

PLAN TO DEMOBILIZE ARMIES OF BALKANS

Russia Will Take Initiative In Proposed Method to Restore Peace.

London, June 9.—While peace is being celebrated in London, the situation in the near east is still threatening. The report comes from Constantinople, but lacks official confirmation, that the European powers have decided to demand the demobilization of the Turkish and the Balkan armies in order to secure peace.

It is believed that the initiative in this action will devolve in a great measure to Russia. The Russian government has held the opinion that the Balkan governments are acting under the pressure of military influence and that no sane course is possible to them unless at least two-thirds of their armies should be demobilized. The position of the Serbian cabinet is said to be unsafe, but the resignation of the ministers had not been announced up to noon today. The Bulgarian cabinet already has resigned.

TOWNSEND CHARGE THAT WILSON HAS LOBBIED IGNORED

Washington, June 9.—Senators on the lobby investigating committee were of the opinion today that Senator Townsend's sensational charge that President Wilson himself, virtually had been lobbying for the tariff bill would not be taken up by the committee as an issue unless some specific charges were made. Senator Townsend, testifying last night, while declaring that "White House influence had been exerted on certain senators," declined to give any names. Unless those are presented the committee is not likely to follow up that phase.

The committee was in recess today preparing for its next week's work, which will not only finish the testimony of the 12 senators yet unexamined, but will begin on questioning the scores of men whose names have been brought out in testimony as having represented special interest in Washington. The list is a large one, embracing men on both sides of the free sugar fight, lawyers, members of congress, publicity agents and many others.

Senator Townsend who is from Michigan declared that the influence wielded by President Wilson and by the democratic secret caucus upon the making of the tariff bill constituted the "nearest approach to undue influence upon members of congress" that the investigating committee would be able to find.

Senator Townsend criticized the committee for not having asked members of the Senate whether the president had sought to influence them, and declared that even through the president had not intended it, his recent denunciation of Johnson's subcommittee in support of changes in the tariff would force certain senators to vote against amendments they knew to be just.

Feels Sure of Ground.

White House officials professed to be undisturbed by Senator Townsend's charge and it was said the president would not take the stand to make a personal answer unless some specific charge was made against him. Officials declared Mr. Wilson was confident that the people of the country would take the position that he was representing them in Washington and had the right to use all his influence to further legislation promised in the democratic platform. It was denied that the "promote club" has been wielded to keep senators in line.

"President Wilson will be welcomed before the committee if he desires to appear," said Acting Chairman Reed today, "but I see no reason why he should deny charges that never have been made."

Democratic members took the position that it remained for republicans to pursue inquiries on whether President Wilson had used "undue influence" with any democratic senators and insisted that the statements by Senators Warren, Weeks and Townsend had been of general character.

EDUCATOR FAVORS REDUCING COURSE

Chicago, June 9.—When the Illinois senatorial minimum wage commission resumed its quest of light on the relation of low wages to vice today, Harry Pratt Judson, president of the University of Chicago, was called as a witness.

Most college graduates enter business, the witness said, and were soon thereafter financially able to marry. "And what becomes of the girl graduates?" asked Chairman O'Hara.

"I am happy to say that most of them marry," replied the educator. He said that school and college courses should be shortened in order to start young men and women on the serious business of life earlier. He declared that high school studies should be fewer in number, and that these should be studied more thoroughly.

PAGE COMPLIMENTED BY PRESS OF LONDON

London, June 9.—Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador to the court of St. James, is complimented in editorials appearing in the evening newspapers today on his first speech in England made last night at the banquet given in his honor by the Pilgrims' society. The writers express pleasure that he devoted his speech to cementing the bonds of friendship between the two countries.

GRAND ARMY TO MEET ON HISTORIC FIELDS

General Order For Encampment September 15 to 20 Made Public Today.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 9.—General orders for the 47th national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Chattanooga, Tenn., September 15 to 20, were issued by Commander-in-Chief Alfred B. Beers, today. The fact is emphasized that national encampment has never before been held so far south and all veterans are urged to take this opportunity to visit the historic battlefields of Missionary Ridge, Lookout Mountain, Chickamauga and from Chattanooga to Atlanta.

Attention is directed to the Gettysburg reunion, the first day of which, July 1, will be veterans' day under the direction of the commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., and commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans.

WANTS BACK SOME OF GRAFTED SKIN

To Add to Troubles Charles Kaplow's Wife Has Deserted Him.

New York, June 9.—Charles Kaplow, a young aviator who has several times recently given large areas of his skin for grafting operations on burned children, is himself in need of such a sacrifice on the part of some one else. The last patch removed—36 square inches—by William Colwell, of Nutley, N. J., left a wound that has refused to heal and physicians decided that new skin would have to be procured. Several persons volunteered and the operation was to have been performed Monday. In the meantime, however, Kaplow's wife disappeared and so far no trace of her has been found. She was a trained nurse, attracted to him by his heroism, and they were married not long after he submitted to the first skin removal.

SENATE TARIFF WORK IS HELD UP FEW DAYS

Washington, June 9.—Two of the Senate finance subcommittees working on the tariff bill failed to complete their work today, contrary to the program mapped out by Senate leaders. As one result Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, has been compelled to withhold a call for the full committee meeting.

Administration leaders want the finance committee to meet Monday, to receive the subcommittee reports, but that must now be deferred several days. Senator Johnson's subcommittee is still considering the paper and sundries schedules and Senator Williams' subcommittee has not settled upon administrative features or the income tax section of the bill.

"BIG TIM" IS GETTING INTO OLD TIME FORM

New York, June 9.—Congressman Timothy D. Sullivan was booked as a passenger on the steamer Cincinnati, sailing today from Boston for Hamar, "Big Tim," the east side leader of Tammany, expects to make the round trip on the steamer for the benefit of his health, which has been so poor that he was obliged some time ago to give up political activity. He says he is "getting into old time form" on account of an alleged mental affliction, but this, as well as his physical health, is declared to be much improved and he hopes to resume his political interests in the fall.

IOWA GUARD VETERAN RESIGNS FROM OFFICE

Dubuque, Ia., June 9.—Capt. Albert Jaeger, adjutant of the 53rd regiment, Iowa National Guard, resigned today after 28 continuous years in service of the state in other capacities. He was approached within many years of this record. Three years ago he was presented with a diamond medal by the state for 25 years' continuous service. He gives business reasons for his resignation. E. A. Murphy, of Vinton, has been appointed to succeed him.

SUIT IS FILED FOR \$15,000,000 TAXES

Des Moines Committee Fails to Dissuade Council Bluffs Attorneys.

Des Moines, Ia., June 9.—Despite opposition of the Greater Des Moines committee, Attorneys Wright and Kistler, of Council Bluffs, today, filed suit to collect \$15,550,000, alleged to be due from the Rock Island for back taxes. The petition charges the officials of the railroad with deliberately and willfully concealing property subject to taxation.

SECRETARIES RELEASED FROM INDICTMENTS

Chicago, June 9.—Criminal indictments against 14 secretaries and former secretaries of lumber associations throughout the country have been dismissed at the instance of the department of justice, it was learned today. Five civil suits filed by the government for the dissolution of the alleged "lumber trust" are still pending.

ANTI-FLIRT CAMPAIGN INDORSED BY G. I. J.

Commercial Men In Resolutions Approve Protection of Hotel Girls.

Des Moines, Ia., June 9.—Resolutions adopted today by the convention of United Commercial Travelers' indorse the Iowa Welfare league in its announced desire to protect girls employed in hotel dining rooms from improper advances and solicitations by men. The resolutions criticize the Illinois Central for the order prohibiting the carrying of passengers on freight trains, ask for at least one mail delivery on Sunday and commend the courts for upholding hotel inspection laws.

The convention closed this afternoon with a grand barbecue at Union park after electing officers and selecting Keokuk as the place for the next annual meeting. Officers elected are: Grand Counselor, W. B. Emerson, Des Moines; Grand Junior Counselor, D. F. Scribner, Davenport; Grand Secretary, L. D. Driggs, Storm Lake; Grand Treasurer, James Hunt, Des Moines; Grand Conductor, James T. Jensen, Cedar Rapids; Grand Page, J. R. Reese, Sioux City; Grand Sentinel, H. R. Beresford, Fort Dodge. A. C. Wiestel of Sioux City was elected alternate delegate to the national convention at Columbus.

SHOOTS RELATIVE; AVENGES HIS WIFE

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 9.—Robert Huber, a Chicago jeweler, is held here for shooting John Kunzleman, his brother-in-law. Huber shot Kunzleman to avenge an attack made by the latter on Huber's wife five years ago. Huber says he is ready to pay the penalty for his crime.

Huber told the story told by Mrs. Huber to the Chicago police, the alleged attack occurred at the Kunzleman home within a week after the funeral of Kunzleman's wife, who was Mrs. Huber's sister. Fearing the consequences, Mrs. Huber never told her husband of the shooting. Later Kunzleman married again and is said to have bragged to his wife of his alleged attack on Mrs. Huber. Mrs. Huber's mother learned of the incident and wrote her daughter about it. Then fearing her husband might hear the story from lips other than hers, Mrs. Huber says she told him all.

"I suppose you've heard the news," said the woman's greeting to all the patrons of the shop. "No, he won't be home tomorrow; not for quite a while, I guess," and somehow she always managed to smile. "Five years ago," she said, with a little sigh, "we went to the funeral of my sister, Kunzleman, in Cincinnati, my husband and I. Robert returned to Chicago after the services and I stayed for a few days at the home of my brother-in-law. I was worn out and sick with grief. "My husband had hardly gone when Kunzleman came in. He was still still crepe around his hat, and in his hand he carried a rose, a white rose he had taken from a funeral wreath. "He caught me in his arms and kissed me, tore myself away, exploring him in the name of his dead wife, my sister, not to hurt me. What did he care for my prayers? He was a savage. I faint. "Through all these years I had kept silent. I tore myself away, I would cry to myself, with my children in my arms. Often and often I had nerved myself to tell my husband, but always and always my tongue grew dumb. He was so happy and so good to me. "Many a night I knelt and prayed that I might have strength to write my secret, to let him know in some way. But I couldn't, I couldn't. Gradually I became determined that he never would know. Then there came the letter."

CHINDA CONFIDENT OF FRUITS OF DIPLOMACY

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 9.—The Japanese ambassador to America, Viscount Chinda, and the new American ambassador to Japan, George W. Guthrie, of this city, shared the honors of a testimonial dinner to the latter last night, arranged by "Friends of the Peace" at the Waldorf. William J. Bryan, secretary of State, formally would introduce the ambassadors to each other, was so delayed that he arrived almost as the festivities ended.

Ambassador Guthrie, in expressing his appreciation of the demonstration in his honor, addressing himself to Viscount Chinda, said: "Your excellency, what you see here will, I have no doubt, convince you that the American people as a whole intend to keep faith and desire peace and friendship with the emperor whom you are justly proud to represent, and the people to which you are justly proud to belong, as well as with all the other nations of the world. Viscount Chinda apologized for reading his speech, saying he feared the pitfalls of a foreign language. "He said in part: "I do not deny that contact is liable to give rise to occasional misunderstandings and complications, but I do deny the existence or the possible existence of any phase of these difficulties which would not eventually yield to the timely processes of diplomatic treatment—the treatment of justice and fair play and of a sympathetic understanding of the problem of each nation by the other. It is this spirit that has so eminently characterized the American people and also has invariably guided the course of action taken by Japan in dealing with questions of international moment."

PRINCETON MAN MAY GOVERN PHILIPPINES

Washington, June 9.—Professor Henry Jones Ford, of Princeton university, is so much in the fore among those whom President Wilson is considering for governor general of the Philippines that his appointment is considered here as practically settled. He probably will take office some time in the fall.

PROPOSES TO BUILD THREE BATTLESHIPS

Washington, June 9.—Representative Graham, of Pennsylvania introduced a bill to immediately appropriate \$15,000,000 to increase the navy by authorizing the construction of three first class battleships to be as heavily armed, as powerfully armored and as speedily as any battleship afloat. They would be built by the navy at a practical radius of action and cost not exceeding \$5,000,000 each.

SENATE IS SEEKING LIGHT ON SUBJECT OF PAPER MATERIAL

Agent of Publishers' Association Enters Plea Against Countervailing Duty.

FREE PHOTOGRAPH FILMS

Committee Inclined to Remove Tariff—Alleged Eastman Company Now Controls the Product.

Washington, June 7.—Seeking more light on the print paper question, the finance subcommittee considering the wood pulp and paper schedule of the Underwood tariff bill, conferred today with John Norris, of New York, chairman of the committee on paper, of the American Newspaper Publishers' association.

Print paper costing not more than 2 1/2 cents a pound was put on the free list in the Underwood bill, but representatives of the paper manufacturers appearing before the Senate subcommittee urged a countervailing duty because of Canadian restrictions on pulp woods. The subcommittee has not yet acted on that proposal. Senators Johnson, of Maine; Hoke Smith, of Georgia, and Hughes, of New Jersey, constitute the committee.

Mr. Norris is opposed to any countervailing duty on the ground that every measure which the United States has imposed on the Canadian provinces has relegated against the American paper maker and consumer. He submitted a long brief on the subject to the ways and means committee, including elaborate data, to which Mr. Norris said today there was nothing to add.

Free listing of photographic films used in moving pictures probably will be recommended to the finance committee by the subcommittee in charge of the sundries schedule. The argument is that 95 per cent of the films used in moving pictures are manufactured by one American concern, G. Gennert, of New York, today filed a brief asking that all photographic films be free listed on the ground that the Eastman Kodak company has a monopoly of the business. "That corporation has and is conducting its business in films and other photographic goods in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law," said Gennert.

The Eastman company has filed a brief protesting against free listing films on the ground that the raw materials are dutiable.

SOUTH AMERICA GIVES JAPANESE GLAD HAND

Seattle, Wash., June 7.—Japan is finding an outlet for her surplus population in South America according to information brought today by the liner Sanuki Maru. Fifteen hundred Japanese were landed at Santos, Brazil, May 15, to be the first members of a Japanese colony under an agreement between Brazil and Japan. One hundred and fifty thousand acres of agricultural land has been set apart by the Brazilian government for the colony. Another large colony will be established next year, the settlers to leave Yokohama for one of the Peruvian ports last month, and another party of 150 will sail from Yokohama June 12. These laborers will be employed on sugar plantations and contracts have been made for 500 at a rate of 60 cents a day, with free board.

SIoux CITY MEN ARE FIGURES IN PARADE

Des Moines, Ia., June 7.—The parade of traveling men this afternoon proved a most spectacular feature of the United Commercial Travelers' convention. The Sioux City delegation was in the grand division according to appearance, marching to music of the Fifty-fourth regimental band, from Ottumwa. The Storm Lake band made a hit today when it paraded the streets. About 1,000 delegates are attending the convention.

HOT DAYS INJURED STRAWBERRY PROSPECTS

Onawa, Ia., June 7.—Careful investigation shows that the strawberry prospects of this vicinity have been materially decreased by the excessive hot days the first of the week. Strawberry planters in this locality and many people will be disappointed at the partial failure of this crop. The probable injury, as indicated by the blossoms, is stated to be fully 75 per cent.

SOMEBODY GETTING LARGE HUNK OF PIE

Washington, June 7.—Charges that certain members have had too much "patronage" in the distribution of jobs of House of Representatives has set about an investigation. Chairman Palmer, of the democratic caucus today appointed Representatives Humphreys of Mississippi, Covington of Maryland and Doremus of Michigan to look into it.

KENYON SEEKS PROBE OF FRISCO AFFAIRS

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Senator Kenyon introduced in the Senate a sweeping resolution directing the Interstate Commerce commission to investigate the receivership of the Frisco system and the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, all facts as to acquisition of the C. & E. I. by the Frisco and all circumstances leading up to the receivership. A report to congress is required.

DARING SUFFRAGET IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Epsom, England, June 6.—The condition of Miss Emily Wilding Davison, the militant suffragist who was severely injured while interfering with the king's horse in the derby on Wednesday, became much worse today. She passed a restless night and the doctors consider the symptoms grave. An operation probably will be necessary.

WILSON WONT SAVE NECK OF ASSAILANT

President Refuses to Stop Hanging of Negro Who Attacked White Woman.

Washington, June 7.—President Wilson today refused to interfere with the death sentence of Nathaniel Green, a negro, who last Christmas night assaulted a white woman almost in the shadow of the dome of the capitol. Green will hang Monday and will be the first man to pay a death penalty in the District of Columbia for felonious assault.

Repeated delays in execution of the sentence after Green pleaded guilty recently moved a committee of 100 women, all prominent in official or social life, to petition the court here to act with more expedition.

SHEDS NEW LIGHT ON LOBBY'S WORK

Washington, June 7.—Further evidence that the present day lobbyist does not work directly so much as indirectly was offered the Senate lobby investigating committee this forenoon by Senator Thomas, of Colorado. The senator declared that it is quite evident to him that a great publicity and letter writing campaign has been inaugurated by the sugar, wool and cotton interests of the country. Although senators were yet to be heard when the committee got under way today Acting Chairman Reed was of the opinion that the investigators would be able to turn the light upon some of the so-called lobbyists subpoenaed before adjournment today. Senator Reed was convinced that the committee is on the right trial at last and from some of the scores of men who have been summoned, it will be able to abstract information confirming President Wilson's lobby statement.

Senator Reed announced he would ask the Senate for an indefinite extension of time for the holding of the hearings. Objection by Senator Jones yesterday prevented the consideration of a similar request but the Missouri senator expected to obtain approval today. Senator Oliver, owner of 1,000 shares of preferred stock in the United States Steel corporation, told the committee he did not expect the tariff in any way to affect its value.

Won't Hurt Oliver. "I have always held that insofar as the iron and steel schedule of the tariff is concerned the United States Steel corporation is very much less subject to menace than would be small manufacturers to a change in rates," said he.

In addition to the steel stock, Senator Oliver said he had an investment of \$1,500,000 in two Pittsburgh newspapers, and 7,700 preferred shares and about 50 common shares in the Pittsburgh Coal company, whose products might be affected by the tariff. "I never sought to influence any senator in regard to the tariff on any of the articles in which I am concerned," he said, "nor has anyone sought to influence me improperly."

Persons who had called on him included: W. L. Claus, W. S. Strassburger, A. F. Gagner, John Pitcairn, Edward E. Marshall, Arthur B. Davis, John H. Penny, Colin Livingstone and W. L. Kann.

Senator Oliver declined to give his investment in copper or in other lines that he said were not affected by the tariff or other legislation before congress. No Steel Lobby. Senator Oliver said he knew of no steel lobby and no representative of the steel interests maintained in Washington on tariff or other questions.

Senator Dupont, of Delaware said he owned several farms, 3,000 acres in the Pennsylvania Steel company, 1,000 shares in the Cambria Steel company, 1,000 shares in the National Biscuit company and no powder stock. "When I came to the Senate I had a small amount of stock in the Dupont Powder company, but disposed of that long ago," said he. "I have never felt it proper, however, for me to take part in any debates in the Senate involving powder question or to talk with senators about the subject."

Senator Dupont said that though he was a member of the Senate military committee, the committee had acted without his co-operation on legislation concerning powder. How Lobbyists Work. Senator Thomas said he had declined to take part in consideration of the lead and zinc provisions because of his mining interests, which include \$3,700 worth of stock in the Delmonte leasing company; \$80,000 worth in the Volunteer Mining company, and \$100,000 in the Creed Mines company, limited.

Senator Thomas said the only remark to him that might be considered "improper" came from Henry T. Oxnard, who represented beet sugar interests opposed to free sugar. When he told Oxnard he probably would vote with his party in support of the Underwood bill, Oxnard replied that if the free sugar provision were retained congress would "be here until the snow flies" before the bill could be passed.

There had been an insistent effort to influence votes on sugar, wool and lead, Senator Thomas said, through a great number of letters and telegrams from Colorado and the Rocky mountain states. "This correspondence has been so general, so almost universal in my state," said he, "that I am satisfied it is the result of organized efforts inspired and the expense paid for by interests directly concerned in the rates of the tariff bill."

FORMER CONGRESSMAN HULL OF IOWA IS SUBPOENAED

Washington, D. C., June 7.—Former Congressman J. A. T. Hull, long Seventh district representative in the House, was served with a subpoena today to appear before the Senate lobby committee. Captain Hull is now in the law business here. He practices before the departments and has as a partner his former secretary, Herman Reeves. Captain Hull is supposed to have been active in reference to legislative matters, but the exact nature of the testimony expected of him is not disclosed.

MAY HOLD OPEN SESSION.

Washington, June 6.—Currency reform hearings on the House banking committee may be public. Representative Lindbergh, of Minnesota, moved today to make them so. Chairman Glass attempted to table his motion and was defeated overwhelmingly. After a lively discussion, Buckley, Seldombridge, Winge, Phil and Smith of Minnesota were appointed a subcommittee to investigate the question of open hearings.

CONSTITUTION OF AMERICA IGNORED IN LAW JAPS SAY

Latest Note Reiterates That Treaty Rights Have Been Trampled Upon By Californians Legislative Body.

Tokio, June 7.—The rejoinder of Japan to the United States note on the subject of the California alien land ownership law reiterates that the land bill passed by the California legislature violates the spirit of the Japanese-American treaty by discriminating against a friendly power. The note is an economic one, it enters the domain of international relations and therefore becomes a political question and says that the California land legislation violates article 1, of the Japanese-American treaty of 1911, which authorizes subjects or citizens of the contracting parties to own or lease houses, which are inseparable parts of real estate. It also declares that the new bill violates the Fourteenth amendment to the United States legislation requiring the states to grant equal protection under its laws to all persons within its jurisdiction.

Japanese Still Peevish. Interest in the Japanese-American land ownership controversy is unabated in Japan. The note continues to be the paramount topic of conversation among all classes. Several mass meetings of protest are being arranged. Tatsuie Yamanoto, minister of agriculture and commerce in a statement today declared that the Japanese government is desirous of participating in the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco, but owing to popular feeling on the California land question, it feels obliged to wait in order to determine public sentiment toward the exposition before proceedings further with its plans.

The Japanese government has prepared its reply to Secretary Bryan's proposed plan of international arbitration, which it is understood, is being favorably considered by 13 nations. Japanese Contentment. PUZZLING WASHINGTON. Washington, June 7.—The outline of Japan's latest note as contained in the Tokyo dispatches, was received in Washington with the greatest interest by officials and diplomats. The note was read to the cabinet at the regular meeting today and sent back to the state department to Counselor John Bassett Moore, government's foremost authority on international law.

Diplomatists agreed generally that the new point referred to by President Wilson yesterday as opening the field for "new and interesting negotiations" was Japan's contention that the alien land law violated the Fourteenth amendment to the constitution. The Fourteenth Amendment. It was accepted that Japan refers to that clause which declares that no state shall "deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the law."

The contention that houses are inseparable parts of real estate also is a new one, but was regarded as not so interesting as the notion of a violation of the Fourteenth amendment. Secretary Bryan having left for Pittsburgh to attend a dinner tonight to George W. Guthrie, the newly appointed ambassador to Japan, will take up the new phases of the situation with the president when he returns. Meanwhile Counselor Moore will work on the question. It may be two weeks or more before reply is made.

HITCHCOCK OFFERS TOBACCO TAX BILL

President Considering Measure Intended to Curb Monopolistic Trend.

Washington, June 7.—At the White House it was said today that President Wilson was still considering Attorney General McReynolds plan to tax manufacturers of tobacco on a sliding scale and had come to no decision. The plan is to increase the rate of tax as the production of the article increases, with the view of curbing monopoly.

In accordance with suggestions of Attorney General McReynolds, Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, introduced an anti-trust amendment to the Underwood tariff bill, which would levy a special additional excise tax on a sliding or graduated scale upon manufacturers of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and snuff. The amendment, coming from a democratic member, will receive thorough consideration from the finance committee.

The progressive excise tax proposed would not reach a manufacturer until he controlled about 25 per cent of the total production of the articles. Over that amount he would be taxed in a rising scale of tobacco 1 cent a pound for the first 1,000,000 pounds, 2 cents a pound for the second 1,000,000 pounds, and so on up to 6 cents a pound. The graduated taxes would be in addition to the regular 3 cents a pound tax that all manufacturers pay on tobacco. The same is true of the progressive tax on cigars, cigarettes and snuff.

It is estimated such a tax would raise \$15,000,000 additional revenue.

AL RHODES, PAROLED; VISITS DES MOINES

Des Moines, Ia., June 7.—Al Rhodes, convicted of conspiracy in the plot to dynamite the safe in the county treasurer's office and sent up for three years 17 months ago, reached Des Moines today after receiving his parole. Rhodes turned state's evidence when arrested and it was upon his confession that Deputy Treasurer James O'Callahan was later convicted. Tom Hatch and Peter Juhl, notorious escaped convicts, were the conspirators, Rhodes stated.

TAFT TO BE GUEST OF THE PRESIDENT

Washington, June 6.—Among former President Taft's engagements tomorrow, while here attending a meeting of the Lincoln Memorial commission, will be luncheon at the White House with the President and Mrs. Wilson. It will be the first visit of Mr. Taft to the White House since he left the presidency.