

# THE O'NEIL FRONTIER

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O'NEILL, NEBRASKA

Jim Sullivan, typical American tramp, carried kitchen cabinet under his coat, and when arrested in Red Wing, Minn., the following things were found: Eight large, raw potatoes, weighing seven pounds; one quart bottle of sweet milk, one 10-cent loaf of wheat bread, one-half dozen tea caddis, one-half dozen rolls, fresh; two one-pound packages of ground coffee, two aluminum salt and pepper shakers, glass cruet filled with vinegar, one raw onion and two Japanese paper napkins.

The president of Cuba has signed a law providing \$400,000 for the erection of six maternity hospitals, one in each province on the island. Of this sum \$100,000 is allotted for the hospital in the province of Havana and \$60,000 each for the hospitals in the other provinces. The money is to be appropriated from the sum accruing to the state from lottery prizes that are never claimed.

A man who died some years ago bequeathed to his nephew, Adolphus, a large tract of land in the northwestern part of St. Peter, Minn. (the birthplace of the late Governor Johnson), his entire estate, which was appraised at 2 cents. But among his effects, was found an invention which may prove extremely valuable and furnish a large endowment to the institution.

A Vienna professor has announced the belief that a man who meets death suddenly by a bullet in the head feels absolutely no pain. Most particularly, he thinks this true in the case of an officer who is shot while leading a charge with concentrated enthusiasm.

St. Paul, Minn., will build a new union depot and sell \$15,000,000 in bonds for that purpose. The narrow gauge on which railroads must run between a hill and the river at that city causes a natural and inevitable concentration of lines at the union depot.

British investments in South America are classified as follows: Argentina, \$1,600,000,000; Brazil, \$750,000,000; Chile, \$365,000,000; in Peru, about \$171,000,000, and in the several other countries more than \$180,000,000—about \$3,000,000,000 all told.

Selawik is a curious lake near the seacoast of Alaska. Tides rise and fall in the lake by reason of an underground connection with the sea. At the bottom the water is quite salt, but at the top is a layer of perfectly fresh water.

Great Britain's African possession, exclusive of Egypt, amount to 2,101,411 square miles, France's to 3,866,550 (including most of the Sahara), and Germany's to 910,150 square miles. Belgium has 900,000 square miles and Spain but 79,800.

One version has it that a Hungarian colonel when ordered to lead a sortie from Eremy's carried off his cane in a protest against the folly and inevitable losses of the attempt. He was badly wounded, but will recover.

Only one living member of the British peerage is a possessor of the Victoria Cross. He is the earl of Dunmore, whose ancestor, fourth of the line of earls, was governor of New York under George III in 1769.

A deficit in Italy's trade balance is accounted for in part by the loss of \$150,000,000 in Brazil, formerly spent by travelers in that country, and \$20,000,000 usually sent home from the United States by laborers.

Large scale land deals are by no means a thing of the past in the west. A 70,000-acre tract was recently sold at Evanston, Wyo., for \$250,000. The land will be irrigated and sold in parcels of 160 acres.

More than 22 per cent of the population of the United States lives in cities of 100,000 or more, 19 per cent in cities ranging from 25,000 to 100,000, while more than 15 per cent live in cities of 2,500 and 25,000.

Boiled thistle leaves are said to be one of the main items of Albanian menus under present conditions. Some one had probably been eating some of these when Prentk Bib Doda was named.

When Jeremiah Dingman's estate was admitted to probate in Richland Center, Wis., it was learned that he waited until he was 100 years old before making his will. He lived to be more than 101.

A New York state farmer has a deer farm from which he expects soon to be realizing from \$1,500 to \$2,000 a year. The carcass of a 3-year-old deer is worth from \$30 to \$50 in New York.

The ninth congress of the chamber of commerce of the British empire, which was to have been held at Toronto, Canada, in September next, has been postponed for one year.

Detroit is waging a vigorous campaign against saloons which have been meeting places for men and women. One of the places recently put out of business bore the picturesque name of "The Purple Spider."

Some scientists are of the opinion that earthquakes are caused by the wabbling path described by the earth's axis. Its eccentricities seem to be most manifest at times of these terrestrial troubles.

A lecturer recently told Kansas City business men that if they didn't develop river navigation the Panama canal would ruin the city as a site for the location of future factories because of freight rates.

The great war loan recently brought out by the German government was taken up by 2,118,200 individual subscribers, thousands of whom bought securities to the amount of \$48 or less.

The seed pod of the devil plant of Fersia kills droves of animals by getting its four-inch "claws" secured in the nostrils of a grazing animal and setting up a fatal inflammation.

Alligator eggs are eaten by the natives on the west coast of Africa. In fact, they resemble the egg of the domestic hen, but are larger and slightly stronger in their flavor.

Government reports show that the trade of the United States in fruit and nuts has doubled in the last decade. Exports and imports together amounted to \$22,549,172 in 1914.

Hawaii, with a population of 200,000, had a foreign trade last year of \$76,000,000. The trade total was but \$6,800,000 in 1897, the year before annexation to this country.

A remarkable fog on the Peruvian coast is known as "garua." It occurs in a region where rain is unknown, and supplies sufficient moisture to support vegetation.

## SCOTTS BLUFF SHERIFF TAKES JORDAN TO PEN BECAUSE OF THREATS

### Temper of Citizens Over Death of Layton Causes Official to Fear Trouble.

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—Fearful that if Dan Jordan is kept in the Scotts Bluff county jail he will be the central figure in a lynching, the sheriff of that county has brought him to the state penitentiary. He will remain there until his trial. Jordan was brought here immediately after the killing by him of his son-in-law, Joseph Layton, for safekeeping, and at his preliminary, when he was returned, the feeling displayed against him was menacing. Layton was shot while sitting at table. He was a wealthy ranchman who married Jordan's supposed daughter, after a brief courtship. Later, Jordan and a woman, whom the authorities do not believe to be his wife, appeared on the scene, and a plot to get Layton's property is the theory held by the state penitentiary. The two women are in jail in Scotts Bluff.

## KINNEY CONFESSES TO MURDER OF MEYERS

Grand Island, Neb., July 19.—Ed Kinney, who Thursday afternoon shot and killed Charles Meyers, has made a written confession to County Attorney Cunningham, in which he related the details of his early life and his recent quarrels, in which some one huried a vile epithet at him. He related how he held this against the men he regarded as responsible for the execution of stories against him, and how he had come to Grand Island to find out who had started things, purchased the weapon, tested it and then proceeded to do the shooting.

Kinney slept little last night, but today still stated to the sheriff and attorney that he felt justified in the shooting. He indicated that he was seeking a man named Cook more than Meyers.

Meyers was 50 years of age and had never married. His mother lives at Logan, Ia., and the father, separated from the family, is said to be in California.

## STATE BOARD OF LANDS ORDERS DANDELIONS CUT

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—The state board of lands and funds has given up its effort to prove that the proper way to kill dandelions is to allow grass to grow to seed before cutting it. The experiment conducted by the state was a failure. Instead of being meek and lowly, the state house lawn dandelion developed tree-like tendencies. It has grown faster and higher than the grass. Hence the order to cut it. Formerly this was done whenever the grass needed it. Now a special session of a state board is necessary.

## MERCHANT'S ADOPTED SON ADMITS PETTY BURGLARIES

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—Lee Brazier, aged 19, adopted son of a College View merchant, has confessed to the county authorities that he is the burglar who has been making a reputation for himself for the past three weeks. Brazier is a hard working youth, who had no bad habits and being regularly employed at good wages, had no incentive to go to robbing. His cash returns amounted \$45, and the plea he put forward was that he was desperate and desired to get enough money to go to his sister, who is ill in a hospital in Des Moines. He had several times needed fare in his pocket. His latest escapade was the robbery of a drug store, but he left a plain trail that caused his arrest. The case is regarded as curious one, as the lad had a splendid reputation and needed no money, but simply deliberately stepped aside to loot friends and relatives.

## JUNE 29 AND 30 NAMED FOR "GOOD ROADS" WORK

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—Governor Morehead has issued a proclamation designating Thursday and Friday, July 29 and 30, as good road days, and calling upon every man in the state to don overalls and get busy on a piece of road. The appeal is addressed to farmers, business men, commercial clubs and other organizations. He declares that it is just as essential to have good roads as it is to have good houses, both being necessary to the proper enjoyment of existence. He tells the city men that inasmuch as they use the roads as much as do the farmers, it is incumbent upon them not to do any shirking on the days named.

## OPENING FOR FIVE ON CHILD LABOR BUREAU

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.—Any five persons in the state who desire appointments at the hands of Governor Morehead, and are entirely careless on employment attached thereto, may write the governor with confidence of success. The labor commissioner has just discovered that the child labor law provides for the appointment of a board of five, two of whom shall be women, to see to the enforcement thereof. The law was passed in 1907, but there have been no appointments and no board since 1909, because Governor Shallenberger did not think much of the law. The labor commissioner has been performing most of the work.

## NOTED WOMAN DIES.

St. Helena, Cal., July 17.—Mrs. Ellen G. White, one of the founders of the Seventh Day Adventists, died here yesterday, aged 83. She was widely known among the members of that denomination throughout the United States and, by many, she was regarded as their prophetess.

## CLARENCE GASTRIGHT TO OBTAIN HIS FREEDOM

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—Clarence Gastright, who was sent up as a mere youth for complicity in the killing of an Omaha street car conductor, is to breathe the air of freedom again. The state board of pardons, after a hearing, has recommended to the governor that he be released for 13 years, which will allow him a respite in the fall. Gastright gave the prosecution valuable assistance, and has proved a trustworthy prisoner. He is a colored man. One of his pals was hung for the crime and another is in prison.

## FATAL SHOOTING ON CROWDED STREET AT GRAND ISLAND, NEB.

### Ed Kinney, Carpenter, Kills Charles Meyers, Agent For Insurance Concern.

Grand Island, Neb., July 17.—Ed Kinney, 40 years of age, yesterday shot and killed Charles Meyers, an insurance agent. The shot was fired on one of the most crowded streets, Meyers falling in front of the State Bank building and there expiring.

Kinney ran around the block and made for the Union Pacific station, where Chief of Police Snodgrass, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Cortes, arrested him. The indications were that as the officers approached him he was putting his left hand in the pocket in which he had the revolver.

At the county jail Kinney told his story to the county attorney, Cunningham, relating that he had met Meyers and several companions some days ago and they had declared he had given away bottles of beer to boys and had called him unprintable names. He had told his friends that no one could call him that and get away with it. He came to this city from Danpigh and a noon train and upon his first call at the Sorenson saloon, where the shooting began, he appeared nervous and said he was sick. He was given a small bottle of beer.

Later he called at the Haux Hardware company to buy a revolver, but the firm not handling weapons, he was directed to the sporting goods store of George Guenther, where the clerk sold him a revolver for \$6.50. He was given directions how to load and discharge the weapon and went out, but came back in about half an hour and said it did not work right. He was again shown and left, saying he had a couple of dogs to kill and was going to kill them.

It is sure that Kinney returned from here to the Sorenson saloon in which Meyers was shot. He went into the saloon just as Erickson, to Martin Erickson. Without a word other than an oath, according to Erickson and others in the saloon at the time, Kinney drew the revolver and shot in the direction of the men. The first shot hit Erickson, and the second shot was fired as the men were emerging. A third shot, fired while Kinney was on the walk, lodged in Meyers' back, entering the right shoulder. Meyers ran a few steps further, fell to the walk and expired. He had a wife, but no children.

## OWNERS OF TOLL BRIDGE OBJECT TO NEW PROJECT

Ashland, Neb., July 17.—The Ashland Bridge company has marshaled its forces for a fight against a proposed inter-county bridge between Saunders and Douglas counties over the Elkhorn river, which is proposed to make a direct road between Lincoln and Omaha. Douglas and Saunders county commissioners are in favor of the bridge and have agreed that the counties shall jointly finance the building of such a bridge.

There is one more requirement, however, that must be met before the sanction of a special board appointed by Governor Morehead, consisting of the state engineer, the commissioner of public buildings and other state officials. A meeting of this board is to be held soon, and it is expected that at that time the matter of controlling the private toll bridge will make a fight to prevent the proposed Yutan bridge from getting the official sanction.

## WESTERFIELD RECORDS NOT IN PROMISING CONDITION

Omaha, Neb., July 17.—Further checking of the accounts of Ellery H. Westerfield, missing Dundee village banker, indicates rather than diminishing the seriousness of the situation.

City Commissioner Dan B. Butler and his assistants have been unable to find the receipt stubs for many transactions, but the co-operation of other ex-Dundee officials has enabled them to procure many original receipts. In some cases of some items no entry appears on Westerfield's books to correspond with the receipt. In other instances, entries have been found in the books for amounts different from those shown on the receipts, but at that time the money was paid.

In the absence of receipts and stubs and the manifest impossibility of obtaining all original receipts, by any means, it will be impossible to test the accuracy of the book records in a large number of items. This precludes any possibility of determining the exact balance which should have existed in the general fund at the time of the merger with Omaha, June 20.

## SPECIAL TAX DELINQUENTS SUBJECT TO HEAVY PENALTY

Omaha, Neb., July 17.—G. W. North, collector of internal revenue, has been instructed that all persons, firms and companies who are delinquent in special tax, will be fined to the extent of 50 per cent of their taxes in case their returns are not placed on file this month.

Mr. North has also received instructions to the effect that all persons who carry on any business or occupation for which special taxes are imposed without having paid the special tax provided, shall, besides being liable to the payment of such special tax, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$500, or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

Persons subject to the income tax who have not paid are now subject to a fine of 5 per cent and interest at the rate of 1 per cent per month.

## NO AMERICANS KILLED.

Washington, July 16.—No Americans or British citizens were aboard the train wrecked by a bomb at Apizaco, Mex. State department advices today said the number of casualties has not been learned. The train was carrying railroad employees.

## VALDEZ WIPED OUT.

Valdez, Alaska, July 16.—Fire today destroyed the business section of Valdez. The loss was \$500,000. United States troops from Fort Liscum aided in fighting the flames. Dynamite was used to check the fire. No rain had fallen for weeks and the wooden buildings were as dry as tinder.

## ENGLAND WILL LIMIT EXPORTING OF COTTON

London, July 16.—The British government hopes very shortly to limit the export of cotton to neutral countries to the precise amount of actual need.

The marquis of Crewe, lord president of the council and liberal leader in the house of lords, has announced his intention to this effect in the upper house this afternoon.

## FATHER AND SON ARE DROWNED IN SWOLLEN STREAM NEAR WAUSA

### Boy First Gets Into Difficulty and His Father Made Effort to Rescue Him.

Wausa, Neb., July 17.—Ed Lang, a farmer living four miles south of here, and his 12-year-old son were drowned Tuesday evening at about 7 o'clock. The boy started to ride a horse across a creek swollen by heavy rains. The current swept the horse away, Lang jumped into the stream to rescue the boy and succeeded in reaching him, but the current was so strong he was unable to make headway, and was carried down the stream about 100 yards, where both went down.

A younger boy witnessed the tragedy and summoned aid. The father and son were found at about 10 o'clock. Robbins was about 23 years old and unmarried.

Wausa, Neb., July 15.—George Robbins, a young farmer living nine miles northeast of town, was drowned Tuesday afternoon. Some small boys were playing on a plank across a creek and the plank broke, precipitating one of the boys into the water. Robbins jumped in and managed to save the boys, but was swept away by the current and lost his own life. Searchers were soon at the scene and the body was found at about 10 o'clock.

Robbins was about 23 years old and unmarried. The records of this case do not show that various articles of personal property were distributed, as specified in the will, although the distribution may have been made.

## HASTINGS CITIZENS ANGRY OVER ENCAMPMENT SITE

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—An earnest and emphatic effort will be made by indignant citizens of Hastings to prove that Adjutant General Hall is a pretentious man. The citizens were much desired to have the annual encampment of the Fifth regiment held there. They appointed a committee to come to Lincoln and see General Hall. When the committee returned home it quietly slipped the tip around that the general would look over other candidates, but would give the encampment to Hastings. Later, Crete was selected, and the language that is in use in the Adams county capital is unimpaired. A protest sent to Governor Morehead, who is the real commander of the militia, brought a statement that General Hall said he had never made any such promise to Hastings. Now the members of the committee are preparing affidavits to send the governor setting forth the exact contrary. General Hall says that he inspected the proposed grounds at Hastings, but found them less acceptable than those offered at Crete.

## RIDGELL'S "FRIENDS" NOW OBJECTS OF SUSPICION

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—Deputy Attorney General Roe has a very poor opinion of the kind of friends that State Fire Commissioner Ridgell maintains. The fire commissioner is off on his vacation and a friend of his, and five days ago came a man who said he was a friend of Ridgell, and was hunting him so that he might get cashed a \$10 check so that he might ride back home on the passenger cars. Mr. Roe said that any friend of Ridgell's was a friend of his, and cashed the check. He has changed his mind since the check came back marked "no funds."

## MRS. H. E. McCOMB DEAD FROM AUTO ACCIDENT

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—A telegram from Waihalla, N. D., gives the information that Mrs. H. E. McComb, of Lincoln, has been killed in an automobile accident. McComb is a civil engineer and had been employed on some work in that section. Mrs. McComb had been visiting him and was being driven in a machine to the station. The driver lost control of the automobile and ran into a ditch. The heavy trunk that was being carried in the tonneau landed on the woman, inflicting internal injuries. She was dead when her husband, who was only slightly injured, reached her side. She formerly was a teacher of music in one of the Lincoln schools.

## CROPS BADLY DAMAGED IN SOME PARTS OF STATE

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—Heavy rains Tuesday night and Wednesday caused thousands of dollars of damage in central and eastern Nebraska. Farmers report the destruction of a large amount of wheat ready to be harvested and corn that has been showing good growth. The damage reported was from three to five inches of water in places. The railroads were heavy losers again. Track was washed out in southeastern Nebraska, but in other sections the chief damage was to weakened tracks. The Missouri Pacific was put out of business at several points.

## TWO MURDERERS ARE APPLICANTS FOR PARDON

Lincoln, Neb., July 17.—The state board of pardons is hearing applications from two murderers serving sentence in the state penitentiary. Clarence Garthright, colored, serving 20 years for complicity in a street holdup and murder in Omaha nine years ago, wants a commutation that will release him, good time computed, in a few weeks. Clark, the man who planned the robbery and murder, was hanged, and another confederate, Wahi, is serving a life sentence. The other application is by Isadore H. Stutzman, convicted three years ago of a murder committed in Cass county.

## WILLIAM FLEGE GOES TO LINCOLN PENITENTIARY

Ponca, Neb., July 15.—Sheriff Maskehl this morning took William Flege to the state penitentiary at Lincoln to commence serving sentence for the murder of his sister, Louise, Flege, who was a wealthy farmer of this vicinity, made a hard fight against conviction, twice securing a new trial at the hands of the supreme court. The third effort to overturn the verdict was unsuccessful. Flege has spent most of his fortune in fighting the case. He was convicted on circumstantial evidence and strenuously denies his guilt. It is probable that efforts will be commenced for a pardon at an early date.

## "HIGH ROLLER" VETERINARY GETS CHANCE TO BE GOOD

Lincoln, Neb., July 15.—J. T. DoRan, Bery, Neb., is to be given a chance to be good. DoRan passed a number of worthless checks on Lincoln merchants, and was placed under arrest on a charge of larceny. The veterinary confesses that the charges are true. He says that he has been having domestic troubles and that this drove him to booze. The Beatrice bank had always taken care of his checks before, but it grew weary. DoRan at one time was quite prominent in the southeastern part of the state.

## MISSING TREASURER OF DUNDEE SEEN IN DETROIT BY OMAHA

### Dissipates Theory That He Was Killed In Chicago—Books Under Inspection.

Omaha, Neb., July 16.—Ellery H. Westerfield, missing treasurer of the late village of Dundee, was seen in Detroit by an Omaha man, after the date of his disappearance in Chicago two weeks, according to reliable authority.

This report dismisses the suggestion that Westerfield may have suffered foul play in Chicago, but does not necessarily conflict with his family's theory that he may be under a mental aberration. Westerfield was administrator for several estates. He was appointed administrator of the estate of Grace E. Beatty August 14, 1914, his name being mentioned in the will.

Although a year has elapsed since Mr. Westerfield's appointment, the probate clerk states no inventory has been filed, although that should have been done three months after appointment of administrator. The records of this case do not show that various articles of personal property were distributed, as specified in the will, although the distribution may have been made.

## STILL FURTHER PROOF OF PEACE PACT IN NEBRASKA

Lincoln, Neb., July 16.—Another straw that indicates the Bryans and Senator Hitchcock have patched up a truce, or made a deal of some kind, is shown in the assurance from Washington that the United States district attorneyship is to go to T. S. Allen, of Lincoln, a brother-in-law of the two Bryans. The position is one of the best Nebraska jobs in the gift of the national administration, and has been variously dangled in the forest of Lincoln followers. Corey and Judge Loomis, with a fight broached every time either name was mentioned. Allen was the head of the Wilson league in 1912, and this organization did the major part of the work, because the state committee was dominated by Clark and Harmon followers. Allen has several times insisted that he was not a candidate, but recent admissions indicate that he has been brought into the deal in an effort to patch up differences and divide the spoils between the two factions. There are three federal offices—marshal, district attorney and revenue collector—each paying around \$4,000 a year, and now that the Lincoln postoffice has been made vacant through the death of F. W. Brown, it makes possible an even division. The gossip is that the Bryans get the Lincoln postoffice and the district attorneyship and Hitchcock will name the collector and the marshal.

## ACTUAL EARNING POWER IS BASIS OF COMPENSATION

Lincoln, Neb., July 16.—Labor Commissioner Coffey has made a ruling that defines the method of computing compensation under the new law relating to workmen. He holds that the law means that the actual earning power, lost by reason of an injury, should be the basis of computing compensation. After the 15th day the man is entitled to 50 per cent of that sum. If the injury lasts over eight weeks then the compensation shall date back to the day he was hurt. The coming portion should include all of the day upon which the man suffered the injury, and all days actually lost by reason thereof. Fractional parts of days shall not be included in any computation. The commissioner has many inquiries from employers as to the meaning of obscure sections.

## BOARDS WILL MEET TO ADJUST LIVE STOCK RULES

Lincoln, Neb., July 16.—The live stock board of Iowa is to be asked by the Nebraska live stock sanitary commission to meet with it in this city on August 2, along with representatives of Illinois, Minnesota, Indiana, North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Colorado, Kansas and Oklahoma, to consider quarantine and rules and uniform regulations affecting interstate shipments of live stock. The Nebraska board has lifted the quarantine on Iowa live stock, but it finds that there are a number of contradictions and complications in the various rules relating to interstate shipments. In a desire to make these uniform and to assist the live stock industry this conference is called.

## HOLBROOK EDITOR IS APPOINTED DEPUTY AUDITOR

Lincoln, Neb., July 16.—Fred Ayres, of Holbrook, has been appointed deputy state auditor, a position which carries with it a salary of \$1,800 a year. He takes the place of W. B. Eastham, who was promoted to the position of state insurance commissioner, succeeding L. G. Brian. Mr. Brian is now heading a new insurance company, designed to guarantee a proper funeral for all who take out policies. Mr. Ayres is editor and publisher of the Holbrook Observer. He was formerly an employee of Auditor Smith in the latter's printing office at Seward, and has also served two years as an employee of the state in the food commissioner's office.

## BELL AT SEATTLE.

Seattle, Wash., July 14.—The liberty bell arrived here today from Everett, Wash., and was met by two detachments of marines and soldiers and two bands. Patriotic exercises were held up to 2:30 p. m., when the bell was due to leave for Tacoma, Wash.

## THEIR FRIEND QUIGLEY HONORED BY CHILDREN

Chicago, July 14.—Five thousand children marched slowly under the tripping trees of North State street today, escorting the body of Archbishop James Edward Quigley from the archbishop's residence to the Cathedral of the Holy Name. Hundreds of adults were turned away from the cathedral to make room for the children, whose welfare was the chief interest of the late churchman's life.

## PASSENGER LINED, ORDUNA ATTACKED, ESCAPES U-BOATS

### British Passenger Vessel With 21 Americans on Board Escapes Torpedo By Barely Ten Yards.

New York, July 19.—The British passenger liner, Orduna, with 227 passengers aboard, 21 of whom were Americans, was attacked without warning by a German submarine at 6 o'clock in the morning of July 9, 16 hours out of Liverpool, on her way to New York. Announcement of the attack was made by the ship's captain, Thomas McComb Taylor, and passengers, when the Orduna reached here today.

## SEVEN SHELLS ARE FIRED

A torpedo was fired at the steamer and missed it by 10 yards. Twenty minutes later a submarine rose to the surface, possibly a different submarine from the one that launched the torpedo, and, for half an hour thereafter, pursued the steamer, firing shells which whistled over the decks, above the heads of passengers standing there with their life belts on. Ten minutes before the attack a sailing ship, with two American flags painted on her sides, was seen ahead. Captain Taylor became suspicious of this craft and began maneuvering his ship. Then came the attack, the first warning of which was the streak of a torpedo, which whistled through the water and missed the Orduna's stern by 10 yards or thereabouts.

## Passengers Prepared.

Stewards ran below and aroused the passengers. With clothes hurriedly fastened haphazard, they made for the upper deck. There they were assembled near the bridge. Life belts were adjusted and life boats swung out. The crew stood ready to launch the boats. From a submarine off the starboard quarter there came a shell which kicked up a miniature geyser in the Orduna's wake. The submarine had the range. Captain Taylor turned the stern of the ship toward the vessel which ordered full speed ahead. Within from two to five minutes another shell, this time passing over the heads of the assembled passengers was fired. As it overshot the mark, its landing place was marked by a rising column of water.

## Shells Graze Steamer.

A third shell passed overhead and so close that it seemed to clip a life boat. Captain Taylor ordered the passengers to go to a lower deck. They obeyed and the life boats were adjusted lower still so that the passengers might escape in them without delay. The shelling continued, shots falling about the steamer at intervals of from two to five minutes.

For about half an hour the submarine pursued the liner with the span of water between them lengthening each minute. Seven shots were fired in all. Four of them passed over the decks. The other three fell close to the ship. Then the submarine, distanced, gave up the chase.

Passengers say the submarine attack was made without previous warning. The next day the United States war passengers were held in the saloon and the following resolution adopted by 23 of them was handed to Captain Taylor: "The first cabin passengers of the steamer Orduna desire to express their heartfelt appreciation and admiration to the master and crew of the ship for their manuevered and handled your steamer during the sudden and deliberate attack made upon it on the morning of July 9 at 6 o'clock by a German submarine."

## The Orduna's passengers included the baron and baroness Rosenkrantz, Lawrence Johnson, jr., of Philadelphia; W. O. Smith, of Chicago, and F. M. Morz, of Winnipeg.

William O. Thompson, of Chicago, counsel for the industrial relations commission of the United States, was another of the Orduna's passengers who saw the attack on the vessel. He declared that he would write a protest to Washington, setting forth the details of the attack.

## Vessel Had No Warning.

Early risers who had left their berths to enjoy the fine morning were with the captain on the bridge, when the attack began and witnessed the entire episode. Among them was Baron Marcus Rosenkrantz, of Denmark, who married Miss Rebbe Loewe, of Atlanta, Ga. The baroness was with him on the trip, but did not witness the attack. "Ask the passengers what happened," Captain Taylor said, when the Orduna docked here today. "I am attached to the royal naval reserve and therefore cannot discuss the matter. Ask Baron Rosenkrantz. He saw the whole thing."

## Think Submarine Had Shield.

"We left Liverpool about 2:30 o'clock on the afternoon of Thursday, the 8th," he said. "At 5:55 o'clock by my watch the first missile, a torpedo was fired. A few minutes before that, however, we saw a small sailing ship just ahead of us. She had two American flags painted on the side that was turned to us. She was broadside to us and seemed to be beating up the wind. We could see her over the bows. "Captain Taylor apparently became suspicious of this boat. We noticed that the course of the ship was immediately changed so that the little vessel ahead would be given a wide berth. I could see that we would pass far astern of her if we kept to the new course. "Some of those aboard believed that the sailing ship was hiding a submarine behind her. "Thomas H. Graham, of Liverpool, one of the passengers on deck at the time, interrupted Baron Rosenkrantz to express his firm conviction that such was the case.

"We passed the sailing ship at a considerable distance. Having done this, most of us forgot her," Baron Rosenkrantz continued. "A few minutes after we had left her behind I looked through my glasses over the sea and saw a white streak coming toward us through the water. I was sure at first it was a streak, such as the wake of a torpedo or the periscope of a submarine, but the question was soon settled.