

The Frontier

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King Alfonso is anxious to pay a visit to the United States. We will all be glad to see him, but the scarcity of cattle will prevent putting on any bull fights for his entertainment should he decide to come.

A Texas judge is going to try his hand on the Standard oil magnates. Three officials of the company are charged with violating the Sherman anti-trust law in Texas, and the judge says he is going to bring them into court if he has to send state officers after them. The three personages wanted are John D. Archbold, W. C. Eagle and H. C. Taylor, jr.

Fremont is attracting some attention because of a theatre manager there attempting to put on a show on Sunday. The theatre people were arrested and the show called off. There was no objection to the character of the performance, merely the Sunday question being involved. A large audience had assembled for the entertainment when the municipal dignitaries laid rude hands on the managers and performers whom they hailed into court.

Will M. Maupin says he knew three weeks before the appointment of labor commissioner was made that he was not going to get the job himself and gives the not at all remarkable reason that the governor promised him the appointment. Maupin is not the only man who has followed the game of politics to feel the "string of ingratitude." His statement that he wrote the governor's platform and public speeches is no surprise to those who were familiar with the candidates last fall.

On the new fad of admitting women to jury duty a Denver lawyer offers a few sensible remarks: "I should hate to see the time come when my wife or my daughter would be chosen for jury service and be locked up in a room with several men jurors over night or for several nights. I should hate to see the time come when my wife or daughter were forced to appear in court and show cause why they should not serve on a jury. And there are many criminal cases in the trial of which it is an insult to ask a woman to listen to the evidence brought out."

THE LEGISLATURE.

What's Being Done by the State Law Making Body at the Capital.
Lincoln, Jan. 27.—Among the

things established during the week which are new and revolutionary may be named the adoption by both house and senate of a rule permitting a record vote in both houses in committee of the whole when demanded by five members. This may indeed be called a radical departure as never before in the history of Nebraska has a rule been adopted permitting the recording of votes while in committee of the whole. This former procedure offered the constant opportunity for members to oppose legislation or to attempt amendment in such manner as to destroy a vital import of the proposed law, and still leave no record of their action as final proof of their real attitude toward legislation, if, after their attitude in committee of the whole, they might record themselves in favor of the bill when placed upon its final passage.

Another radical departure from ancient customs adopted by both senate and house during the week was the forced cancellation of the usual junking trip by the committee on public lands and buildings in both senate and house. The twenty odd law makers, members of this committee of both houses, had planned for the usual trip to all the state institutions of Nebraska, involving travel of some two thousand miles and absence from the legislature for a period of one week. It was also planned to enjoy the comforts of a special Pullman car for the entire trip to be used in lieu of hotel sleeping accommodations wherever the joint committee might spend the night.

It is said that the thoughts of this palatial Pullman on the part of the members who are not to participate in this pleasant outing caused a grief and jealousy to rise up in their hearts and demand a new deal. The new deal consisted of a motion in the senate that a special committee of three appointed by the chair should visit the state institutions, instead of the regular committee. This carried by the narrow margin of one vote, but which was as effective for the purpose as if it had been unanimous. In the house a similar motion for the selection of five members as a special committee to make this trip was also carried. This puts the regular committees in both houses out of business so far as this trip is concerned, and the disappointment of members who sought places on this committee, largely with a view to taking this pleasant journey, may be easily imagined.

The election of Hon. Geo. W. Norris, congressman from the Fifth district as United States senator from Nebraska, for the six year term beginning March 4, next, was perhaps the most remarkable incident of this kind ever witnessed in Nebraska. More than four fifths of the mem-

After any Sickness

nothing so rapidly restores health and vigor as **SCOTT'S EMULSION**. It is the essence of natural body-nourishment, so medically perfect that nature immediately appropriates and distributes it to every organ, every tissue—feeding, nourishing and restoring them to normal activity.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is not a patent medicine, but is nature's body-nourishment with curative, upbuilding properties and without a drop of drug or alcohol. It contains superior cod liver oil, the hypophosphites of lime and soda with glycerine, and is so delicately emulsified that it enters the system without digestive effort—builds, tones and sustains.

After croup, whooping cough, measles and other child ailments it is nature's ally in restoring health.

After grippe or pneumonia it imparts strength and health, and for colds, coughs, sore, tight chests and throat troubles **SCOTT'S EMULSION** gives the greatest relief known.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-29

bers had pledged themselves under statement No. 1, of the Oregon plan law, and when on Tuesday, the house and senate met in joint session to ratify the vote, taken separately on the previous day, it required but twelve minutes to make out of Congressman Norris, United States Senator Norris.

The week has witnessed another flood of proposed new laws, 160 new bills having been offered in the house and 73 in the senate. This brings the total number of bills in the house up to 362 and bills in the senate to a total of 164 for the first twelve legislative days of the session. Eight days more remain for the introduction of bills, and it is a fair prediction that the session will be confronted with about the total offerings of the last session, which were in round numbers 700 in the house and 300 in the senate.

While some of the new measures offered are of small interest to the state at large, a considerable number are of far reaching effect and great importance. Among these latter may be cited in the senate: 105 by Kemp, declaring it a felony to introduce "dope" into the state penitentiary; 106 by Kemp, for a Constitutional convention; 112 by McFarland, providing a state commission to administer an employer's liability act; 118 by Spirk, prohibiting the sale of fire arms to minors under 18 years of age; 125 by Hoagland of Lincoln county, prohibits the sale or giving away of liquor on Memorial day and Labor day; 133 by Heasty, requires newspapers to label political advertising with those words and to publish the cost of such advertising in the heading of the article; 141 by Cordeal, prohibits the raising of fraternal insurance rates except after approval by a referendum vote of the membership; 145 by Spirk, repealing the law which confines a county treasurer to only two consecutive terms; 158 by Grace, providing a system of life insurance conducted wholly by the state.

Among the 160 house bills of the week, that may be considered of general importance are the following: 205 by Hasik, abolishes county assessors in counties under 17000; 210 by Palmer, constitutional amendment making governor's term 4 years at \$5000 per year; 218 by McKissick, Sunday base ball bill with optional features; 221 by Jeary, the State Board of Arbitration for all labor disputes; 225 by Schueth, 8 o'clock closing law for pool halls in towns of 200 to 1500; 232 by Anderson of Boyd, county superintendent must have taught three years in the county before eligible to the office; 235 by Elmelund, \$100,000 for a state reformatory to manufacture brick for the state; 238 by Bollen, for equal suffrage for women; 251 by Falstead, double election boards in precincts, one board to begin counting during the day; 270 by Foster, 8 hour day for women workers; 274 by Gates, appropriating \$23,000 to purchase a farm for the widow of Roy Blunt killed in the convict chase of last winter, the farm to revert to the state at her death; 282 by Gruber, ap-

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Replacing this old store with a new
MODERN BUILDING

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ITEMIZED BARGAINS

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- Men's 50c work shirt at 39c
- 5 doz pearl buttons 5c
- 25c box of crackers for 25c
- 2 boxes matches 5c
- Arbuckles coffee, pkg. 25c
- 8 bars Beat 'Em All soap 25c
- Odds and ends in men's clothing at cost.
- Shoes reduced 20 per cent.

Great cuts in all kinds of merchandise to realise the cash for improvements -- only CASH sales.

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Here Your Dollar Does Double Work

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O'NEILL, NEBRASKA

Closing Out SALE

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On and after December 1st I will sell my entire stock of Shoes, Hats, Caps, Dry Goods and Furnishings at COST, many things less than cost.

SPECIAL SALE ON CLOTHING GROCERIES, 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

Sale will continue until all goods are sold.

JOHN SKIRVING

O'Neill, Nebr. Emmet, Nebr.

proping \$200,000 for binding twine factory at state penitentiary; 298 by Stebbins, creating a state inspector of bees; 304 by Yates, requiring fenders on all motor vehicles; 328 by Stebbins, 25 cents maximum for ten word telegram anywhere in Nebraska; 345 by McKissick, one-half mill levy for six years to expend present campus of University; 356 by Sugarman, a state industrial farm for tramps, vegrants, dissomaniacs, etc., the state to pay a maximum of \$50 per month to each inmate, one half of which to go to dependent relatives; 360 by Fries, compels telephone companies to build stub lines whenever demanded by twelve people offering a three year contract.

The senate has passed some five measures, two of which were the legislative appropriation bills. The house has passed only the two appropriation bills and has not been in committee of the whole at all for the consideration of legislation, and has not therefore a single bill on the general

Public Sale!

At the T. V. Golden place 4 miles north and 3 west of O'Neill, on

Thursday, Feb. 6, 1913

9 head of horses, 37 head of cattle, 31 head of Duroc-Jersey hogs, farm machinery, etc.

C. O. Yantzie, Owner
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Appeal to you on kerosene or gasolene engines? I have them at greatly reduced prices.

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I am prepared to fit you out yn short notice with Fairbanks. Olds or associated engines with feed mills or wood saws. I have a large stock of pumps and windmills, all kinds of farm machinery, pianos and sewing machines. 31-7

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