

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS.

PE-RU-N FOR KIDNEY TROUBLE CATARRH OF KIDNEYS

GETTING FRIENDLY.



Tom—Making any progress in your suit for Miss Millyun's hand?
Dick—Oh, yes.
Tom—Why, I heard her father kicked you out every time you called.
Dick—Yes; but he doesn't kick me as hard as he used to.

Ambiguous.
Obliging Shopman (to lady who has purchased a pound of butter)—Shall I send it for you, madam?
Lady—No, thank you. It won't be too heavy for me.
Obliging Shopman—Oh, no, madam. I'll make it as light as I possibly can.—Punch.

Strictly Business.
Mrs. Knicker—Did you hold a short session with your husband?
Mrs. Bocker—Yes, I merely had him pass an appropriation bill.

FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

TRADE MARK

A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They make the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not grip, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 26 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produce rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic.

Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

ROOSEVELT MAN GETS POSITION IN CABINET

Secretary of War Dickinson Resigns and Henry L. Stimson Succeeds Him.

Washington, May 15.—Secretary of War Jacob McGeheok Dickinson, of Tennessee, the democratic member of President Taft's cabinet, has resigned. Henry L. Stimson, of New York, recently defeated republican candidate for governor of that state, has been given the portfolio. This announcement was made from the White House last night.

In the letters exchanged between the president and Mr. Dickinson no reason other than that of pressing private affairs is given for the secretary's retirement. The president will confer with Mr. Stimson today or Sunday, but the new secretary of war will not be sworn in until the return of the president to the capital on Monday.

Mr. Dickinson will go to his Tennessee home immediately upon the qualification of his successor. He expects to devote his attention to business and will not return to the practice of law, in which he was engaged when President Taft appointed him secretary of war in March, 1909. He is the second member of Mr. Taft's cabinet to retire to private life, Secretary of the Interior Ballinger having severed his connection with the president's official family only a few months ago.

Coinciding with the announcement of Mr. Dickinson's retirement came the appointment of C. S. Millington, of Herkimer, N. Y., to be assistant treasurer of the United States in New York. Mr. Stimson was the Roosevelt candidate for governor, while Mr. Millington was a former member of the House from the Twenty-seventh New York district, and is a close friend of Vice President Sherman.

Nashville, Tenn., May 15.—Determination to quit public life when he reached three score years and to spend the remainder of his days with his family and in quiet business pursuits was responsible for the resignation of J. M. Dickinson as secretary of war.

This statement was made here today by one of the secretary's close kinsmen, Judge Dickinson was 60 years old last January and his retirement from the Taft cabinet yesterday, relatives declare, is simply in line with the promise to spend his declining years with his family. The Dickinsons are planning to build a new country home here.

The relatives declared the secretary and President Taft thoroughly understood each other, and that no break in their relations had inspired the resignation.

New York, May 15.—The new secretary of war, Henry L. Stimson, was formerly a law partner of Senator Elihu Root, himself at one time secretary of war, and it was Senator Root who first asked Mr. Stimson informally if the portfolio would be acceptable to him.

That was last Thursday and a few days later there followed an appointment with Mr. Hillis, secretary to the president, when the formal offer was made and accepted.

TRIES SUICIDE AFTER AFFINITY ENDS LIFE

Student of Mystic Doctor Turns on the Gas After He Dies.

New York, May 15.—As a sequel to the suicide two days ago of Dr. W. R. Lathson, physician and magazine writer, Miss Alta Marhovich, his student and aide, attempted to kill herself in her apartment early today. She was taken unconscious from a gas filled room to a nearby hospital, where it was said that her recovery is unlikely. The police declare that the young woman's act was undoubtedly part of a nihilist pact with her friend and teacher.

The girl told the police yesterday of the studies which she and the doctor had pursued in Indian mysticism, eastern theosophy and mystic psychology, declaring hysterically that to neither of them did suicide seem a crime.

"Only his body is dead," she said. "His astral body still lives, and my soul beats in unison with his. We shall meet again ere long."

HOMELY GIRL TRIES TO MARRY A KOREAN

She Is Arrested Before She Can Carry Out Her Intention.

Seattle, Wash., May 15.—"I'm not good looking, and a girl in my fix is not apt to get many chances to marry. I'm not going to become a joke to my friends, so when I chose to marry John Yoon, despite his yellow color, it was my own funeral, if you please."

This was the reply of Lydia Osterlund, a wealthy Ballard girl, to those who prevented her marriage to Yoon, a Korean, by causing the arrest of the couple when they were about to go aboard a steamer for a British Columbia port at Tacoma.

On the other side of the line they expected to obtain the marriage license, which the Pierce county authorities refused to issue and for which they were afraid to apply in King county, because the girl's parents were watching closely to prevent the union.

JAPANESE RELIEF FUND.
Tokyo, May 15.—Prince Katsura, premier and minister of finance, is leading a movement to obtain a fund of 10,000 to be used for the relief of the sick and poor of Japan.

COLONEL VAN HORN IS HONORED BY FRIENDS
Kansas City, Mo., May 15.—In honor of Col. R. T. Van Horn, who in 1855 began the publication of Kansas City's first newspaper, the Journal of Commerce, which later became the Kansas City Journal, the Kansas City Historical society today observed "Van Horn day."

JOHN DIETZ MUST SERVE LIFE TERM FOR KILLING HARP

Hero of Cameron Dam, Wis., Is Found Guilty by Jury of Murder in the First Degree.

Hayward, Wis., May 15.—John F. Dietz will spend the rest of his natural life at hard labor in the state penitentiary at Waupun, by the verdict of the jury today, for the murder of Deputy Oscar Harp in the battle of Cameron dam on October 8 last. The jury returned its verdict at 11 o'clock.

"John Dietz guilty of murder in the first degree. Hattie Dietz, his wife, not guilty of murder in the first degree. Leslie Dietz, his son, not guilty of murder in the first degree."

The smile with which the old man has always faced the things that have happened him did not desert him. He smiled as the judge read the verdict handed up by the foreman of the jury. He made no demonstration.

The verdict in John Dietz's case was the first read. As the verdict came out, a frown came over the face of Mrs. Dietz and she glared at the jury. Leslie smiled faintly and the color came and went in his face.

The announcement that the jury had arrived at a verdict was made at 8:45 o'clock. Judge Reid was immediately notified and Sheriff Fred Clark received a telephone message from the clerk of the court to bring John Dietz into the court room.

Mrs. Dietz had been with her husband throughout the night, and Leslie called this morning. The three defendants came to the court house walking side by side accompanied by three special deputies.

Denounces Lumber Trust.
"Mr. Dietz," said the judge, "have you anything to say before sentence is passed?"

Dietz calmly faced Judge Reid. "Do you suppose," he asked, looking straight at the judge, "I haven't known that sooner or later the lumber trust, because it is big and I am little, would kill me, or put me out of the way? I have fought my fight, I have defended my home and family. I have done nothing wrong, and this conviction does not alter the facts. The trust has one creed, one law, one purpose, that is 'rule or ruin.' They could not rule John Dietz; so they tried to ruin him. This morning it looks as if they have got what they were after."

"I have done nothing wrong, and the state has, and yet it is the state that sends me to jail. It is the state that has come in here in a court of law and has not allowed, and have never been allowed, to tell what started this whole trouble."

"It is the state that waylaid my children and took one in a court of law and put a bullet through the other—a young girl."

"I cannot see, Mr. Dietz, that that has anything to do with the killing of Oscar Harp," said Judge Reid.

Dietz made the usual motion for a new trial, but it was not granted, and has never been followed by an argument like the one heard this morning in the little country court. V. W. James, of Eau Claire, special attorney for the state, suggested to the convicted man that he get a lawyer to draw up the motion in proper legal form, and ask the court for a 10 days' stay in which to file the exception.

Dietz ignored the suggestion and plunged headlong into his denunciation of the "lumber trust." The court also advised Dietz to get an attorney. Judge Reid overruled the motion for a new trial, but gave Dietz 10 days in which to file exceptions.

History of the Affair.
The trouble between John F. Dietz and the lumber companies operating in Sawyer county was begun in February, 1904, through Dietz's refusal to allow the companies to flow logs over the Cameron dam on a quarter section bought by Mrs. Dietz without paying him the full price.

In the 10 principal attempts to capture him on various charges and legal processes, Oscar Harp, a deputy sheriff, was killed October 8 last, several men were wounded, Myra Dietz was shot through the body, Clarence Dietz was wounded in the forehead and John Dietz was shot through the hand. The shooting of Bert Horel, at Winter, Wis., by Dietz September 6 last, is more or less closely traceable to the original trouble.

The ten armed effort to take Dietz was successful, and he became a prisoner October 8 last. He was charged with various offenses ranging from destruction of property and assault and battery to murder in the first degree. Mrs. Dietz and Leslie were defendants in the murder case. The Myra and Clarence and John Dietz are defendants in other actions pending against the family.

On account of the unexpectedly early verdict, the court room was occupied only by those who have followed every move in the trial from the beginning. There was a moment's silence following the reading of the verdict. The court then asked Dietz to stand up.

DIAMONDS AT RENO DAZZLE BERNHARDT
Gowns and Jewelry Worth Third of Million Deck Divorce Seekers at "Camille."

Reno, Nev., May 15.—The Majestic theater, thanks to the divorce colony, presented the most brilliant scene since its opening, when Sarah Bernhardt appeared in "Camille."

The "colony" women of the east monopolized not only all the boxes, but a large portion of the orchestra circle. They vied with each other in elaborate gowns and display of jewels. It is estimated that the gowns and jewelry represented not less than a third of a million dollars.

ROGUE IS BARRED BY BRITISH QUEEN

Women Who Paint Their Faces or Use Lib Save Are Forbidden the Privileges of Court.

London, May 13.—The rigid and restraining hand of Queen Mary was felt forcibly at the first court of King George's reign.

The Lord Chamberlain, acting for the august sovereign, had already notified the great dressmakers of London that they were to inform their customers that it was the queen's wish, which he only a euphemism for command, that hobble dresses and clinging skirts should not be worn at state functions, and after a brief and dismy the edict was accepted as the last word.

But other words were to come, and on the afternoon before the court was held a quiet "suggestion" by the queen was swiftly sent abroad that lip salve and rouge should be dispensed with by the women who were to attend. With this suggestion went a royal concession permitting the use of face powder in moderate quantities.

And so it happened that the facial pigments were noticeably absent, and even the conceded rice powder was seen to have been "puffed" on with gentle hands.

Still another suggestion has been promulgated, and this, in the opinion of many, caps the restrictive climax. It is that the royal ban may be accepted as lying against women wearing elbow-length sleeves and "uncolored" afternoon dresses in the royal enclosure at Ascot, and that large hats are forbidden in the same sacred precinct.

EMBLEMATIC MAIDEN TOO SHY OF CLOTHES
Richmond, Va., May 13.—It was declared in the state library building today that a bill will be introduced before the next legislature providing that a more substituted in the Virginia state seal in the place of the amazon who has conquered the tyrant.

It is pointed out by those advocating the change that the more blazon the arms of Virginia is "masculine, immodest and no true child of art."

As she stands today this "daughter of liberty" in clothed principally in majesty, the natural liness of her limbs being neither hobbled nor harem.

FIGHTS TO DIE AT BRINK OF NIAGARA

Aged Woman Struggles to Thwart Man Who Tried to Pull Her From Cataract.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., May 13.—Fighting with grim determination to end her life, Mrs. Elizabeth Hartley, of Buffalo, 60 years old, was rescued from death at the very brink of the cataract by Constable Thomas Harrington, who faced constant danger of being carried over the falls with the struggling woman.

Hartley, who came here today, entered the water about 60 feet above the falls. Her dress caught on a jagged rock 15 feet from the brink of the falls. There she was held until Harrington reached the bank with a plike pole and hooked it into her dress.

Her arms pinioned by the terrific current, Mrs. Hartley tried to get free from the pole, but finally, weakened by her struggles, she became quiet and was dragged ashore. At the hospital where she was taken it is said she cannot live.

On the river bank was found a letter and a bunch of flowers. The letter read: "No longer to be treated as a thing demented."

Words received later from Buffalo said Mrs. Hartley was an inmate of the state hospital there. She had been on parole for several weeks and left the institution to take a position in a private family. She had shown no signs of her mental trouble for three months.

MAN WHO SOLD BODY DENIES HE IS DEAD

Growsome Press Agent Story About Charles Kittrick, an Invalid, Proves Fake.

Chicago, May 13.—A growsome press agent story for a small north side hospital, operated by a man named Rogers, was nulled when the victim of the alleged practical joke indignantly denied the yarn.

According to reports circulated by the son of the hospital owner, who has acted as his father's press agent for some time, Charles Kittrick, an invalid, had sold himself "body and soul" to seven nurses of the hospital for \$25,000. The nurses, it was said, were making a growsome speculation.

The next night a report was sent out by young Rogers that Kittrick had died at 9:05 o'clock. Kittrick awoke the following morning, read his obituary notices in the newspapers and then indignantly denied that he has passed from the land of the living. He also declared that he would take steps to punish the over-enthusiastic press agent for his "practical joke."

ANOTHER GRAFT TRIAL.
Pittsburg, Pa., May 13.—Charles Schad, former member of the select council, was placed on trial in criminal court today before Judges Frazer and Shafer on two charges of bribery in connection with councilman's ordinances. This is Schad's second trial.

OIL SCHOONER WRECKED.
Pensacola, Fla., May 13.—It was established this morning that the vessel which was wrecked and washed ashore at St. Andrew's beach in the gulf storm two weeks ago was the schooner Queen of the Standard Oil company. Her crew of five men were undoubtedly drowned. The boat is a total loss.

GETS SCHOLARSHIP.
London, May 13.—At the annual meeting of the British Iron and Steel institute today, the Carnegie research scholarship of \$500, was awarded to R. M. Kenney, of Colorado.

Washington HIDE AND SEEK GAME PLAYED IN CONGRESS

Two Houses Are Taking Separate Days on Which to Hold Meetings.

Washington, May 13.—The Senate and House of Representatives, to all appearances, are engaged in a game of hide and seek. The Senate was in session yesterday and the House was not. The House was in session today and the Senate was not. Tomorrow will be in session. The Senate will meet again on Monday, but the House will not. The House will meet Tuesday, but the Senate will not.

The House has decided to adjourn over Monday because the order for that day is the discharge of committees. One of the discharge motions would result in calling up for action a \$140,000,000 service pension bill. The passage of this bill is not on the democratic program for the extra session. A particularly exciting skirmish that marked the attempt to elect a president pro tempore yesterday was predicted for Monday.

Will the Senate hear the promised report of the finance committee on Canadian reciprocity, consider some other legislative proposition or continue balloting? That question was variously answered by senators. Some were of the opinion that nothing could be done until a president pro tempore had been selected. Others contended that the mere presence of Vice President Sherman at the capitol was all that was necessary to sweep away the question of whom should occupy the chair in his absence.

Washington, May 12.—The incapacity of the republican party in the Senate to control a caucus without the aid of the progressives was demonstrated yesterday when after more than two hours of effort and as a result of seven ballots, the Senate failed to elect Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, as president pro tempore to succeed Senator Frye, of Maine. Mr. Frye's recent resignation was based on poor health.

The deadlock was due to the opposition of the progressive republican senators, five of whom voted against and three of whom were paired against Mr. Gallinger.

Washington, May 12.—Senator Cummins got back from Hot Springs today much improved by his outing. He said he expected the Lorimer resolution to be brought up in the Senate at an early date.

BIG DROP IN MAY PORK IN THE CHICAGO MARKET
Chicago, May 13.—May pork fell \$1.45 a barrel in price today, closing at \$16.75, against \$18.20 the corresponding time 24 hours previously. There has been something of a squeeze against short selling in that option, and the drop in quotations was taken to mean that the delinquents had pocketed their losses and effected a settlement.

SUGAR TAX IN BRITAIN IS CALLED OBNOXIOUS
London, May 13.—Representatives of those who are urging on the government the remission of the sugar tax had an interview with David Lloyd-George today and asked him to abolish his provision for revenue from the forthcoming budget.

The chancellor was sympathetic in saying that he would suggest that duty was oppressive to the poor and interfered with valuable industry. It was most desirable that it should be remitted if he could extract the same amount of taxes from somebody else. However, as it was he could not afford to surrender a tax that was bringing \$15,000,000.

COUNCIL BLUFFS BONDS WILL SELL AT AUCTION
Chicago, May 13.—A new method of putting municipal bonds on the market has been inaugurated in Chicago. The city of Council Bluffs, Ia., has sent an issue of bonds to be used for various municipal purposes and will sell them at auction to the highest bidder at one of the principal hotels here next week.

The city clerk of Council Bluffs will preside at the sale and will furnish to intending purchasers a list of the various firms of Chicago attorneys approving the bond issue.

LORD MAYOR OF DUBLIN URGES WOMAN SUFFRAGE
London, May 13.—The advocates of woman's suffrage gave their cause another boost in the house of commons today when Lord Mayor John J. Farrell, at the head of a deputation from the corporation of Dublin, presented at the bar of the house a petition urging the passage of a female suffrage bill at the present session of parliament. The members of the deputation appeared in the full regalia of their offices and the ceremony was attended with picturesque details.

LADY DECIES GOES UNDER KNIFE FOR APPENDICITIS
London, May 13.—Lady Decies, who before her marriage to Lord Decies was Miss Helen Vivien Gould, underwent an operation for appendicitis this morning. The surgery was done at the residence of her mother-in-law, Dowager Lady Decies, and, according to subsequent announcement, the result was most successful.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER DIES OF HEMORRHAGE
West Point, Neb., May 13.—Chris Rupp, a member of the county board, former sheriff and pioneer citizen, widely known and respected, died suddenly of cerebral hemorrhage. He was 64 years of age. Mr. Rupp was at a board meeting and was suddenly stricken. Despite medical attention he died in a few minutes. He was a widower.

PASTORAL LETTER IS ISSUED ON MARRIAGE
St. Johns, N. B., May 13.—On May 27 there will be read in all Anglican churches in Canada a pastoral letter signed by Archbishop Matson, of Winnipeg, primate of all Canada, and Archbishop Hamilton, of Ottawa, metropolitan of the ecclesiastical province of Canada, on the question of mixed marriages. It will deprecate such marriages, but says that when such are performed they are insoluble by the church of Rome. The disbelief of the Anglican church in divorce is also strongly brought out, and the clergy are prohibited from remarrying divorced persons during the life of either person to the first marriage.

PERSECUTION CHARGED TO FEDERAL OFFICIALS
Washington, May 13.—Representative Eathrick, of Ohio, today introduced a resolution to protect government employes who may be called on to testify before investigating committees of congress. The resolution sets forth that employes of the government fear persecution as a penalty for testifying against their superiors and provides that no employe shall be superseded, reduced in rating or discharged because of such testimony.

PACKERS LOSE AN IMPORTANT POINT IN CRIMINAL CASE

Sherman Anti-Trust Law Upheld in Sweeping Decision by Federal Court in Chicago.

Chicago, May 13.—The demurrers of the Chicago packers in the "beef trust" case were overruled today by Judge Carpenter in the United States district court. In his ruling Judge Carpenter declared that the Sherman anti-trust law, which had been attacked by the packers is constitutional. He also held that the indictment charging J. Ogden Armour and other packers with violating its provisions is valid.

Judge Carpenter's decision may have an indirect bearing on all anti-trust litigation in the United States in upholding the completeness and stability of the Sherman anti-trust law. Of this feature the court said:

"Congress aimed effectually to prevent restraint of trade in interstate commerce; it had constitutional power to accomplish this purpose by making restraint of trade criminal acts, or by empowering the United States as complainant to defend injunctions against acts which constitute restraints of trade, or by both. By passing the Sherman act it did both.

Packers' Point Not Upheld.
The packers had based their demurrers in part on an assertion that the act did not provide a crime or provide legal and constitutional means of correcting the abuses it was designed to control, but the decision directly denied this assumption. They also claimed that the act did not define the misleading in terms that would enable the defense to know in advance that such performances as it condemned were illegal. Of this the decision says:

"I am of the opinion that the supreme court of the United States has determined that sections 1, 2 and 3 of the Sherman act define with sufficient accuracy the offenses therein enumerated."

As to the stability of the indictment Judge Carpenter said:

"It does not seem to me that the grand jury could have made the charge more definite and believe it is sufficiently specific to satisfy the substantive law. The whole plan (that of the packers as alleged in the indictment) from its inception, appears mainly to be one to eliminate competition as a factor in fixing prices among the three groups of defendants, beginning with the agreement not to bid against each other, and in fact to bid exactly the same amounts for like grades of livestock, fixing a uniform price and ending with fixing a uniform price of sale and an apportionment among themselves of the total business done."

Facts Show Law Violation.
"I am of the opinion that the facts stated in the indictments show clearly a plan or scheme organized and put in operation by the defendants, the ultimate purpose of which was to control the production, sale and distribution of fresh meat throughout a large section of this country, and, as incidental to that control to lower prices to the producer of the material and raise prices to the consumer of the finished product. While the facts do not disclose an absolute monopoly, yet the large percentage of the business which they control indicates that the intended to acquire at least commercial monopoly."

Judge Carpenter, overruling the demurrers, said he did not think the trial could be held before fall. May 17 the packers will appear and plead to the charges or file a petition for a bill of particulars. Government attorneys question their right to ask such a bill after the decision today, but that will be decided at the session May 17.

VESSELS COLLIDE IN THE ATLANTIC OCEAN
Steamship Merida Goes to the Bottom, but No Lives Are Lost.

New York, May 13.—The steamship Merida of the Ward line, with 207 passengers, from Havana for this city was rammed by the steamer Admiral Farragut from Philadelphia for Port Antonio off Cape Charles, shortly after midnight. The Merida passengers and crew were transferred to the Admiral Farragut and five hours after the collision the Merida sank.

Wireless messages brought the United States Battleship Iowa to the Merida's assistance. The Admiral Farragut which had but one passenger or board, was somewhat damaged in the collision, but was able to return to Philadelphia. Officers of the Merida warned the passengers and assured them there was no danger.

The passengers were transferred to the Farragut in life boats and lost all their baggage.

The Old Dominion line steamer Hamilton came along side of the Admiral Farragut, according to a wireless dispatch received here at 10 o'clock this morning, and took the Merida's passengers and crew off the Farragut. The Hamilton will arrive at Norfolk late today.

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