

RUPPS MAKE PEACE AND SIGN TREATY

After Stormy Session They Make Up and Settle Down—Will "Live Happy Ever After."

SHE QUITS SUFFRAGE GAME

New York, Aug. 25.—The cause of suffrage in east New York has lost its best known advocate, Mrs. Lawrence Rupp, who caused her husband's arrest for daring to interrupt her street corner stump speaking by loud demands for his dinner. The Rупps signed a treaty yesterday in the office of the lawyer whom Rupp retained to defend him in the domestic relations court. Here are the articles:

"I, Martha Rupp, wife of Lawrence Rupp, do hereby desire to withdraw

my action taken against my husband, Lawrence Rupp, I do so on account of relatives and for the peace and welfare of my family, and I have agreed not to attend any indoor or outdoor suffrage meetings of the suffrage party, or to make any speeches for the suffrage cause.

"I, Lawrence Rupp, for and in consideration of the promises made here-inbefore mentioned, do hereby agree to support my family as I have in the past.

"Signed in the presence of Isidor Kallet.
"Mrs. Martha Rupp.
"Lawrence Rupp."

When the Rупps were seen last evening at their home on Glenmore avenue, Mrs. Rupp said:

"We're going to be happy here from now on. We are determined not to let bystanders turn us against each other any more."

ABANDON PLANS TO BLOCK MONEY LAWS

American Bankers' Conference Decides It Will Make No Effort Against Bill.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—A spirit of conciliation and co-operation has been adopted by the resolutions committee of the American bankers' conference here, called to crystallize objections to currency legislation pending in congress. The bankers decided to make no effort to prevent currency legislation at the present session of congress, as advocated in resolutions offered yesterday by James B. Forgan of Chicago. Instead, it was decided to present a friendly criticism of the administration's bill, with a willingness to compromise on those questions which are in debate.

The decision of the resolutions committee, which recessed at midnight, was eagerly awaited by the conference for its recommendations. In assuming this attitude the committee followed the advice of George B. Reynolds, of Chicago, who on Thursday conferred with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

Early in its deliberations the committee decided not to present to the congress resolutions of its chairman, Mr. Forgan, and then took up the Glass-Owen bill, section by section. It was believed this morning that a report would be ready this afternoon and a warm discussion was anticipated.

results of foreign pressure are expected to bring about important developments within a few days.

President Wilson meanwhile practically completed his message to congress and read it to Secretary Bryan late today.

President Wilson interrupted work on his message long enough today to get a few hours' recreation on the golf links. It is his usual week end diversion and the president seldom permits anything to interfere with it.

MEXICANS THINKING OF SPECIAL SESSION

Mexico City, Aug. 23.—The advisability of calling an extra session of congress to deal with the situation growing out of the representations of President Wilson to President Huerta was discussed yesterday by the permanent committee of congress.

A proposed amendment to a resolution to call an extra session precipitated a debate. The amendment favored trying for sedition the introducers of the resolution.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 23.—The Huerta administration in Mexico may reconsider its rejection of the American proposals to restore peace in Mexico and arrange a new basis of negotiations with the United States before next Tuesday. Strong intimations of this effect reached Washington last night, along with the information that the financial condition of the Huerta administration was such that a crisis was imminent.

Should the Huerta government decide to enter into new negotiations, consideration, withdrawing its contents as expressed in the Huerta note replying to the proposals communicated by Mr. Lind, President Wilson in all probability will not read his message to both houses of congress on Tuesday, as he intended.

FOREIGN RULERS ADVISE HUERTA TO MAKE PEACE

Washington, Aug. 25.—President Wilson has granted permission for the exportation of 2,000 rifles and 850,000 cartridges to the Huerta government. All but 1,000 rifles, which go to Vera Cruz from New Orleans, will be shipped from El Paso via Juarez. Some of the latter already have gone.

Although it was the first permission granted since June 25 and many applications have been turned down, it was declared no change had been made in the government's policy and officials pointed out that the neutrality proclamation permitted the president to authorize shipments at his discretion.

Rebel sympathizers have telegraphed to congressmen at Washington protesting at the permission granted to the Huerta government.

Adjourn to Tuesday.

The president made no effort today to prevent the House from adjourning until Tuesday. It had been supposed that he would read the message on Monday and would ask the leaders in congress to arrange a joint session.

Failure to send any word to the leaders was interpreted in official circles as meaning that the United States had practically given the Huerta government until Tuesday to make up its mind finally as to what it would do.

The president positively reiterated that the United States will continue to insist upon the resignation of Provisional President Huerta or an announcement of his intention to do so, as well as his elimination from the presidential race in the subsequent election.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Foreign governments, some of which have recognized the Huerta government in Mexico, are exerting such pressure on it to yield to the demands of the United States that developments may cause President Wilson to defer the reading of his message to congress on Tuesday.

Administration officials took that view today. Dispatches from John Lind described a more conciliatory disposition on the part of the Huerta officials as a result of the Senate debate here Thursday, in which President Wilson was unanimously endorsed in his efforts to bring about peace.

Suggestions have been made to the Washington government which indicate a tendency on the part of the Huerta officials to delay the issue. Relative to the published report in Mexico City that Emilio Rabasa would be sent to Washington by Huerta on a confidential mission, it is known that Huerta has under consideration a plan to send an envoy to the United States to talk unofficially with President Wilson just as Mr. Lind did with Huerta. It is believed, however, that Federico Gamboa, minister of foreign relations, would be the man chosen if such a mission is intended. Whether such a suggestion would meet the approval of the United States is not known as yet.

Wilson Studies Notes.

President Wilson spent the day in studying the notes exchanged by Lind and Huerta and preparing the message. White House officials announced that no copies of the document would be distributed in advance to the press, as it has been the custom for years, as it is desired to keep the document abreast of developments to the minute. The message may be modified by telegraphic dispatches received Tuesday, and there is also a possibility that the president may find it expedient to postpone delivery of the document.

European diplomatic pressure, it is known here, is quietly at work in Mexico City in effort to convince the Huerta officials that the policy of the United States is being approved abroad. The failure of the Huerta government to obtain funds abroad has led to the failure of the recognition of the United States is pointed to by the diplomats as likely to continue pending a more respectful consideration of the American proposals. It is learned also from authoritative sources that the Huerta government is facing a mutinous army, disaffected because no pay has been forthcoming for weeks.

It was apparent tonight that Washington officials expected word from Huerta before Tuesday and that unless it comes the notes will be proclaimed to the world through the president's message showing the efforts of the American government to bring about peace along with suggestions for a definite line of procedure by the United States in the future.

White House officials, however, were confident that the situation would unravel itself. They would not disclose upon what theory their optimism was based, but it is believed that reports from Lind yesterday were largely responsible for the confident feeling.

Huerta Must Go.

That the American government will not yield from its position that Huerta must be eliminated as a factor in the situation is likely to be made plain to the Mexico City administration before Gamboa comes, so that his mission would constitute a supplementary procedure to bring about such understanding.

In many quarters, however, the sending of an envoy to talk with President Wilson is regarded as an effort to delay the plans of the American government. Something definite, however, is being awaited by the United States and it is unlikely that this government will wait beyond Monday for tangible evidence on the part of the Huerta government to recede from its position. The present intention is to have President Wilson proclaim in the message to congress on Tuesday the policies the United States will pursue and which the nations of the world, it is expected here, will firmly support.

LONDON PAPER RAPS WILSON'S POLICIES

London, Aug. 23.—The Saturday Review in a leading article today savagely attacks President Wilson's Mexican policy. It says President Wilson "unconsciously is playing the game of those in the United States who want control of Mexican politics in order to fill their own pockets."

Concluding, the article says: "If he wishes to plunge his own country into a war that would last for years, drive Mexico back into anarchy and play the game of his own political enemies he will continue his present policy and try to break down the Huerta regime. On the other side is the alternative of accepting a trifling reverse of policy.

"Recognizing facts he will have to adopt one policy or the other. Neither may be pleasant, but there can be no doubt which is recommended by humanity and common sense."

Wilson Plays Golf.

The United States has informed Huerta that unless the envoy brought a favorable answer to the American note this mission would be fruitless. No envoy is now expected, but the

UNCLE SAM PLEASED WITH JULY BUSINESS

As an International Department Store the Nation Surpasses All Other Records.

Washington, Aug. 25.—As an international department store the United States is rapidly becoming the shopping center of the world, for in July the business done with other nations exceeded all records for any single month in the history of the nation. The department of commerce in a statement made public today, takes added satisfaction in the showing because this record was established in spite of the fact that the imports fell below those of July 1912. The balance of trade was in favor of American manufacturers and producers.

Last month the exports were more than \$11,000,000 greater than in the corresponding month of last year, while in the 12 months ending with July 31, the goods sent abroad exceeded in value by more than \$252,000,000 the merchandise and products sold to foreign buyers in the preceding 12 months.

SON ARRANGES FOR MEETING OF FAMILY

Brother and Sister Had Been Separated for 60 Years When Reunion Occurred.

Chicago, Aug. 23 25.—George Phillips, who is 77 years old and lives at Bloomington, Kan., and his sister, Mrs. Obanda Hewitt, who is 82 and resides at 2958 East Ninetieth street, met yesterday after having been separated from each other for 60 years.

Some months ago George Phillips, Jr., came to Chicago from Laporte and rented a room in Mrs. Hewitt's house. Mrs. Hewitt informed Phillips her maiden name was Phillips.

"Is that so?" Phillips said. "I may be wrong, but I don't know anything about mine because my father ran away from home when he was 17 years old and lost trace of his family."

"That's strange," Mrs. Hewitt said. "I had a brother who did the same thing."

The two came to the conclusion they were aunt and nephew. Young Phillips prepared a surprise for his father. He sent a telegram to his parent telling him he was ill and asking him to come to Chicago at once. The father arrived yesterday. He was met at the door by Mrs. Hewitt and the story came out.

POLICE TRAILING DYNAMITE CLEWS

New York, Aug. 25.—A piece of bright colored cambric was the principal clew today in the investigation of the city hall bomb mystery. The cambric was wrapped around the four sticks of dynamite found yesterday in an arca way directly below Mayor Gaynor's window.

The bomb was anything but a hoax, for the fuse had been lighted and had gone out just before the spark reached the detonator. An explosion would have caved in the side of the building. The detectives, however, could not decide whether the dynamite was meant for the mayor or for someone in the marriage license bureau, or was planted as a protest against the city government's reneging.

A cambric wrapper directed the search today among Italian workmen employed in blasting out the subway. A shaft of the subway opens near the city hall.

The bureau of investigation found that the explosive was 40 per cent dynamite, the regulation blasting proportion, and the amount found would, if exploded, have wrecked the city hall.

WIFE PREVENTS CHURCH GOING

Mrs. Shepard Even Takes Gun to Block Religious Trips.

Reno, Nev., Aug. 25.—James G. Shepherd, of Scranton, Pa., several times a millionaire, has a wife who won't let him go to church. He testified in his divorce case today that she perpetually nagged him and spoiled a nine month trip abroad in that manner. She finally, he says, threatened him with a revolver as he was dressing for church. He left her on January 13. Shepherd owns a famous art collection.

MILLION OF CASH FROM TREASURY COMING TO IOWA

Washington, D. C., Aug. 25.—A million dollars for crop moving purposes will be divided between Des Moines and Sioux City. This is the decision of the treasury department, it was learned today. No official announcement is yet forthcoming, and the figures are subject to revision. It is probable it will be eventually divided equally between the two cities, though this is not fully determined. The \$1,000,000 being given out is to be distributed among smaller Iowa banks from the two centers named.

BANKERS ARE SATISFIED WITH IOWA ALLOTMENT

The bankers of Sioux City are well pleased at the allotment that \$1,000,000 has been assigned by the government to the banks of Sioux City and Des Moines. The sum is not quite up to the amount asked for by the banks of the city, but is all that was really expected, and it is the unanimous verdict of the bankers that it will be of great assistance in the crop movement of this fall.

The banks of the city are in the best of condition and could have handled the situation without this assistance, but nevertheless the money will be gratefully received and will assist materially in the movement of the crops.

"It is the best idea the government has had in a long time," declared J. J. Large of the First National bank. "The government has heretofore followed the antiquated custom of locking its money up in vaults and shutting it out of circulation, but this will put the money where it is needed and when it is needed."

"We approve of Secretary McAdoo's innovation," said T. A. Black of the Security National bank, "and while we were in no wise in distress, yet we did not wish to appear to be hostile to the administration and therefore joined in the request for an appropriation."

STICKS OF DYNAMITE FOUND IN CITY HALL

New York, Aug. 25.—A deadly charge of dynamite—three whole 10-inch sticks and two halves with a fuse and detonator—was discovered yesterday near Mayor Gaynor's office windows in the city hall. The bureau of investigation found that the explosive was 40 per cent dynamite, the regulation blasting proportion, and the amount found would, if exploded, have wrecked the city hall.

The mayor was in his office when the dynamite was discovered by citizens passing through the City Hall park. Gaynor showed little interest when told of the explosive's proximity and remained apparently undisturbed at his desk while police officers hurriedly drew a cordon about the dynamite to keep back an excited crowd.

Mr. Gaynor frequently receives threatening letters, but tonight he would make no statement regarding the possible connection between any previous threat by mail and the dynamite today. It is just three years ago this month that he was shot in the neck by a so-called crank and was fatally wounded for several days in the subsequent election.

The police authorities say that laborers sometimes carelessly drop dynamite sticks near their blasting operations. There is an excavation shaft on the Broadway side of City Hall park, leading to the new subway construction. Detectives are making a close watch of this location, although the contractors declare that they do not use 40 per cent dynamite in their operations.

SECURITY IS THE VERY BEST.

The government's money is exchanged for gilt edged security as the most conservatively managed bank in the country would not hesitate to accept and the market for the notes is heavy. The collateral put up and the amount of money deposited by the government is sufficiently large to fully protect the government. On the best of bankable paper used as collateral, 60 per cent can be drawn, on a maturity of 75 per cent. While on any government bonds which the banks may have on hand, not used as a basis of circulation, of course, the full 100 per cent can be drawn.

Change in Time Requested.

The banks of the city requested, at the time their applications for an appointment were sent in, that the times of payment be changed a little because of the different conditions prevailing in a corn and cattle feeding territory. According to the rules announced by the government, 25 per cent of the money was to be returned each month, beginning with December and ending with March. The banks of Sioux City requested that the collections should begin in January and end in April. The reason assigned for this change was that it requires a longer time to move a crop of corn than of wheat or other grain, and especially is this true where many cattle are fed. Corn when sold directly, is not usually marketed until in December and January, while, if fed to cattle, the marketing is delayed until March and April, and even as late as June. For this reason, an extra month would be of the greatest assistance to the local banks. It is not yet known whether this request has been granted.

Several of the leading bankers were out of the city today. John McHugh, George S. Parker and J. A. Maguire, Jr., are in Chicago attending a conference on the democratic currency bill, called by the officers of the American Bankers' association. They represent the Sioux City Clearing House association.

COUPLE END LIVES BY USE OF POISON

Indianapolis, Aug. 25.—Roy Gross, 22 and an unidentified woman are dead here today as a result of what is believed to have been a suicide pact. Gross was dead when found. The woman was unconscious and died several hours later. Earl Fritchard, in whose home the tragedy occurred, after being awakened shortly after midnight by the odor of poison, found the couple lying with their arms about each other. Two glasses stood beside the bed, the two apparently having prepared the fatal potion.

The police have been able to learn very little about the tragedy. Gross roomed at the home of Mr. Fritchard and had been there from New York. The woman had never been seen at the house until last night.

HAGUE WILL HEAR BRYAN'S PEACE PLAN

Washington, Aug. 25.—Secretary Bryan's peace plan will be laid formally before the conference of the Inter-Parliamentary union at The Hague, September 1, by Senator Burton of Ohio, who will sail from New York tomorrow as one of the members. He is also one of the seven members of a special committee, representing Russia, Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Greece and the United States, charged with planning a permanent Hague court.

Secretary Bryan's peace plan, under which nations would bind themselves to submit all grievances to arbitration and defer preparations for war meanwhile, will be laid before the special committee and later before the parliamentary union.

COUNCIL BLUFFS LIBRARY VISITED BY YEGGMEN

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 25.—The public library here was burglarized last night, but so far as known no money was secured. The combination of the small safe was drilled off and papers that filled the safe and a few old Confederate bills were scattered about the floor.

Halberstadt, Prussian Saxony, Aug. 25.—Lieutenant Schmidt, of the army aviation corps, was killed here today in a fall of more than a mile. The lieutenant was completing an aeroplane flight from Goslar, 30 miles west of Halberstadt, and had begun a spiral descent when one of the wings collapsed and the machine plunged to the ground.

ARMY AVIATOR KILLED

Yonkers, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Ruth Hamilton died today in answer to her prayers. Brief periods of lucidity during the night, which alternated with long lapses into unconsciousness, were spent by the girl in praying that she might join her boy lover, Charles Rich, who shot and killed himself after mortally wounding her Wednesday night. They had been sweethearts a few months and had agreed to die together.

SHERIFF REFUSES TO USE LASH

Klamath Falls, Ore., Aug. 22.—Sheriff Charles Low was given the alternative yesterday of applying 15 lashes to the back of William Pew, convicted wife beater, or being punished by Justice E. W. Gowen for contempt of court. The sheriff said he would go to jail rather than carry out the sentence of the court, and if that were not enough he would resign his office.

COL. CODY'S FRIEND BUYS CIRCUS HORSE

Colonel Bills Purchases White Animal and Returns it to "Buffalo Bill."

Denver, Colo., Aug. 25.—Col. C. E. Bills, of Lincoln, Neb., yesterday paid \$150 for Isham, the famous white horse ridden for 25 years by Col. W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill). Colonel Bills came by automobile from Lincoln for the auction sale of the bankrupt Buffalo Bill Wild West show, held today at the order of the United States district court. The Nebraska man opened the bidding with \$10. Carlo Miles, an Indian, competed with Bills and would not withdraw until the price went to \$150, which was more than the sum he had raised by selling his own saddle and other personal effects. The Indian had planned to present the horse to Cody. "If that man does not give Isham back to Buffalo Bill, I'll deal the horse and give it to him myself," he threatened. He was appeased when informed that his successful rival's purpose had been the same as his own.

WILL NOT DISPUTE HIS GIRL'S STORY

F. Drew Caminetti Says He Would Go to Jail Rather Than Question Miss Norris.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—"No matter what happens to me I shall not deny any statement made by Miss Lola Norris regarding the Reno elopement. I have the greatest respect for Miss Norris and would rather go to jail for life than throw a shadow of a doubt on the accuracy of her testimony."

This was the statement made today by F. Drew Caminetti, who goes to trial next Tuesday in the United States district court under an indictment for violation of the Mann white slave traffic act, under which his companion, Maury J. Digger, was convicted last Wednesday night.

Marshall B. Woodworth, of counsel for the defense, stated today that Caminetti would take the stand in his own behalf, but would not deny the story that is told by Miss Norris, the girl the government charges Caminetti took to Reno.

"Caminetti's story will not be the same as that told by Miss Norris," said Woodworth, "but the girl's story in the main will not be denied. Caminetti will not discuss his relations with Miss Norris. His attorneys and his relatives have been unsuccessful in their attempts to get him to tell of these matters."

PROMINENT LAWYER ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF ROAD HOUSE MEN

Says It Is a Frameup

Houston, Tex., Aug. 25.—United States District Attorney Richard Maury, who led the state's prosecution in the recent suits against the Standard Oil and allied companies, resulting in a compromise for a \$500,000 fine, was arrested today on the charge of issuing a challenge to fight a duel. He entered bond, and his preliminary trial was set for early next week.

The complaint is Hans Baker, of Laporte, lately indicted for sheriff and owner of a road house that Maury caused to be closed by injunction. There has been ill feeling between the two, and when they met, Baker alleges, Maury challenged him to a fight to the death, bearing a \$500,000 fine, and disturbing the peace. Baker did not care to accept the challenge, though he was given choice of weapons, he says. Maury alleges that the suit is a political frameup to force him out of office.

ACCUSES ATTORNEY OF WANTING A DUEL

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WARNING GIVEN TO MEXICANS BY UNITED STATES

Washington, D. C., Aug. 25.—Curt warning to both the Huerta and constitutionalist commanders at La Boquilla, Chihuahua, Mexico, that the United States will hold them personally responsible for any violence against Americans by "anyone claiming civil or military authority" was sent today by Secretary Bryan through American Consul Letcher at Chihuahua City. Mr. Bryan instructed Mr. Letcher to dispatch his message to La Boquilla by courier and secure an answer. His answer was in response to a request by Senator Penrose for action to protect S. C. Hulse, Chief Engineer Fuller and other Americans in the plant of the Mexican Northern Power and Irrigation company.

Secretary Bryan's telegram follows: "Information having been received by this government that threats of violence and death have been made against Fuller, Hulse and others at La Boquilla, this government deems it proper to say that if any violence is visited on any American citizen there or elsewhere by anyone claiming civil or military authority, the United States will hold personally responsible the perpetrators thereof."

"Courier should ascertain condition of all foreigners at La Boquilla and report with reply the officer in charge makes to this government's message."

The reference to the protection of American citizens "elsewhere" was taken as indicative of the attitude of the United States in the protection of Americans wherever their safety is threatened.

ATTORNEYS PLAN COUP FOR THAW

Sherbrooke, Quebec, Aug. 25.—Harry K. Thaw has been advised by certain of his counsel, it was learned today, to buy property in Canada and take steps to be naturalized as a British subject. This, it was held, would prevent his deportation.

Sherbrooke, Aug. 25.—Thaw appeared this morning to have spent a restless night. His hair was wild, his eyes staring, his breakfast had not been touched.

He said again today he hoped soon to be able to give an account of his escape. Today he was jotting down notes of the same. He had been supplied with the New York and Montreal papers and read every word bearing on his case.

The "inside" motive for the immigration authorities causing the Thompson case to be postponed is that the charge against him is punishable only with a fine. He could pay this and leave. The warrant from Dutchess county, charging him with conspiracy is not regarded as sufficient basis for extradition. To patch up this loophole more time is needed.

Thaw broke away from his lawyers last night long enough to frame a telegram to a friend in Pittsburgh, saying that he had crossed the Canadian frontier through a third party to ex-Governor Stone of Pennsylvania, asking him to appeal to Secretary of State Bryan in his behalf. Thaw added that he was the "victim of some underhand influence" from the government and intended to prevent his journeying to his own home.

The "governor" of the Sherbrooke jail laughed today when asked if special guards had been detailed to watch Thaw. He denied that this was true but it is understood precautionary measures have been taken at the request of District Attorney Conger of Dutchess county and his allies, the immigration authorities.

Sherbrooke, Quebec, Aug. 25.—The hearing in the case of the self-styled "Mitchell Thompson," arrested by the immigration authorities charged with aiding a lunatic, Harry K. Thaw, in crossing the Canadian frontier, was postponed today until Friday next.

Thompson was arraigned shortly after 10 o'clock. F. Campbell, acting jointly for the Dominion department of immigration and the Dutchess county, New York, authorities, asked that the case be put over on the ground the documents from Matteawan, showing that Thaw had been confined there and is insane, had not arrived here.

Thompson came into court disguised by a pair of smoked glasses. Pictures of "Gentleman Roger" had arrived during the night, however, and Sheriff Hornbeck, of Dutchess county, holding one of these and gazing at the prisoner, said: "Who could miss it; it certainly is Roger."

Thompson said not a word.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Acting Governor Glynn today requested Governor Fletcher of Vermont to have Harry K. Thaw apprehended to await requisition in case the Canadian authorities deported Thaw to that state.

CHICAGO IS STRIKELESS.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—For the first time in many years not a single strike is in progress today against any member of the Building Construction Employers' association in Cook county. E. M. Craig, secretary of the association, in making the announcement of the strikers' day, said this unprecedented situation was the result of the recent agreement entered into between employers and the Building Trades council.

OPPOSED TO X-RAY DRESS.

Los Angeles, Aug. 22.—Official Los Angeles enjoined today the wearing of the so-called X-ray dress on the streets. Chief of Police Sebastian said if he found present laws inadequate, he would recommend the passage of an ordinance specifically forbidding the public appearance of women in diaphanous garments.

POPE GIVES AUDIENCE.

Rome, Aug. 22.—Pope Pius today received in private audience John Edward Gunn, bishop of Natchez, Miss.

SUICIDE LEFT NOTE, 'VERY ORDINARY CASE'

New York, Aug. 22.—"My name is Paul Kase—very ordinary case." With this pun written on a card in his pocket, the body of Paul Kase, president of the William C. H. Co., Importers and exporters of bulbs, room 341, Hudson Terminal building, was found yesterday in a storeroom of the Eastern Steamship company's steamer Massachusetts, two hours after it had docked at the foot of Murray street. New York authorities, asked that the case be put over on the ground the documents from Matteawan, showing that Thaw had been confined there and is insane, had not arrived here.

JACK LONDON LIVES HOME

Glen Ellen, Cal., Aug. 23.—The huge new country home of Jack London, the author, was partly destroyed by fire late last night. Only the stone walls remained. London was preparing to move in next week.

BODIES RECOVERED.

Trinidad, Colo., Aug. 23.—The body of E. D. Stansell, the Santa Fe bridge foreman who, with four of his men was killed in a cave-in in the old Raton tunnel Wednesday, was recovered today. The bodies of Fred Fleener and George Clement, carpenters, are still in the debris. Coroner G. M. Bayne, of Colfax county, New Mexico, was ready to conduct an inquiry into the disaster today at Raton.