

PERMANENT MODEL CITY PLANNED FOR PLYMOUTH

Boston, Aug. 28.—Plans for a permanent model city to shelter a population of 100,000 to be erected at Plymouth, in connection with the celebration in 1920 of the 300th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims, are being considered by municipal experts, it was announced today. The idea of those interested in the celebration was to eliminate the waste of money usual in the construction of temporary exposition buildings. They propose to build a permanent city, one that will be fire proof and smoke proof and with zones for factories and industries.

The Rest of the Band Thought the Bass Horn Player Was Working on Some Other Tune.



CARRANZA'S LOSSES GREAT, SAYS VILLA

Investment of Monterey Continues—Pan-American Conference Expects to Resume Sessions Soon.

Washington, Aug. 28.—General Villa telegraphed his Washington agent from Durango, saying the defeat of Carranza troops at Villa Garcia, several days ago, was very serious, their losses being 200 dead and about 500 wounded.

Villa's forces under General Raoul Madero continue the investment of Monterey, defended by Carranza troops, commanded by General Trevino.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Further consideration of the Mexican problem will be undertaken soon by the Pan-American conference probably late next week, it was said today by state department officials.

By that time all replies to the peace conference appeal that are expected will have been received including the response of General Carranza. It is believed General Carranza will urge recognition of his government.

C. A. Douglas, counsel for General Carranza in Washington, today received the following telegram from Gen. Pablo Gonzales, general in chief in command at Mexico City, under date of August 26:

"I have the pleasure of informing you that the general situation is improving daily. The hunger problem is almost solved and with reference to railroad traffic, so soon as this, is resumed with the north, which will be accomplished in three or four days, the aspect of the country will have changed favorably."

FOOD TRAIN DELAYED BY WRECKED BRIDGE

Washington, Aug. 28.—Destruction of the railroad bridge south of Allende, the American Red Cross reported today, compelled its agent, J. C. Weiler, to return to Piedras Negras with a train loads of foodstuffs, with which he started on August 26 to supply thousands of destitute Mexican women and children in Monclova and Saltillo. Weiler reported brisk fighting was in progress south of Piedras Negras.

PEOPLE CRITICIZE RUSSIAN MINISTRY

Business Men and Officials Declare Reorganization Is Badly Needed.

Moscow, Aug. 28.—After a series of conferences held by the business men and the representatives of the public bodies in Moscow, such as the Zemstvos, or provincial district councils and municipalities participating in the work of preparing war stores, a resolution was adopted today declaring that the lack of coordination between the Russian cabinet ministers and the uncertain course of the government were hindering the efforts of the munition producers and that the ministry should be reorganized under the guidance of an energetic premier.

The newspapers intimate that the appointment of M. Krivoshein, the minister of agriculture to succeed Jean L. Goremeykin, as prime minister, is imminent.

LARGE POWDER SHIPMENT LEAVES U. S. FOR RUSSIA

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.—One of the largest shipments of smokeless powder ever sent from the United States will be taken to Russia on the Russian steamship Voronej, which sails today from Wilmington, Del., for Archangel via Glasgow.

This shipment consists of nearly 2,000,000 pounds of the highest grade of this type of powder, and is shipped in cases holding 200 pounds each.

Besides the explosives, the Voronej has on board 25 auto trucks, shipped at New York, which were stowed in the bottom of the vessel to give her stability.

Russian military officers supervising the loading of the vessel as well as the manufacture of the powder.

CHINA PLACES ORDER FOR 100 SUBMARINES, RUMOR

New York, Aug. 28.—Financial circles here were interested in a rumor that the Chinese commission of naval experts recently sent to this country were negotiating for the purchase of 100 submarines at a total cost of \$75,000,000. While the representative of one New England submarine building company admitted that some of the Chinese had inspected his plant, he denied that any contract had as yet signed.

MONARCHIAL MOVE MADE IN PORTUGAL

Barracks Attacked In Northern Section—Government Seizes Munitions and Takes Other Precautions.

GERMAN RAID ON PARIS THWARTED

Warplane Riddled By Bullets of French Aviators—Two Raiders Escape From Pursuers.

Paris, Aug. 30.—Four German military aeroplanes attempted to make a raid on Paris this morning. They were attacked by a French air flotilla and one of the German machines was shot to pieces in mid air.

The German machines crossed the French lines flying at a great height and driving toward the city of Paris. When over a point to the north of the capital, they sighted a French air flotilla which was waiting for them and three of the German aeroplanes wheeled about and headed for the German lines.

Two of the German machines escaped, but one was outdistanced by its pursuers and was riddled by bullets. It fell flaming into the forest of Halatte, where the burned bodies of two aviators were found.

The fourth machine dropped five bombs at Montmorency, a town 15 miles from Paris. No one was hurt. The batteries at Montmorency opened fire on the aeroplane, but it got away in the haze.

Travelers arriving in Paris by train from the north can see at almost any hour from 10 to 15 French warplanes in the air at the same time, protecting the capital from German air raids.

POLICE TO GUARD PEACE CONVENTION

Leaders Ask Protection While They Boost Move For Arms Embargo.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—One hundred "plain clothes" policemen have been asked for by J. J. Tobias, chairman of the local committee of the "Friends of Peace" to preserve order at the convention of the society which will be opened here on Sunday afternoon. Five thousand delegates are expected to be present. It is planned to present to the convention petitions signed by 500,000 persons calling for an embargo on the export of armaments.

Mr. Tobias, who is the head of the Chicago law school, said he had arranged for the delegates to be scattered throughout the audience with instructions to promptly suppress, or if necessary eject, any disturbers.

ALLEGED HEAD OF ARSON RING IS UNDER ARREST

Portland, Ore., Aug. 28.—Sanford Currier, alleged by the police to be the head of an arson ring operating in Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, was arrested here yesterday and held in jail for lack of \$20,000 bail.

According to Field Marshal Jay Stevens, the alleged arson ring is responsible for fire damage amounting to several hundred thousand dollars in Pacific coast cities. The plan of the gang, according to the marshal, was to rent, or even build a house and fill it with costly furniture, all of which would be insured. Then the furniture would be removed, the house destroyed by fire and the insurance collected on both house and furniture.

Grant Hawley, one of the alleged gang, was arrested several days ago and Currier's divorced wife was arrested yesterday. The auxiliary cruiser, formerly a Cunard liner, has been patrolling the coast. The auxiliary disappeared several hours before the regular cruiser arrived.

BRITISH CRUISERS ARE SIGHTED OFF SANDY HOOK

New York, Aug. 28.—A three-funnelled British cruiser appeared at the Sandy Hook lightship today. At the same time a British cruiser of four funnels was sighted 15 miles southeast of the lightship. This is the first appearance of regular British cruisers off the New York coast in the past three weeks. During this period, however, an auxiliary cruiser, formerly a Cunard liner, has been patrolling the coast. The auxiliary disappeared several hours before the regular cruiser arrived.

GARIBALDI WOUNDED.

Udine, Italy, Aug. 28.—Ezio Garibaldi, son of Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi, has been severely wounded in the face during the fighting with the Austrians.

GERMANS PIERCE RUSSIAN LINES ON ZLOTA LIPA RIVER

Report Indicates Pressure In Galician Territory Has Been Renewed After Period of Rest.

RUSSIAN LINE REINFORCED

Petrograd In No Danger Until Von Hindenburg Gains Control Along Baltic Coast, Critics Assert.

VON BESELER GOVERNOR.

Amsterdam, (via London), Aug. 28.—Word was received here today from Berlin that General Von Beseler, conqueror of Antwerp and Novogeorgievsk, had been appointed general of the entire occupied Russian territory. This announcement is directed to the Posen Tageblatt, which also says the administration of Russian Poland heretofore at Kalisz, has been removed to Warsaw.

Berlin, Aug. 30, (via London).—Teutonic pressure against the Russians in eastern Galicia has resulted in the piercing of the Russian lines along the Zlota Lipa river, it was officially announced today by German army headquarters.

Since the Austro-Germans in their drive through Galicia in May and June threw the Russians back upon the line of the Dniester and the Zlota Lipa and Gnila Lipa rivers, late in June there has been comparatively inactivity along this front, so far as the official reports have indicated.

Today's statement from German army headquarters that the Russian lines on the Zlota Lipa had been broken through apparently means that the Teutonic forces are renewing their thrusts in Galician territory and have scored