THE WHEAT LANDS OF **WESTERN CANADA** AN ATTRACTION

THE EUROPEAN WAR MAKES THE GROWING OF WHEAT EX-CEPTIONALLY REMU-NERATIVE.

One result of the European War has been to reduce the volume of business done by many of the manufacturing institutions of the United States, commercial enterprises have been affected, business of many kinds have been hampered, and a financial stringency has been forced on almost every community. It is not only because it has brought these things about, and created a lot of hardship, but there is the outstanding fact of the terrible loss of life, the great destruction of property, and the disruption of everything near and dear to those whose countries are involved in the war that makes the whole affair highly regrettable. The heart of the entire world goes out in sympathy to those within the area of the trouble. Arrangements have been made to relieve the distress by money and other means. But there is one great thing -wheat and flour-that the European countries will need. The wheat-producing countries are no longer producing, and there is the gravest reason to fear that they will not be for some years. In this case, it would be fully as heneficial and charitable to make provision to meet the loss of Europe's grain crop by encouraging a greatly increased growth on this con-

The wheat-growing sections of the United States have about reached their limit of production, and this source cannot be depended upon to meet a great deal of the demand that there will be for some years. The only country that is in a position to meet it is - Canada - that portion known as Western Canada. Here there are millions of acres of land, capable of producing from 20 to 40 bushels per acre. All this land is excellent for wheat, and very much is still in the hands of the Dominion Government, and 160 acres of it can be had by the payment of a ten dollar

tinent.

Another vast area is that held by railway and reliable land companies, held at from \$10 to \$25 per acre. Improved farms are slightly higher in price. Information regarding these lands may be had of any Canadian Government Agent.

The fact that Canada offers such a spiendid opportunity should be ac-

SOMETHING USEFUL FOR XMAS Waterman's Sold at the best stores most everywhere. If your dealer cannot supply we will gladly assist you, Illustrated folder on request.

L. E. WATERMAN COMPANY New York

Barber Supplies



cepted with a wide-spread appreciation, and not met with attempts on the part of some to spread misleading statements. The Dominion Government has not taken steps to deny many of the false statements circu lated by those who evidently are more Interested in injuring Canada than benefiting those who would be benefited by taking up farms in Canada, but in order to correct a highly erroneous impression that conscription is carried on in Canada, that compulsory military service is employed, and that there is restraint as to the movement of those not Canadians, the necessity is felt of giving as much publicity as possible to a denial of these statements.

An item to which special exception is taken is one which says:

"They are sending them away as rapidly as possible; but the young men are not permitted to leave Canada. All the citizens and those who have taken up homesteads are subject to military duty."

In direct refutation of this, we beg to quote from a recent editorial in the Rochester, N. Y., Herald:

"There is no legal process by which Great Britain can command a single Canadian soldier to enter the field in her aid or even in her most needful defense. Great Britain cannot legally take a dollar of Canada's money for this or any other war without Canada's consent. All must be given voluntarily, if it be given at all. Yet men and dollars are given to the limit of Canada's power to give, just as if Great Britain had both physical and legal power to exact them. Indeed, it is possible that they are given more freely in this way, for what a man gives because he wants to give is likely to be greater than what he gives under force.

'All in all it is a noble picture of devotion to her motherland which Canada offers to the gaze of her admiring and unenvious neighbors."

Canada's invitation for immigration extends to all who are willing to go on to the farms.

Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada. Advertisement.

MADE THE VICTORY CERTAIN

Gunner's Announcement Naturally Brought Joy to the Heart of Artillery Captain.

With a ringing cheer the enemy advanced to attack the entrenchments. "Fire!" hoarsely shouted the artillery captain, and the roar of the guns responded, but without checking the steady advance of the enemy.

One piece remained undischarged. "Why don't you fire?" demanded the captain.

"I-I don't know if it's loaded," responded the gunner.

A gleam of joy lit up the stern features of the commander.

"Then victory is ours!" he shouted "Fire it and let's find out!"

The discharge mowed down the advancing column and the assault was 'Twas ever thus.

Father's Ultimatum.

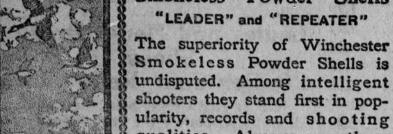
"I think two can live as

"You can't edge into my family on that theory, young man. I'm willing to keep on supporting my daughter, but you'll have to pay board."

Time isn't always money to the chap who does a credit business.

A fool and his money are always on





"LEADER" and "REPEATER"

Smokeless Powder Shells is undisputed. Among intelligent shooters they stand first in popularity, records and shooting qualities. Always use them For Field or Trap Shooting.

Ask Your Dealer For Them.

Canada is Calling You to her Rich Wheat Lands

She extends to Americans a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help to feed the world by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profifable an industry as grain is fully as profifable an industry as grain.

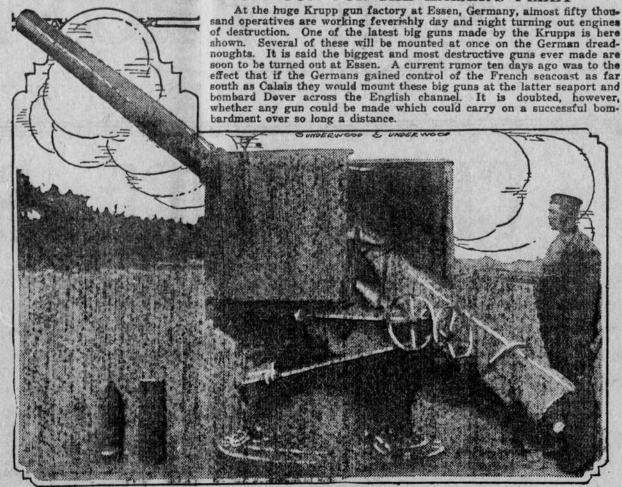
is fully as profitable an industry as grain

The Government this year is asking farraers to put increased acreage into grain. Military service is not compry in Canada but there is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthful and able, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

J. M. MacLachion, Brawer 197, Watertown, S. D.; W. V. Bennett, 220-17th St., Room 4, Fee Bidg., Omaha, Neb., and R. A. Garrett, 311 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

Canadian Government Agents

HERE'S LATEST KRUPP GUN FOR THE KAISER'S FLEET



WAR ORDERS PLACED IN THE UNITED STATES

huge European demand. Woolens, agricultural implements, wire, steel, cotton goods, auto trucks, hides, copper, etc., etc.

Manufacturing Machinery for Russia. On Saturday the liner Czar leaves New York for Archangel with a great cargo of machinery and supplies ordered by a local bank upon instructions from the Russo Asiatic bank.

Machinery houses are feeling the trade impetus of a booming export market. The Iron Trade Review tells of a single shipment of 800 lathes to Russia. Other ma-chine tools for working metals are being ordered in like qualitities.

In these lines fair shipments are being made to France. Italy and South America, the orders including types of machines rarely exported from the United

John and James Dobson, Inc., Philadelphia, are at work on one order for 2,000,000 blankets, it is understood, for the French

government.

The Rexford Knitting company, another Philadelphia mill, has 100,000 cotton garments to produce on an order from the

Medicine Order.

The largest order for lockjawk anti-oxin ever placed, 6,000 packages, has eached a Philadelphia chemical company from the British government.

Cotton Orders.

Southern mills share largely in the orders for export. The Parker mills, Greenville, S. C., and the Cannon mills, in Concord, N. C., have orders for hose, towels, blankets and heavy shirting.

The Pittsburgh Coal company has bid on an order for 300 000 tons of coal a year

on an order for 300,000 tons of coal a year for three years, it is understood, for the Chilean government. The asphalt roads in Queens Borough.

New York, are crowded with automobile trucks which are being tested out for an export order. The cars are being painted a light drab, like war paint on ships. One factory has an order for 90,000 parts, amounting to \$1,000,000.

Made In America.
From the New York American.
One New York exporter is quoted: "I am having manufactured for shipment to am having manufactured for shipment to England goods that England has bought heretofore in Germany and Austria. I have stipulated that the mark shall be 'Made in U. S. A.'"

A mill which rolls sheet copper is sending to South America copper circles 72 inches in diameter. It was necessary to wrap them in riveted band iron for shipment. Heretofore the goods were exportage by the Germany only.

ment. Heretofore the goods were exportey by Germany only,
The Parish Manufacturing company,
Reading, Pa., has an order for the frames
of 350 motor trucks which the Pierce
Arrow company is building for France.
American car builders have been interviewed by Russian representatives regarding a rush order for 1,400 freight cars. Delivery will be at Vladivostok or Archangel.

^ Peabody, Mass., firm has an order for

7 000 worth of tanned hides for export, are Colt Arms company and the cart-ridge companies in Connecticut are workriage companies in Connecticut are work-ing overtime and will be for many weeks. Canada has ordered 500 Indian two-cylinder motorcycles. The Knox Motors company has a large order for motor trucks for Germany. The Germans are to accept delivery at seaboard in the United States.

United States.
One hundred tons of horseshoes and 20 tons of horseshoe nails is one order for export to a Pittsburgh mill. Another mill is rushing out 5,000 tons of bayonet and saber crucible steel.

Manufactured Cotton Selling. Dry goods merchants are seiling for export trade where they never sold before, and articles that heretofore they stocked for local demand only.

In the last manifests were domestics for

Corinto; domestics for La Paz; general dry goods and cotton goods to Cuba; shoes, notions and domestics for Santiago de Cuba; duck, domestics and dry goods to Shanghai; duck, shoes and notions to Hong Kong; duck to Singapore; general dry goods and notions to Kobe.

These foreign orders are duplicated to many South American ports, and the size of the shipments are fairly large considering importers must feel their way. Exginning of an enormous export trade in general dry goods to the West Indies, South America and the Pacific ports. Ernest A. Wakefield, consul at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, is another for-eign representative of the government to ask American exporters to investigate a ask American exporters to investigate a new market in his part of the world.

Lie largest carpet and wool corporation in this country has just bought 2,000,000 pounds of carpet wools. Other like orders have been placed, making the total near-er 4,000,000 pouonds.

These wools were lying on the market

Manufacturers already crowded with total 228,300,139 pounds, against 140,084,450 use European demand. Woolens, last year. England is buying heavily.

Condensed News Stories of Big Business Twenty-three members of a buying com-mission formed by the French are now in this country making purchases for the French government. They are in charge of Consul D'Anglade.

The demand for automobile trucks by the belligerent nations is increasing, and one order for \$7,000,000 of automobile trucks will probably be placed within the

next day or two.

Manufacturers of munitions of was Manufacturers of munitions of war are fast depleting their supplies. One large concern has disposed of all its .45-caliber revolvers and is now sending .38-caliber weapons to France and England by way of New York. This company now has three shifts of men working day and night.

The South Bethlehem Steel company has begun work on 900 six-inch guns for the French government. The total contract amounts to \$25,000,000.

St. Louis has an order for 20,000 horses for the French army, at an average of \$175 each. On this basis the entire order will total \$3,500,000. Other purchases are being made in Fort Worth, Oklahoma City, Wichita, Chicago and Memphis.

made in Fort Worth, Oklahoma City, Wichita, Chicago and Memphis.

It is costing \$1,500 a day to feed the animals awaiting shipment to Montreal.

One hundred and forty-one raliroads doing business of over \$1,000,000 a year, earned during September last a net revenue of \$77,042,145. The same roads for September, 1913, earned \$76,695,864. During the present year for the same month 190,950.96 miles of raliway were operated, against 189,131,20 for the same month in the previous year. The total revenues for September last were \$229,151,350 and expenses totaled \$152,509,205.

The production of anthracite coal in October was larger than that of October last year in spite of the drought. If early indications do not fail, the output will not fall far short of 6,500,000 tons, against 6,338,194 tons shipped last year.

Demand for wire products for foreign shipment continues to be large. One inquiry for barbed wire for shipment to one of the belligerent nations involved 50,000 tons. A portion of the tonnage involved probably will be distributed this week. Wire product manufacturers in the Chicago district are driving milis at capacity. Some mills have been operating at 100 per cent capacity in the wire department for several weeks. More important milis are unable to promise shipments of plain or barbed wire before the latter part of this month and some mills are out of the market until December 15

Big French Order.

London—The Standard says the French government desires to buy 1,000,000 pairs of woollen socks from some English woollen manufacturers, but owing to the other large demands on their stocks and supplies the English manufacturers have been unable to accept the order, which consequently has gone to America. A number of other large orders in woollen goods which the French government tried to place in England has gone to America.

Intrenching Tools.

Pittsburgh—The Pittsburgh foreign trade commission announced yesterday that a local manufacturing concern has received an order from a warring European nation for 1,000,000 intrenching tools to be delivered at the earliest possible moment at a part in Iceland.

Inquiries have also been received from one of the belligerents for bids on a large order for steel wheels for use on gun and ammunition transport and also for heavy wagons.

Shirts for British Soldiers. Reading, Pa.—A Reading firm yester-day received an order for 600,000 hospital shirts for the British army. The contract is for \$350,000. It will require nearly 2,000,000 yards of muslin to fill the order.

Tariffs Spoil Trade. Letter of Fidelity Trust Company, Balti-more,

Until within quite recent years the export trade of the United States was principally in products which other countries required and which have been shipped abroad aimost automatically in response to a natural demand, to which have been added from time to time certain other products, the surplus not required by the markets of this country, and sent to foreign lands in response, not to a special demand for them there, but to the wish here to sell them. Experiences of European nations tilat have succeeded in gaining markets in South America emphasize an exactly opposite policy.

Johnny Spreads Sunshine.

From the Ladies' Home Journal.

"It is the duty of everyone to make at least one person happy during the week," said a Sunday school teacher.

"Now, have you done so, Johnny?"

"Yes," said Johnny, promptly.

"That's right. What did you do?"

"I went to see my aunt and she was happy when I went home."

To Iron Silk.

From Mothers Magazine.

In pressing silk, I always spread a sheet of tissue aper, thin enough to be seen through, over the silk. The paper protects the silk from the fron and prevents the shiny appearance made by the fron coming in direct contact with the silk.

These wools were lying on the market until the present buying movement began. The orders cleaned up one-third of the wool of this grade.

Philadelphia as well as Boston supplied raw material for this order. Combing and filling China and Russian wools figured in the transactions.

Wool shipments from Boston this year wools shipments from Boston this year the force needed to cut them.

The Siberian Ivory.

The Siberian Ivory.
From the Washington Star.
Not all the ivory brought to market is derived from living animals. Certain ivory is obtained from animals long since dead—relics, indeed, of a remote age. Ivory of this sort is found in Siberia, the ivory of a creature unknown. It is cut from the tusks of mastodons whose skeletons are found frozen in It is cut from the tusks of mastodons whose skeletons are found frozen in masses of ice or buried in the mud of Siberian rivers and swamps. The northern part of the country abounds in extensive bogs, which are called urmans, and in these are found the tusks of the mastodon. It is inferred that these animals lost their lives by venturing upon a surface not capable of sustaining their weight.

To most creatures these urmans are forbidden ground. The nimble reindeer can sometimes effect a passage of them in safety during summer, but other large and heavy animals at-

of them in safety during summer, but other large and heavy animals attempting to emulate these deer would be engulfed.

In the Tobolsk museum are to be seen various specimens of mammoth, and throughout this region they are not at all rare. When an ice pack

not at all rare. When an ice pack breaks down a river bank, or the sum-mer thaw penetrates deeper than usual into the ground, some of these antedi-luvian monsters are very likely to be

In many cases their remains are fresh and well preserved, with their dark, shaggy hair and underwool of reddish brown, their tufted ears and long, curved tusks, that all the aborigines, and even some of the Russlan settlers, believe that they are specimens of animals that still live, burrowing like moles, and that they die the instant they are admitted to the light. light.

The farther north one proceeds, the

more abundant are these remains. They are washed up with the tides upon the arctic shores, and some extensive isl-

these mammoth tusks is Yakutsk on the Lena. Thence they find their way to workshops of European Russia and to the ivory carvers of Canton.

LEFT OVERS.

(Copyright, 1914, by the McClure News-paper Syndicate.)
Save all left-over pieces of soap, too small to use conveniently, in a glass jar. Sort the toilet soap and the laun-

Jar. Sort the toilet soap and the laundry and kitchen soap. Put the kitchen and laundry soap in a wire shaker. Of the other, make a liquid toilet soap of three-quarters of old soap to one-quarter of boiling water. Shave the soap, pour the boiling water over it, stirring all the time, and add the juice of a lemon and a teaspoonful of glycerine. Saye the juice from all canned fruit

Save the juice from all canned fruit. Usually there is more juice than fruit, and some is left over. Add it to mince meat when you are making that. Use it for sirup on hot cakes and waffles. Add it to cold tea and lemon juice to make a delicious beverage. Use it to season water ices and sherbets. Add it to cut up orange and grapefruit, for a to cut up orange and grapefruit, for a

fruit punch.

Save all bones from roasts and stews and every three or four da,s simmer them, in water, for stock with which to season meats and vegetables. Crack the bones, add to them a little onion, and simmer continuous strength. simmer gently for several hours. Strain Save soup meat. The flavor is gone

from it, but most of the nourishment is left. Use it for croquettes, well sea-soned. Use it for force meat with which to stuff tomatoes and green peppers. Mince it, add a little tomato or green

Mince it, add a little tomato or green pepper, season and mix with enough white sauce to moisten well. Serve very-hot on toast.

Save all left-over vegetables to add to soup. A delicious soup is made from lima beans, tomato, a little chopped carrot, a little chopped celery, all boiled tender, and a little meat stock.

Save all left-over soup, even if it is only half a cupful. It is useful in cooking meats and vegetables. Sweet potatoes that have been parboiled are delicious if they are baked in a dripping pan and bested every five minutes until brown with stock or soup, Soup can be used to moisten hash or minced meat, and it can be used to season meat, and it can be used to seaso minced spinach and other vegetables.

The Rose in Fashion's Favor.

From the New York World.

Fifth avenue and Riverside drive are one in favor of the rose on the shoulder as a feminine conceit. It's the new fall style. The rose may be a teeny-weeny bud for buds and a bull-blown flower for girls who have made their debute. The fashion provides that the flower shall be pinned a trifle forward of the top of the right shoulder. The color scheme is left to individual taste, although the pale pink tint has been adopted along the avenue.

Later on, when the chrysanthemums are in bloom, it will be entirely proper to fasten a massive bloom in the proper anatomical zone. Shoulder buds can be bought at all florists. Artificial buds will do.

Plenty of Blunders. From the Alexandria Times-Tribune. "A wise man learns something every time a fool blunders," says an un-known writer. Why aren't there more wise men in this world, if that is true? Sprains, Bruises Stiff Muscles

Sloan's Liniment will save hours of suffering. For bruise or sprain it gives instant relief. It arrests inflammation and thus prevents more serious troubles developing. No need to rub it in—it acts at once, instantly relieving the pain, however severe it may be.

Here's Proof Here's Proof

Charles Johnson, P. O. Box 105, Lawton's Station, N. Y., writes: "I sprained my ankle and dislocated my left hip by falling out of a third story window six months ago. I went on crutches for four months, then I started to use some of your Liniment, according to your directions, and I must say that it is helping me wonderfully. I threw my crutches away. Only used two bottles of your Liniment and now I am walking quite well with one cane. I nover will be without Sloan's Liniment."

All Dealers, 25c. Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc. Philadelphia, Pa.



BALANCE KEPT BY NATURE

Increase of the Human Race Seems to Be Regulated by Wars and Other Devastations.

Every year, according to scientists who attempt to keep the general records, at least 80,000,000 human beings are born on this earth and 60,000,000 or 70,000,000 die. This indicates a daily birth rate of about 220,000 and a death rate of 180,000. The daily increase in population therefore is about 40,000. The total population of the globe is estimated at 1,800,000,000.

The ravages of war do little to impede the increase. Far more effective have been the upheavals of nature. The Franco-Prussian war killed about 130,000 in seven months. The death roll of the Russo-Japanese reached about 200,000. A single earthquake (1737, in India) has been estimated to have caused 300,000 deaths. The faarctic shores, and some extensive islands off the coast contain great quantities of fossil ivory and bones.

Tusks long or repeatedly exposed to the air are brittle and unserviceable, but those which have remained buried in the ice retain the qualities of recent ivory and are a valuable article of merchandise. The greatest market for merchandise. The greatest market for war with China in 1894. The earther with China in 1894. quake in Japan in 1703 is said to have killed 200,000 people. The Lisbon earthquake in 1755 destroyed 50,000 human lives, while 40,000 were lost in the same year in earthquake in Persia.

Just Mother's Way.

Robbie (from the depths of a bedtime cuddle)-Mother, you 'member you told me today that no one could possibly love dirty, noisy little boys? Mother-Yes, dear. What about

Robbie-Then what for are you huggin' me so tight?-Judge.

Lots of the mistakes of married life are home made.

Quick Accurate Thinking

-does much to make the difference between success and failure.

And the food a person eats goes a long way toward deciding the difference.

Grape-Nuts

-with its delicious flavour and rich in the concentrated, nourishing elements of whole wheat and malted barley, is the favorite breakfast cereal of thousands of successful men and women ___

"There's a Reason" Grape-Nuts

-sold by Grocers.