

The Frontier

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Address the office or the publisher.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—
R. B. HOWELL, of Omaha.
For Lieutenant Governor—
WALTER V. HOAGLAND,
of North Platte.
For Secretary of State—
ADDISON WAIT, of Lincoln.
For State Auditor—
W. L. MINOR, of Morrill.
For State Treasurer—
FRANKLIN G. HAMER, of Omaha.
For State Superintendent—
A. O. THOMAS, of Kearney.
For Attorney General—
CHARLES W. SEARS, of Omaha.
For Land Commissioner—
FRED BECKMANN, of Lincoln.
For Railway Commissioner—
THOMAS L. HALL, of Lincoln.
For Regents State University—
EDWARD P. BROWN, of Davey.
PETER JENSEN, of Beatrice.

CONGRESSIONAL.

For Congressman, Sixth District—
M. P. KINKAID, of O'Neill.

LEGISLATIVE.

For State Senator—
C. W. MOSS, of Atkinson.
For State Representative, 53rd Dist.—
DENNIS H. CRONIN, O'Neill.
For State Representative, 54th Dist.—
P. F. DANKER, Anoka.

COUNTY.

For County Clerk—
J. O. HUBBELL, of Inez.
For County Treasurer—
M. R. SULLIVAN, of Atkinson.
For Sheriff—
HENRY D. GRADY, of O'Neill.
For County Superintendent—
MINNIE B. MILLER, of Atkinson.
For County Attorney—
W. K. HODGKIN, of O'Neill.
For County Surveyor—
M. F. NORTON, of O'Neill.
For County Coroner—
DR. E. T. WILSON, of O'Neill.
For Supervisors—
W. H. SHAUGHNESSY, O'Neill
S. S. WYMORE, Celia.
W. T. HAYES, Atkinson.
H. HUBBARD, Chambers.

Do not fail to go to the polls next Tuesday to cast your ballot. It is a duty you owe yourself and your country.

A vote for R. B. Howell is a vote for a progressive business man for governor of this state and a man who has made good in working for the people.

As a result of the democratic tariff tinkering the people of the United States will soon be called upon to pay a war tax, although we have no war. Another case of democratic inefficiency.

Henry Grady has made a good faithful official and his faithful service will be rewarded by the voters of the county next Tuesday, when they will re-elect him for another term by a greatly increased majority.

From present indications the republican ticket will receive a substantial majority in this county. Taxpayers are getting weary of high taxes and believe it is time to change the political line-up of the county. Now is the time to get into the band wagon.

Remember that a vote for republican candidates for supervisor in this county is a vote against the extravagance that has been indulged in by the present democratic majority of the county board. The republicans are all good business men and are pledged to an economical administration of county affairs. It is to your interest to support them at the polls next Tuesday.

J. O. Hubbell has been a very successful business man of this county and is well qualified to fill the office of county clerk to which he aspires. He is an accommodating thorough-going business man who will give the same care and attention to the business of the county that he does to his own business.

P. F. Danker, of Anoka, Neb., republican candidate for representative from the Fifty-Fourth district, was in the city last Monday interviewing the voters in behalf of his candidacy.

Mr. Danker says prospects are very bright for republican success in the district and he looks to see an unusually large republican vote cast next Tuesday.

Hon. R. L. Metcalf was in the city last Friday and delivered an address that evening in the K. C. hall in the interest of the democratic candidates. Met is a very pleasing speaker but in the minds of many did not make a very strong democratic speech. He was very liberal in his laudation of President Wilson and said that the election of a democratic governor and congressman in this state would be an endorsement of President Wilson's administration. A fairly good audience was present and listened attentively to his address.

H. U. Hubbard, of Chambers, republican progressive candidate for supervisor from the Fifth district, is one of the pioneer residents of southern Holt and one of its most prosperous and progressive farmers and stockmen. If elected to the county board the people of the county will have an able and efficient official looking after their interests. He is deserving the support of all taxpayers who believe that the county affairs should be looked after with the same care and efficiency that a man would look after his own business.

We are of the opinion that it is to the interest of the tax payers of the state to move the State University to the state farm. About the only people in Lincoln who are opposed to the removal and consolidation of the University at the farm are the boarding house keepers, pool hall owners, restaurant men and real estate owners, who are interested in the real estate that the state will have to purchase if the University is enlarged upon its present campus. The adherents of the down town location have spent large sums of money to retain it upon its present location and some of the literature that they have scattered broadcast to further their ends is grossly misleading and untrue. Such methods should be frowned upon by the people of the state and they should vote to consolidate it with the school of agriculture at the State Farm.

The Frontier has not had much to say regarding the judicial fight in this county, for the reason that we are of the opinion that there is practically no fight for that office. It is true there are two candidates seeking the support of the voters on the non-partisan ballot for the office of county judge, but it has been conceded that Judge Carlon will be re-elected to the position with an overwhelming majority, and he deserves to be. He is serving his first term in the office and has made a good faithful official. This office, through which estates are probated, is one of the most important in the county and the voters of Holt county will make no mistake in retaining Judge Carlon in this position for another term. He is capable and efficient and his knowledge of law is a very valuable asset in filling the position. That these facts are generally recognized by the people of the county will be proven by the overwhelming vote that he will receive next Tuesday.

As to County Attorney.

H. J. Boyle, the democratic candidate for county attorney, has made his campaign in this county with the following promise on his campaign cards: "If elected will try county cases without hiring other lawyers at the expense of the tax payers."

If Mr. Boyle should be elected and this promise carried out literally Mr. Boyle, in our judgment, has greatly overestimated his own ability, and it is plain to be seen that cases might arise, both civil and criminal, whereby the rights of citizens and taxpayers would be greatly jeopardized. There has never been a county attorney in this county but what has, in certain very important civil and criminal litigation, employed associate council, and Holt county has had some very able county attorneys. It is very presumptuous on the part of Mr. Boyle to assume that he alone can successfully cope with many of the able lawyers of this county; he lacks both experience and an ability.

Walter Hodgkin, the republican candidate for re-election, has had associate counsel in three important cases during his term. One of these he inherited from his predecessor in office, and one other—the state of Nebraska vs. Culbertson—strikingly illustrates what a county attorney is sometimes up against. In this case the defendant was represented by such an able array of lawyers as M. F. Harrington, Judge J. J. Harrington and J. A. Douglas.

Mr. Hodgkin has tried many county cases during his term of office and the additional expense incidental to his office has been much less than that of most of his predecessors. He has been a painstaking and efficient official and should be re-elected.



SHERIFF HENRY D. GRADY
Republican Candidate for Re-election

Lincoln Letter.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 26: From this point of view the general condition of the state campaign seems to be now as they were at the beginning.

The republican committee is at this time as it has been from the start three months ago, active, aggressive, and confident of victory. The democratic committee, including Chairman Thompson, has been inactive to such a degree that it might be properly charged against them that they have practically surrendered the campaign from beginning to end. A general in command of an army in time of war, treating his soldiers and his cause as Chairman Thompson has treated the democratic party in this political campaign would be court-martialed and dismissed.

True, the state committee tied Mr. Thompson's hands. His plea for patronage support for his men was ignored at Washington. The month he spent at the national capital when he should have been in the campaign work availed nothing. The party feud that robbed Chairman Thompson of his authority over the campaign and that still holds the patronage deadlock intact has not lessened the tension among the democratic voters. As it appears now they are going to the polls with a divided and doubtful loyalty to the state ticket.

The democratic governor, who was not recognized as a state leader of the party when elected two years ago has not been able to raise himself out of that embarrassing attitude. The other democratic candidates on the state ticket are still weaker in proportion, before the people, than is the governor. There has been an unusual amount of criticism of both state tickets from the partisan newspapers and the partisan speakers, but the general trend of this and the weight of it seems to rest on Governor Morehead. At no point in the campaign has he said or done anything to lift himself above that mediocrity of action and utterance that has characterized him as the people seem to judge him from the general public point of view.

And the people's view of the governor, of his negative character, his bent toward inaction and toward the complete surrendering of himself to the reactionary conspiracy that put him in and wants to keep in the executive office, this general view of the governor in contrast with the pulling effect of Howell on the public confidence, seems to be more and more emphasized by whatever happens as we come nearer election. If the governor is to get any considerable numbers of republican votes as an offset against the democratic bolters of his candidacy that are outspoken in nearly every voting precinct in the state, there is but little sign of such republican disaffection. The rule is that a general trend one way or another increases at the last of a campaign. If that rule holds good as between Morehead and Howell the governor's defeat will be emphatic enough to rebuke the old democratic campaign dream that somehow or sometime this is going to be a democratic state.

Regents of The University's Last Appeal to the Parents of Nebraska.

On next Tuesday, November 3, your vote will decide the welfare of the State University of Nebraska for all time to come.

A levy which will bring Two and a Half Million Dollars was appropriated by the last legislature as a building fund for a new physical plant for the University. It was left for the people to decide at the coming election whether this money shall be spent for new buildings on the 320 acre farm campus where the Agricultural College is situated and thus make one consolidated University, or whether between four and six hundred thousand dollars shall be spent to buy additional lots to extend the down town

campus and build two separate, complete universities two and a half miles apart in the city of Lincoln.

Educationally, two State Universities means wasteful duplication of the teaching force, buildings, libraries, gymnasiums, etc., and divides the student body.

Economically, it means spending for additional ground down town, as much as the permanent buildings on the down town campus are worth.

The demand by every State Board now housed in the State Capitol Building for more room will make good use of every permanent building on the down town campus and postpone for a generation the need for a new Capitol building.

The boarding house keepers, real estate men, department stores and other business interests in Lincoln are spending money lavishly to retain the University on the down town campus. They have carried on a campaign of misrepresentation and abuse to further their pecuniary interests. They have no lack of money while the cause of the people has been left to altruistic volunteers to champion.

To build up the down town campus is best for the twenty-one saloons within about four blocks of the down town campus.

It is best for pool halls in that locality.

It is best for the moving picture shows.

It is best for the boarding houses.

It is best for those who have fraternity and sorority buildings for rent.

It is best for the department stores.

It is best for the down town bowling alleys.

It is best for the dance halls.

It is best for the continuous vaudeville shows and theatres.

But is it best for your sons and daughters?

Do you want to locate a Great University in a district hemmed in by railroad yards? A place long since abandoned as a desirable residence district? Where exists all the objectionable elements that house themselves in abandoned first class residence property? A place where you would not wish your daughters to go after dark?

Or do you want one Great University on the slightly and mostly suitable 320 acre farm now owned by the state? In a residence zone of a mile that can be kept free from saloons, questionable resorts, pool halls, and other temptations to the student body as is done in other states?

We make this last appeal for the sake of your children. Vote for number 304 on the special ballot and consolidate the two universities on the State Farm.

F. L. HALLER, GEORGE COUPLAND, Regents of the State University of Nebraska.

Announcement.

Having again received without opposition the Democratic and People's Independent parties nomination of the 54th District, I again feel the voters should know my platform and some of the measures I will support and I will submit them for your consideration.

MY PLATFORM

I. If re-elected I will support every plank of the Democratic platform adopted at Columbus, Nebraska, on July 28, 1914, especially the plank favoring reform legislative procedure.

II. I will support every fair and consistent measure in the interest of the agriculturists especially a liberal appropriation for the state hog cholera serum plant at cost of production.

III. I will support a bill that after thorough investigation will justify the reduction of yardage and other charges at the Union Stock Yards at South Omaha.

IV. I will support a bill permitting the sale of state school lands to actual settlers. Nearly all school lands left are in western half of the state which would give us more settlers and taxes to maintain our schools.

V. I will support a bill to allow municipalities such as cities and counties to organize water power districts for the purpose of bringing to the use of the people the latent energies of our rivers.

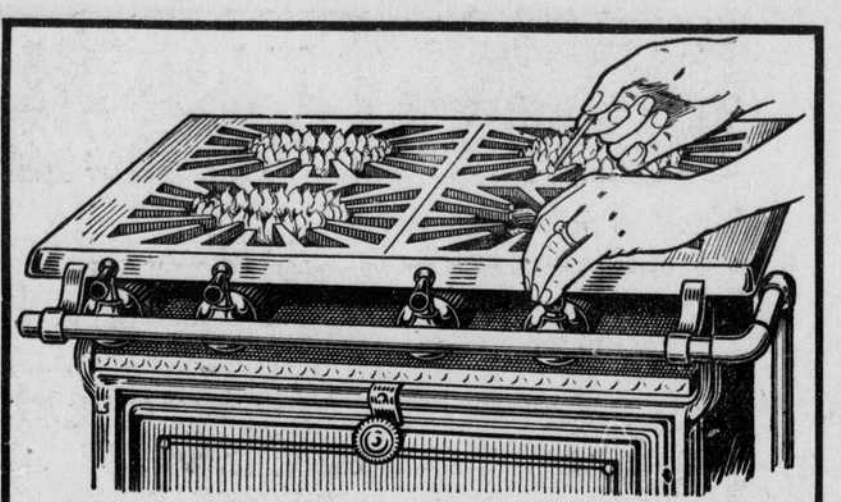
VI. I will support a bill giving greater publicity to constitutional amendments submitted by legislature.

VII. I will support a bill to shorten the election ballot by removing the names of the presidential electors and substituting therefor the names of the candidates for president and vice-president.

VIII. If the University question fails to receive the required 35 per cent for removal or extension, I will vote according to the expressed will of my district.

IX. Being six years a member of the county board of supervisors of Boyd county I shall be in hearty sympathy with reform methods pertaining to roads, bridges and taxation.

X. I voted for those bills that after careful consideration, I thought were for the best interest of the people of



One Safe Home Match will light all four burners

Try to light a gas stove with a short-stick match. is large and strong. The flame "takes hold."

If the stick does not break, or you don't burn your fingers, the chances are about three in five that the rush of gas from the burner will blow the match out.

They are non-poisonous, too. For that reason alone they should be in every home in America.

If you are exceptionally fortunate, you may light one burner—possibly even two. To light the others, you have to go through the same rigmarole.

With one Safe Home Match you can light all four burners. The stick



5c. All grocers. Ask for them by name.

The Diamond Match Company

my district and state, and if my record in the last session and my platform as given above, meets with approval I will appreciate your support.

Respectfully,
CHRIST ANDERSON.
Advertisement.

Inman Items.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Van Valkenburg and Mr. and Mrs. Will Davis, of Peetee, Colorado, came last Wednesday for a short visit with relatives and friends returning Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Clark and son, Leslie, returned to Winona, Minn.,

last Friday morning after a short visit here with relatives and friends. Mrs. Le Roy Hoxie and daughter, Thelma, and son, Lester, came Sunday morning for an extended visit at the Charles Enders home.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Holland and daughter, Fredia, visited relatives on the Southfork Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. C. J. Malone returned from Grand Island last Friday, reporting a large crowd at the assembly.

Mrs. E. A. Gamet and son, Gerald, returned from Battle Creek last Monday, after a two weeks visit at that place.

MR. DEPOSITOR:

We invite you to Deposit your funds in this bank for the reason that all depositors are protected by the Depositors' Guarantee Fund of the State of Nebraska.

That the Deposits are amply protected in State Banks was exemplified in the failure of the State Savings Bank of Superior, Nebraska, a few months ago. Shortly after the bank closed the depositors were paid in full, together with interest up to the time the bank suspended payment.

At the same time the First National Bank of Superior failed and up to this time the depositors have not received a cent, and prospects of ever receiving a substantial portion of their deposits are not very bright.

The harvest of the farmers and stockmen is now at hand and they will soon be disposing of their products and will want to deposit their surplus funds.

Kindly keep this bank in mind, as this is the only bank in O'Neill operating under the Guarantee Law of the State of Nebraska.

Nebraska State Bank