

The Frontier

Published by D. H. CRONIN

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A PERSONAL WORD.

For the third consecutive time the writer has been elected by the voters of this county to represent the county in the lower branch of the state legislature, and, this time, without opposition. I desire to express my thanks to the voters of the county, of all parties, who so kindly supported me and gave me this endorsement of my official record and to assure the people that it will be my ambition in the future, as well as in the past, to labor for the best interests of the people of Holt county and of Nebraska, regardless of politics. There should be no politics in the state legislature; every member should labor for the best interest of the state and its people and it will be my endeavor to do so. Hoping that my record in the coming session will continue to merit your approbation and good will I beg to remain

Your obedient servant,
DENNIS H. CRONIN.

Joe Cannon has been returned to congress from Illinois.

Henry Grady is some race horse, when it comes to gathering votes.

Atkinson has ceased to be the banner republican township in the county. Howell only beat Morehead four votes in the township.

Colorado joined the prohibitionists at the election last Tuesday, the drys winning by a majority of 15,000. Oregon went dry by 25,000 and Washington followed suit by 15,000.

The prohibitionists have more cause for rejoicing over the results of the last election than any of the political parties. Four states joined the list of prohibition states as a result of the election.

From reports so far received it seems that Nebraska will again be burdened with a democratic legislature and that the majority in the house will be largely in excess of what it was two years ago.

Now that the smoke of battle has cleared away it becomes evident that to the European war the democrats owe much of their success in the last election. The "Don't Rock the Boat" slogan held the voters in line.

That the present national administration is not satisfactory to the people of this country is evidenced by the fact that the democratic party lost sixty-six members of the national congress in the election last Tuesday and retained control of the lower house by only a slender majority

Last Wednesday President Wilson appointed F. W. Brown, Bryan's candidate, postmaster at Lincoln. Now that the ice has been broken in the patronage fight in the state the wise ones look to see all the contested appointments made before congress convenes in December.

All candidates on the democratic state ticket have carried this county by majorities ranging from three to four hundred. This was made possible by the progressive party which drew enough from the republican candidates to give the democrats the county. From late reports received from the state it appears that most of the democratic state ticket, if not all of it will be elected. Thomas, for state superintendent, seems to be leading the republican state ticket.

What Started the War.

New York Sun: In the first place a Serbian socialist got drunk and killed an Austrian nobleman and his escort (or, maybe, it was his consort). Anyhow, it was some sort. Austria then got hot under the collar over the incident and said to Serbia: "See here, now, we don't want any of that rough stuff. I want to be a father to you. Come in the weeds." Russia was peeping through the fence when

she heard the conversation, and seeing what was going on, said to Austria: "Do not touch that child; he's my kid, and, anyhow, you'd make a hell of a looking daddy." "You've got another think coming," answered Austria. "I don't like the color of your hair, anyhow, and your feet don't track besides, and I can lick you with one hand tied." "Bully boy," says Wilhelm of Germany. "If you can't lick him I can, and by gosh I'll do it. I can lick anybody; I can lick everybody. We'll take him on together."

So Germany slips up on France when she ain't looking and lands with both feet in the middle of Belgium. "Get off'n my belly," says Belgium, "or I'll bite your leg off." "Ouch," says Germany. "I'll get off when I get ready." "That's not fair," says France. "So take that, you slob." handing Germany a hot one on the snout. "I hate a scrap," says England, "but I can smash the jaw of the guy that slaps my friend." "You don't hate it worse than I do," says Japan, as she squares off for a hand in the game. "Well, I guess you started it, anyhow," says Wilhelm to Nick. Just then everybody began to yell, "You started it yourself!" and each one sticks out his tongue at the other fellow and they all clinch and the little fellows begin to dance around, watching for a chance to get in a punch and run. And there you are.

HOW WAR TAX WILL BE RAISED.

\$100,000,000.00 War Tax to be Raised by Taxes on Many Different Kinds of Property.

The \$100,000,000.00 war tax bill was passed by Congress a few days ago by quite a large majority, and the following is a list of goods which will be taxed and the amounts levied on them.

The cotton relief amendment proposed by the senators from the cotton states was defeated by a vote of 21 to 40.

The amendment provided for an issue of \$250,000,000 of three year 4 per cent bonds in denominations of \$10, 20, 50, 100 to be used to purchase from producers, 5,000,000 bales of cotton at not more than ten cents a pound.

A tax of half cent a pound on all cotton grown and sold in 1916, and if necessary a tax of one cent a pound on the 1917 crop would be levied to repay the government the bonds and all expenses incident to the handling of the cotton.

Those who voted for the cotton relief amendment were:
Republicans—Borah, Clapp and Jones.

Democrats—Clarke, Arks, Culbertson, Fletcher, Lane, Lea, Tennessee, Martin, Myers, Overman, Sheppard, Shields, Simmons, Smith, Georgia; Smith, South Carolina; Thornton, Vardaman, White and Williams.

Progressive—Poindexter.
Twenty-one democrats voted against it. They were: Ashurt, Camden, Hitchcock, James, Johnson, Kern, Lewis, Lee, Maryland; Martin, O'Gorman, Pomerene, Saulsbury, Shaffroth, Shively, Stefe, Swanson, Thomas, Thompson, Walsh and West.

The main provisions for war revenue included in the senate bill are:

Tax on beer, \$1.75 a barrel; rectified whisky, 5 cents a gallon; all domestic still wine, 8 cents a gallon, and 55 cents a gallon on all grape brandies used in fortification thereof; champagnes, 25 cents a quart; carbonated wines, 10 cents a quart, liquors and cordials, 24 cents a gallon; bankers, \$1 per thousand of capital, surplus and undivided profits; pawnbrokers, \$50 a year; commercial brokers, \$20; commission merchants, \$20; custom house brokers, \$10; proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls, with seating capacity not more than 300, \$25 a year; not exceeding 600 chairs, \$50; not exceeding 1,000, \$75; more than 1,000, \$100; circuses, \$100; other amusement proprietors and agents, except of cha-tauquas, lecture lyceums, agricultural or industrial fairs or exhibitions under religious or charitable auspices, \$10; bowling alleys and billiard rooms, \$5 for each alley or table.

Special annual taxes on tobacco dealers and manufacturers:

Dealers in leaf tobacco, from \$6 to \$24; dealers in tobacco, \$4.80 for eastern manufacturers of tobacco with annual sales not exceeding 100,000 pounds, \$6; not exceeding 200,000, \$12; not exceeding 400,000 pounds, \$24; not exceeding 1,000,000 pounds, \$60; 5,000,000 pounds, \$300; 10,000,000 pounds, \$600; 20,000,000 pounds, \$1,200; exceeding 20,000,000 pounds, \$2,496.

Manufacturers of cigars, whose annual sales do not exceed 100,000 cigars, \$3; 200,000 cigars, \$6; 400,000 cigars, \$12; 1,000,000, \$30; 5,000,000, \$150; 20,000,000, \$600; 40,000,000, \$1,200; exceeding 40,000,000, \$2,496.
Manufacturers of cigars with annual sales not exceeding 1,000,000, \$12; 2,000,000, \$24; 5,000,000, \$60; 10,000,000, \$120; 50,000,000, \$600; 100,000,000, \$1,200; exceeding 100,000,000, \$2,496.

Stamp taxes as follows:

Perfumery, Cosmetics and similar articles from one-eighth of a cent for each 5 cent package to 5-8 of a cent on each 25 cent package and 5-8 of a cent for every additional 25 cent in value; chewing gum 4 cent for each \$1 of value; sparkling wines not otherwise taxed 1 cent for pints and 2 cents for all larger containers.

Bonds, certificates of indebtedness and certificates of stock, 5 cents on each \$100 of value; sales agreements to sell, etc., 2 cents on each \$100 of value; promissory notes 2 cents per stock certificates as collateral for loans; board of trade sales or agreements to sell, 1 cent for each \$100 of value; exempting agreements of deposits \$100; express and freight bills of lading, 1 cent each; newspaper shipments taxed on monthly sworn statements of publishers (shipments within the county of publication exempted) 1 cent per shipment; telegraph and telephone messages 1 cent each; indemnifying bonds, 50 cents; certificates of profit, 2 cents for each \$100; certificates of damage, etc., 25 cents; all other certificates required by law, 10 cents each; brokers notes, memorandums of sale, etc., 10 cents, conveyances, 50 cents on values between \$100 and \$500 and 50 cents for each additional \$500 of value; custom house receipts, 25 cents to \$1 on values ranging from \$100 to more than \$500; custom house withdrawal entries, 50 cents each.

Marine and fire insurance policies, 1 cent on each dollar or premium; cooperative and mutual fire insurance exempted; casualty insurance, 1 cent on each dollar of premium.

Passage tickets sold in the United States to foreign ports not exceeding \$30 in cost, \$1; not exceeding \$50 in cost, \$3; costing more than \$50, \$5; tickets less than \$10 exempted.

Power of attorney, 10 cents; protests of notes, etc., 25 cents; parlor car seats and births, 1 cent.

Maximum estimate of annual revenue, \$107,000,000; minimum estimate, based on possible slump in beer production, \$92,000,000.

Remarkable Cure of Croup.

"Last winter when my little boy had croup I got him a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I honestly believe it saved his life," writes Mrs. J. B. Cook, Indiana, Pa. "It cut the phlegm and relieved his coughing spells. I am most grateful for what this remedy has done for him. For sale by all dealers. 21-4

Wattles-Harrington.

Married, at the Catholic church last Tuesday morning, November 3, 1914, Bert Wattles, of Neligh, to Miss Constance Harrington, of this city, Rev. M. F. Cassidy officiating.

After the wedding breakfast the bridal party repaired to the home of the brides' parents where a splendid breakfast was served, after which they left on the Northwestern for an extended honeymoon trip through the east.

The groom is one of Neligh's most prominent young men, having resided in that city for several years and is engaged in the banking business. He is a young man of sterling integrity and is rapidly making a name for himself in the financial circles of northeastern Nebraska.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Harrington and was born and grew to womanhood in this city. She is a very charming and winsome young lady and has a large acquaintance, not only in O'Neill, but throughout the state and numbers her friends by the score.

Upon the return from their honeymoon trip they will make their home in Neligh where the groom has a beautiful home prepared for his bride. The Frontier joins the many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Wattles in wishing them long life and prosperity.

Care of Criminals.

When the mechanics sits down after supper, with a sense of relief that the labor of another day is over, he picks up his county paper, and his eyes fall upon article headed "Claims Allowed" by the board of supervisors.

He reads of bills paid for poor of city and county, for medical attendance, etc., and he raises no objections, but as he comes to the items for "boarding prisoners" the thought will come up as to the difference there is in the way mankind manages to get a living. He realizes that in order for himself and family to have a comfortable living, he and they must work about three hundred days in the year, and their bill of fare is but little, if any, better than that supplied to the inmates of county jails. The prisoner lives in idleness, reads, plays cards, or sleeps as he chooses, and three times a day he is called up to eat bread earned by the sweat of other men's faces. The man incarcerated in jail has good food and nothing to do. In fact, many of them have more to eat and better times than they had before their arrest. All the punishment it is to them, is being deprived of personal liberty. The work house was a grand good invention to get rid of a

lot of county boarders, and although the plan was opposed bitterly, when first adopted, it has now become popular with all except those liable to go there. There ought to be some plan devised whereby persons confined in jail might be made to labor, to part pay the cost of their keeping. They might be put at some labor that would make imprisonment in jail a punishment rather than a free boarding house. Although their labor might come in competition with that of honest men, the probability is the number of working force would grow beautifully less about the jail, and likewise the bills for boarding them.

Wedding Anniversary at Page.

On October 29th Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Hunt celebrated their second wedding anniversary by a six o'clock dinner given to a few immediate relatives. The dining room was tastefully decorated with red carnations and evergreens and the living room with ferns, evergreens and white carnations. The dinner served proved that bride's education had not been neglected. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. D. Hunt, Miss Nyra Hunt and Mr. Herschel Hunt, of Page, Misses Lovena and Jennie Adams with Mrs. E. Roy Townsend and son, of O'Neill.

A very pleasant time was enjoyed and some nice presents received. ***

Inman Boy Shot.

As a result of Halloween pranks amon the young men of Inman, Harden Anspach was shot in the right leg just below the thigh with a 38-caliber revolver Saturday evening. The shooting was done by I. N. Brown, Inman liveryman, who was watching his barn to keep the boys from doing any damage to property. Anspach was taken to O'Neill yesterday in company with Dr. Noyes where the bullet will be probed for. According to Mr. Brown's story he had warned the boys about molesting his property and after several threats were made and a bunch of miscellaneous articles placed against his barn door, Brown appeared in the doorway and fired one shot at the crowd as it was leaving. Young Anspach was in the rear of the crowd and the bullet struck him.

Young Anspach says that he was upon the streets the greater part of the evening and took no part in the pranks until he heard the noise at the Brown barn and that he went down in company with another boy who had a horse in the barn and who wanted to get the horse out and go home. He says he went along to help get the horse out and arrived just in time to meet Brown at the door with a revolver. Turning he says he started to run when the bullet struck him in the leg. He was about ten feet from Brown when the shot was fired.

The police arrived and immediately disbursed the crowd and Anspach was taken to his home where the wound was dressed.

Dinner Time.

Walt Mason: When dinner is ready, my worries depart, all gone are the sorrows that burden my heart; the scent of the victuals brings calmness and peace, the scent of the cabbage, the onions, the grease; my thoughts are of turnips and early June peas, of pie and of pudding, spaghetti and cheese. I kick up my heels and I stand on my head, for I am an optimist when I am fed. The woes of my life are a pestilent lot; they keep me excited and worried and hot; the bills I must pay with no money in sight, the fear that my health isn't perfectly right, the dread of results if I chance to fall sick, the coal I must buy—and they won't sell on tick, the high cost of living that's keeping me broke, the shriveling income that goes up in smoke—such worries are making me much like a wreck, but all are forgotten when dinner's on deck. The dinner gong calls to the succulent roast, the scalloped potatoes, the tea and the toast. The dinner gong sounds and I've no time to waste, I leap over tables and chairs in my haste. Gone, gone the foreboding, the brooding, the dread, for I am an optimist when I am fed!

The Editor's Prayer.

I would fee from the city's rule and law—from its fashions and forms cut loose—and go where the strawberry grows on its straw and the gooseberry grows on its goose; where the catnip tree is climbed by the cat as she clutches for her prey the guileless and unsuspecting rat, on the rattan bush at play I will watch at ease the saffron cow and the cowlet in their glee, as they peal in joy from bough to bough on top of a crowslip tree; and list while the partridge drums his drum, and the woodcock chucks his wood, and the dog devours the dogwood plum in the primitive solitude. O, let me drink from the moss grown pump that was hewn from a pumpkin tree! Eat mush milk from a rural stump, from form and fashion free—new-garnered mush from the mushroom vine and milk from the milk weed sweet—with luscious pineapples from the wine! Such food as the gods might eat! And then to the white-

MR. DEPOSITOR:

We invite you to Deposit your funds in this bank for the reason that all depositors are protected by the Depositors' Guarantee Fund of the State of Nebraska.

That the Deposits are amply protected in State Banks was exemplified in the failure of the State Savings Bank of Superior, Nebraska, a few months ago. Shortly after the bank closed the depositors were paid in full, together with interest up to the time the bank suspended payment.

At the same time the First National Bank of Superior failed and up to this time the depositors have not received a cent, and prospects of ever receiving a substantial portion of their deposits are not very bright.

The harvest of the farmers and stockmen is now at hand and they will soon be disposing of their products and will want to deposit their surplus funds.

Kindly keep this bank in mind, as this is the only bank in O'Neill operating under the Guarantee Law of the State of Nebraska.

Nebraska State Bank

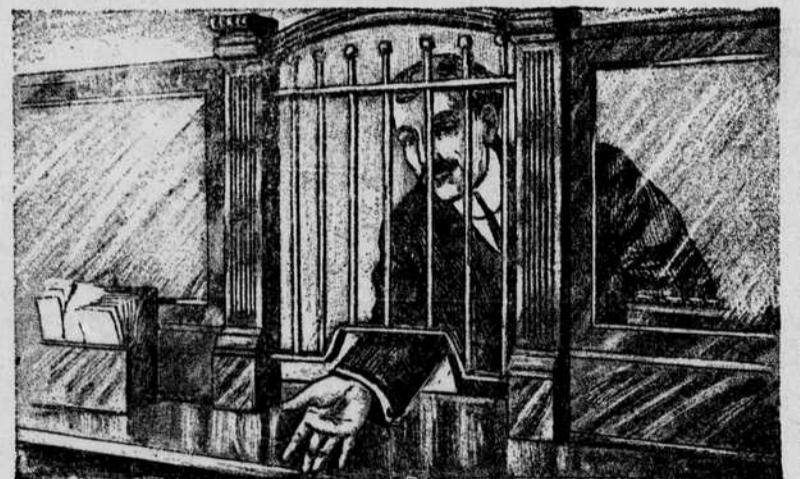
washed dairy I'll turn, where the dairy maid hastening hies her ruddy and goldred butter to churn from the milk of her butterfly; and I'll rise at morn with the earliest bird, to the fragrant farm-yard pass, and watch while the farmer turns his heard of grasshoppers out to grass.

The Great Chicago Stock Show.

It should be understood that the purpose of the International Live Stock Exposition, which will this year be held from Nov. 28 to Dec. 5, is the improvement of the live stock of the nation. It is educational in its nature, aims, methods and results. It brings together annually from 6,000 to 10,000 of the world's choicest animals, to be judged in upwards of 600 classes, in competition for over 2,600 cash premiums aggregating more than \$75,000, besides other numerous valuable prizes, trophies, medals of honor, etc., and holds constant business sessions during the week composed of the foremost live stock representatives of the world, also a series of brilliant evening horse fairs and displays of premium live stock in the arena, with music and special features, all for the purpose of instructing the eye and the mind of the producer of live stock to the importance and necessity of better methods and the greater profits to be derived from raising the better kinds of farm animals, thus expanding and im-

An Editor's Love Letter.

An Editor's Love Letter—"Dear darling delinquent! Our precious subscriber in arrears! You are so shy! Do you think we have sold out and gone? No, little sugar-plum, we could not get away if we wanted to. We are still at the same old stand dishing out the advertisers on sweet promises and bright expectations. They make an excellent diet, darling, with a little pudding flavored with a word of encouragement to serve as a dessert. We are waiting and watching for thee, our turtle dove. We long to hear thy gentle footstep on the stairway below and to hear the ring of the happy dollars within our office. Dear one, we feel unusually sad and lonely without you, dear. Now little pie-crust, will you come? Do we hear you answer in a voice so sweet and beguiling, "I'm coming," or is it only the winds that around our office roar?" We pause for further development."



Checking accounts invited

BEFORE choosing a bank why not meet the officers and ask them something about their institution. There is no information like that you can get from a man while looking him straight in the eyes. Come in here today and let us talk it over.

THIS BANK CARRIES NO INDEBTEDNESS OF OFFICERS OR STOCKHOLDERS.

O'NEILL NATIONAL BANK

ONEILL, NEBRASKA

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O. O. SNYDER, Vice-Pres. C. P. HANCOCK, Asst. Cash.